

# UNIX and Shell Programming

## Assignment 11: Control Flow II

17 September 2019

### 1 Exercise 1

1. Write a script to display all the users of the system in the format:

```
USER #1 = root
USER #2 = bin
USER #3 = daemon
...
USER #33 = bozo
```

### 2 Exercise 2

1. The shell searches for commands in a list of directories specified by PATH. Implement a command that reports the full pathname of a program that will be executed. One implementation is to loop over the directories named in PATH, searching each for an executable file of the given name.
2. Add a test to check if a directory exists before testing for the existence of the program file.
3. Test if the program file exists and is executable.
4. An empty item in PATH such as : at the start or at the end or a substring : : of PATH means the current directory is also in the search path. Modify your script to handle it.
5. Add a check if the script is executed with one argument. Otherwise, print a useful message and exit with appropriate code. Use case construct.

### 3 Exercise 3

1. Write a script pick. When called

```
pick arguments
```

presents the arguments one at a time and waits after each for a response. The output of `pick` is those arguments selected by `y` (for "yes") responses; any other response causes the argument to be discarded.

2. We want to `zip` a set of files. Use `pick` to select files in a directory that need to be zipped in command substitution.
3. File `safe` has a list of filenames. Use `pick` to select files from `safe` and `zip` them.

## 4 Exercise 4

1. Develop a script `bundle` which will collect the given files into a single file.

```
bundle f1 f2 f3 > archive
```

collects files `f1`, `f2`, `f3` into a single file `archive` such that

```
bash archive
```

unbundle the individual files `f1`, `f2`, `f3` from `archive` and saves them. `archive` should be shell script that contains the contents of the member files and the necessary command to extract the contents.

2. Note: here document is useful to combine a command invocation and the data for the command.
3. Modify `bundle` so it includes with each file the information garnered from `ls -l`, particularly permissions and date of last change.
4. How would you use `bundle` to send all the files in a directory and its subdirectories?

## 5 Exercise 5

Develop an interactive script to maintain a database of employees. The database is in the format

```
employee_name rate_per_hour hours_worked
```

as illustrated below

```
Beth 4.00 0
Dan 3.75 0
Kathy 4.00 10
Mark 5.00 20
Mary 5.50 22
Susie 4.25 18
```

The script should allow users to

1. List the records
2. Search for an employee
3. Modify the `rate_per_hour` or `hours_worked` of an employee
4. Delete an employee
5. Quit