

Swamped by Too Much Info? Here's How to Beat the "Noise Bottleneck"

信息太多,如何克服"噪音瓶颈"

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At the start of the 19th century, roughly half of the British population couldn't read. This meant that the news and information you got mostly came through **chatter** and **hearsay**. In the 20th century, when the vast majority of the developed world could read, people were still getting their news from one or a few sources. You'd buy a certain newspaper or settle down to watch a particular news channel you liked. Fast forward to today, and things have changed **drastically**. Newspapers are increasingly unpopular and unsuccessful, with many local or smaller papers closing. **Likewise**, **cable** news channels are all finding it hard to keep their **ratings** — losing around a third of their viewers between 2020 and 2021.

19世纪初,大约一半的英国人不识字。这意味着你得到的新闻和信息 大多来自闲聊和道听途说。20世纪,绝大多数发达国家的民众都识字了, 人们仍然从一个或几个来源获取新闻。人们会买一份特定的报纸,或者静 下心来看喜欢的某个新闻频道。快进到今天,事情发生了翻天覆地的变化。 报纸逐渐被冷落,许多地方性的报纸或小报关闭。同样,有线新闻频道也 很难保持收视率——在 2020 年至 2021 年期间失去了约三分之一的观众。

What we have, instead, is an always-in-your-pocket, 24/7 news cycle. When you open a news app, you'll notice a brief moment when the "old news" is still there. In a flash, your timeline is refreshed, and the ancient history of a few hours ago is **swept** away for the next "breaking news". Every second, we are presented with new information. Every day, we have "five **essential** articles to read." It's **relentless**, but you better **keep**

593 Words

chatter ['tʃætər] *n.lv.* 喋喋不休, 唠叨 | Jane's constant chatter was beginning to annoy him. 简无休止的唠叨开始使他心烦。

hearsay ['hɪrseɪ] *n*. 道听途说,传闻 | We can't make a decision based on hearsay. 我们不能根据传言做决定。

drastically ['dræstikli] *adv*. 急剧地,彻底地 | Output has been drastically reduced. 产量已急剧下降。

likewise ['laɪkwaɪz] adv. 同样地, 类似地 | 'Have a good weekend.' 'Likewise.' "周末愉快。" "你也一 样。"

cable ['keɪbl] *n*. 有线电视; 电线,电缆 | We can receive up to 500 cable channels. 我们可以接收多达500 个有线电视频道。

rating [ˈreɪtɪŋ] *n*. 收视率,收听率;等级,级别 | The show has gone up in the ratings. 这个节目的收视率上升了。

sweep [swi:p] v. 打扫;卷走,冲走;迅速传播 | Rumours of his resignation swept through the company. 他辞职的传言在全公司

up.

相反,我们如今拥有的是一个随时随地、全天候的新闻周期。当你打开新闻应用程序,你会发现"旧新闻"只停留片刻。一眨眼,你的时间线就刷新了,几个小时前的旧闻就会被下一个"突发新闻"所覆盖。每一秒钟,我们都会收到新的信息。每天,我们都有"五篇必读文章"。新闻从不间断,你最好跟上。

In his book, *Antifragile*, Nassim Nicholas Taleb introduced the world to the phrase, "noise bottleneck." A noise bottleneck is where we are **overwhelmed** with so much information (or noise), that our **cognitive** abilities can't keep up. Our brains have limited resources, spread across numerous functions. So, while our brain can read five articles a day, and while our attention can watch four hours of TED talks, our long-term learning processes can't. We simply don't retain the information we read, or we **zone out** five minutes into a video.

在《反脆弱》一书中,纳西姆·尼古拉斯·塔勒布提出了"噪音瓶颈"这个词。噪音瓶颈是指我们被太多的信息(或噪音)淹没,以至于我们的认知能力无法跟上。我们的大脑资源有限,分散在许多功能上。所以,虽然我们每天可以阅读五篇文章,看四个小时的 TED 演讲,但不能把它们全部转化成长期记忆。我们记不住读过的信息,或者看视频的时候走神了五分钟。

The matter is made worse by our modern addiction to "multitasking" which is, more often than not, simply a euphemism for divided attention. We flit between tabs, we watch TV holding our phones, and we listen to a podcast, at double speed, while shopping. The problem is that the idea of the super-productive multitasker is a myth. The human brain might have structural limitation inherent in the cognitive architecture which causes the slowing down that occurs when two tasks are performed at the same time.

现代人痴迷于"一心多用"使情况变得更糟,而"一心多用"往往只 关注公众号: 拾点外刊 免费下载电子版 附音频 **essential** [r'senfl] *adj*. 必不可少的,极其重要的;基本的,根本的 | Experience is essential for this job. 对于这个工作,经验是非常重要的。

relentless [rɪˈlentləs] *adj*. 苛刻的,无情的,坚决的;不停的,不懈的 | a relentless enemy 残酷的敌人

keep up 跟上,持续了解 | Employees need to keep up with the latest technical developments. 员工 需要跟上最新的技术发展。

overwhelm [,oovər'welm] ν . 充溢,难以禁受;压垮,使应接不暇;压倒,击败 | We were overwhelmed by requests for information. 各方的问讯使我们应接不暇。

cognitive ['kɑːɡnətɪv] *adj*. 认知的,感知的

zone out 入睡,失去知觉,走神 | What? Oh, sorry – I was just zoning out there for a minute. 什么? 哦,对 不起——我刚才走神了一会儿。

multitasking [,mʌltiˈtæskɪŋ] *n*. 多重任务处理,能同时处理多项事情的

more often than not 通常,往往,一贯 | More often than not the train is late. 这趟火车常常晚点。

euphemism ['ju:fəmɪzəm] *n*. 委婉语,委婉说法 | 'Pass away' is a euphemism for 'die'. "去世"是"死"的委婉语。

是注意力分散的委婉说法。我们在不同的网页间切换,一边玩手机一边看电视,一边购物一边用两倍速听播客。问题是,超级高效地同时处理多项任务是一个神话。人类大脑的认知结构可能存在固有的结构性限制,导致同时处理两项任务时速度变慢。

In short, your brain is not as good as you think it is. You are a human being who can only take in so much a day.

简而言之,你的大脑并没有你想象的那么好。作为人类,你一天只能 吸收这么多信息。

Understanding the noise bottleneck allows us to fix it. So, here are three tips to get you going:

理解噪音瓶颈有助于我们解决它。这里有三个小技巧:

Curate your content — set up a new account on social media and follow only accounts or people you think are really valuable. Be brutal and pick only the content which enriches you. It's healthier to have a few wholesome meals that fill you up, than gorging on fast food throughout the day.

管理内容——在社交媒体上新建一个账户,只关注你认为真正有价值 的账号或人。无情一点,只看那些能充实生活的内容。吃一些有益健康的 食物来填饱肚子,比整天吃快餐更健康。

Single-task — you don't need to **ditch** the phone but do ditch the **distractions**. Give yourself a time limit or restriction if it helps. Say, "I will only use this app for 20 minutes" or "I will only read this magazine after dinner." Multitasking is for show; single-tasking is for pros.

一心一意——你不用丢掉手机,但一定要杜绝让你分心的事情。可以给自己设定一个时间限制。比如,"这个应用我只用 20 分钟"或者"晚饭后我只会看这本杂志"。一心多用只是做做样子,一心一意才是行家。

Accept your limits — you'll never read all the news. You'll never read all the "must-read" articles. Accept you can only choose two or three and **embrace** that fact. Don't **beat yourself up** that you're being unproductive or you're missing out. You're 关注公众号: 拾点外刊 免费下载电子版 附音频

flit [flɪt] v. 轻快地从一处到另一处,掠过;搬家,迁居 | Butterflies flitted from flower to flower. 蝴蝶在花丛中飞来飞去。

inherent [m'hɪrənt] *adj*. 固有的, 内在的 | Every business has its own inherent risks. 每笔生意本身都有 风险。

curate [kjoˈreɪt] v. 管理 (博物馆 或画廊等收藏品)

brutal ['bru:tl] *adj*. 残暴的,兽性的;直截了当的,冷酷的 | He replied with brutal honesty. 他回答得太过直接。

wholesome ['hoʊlsəm] *adj*. 有益健康的;在道德上有益的 | well-balanced wholesome meals 营养均衡的健康餐

fill sb. up 吃饱

gorge [go:rdʒ] v. 贪婪地吃,狼吞虎咽 n. 峡谷 | We gorged ourselves on fresh sardines and salads. 我们大吃新鲜的沙丁鱼和色拉。

ditch [dɪtʃ] v. 摆脱, 抛弃; 逃学, 逃课 n. 沟渠 | I decided to ditch the sofa bed. 我决定把沙发床扔 了。

distraction [dɪˈstrækʃn] *n*. 分散注意力的事,使人分心的事;娱乐,消遣 | I find it hard to work at home because there are too many distractions. 我发觉在家里工作很难,因为使人分心的事太多。

embrace [ɪmˈbreɪs] v. 欣然接受,

getting more out of those few than that "super-productive" person on social media who says they read five books a week.

接受局限——你读不完所有的新闻。你不可能读完所有的"必读"文章。你只能挑两三个读,接受这个事实。不要怪自己效率低下或者错过了什么。你通过这些文章获得的收获,比那些在社交媒体上说自己每周读五本书的"超级高效"的人要多得多。

After all, it's better to have a little remembered, than a lot forgotten.

毕竟,记住一点总比忘记很多要好。

乐意采纳;拥抱;包含 | He embraces the new information age. 他迎接新的信息时代的到来。

beat yourself up 太过自责 | If you do your best and you lose, you can't beat yourself up about it. 你要是尽了最大努力后还是失败,就不用太责怪自己了。

▶ 脉络梳理

Para. 1-2 介绍人们获取新闻方式的转变,指出如今人们被过量信息淹没

Para. 3-5 介绍噪音瓶颈概念,指出大脑的认知结构存在固有局限,能吸收的信息有限

指展外了

Para. 6-9 提出建议:管理内容;一心一意;接受局限

Para. 10 总结全文, 提醒人们管理信息和注意力

> 长难句拆解

主句 后置定语,修饰 structural limitation

The human brain might have structural limitation inherent in the cognitive architecture

定语从句,修饰 structural limitation 定语从句,修饰 slowing down 时间状语从句

which causes the slowing down that occurs when two tasks are performed at the same time.