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!/usr/bin/env python
# coding: utf-8

# In[12]:


from random import random,seed,randint
from pprint import pprint
def initialize(n_inputs,n_hidden,n_output):
network=[]
hidden_layer=[{'w':[random() for i in range(n_inputs+1)]} for i in range(n_hidden)] #Initialize
Weights and Biases for hidden layers
network.append(hidden_layer)
output_layer=[{'w':[random() for i in range(n_hidden+1)]} for i in range(n_output)] #Initialize
Weights and Biases for output layer
network.append(output_layer)
return network
def activate(w,i):
activation=w[-1] #Bias value is -1
for x in range(len(w)-1):
activation+=w[x]*i[x] #WX similar to WiXi + Bias ie activation=activation + Wixi
return activation #WX+B
from math import exp
def sigmoid(a):
return 1/(1+exp(-a))
def forward_prop(network,row):
inputs=row
for layer in network:
new_inputs=[]
for neuron in layer:
activation=activate(neuron['w'],inputs) #Compute Activations
neuron['output']=sigmoid(activation) #Compute Sigmoid
new_inputs.append(neuron['output']) #Adds it to the output layer
inputs=new_inputs #new_inputs values now becomes the input
return inputs
def sigmoid_derivative(output):
return output * (1-output) #Derivative of 1/(1+e^-x)
def backprop(network,expected): #expected is our expected output value we'd use to compute the
error
for i in reversed(range(len(network))): #Prints the list ie "Network" in reversed order
layer=network[i] #network contains what? see below
errors=[] #initialize error values to an empty list
if i!=len(network)-1: #Output Layer
for j in range(len(layer)):
error=0 #Assign error values to 0
for neuron in network[i+1]:
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error+=(neuron['w'][j]*neuron['delta'])#Calculates and Updates the error
errors.append(error)
else:
for j in range(len(layer)):
neuron=layer[j]
errors.append(expected[j]-neuron['output']) #Calculates and appends the errors
for j in range(len(layer)):
neuron=layer[j]
neuron['delta']=errors[j]*sigmoid_derivative(neuron['output']) #Compute Gradients
def update_weights(network,row,lrate): #Gradient Descent
for i in range(len(network)):
inputs=row[:-1] #Takes all except last row
if i!=0:
inputs=[neuron['output'] for neuron in network[i-1]]
for neuron in network[i]:
for j in range(len(inputs)):
neuron['w'][j]+=lrate*neuron['delta']*inputs[j] #Weights update similar to w5 + n*Edy*xi
neuron['w'][-1]+=lrate*neuron['delta'] #Bias is -1 and its updated
def train_network(network,train,lrate,epochs,n_output):
for epoch in range(epochs):
sum_err=0
for row in train:
outputs=forward_prop(network,row)
expected=[0 for i in range(n_output)]
expected[row[-1]]=1
sum_err+=sum([(expected[i]-outputs[i])**2 for i in range(len(expected))])#Computes the error
backprop(network,expected)#Calls backpropagation
update_weights(network,row,lrate)#Finally weights are updated
print('epoch=%d, lrate=%.3f,error=%.3f'%(epoch,lrate,sum_err))
seed(1)
data=[[2.7810836,2.550537003,0],
[1.465489372,2.362125076,0],
[3.396561688,4.400293529,0],
[1.38807019,1.850220317,0],
[3.06407232,3.005305973,0],
[7.627531214,2.759262235,1],
[5.332441248,2.088626775,1],
[6.922596716,1.77106367,1],
[8.675418651,-0.242068655,1],
[7.673756466,3.508563011,1]] #This dataset contain 2 input inits and 1 output unit
n_inputs=len(data[0])-1
n_outputs=len(set(row[-1] for row in data))
network=initialize(n_inputs,2,n_outputs)
pprint(network)
train_network(network,data,0.5,20,n_outputs)
for layer in network:
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pprint(layer)


# In[ ]:
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