

# Assignment 1

ECE 712: Matrix Computations for Signal Processing

**Name:** Dai, Jiatao

**Student ID:** Student ID: 400548587

**Date:** Due: October 12, 2025

McMaster University

Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering

October 14, 2025

# Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Question 1: PCA Compression and Reconstruction Error</b>	<b>2</b>
1.1	Objective . . . . .	2
1.2	Methodology . . . . .	2
<b>2</b>	<b>Question 2: Proof of Minimum Reconstruction Error</b>	<b>3</b>
2.1	Objective . . . . .	3
2.2	Theoretical Proof . . . . .	3
2.3	Numerical Verification (Optional) . . . . .	3
<b>3</b>	<b>Question 3: Minimum-Variance FIR Filter Design</b>	<b>4</b>
3.1	Objective . . . . .	4
3.2	Methodology . . . . .	4

# 1. Question 1: PCA Compression and Reconstruction Error

## 1.1 Objective

Perform PCA compression on the  $1000 \times 5$  data matrix  $X$  provided in `X.mat`. Explain the method, comment on the effect of varying  $r$ , and evaluate the reconstruction error.

## 1.2 Methodology

- Mean-center the data:  $X_c = X - \bar{X}$
- Compute covariance matrix:  $C = \frac{1}{N-1} X_c^T X_c$
- Perform eigen-decomposition or SVD.
- Select top  $r$  components and reconstruct  $\hat{X}_r = X_c V_r V_r^T$ .
- Compute reconstruction error  $E = \|X_c - \hat{X}_r\|_F^2$ .

Discuss how the reconstruction error decreases as  $r$  increases, and what it implies about data dimensionality.

## 2. Question 2: Proof of Minimum Reconstruction Error

### 2.1 Objective

Prove that PCA yields the minimum reconstruction error among all possible orthonormal bases.

### 2.2 Theoretical Proof

Use the Eckart–Young–Mirsky theorem:

$$\min_{\text{rank}(B)=r} \|X - B\|_F = \sqrt{\sum_{i=r+1}^n \sigma_i^2}$$

where  $\sigma_i$  are singular values of  $X$ . Therefore, truncating the SVD at  $r$  components yields the optimal low-rank approximation.

### 2.3 Numerical Verification (Optional)

Insert your result comparison:

Truncated SVD error: 0.0023

Random basis projection error: 0.0974

Discuss how this confirms the theoretical result.

### 3. Question 3: Minimum-Variance FIR Filter Design

#### 3.1 Objective

Given a mean-centered random sequence  $x[n]$  from `x.mat`, find an FIR filter  $h[n]$  (with constrained 2-norm) such that the output  $y[n] = (h * x)[n]$  has minimum variance.

#### 3.2 Methodology

- Compute the sample autocorrelation  $r_x[l]$  of  $x[n]$ .
- Construct the Toeplitz covariance matrix  $R_x$ .
- Formulate the optimization problem:

$$\min_h h^T R_x h \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \|h\|_2 = 1$$

- The solution is the eigenvector of  $R_x$  corresponding to its smallest eigenvalue.

Discuss the observed minimum variance and characteristics of the resulting filter.

## References

- S. Haykin and B. Van Veen, *Fundamentals of Linear Algebra for Signal Processing*, 3rd Ed., Springer, 2023.
- Lecture Notes, ECE 712, McMaster University.