UNIX and Shell Programming

Assignment 5: Filters

5 August 2019

1 Exercise 1

- 1. Launch a terminal.
- 2. Use the cat command to create a file containing the following data. Name it Ch6S1F1. Use tabs to separate the fields.

1425	Juan	14.25
4321	George	21.11
6781	Anna	16.77
1451	Ben	21.77
2277	Tuan	18.77

- 3. Use the cat command to display the file and check for accuracy.
- 4. Use the vi command to correct any errors in the file.
- 5. Use the sort command to sort the file Ch6SlFl according to the first field. Call the sorted file Ch6S1F1 (same name).
- 6. Display the file Ch6S1F1.
- 7. Use the cut and paste commands to swap fields 2 and 3 of Ch6S1F1. Call it Ch6S1F1.
- 8. Display the file Ch6S1F1.
- 9. Quit the terminal.

- 1. Launch a terminal.
- 2. Use the tail command to create and save the following file. Call it Ch6S2F1.

PASSES ALL DATA FROM INPUT TO OUTPUT

PASSES ONLY SPECIFIED COLUMNS

PASSES NUMBER OF SPECIFIED LINES AT BEGINNING

COMBINES COLUMNS

ARRANGES DATA IN SEQUENCE

PASSES NUMBER OF SPECIFIED LINES AT THE END OF DATA

TRANSLATES ONE OR MORE CHARACTERS

DELETES DUPLICATE LINES

COUNTS CHARACTERS WORDS, OR'LINES

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

- 3. Use the cat command to view its contents.
- 4. Use vi to correct any errors.
- 5. Encrypt this file using the following steps:
 - (a) Reverse the file line by line (the last line becOmes the first, the line before the last line becomes the second, and so on).
 - (b) Call the file Ch6S2F1Encr.
- 6. Use the cat command to view its contents.
- 7. Display the file.
- 8. Decrypt the file (reverse the encryption steps). Call it Ch6S2F1 (original name).
- 9. Display the file Ch6S1F1.
- 10. Quit the terminal.

3 Exercise 3

- 1. Launch a terminal.
- 2. Use the cat command to create and save the folloWing file. Call it Ch6S3F1.

ALPHABETICAL FACTS.

THE FIRST THREE LETTERS ARE ABC.

THE MEDIAN LETTERS ARE MN.

THE LAST THREE LETTERS ARE XYZ.

THE FIRST WORD IN MY DICTIONARY IS AAL.

THE LAST WORD IN MY DICTIONARY IS ZYTHUM.

THE OUICK BROWN FOX JUMPED OVER THE LAZY DOG.

THE LAST LETTER MAY BE PRONOUNCED ZEE OR ZED.

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THE FIRST GREEK LETTER IS ALPHA.
THE LAST GREEK LETTER IS OMEGA.
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- 3. Use the cat command to check the contents.
- 4. Use vi to correct any errors.
- 5. Display the file.
- 6. Using the tr command, encrypt this file by shifting each letter five characters to the end of the character set. For example, A becomes F, B becomes G, and soon. The end of the alphabet will wrap around. For example, Y becomes D and Z becomes E. Spaces and newlines would be preserved. This is called Caesarian encryption because it was invented by Julius Caesar. Call the encrypted file Ch6S3F1Encr.
- 7. Use the cat command to check the contents of the encrypted file.
- 8. Display the file.
- 9. Now use decryption (reverse strategy) to decrypt the file. Call the new file Ch6S3F1 (original name).
- 10. Use the cat command to look at the contents of the file. Is it the same as the original file?
- 11. Display the file.
- 12. Quit the terminal.

- 1. Launch a terminal.
- 2. Use the cat command to create and save the following file. Do not type the headings. Call it Ch6S4F1.

```
ID
     Hour Rate
                      Hours Worked
             45 L
1420 12.56
3456 14.56
             22
2341 45.12
             34
1122 23.55
             28
1443 23.23
             19
2351 67.90
             56
8001 7.00
             14
```

- 3. Use the cat command to check its contents.
- 4. Use vi to correct any errors.

- 5. Display the file.
- 6. Use a command to show the number of workers.
- 7. Use a command to sort the file based on id.
- 8. Use one single command to show the worker who is paid the highest hourly rate.
- 9. Use one single command to show the worker who worked more than anybody else. The command should show only the id of the worker.
- 10. Quit the terminal.

- 1. Launch a terminal.
- 2. Use the cat command to copy file Ch6S4F1 and name it Ch6S5F1.
- 3. Use the cat command to create and save the following file. Do not type the headings. Call it Ch6S5F2.

ID	Hourly	Rate	Hours	Worked
1420	12.56	45		
2456	14.56	22		
2341	45.12	34		
1322	23.56	28		
1443	23.23	19		
2351	67.90	56		
3467	56.90	14		

- 4. Use the cat command to check the contents of both files.
- 5. Use vi to correct any errors.
- 6. Dispplay both files.
- 7. Sort each file using the file id as the sort key. Save the sorted files as separate files.
- 8. Use a command to merge two files created in step 7 on the id field. Call the new file Ch6S5F3.
- 9. Use a command to remove the duplicate from the file and Save it without renaming it.
- 10. Display the file.
- 11. Quit the terminal.

6 Exercise 6

- 1. Launch a terminal.
- 2. Use the cat command to create and save the following file. Do not type the headings. Call it C6S6F1.

Department		Session	Enrollment
15	1	45	
54	1	20	
34	2	20	
11	2	89	
45	1	38	
35	1	56	
35	2	41	
17	2	25	
54	2	67	
	15 54 34 11 45 35 35	15 1 54 1 34 2 11 2 45 1 35 1 35 2 17 2	15 1 45 54 1 20 34 2 20 11 2 89 45 1 38 35 1 56 35 2 41 17 2 25

- 3. Use the cat command to check the contents of the file.
- 4. Use vi to correct any errors.
- 5. Display the file.
- 6. Use one command to sort the file on department course and session. The resulting file should be ordered first by department; within equal departments, it should be ordered on course; and within equal courses, it should be ordered by session. Hint: use three field specifiers: department, course, and session.
- 7. Display the file.
- 8. Quit the terminal.

- 1. Launch a terminal.
- 2. Make a copy of /etc /passwd file and save it in a file called Ch6S7F1.
- 3. Use a command to count the number of users in this file. Make a note of it.
- 4. Cut the file so that each line has only two columns: login name (column 1) and user id (column 3). Call the new file Ch6S7F2.
- 5. Sort the file (Ch6S7F2) on login name without renaming it. Save the file.
- 6. Use the commands you have learned so far to reorganize the file Ch6S7F2 into six columns using the following format:

Name id Name id

Note that you should divide the number of users by three to find out the number of lines 1n this new format. You should create three files and then paste them together

7. Quit the terminal.