

CLASS-12
CHAPTER-11
THREE DIMENSIONAL GEOMETRY

Exercise 11.2

Q1. Show that the three lines with direction cosines $\frac{12}{13}, \frac{-3}{13}, \frac{-4}{13}, \frac{4}{13}, \frac{12}{13}, \frac{3}{13}, \frac{3}{13}, \frac{-4}{13}, \frac{12}{13}$ are mutually perpendicular.

Solution: Check whether direction cosines of lines **A** and **B** are mutually perpendicular or not:

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{12}{13} \\ \frac{-3}{13} \\ \frac{-4}{13} \end{pmatrix} \quad (1)$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{4}{13} \\ \frac{-3}{13} \\ \frac{-4}{13} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2)$$

$$(3)$$

Direction of cosines is given by:

$$\cos \theta_1 = \frac{\mathbf{A}^\top \mathbf{B}}{\|\mathbf{A}\| \|\mathbf{B}\|} \quad (4)$$

$$= \frac{\begin{pmatrix} \frac{12}{13} & \frac{-3}{13} & \frac{-4}{13} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{4}{13} \\ \frac{-3}{13} \\ \frac{-4}{13} \end{pmatrix}}{1} \quad (5)$$

$$= 0 \quad (6)$$

$$\implies \theta_1 = 90^\circ \quad (7)$$

Check whether direction cosines of lines **B** and **C** are mutually perpendicular or not:

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{4}{13} \\ \frac{-3}{13} \\ \frac{-4}{13} \end{pmatrix} \quad (8)$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{13} \\ \frac{-4}{13} \\ \frac{-12}{13} \end{pmatrix} \quad (9)$$

$$(10)$$

Direction of cosines is given by:

$$\cos \theta_2 = \frac{\mathbf{B}^\top \mathbf{C}}{\|\mathbf{B}\| \|\mathbf{C}\|} \quad (11)$$

$$= \frac{\begin{pmatrix} \frac{4}{13} & \frac{-3}{13} & \frac{-4}{13} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{13} \\ \frac{-4}{13} \\ \frac{-12}{13} \end{pmatrix}}{1} \quad (12)$$

$$= 0 \quad (13)$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta_2 = 90^\circ \quad (14)$$

Check whether direction cosines of lines **A** and **C** are mutually perpendicular or not:

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{12}{13} \\ \frac{-3}{13} \\ \frac{-4}{13} \end{pmatrix} \quad (15)$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{13} \\ \frac{-4}{13} \\ \frac{-12}{13} \end{pmatrix} \quad (16)$$

$$(17)$$

Direction of cosines is given by:

$$\cos \theta_3 = \frac{\mathbf{A}^\top \mathbf{C}}{\|\mathbf{A}\| \|\mathbf{C}\|} \quad (18)$$

$$= \frac{\begin{pmatrix} \frac{12}{13} & \frac{-3}{13} & \frac{-4}{13} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{13} \\ \frac{-4}{13} \\ \frac{-12}{13} \end{pmatrix}}{1} \quad (19)$$

$$= 0 \quad (20)$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta_3 = 90^\circ \quad (21)$$

Hence, all three lines are mutually perpendicular to each other