

# **PROJECT REPORT**

## **TITLE: RESUME BUILDER**

### **TEAM MEMBERS:**

LIKHITH V KUNDER (PES1UG21CS303)

K S SHASHANK (PES1UG21CS259)

### **Resume Builder**

#### **Overview**

Resume Builder is a web application developed using Flask, HTML, CSS, JavaScript, and Jinja templating. Its purpose is to assist users in creating and customizing professional resumes. The application features an intuitive user interface for entering personal and professional information, and it offers a single template for customization.

#### **Features**

User Authentication: Ensure secure user authentication through Flask sessions, providing data protection.

Dynamic Form: Utilize an interactive form created with HTML and JavaScript to input personal details, education, work experience, skills, etc.

Template: Incorporate a professionally designed resume template using HTML, CSS, and Jinja templating.

Notifications: Implement a notification system to inform users about successful actions and errors.

### **Technologies Used:**

Backend: Flask (Python)

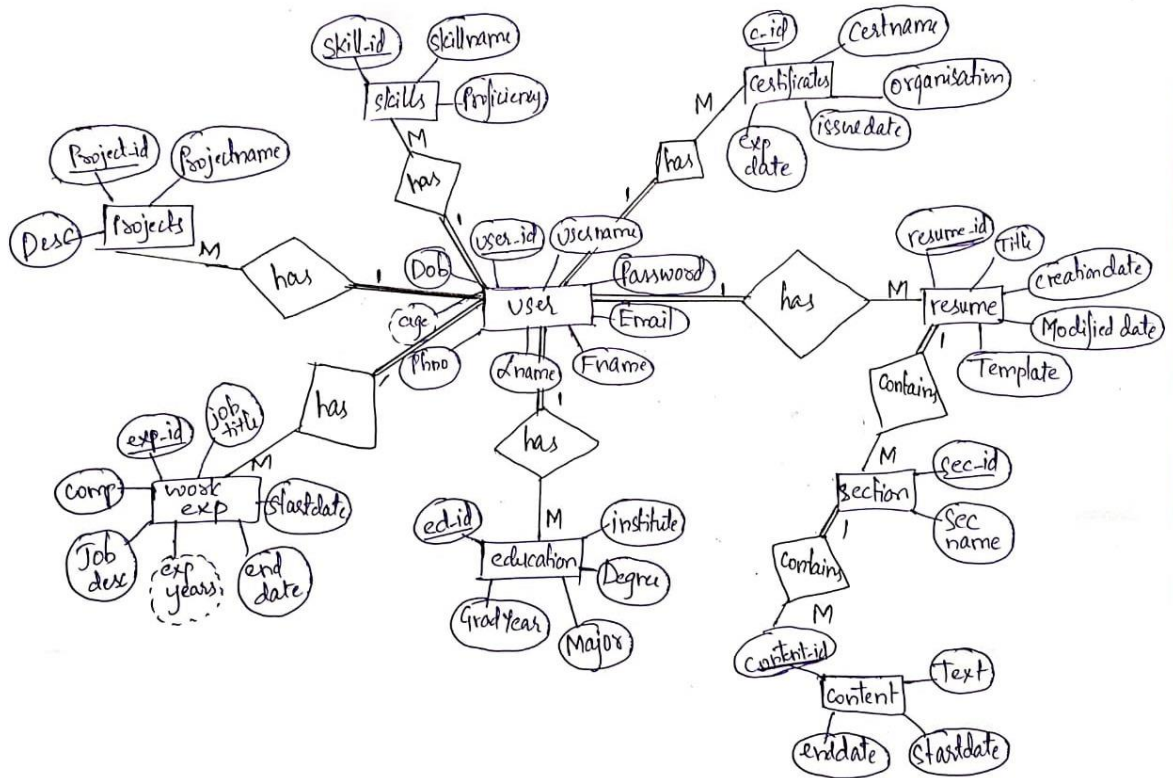
Frontend: HTML, CSS, JavaScript

Template Engine: Jinja

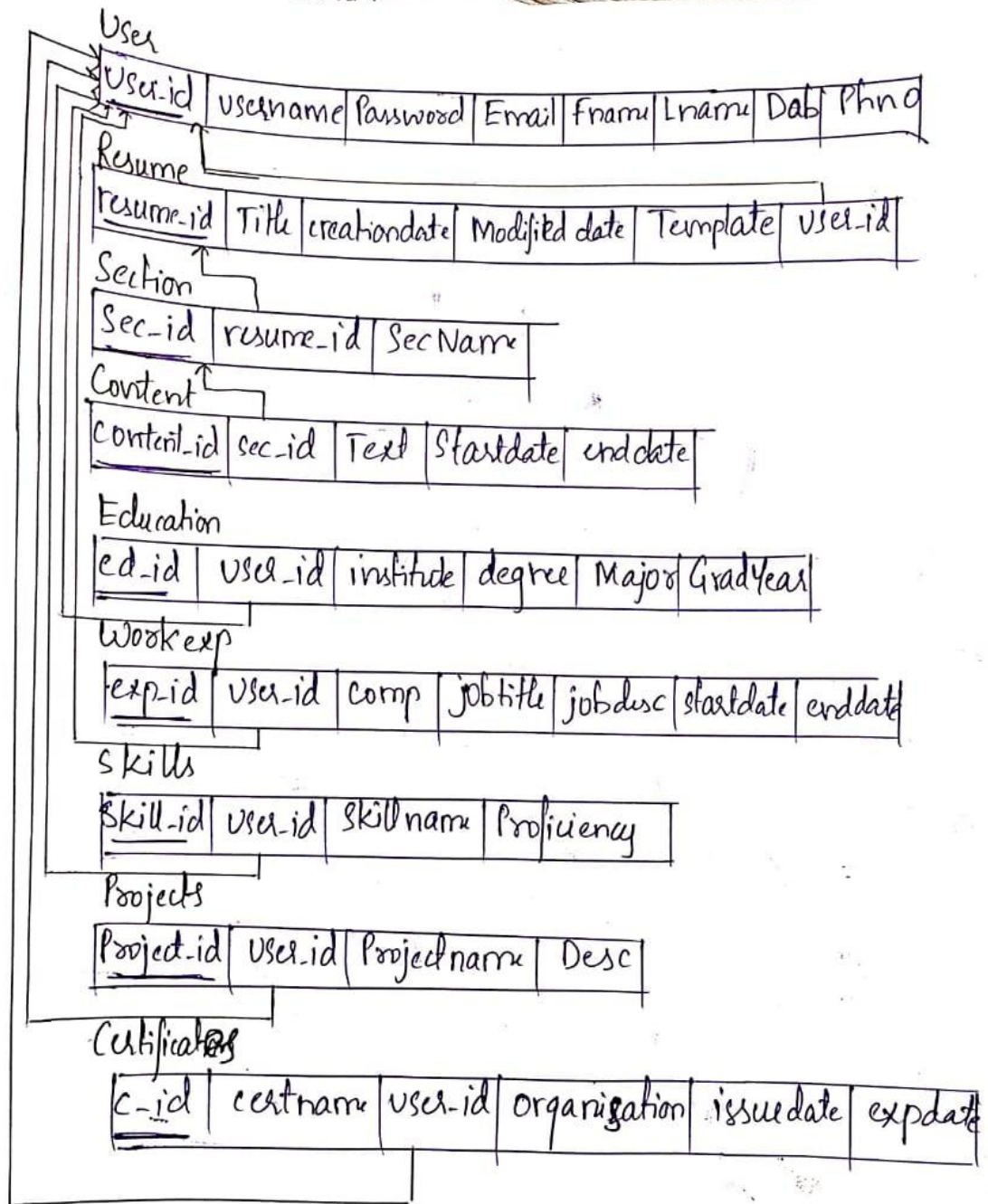
Database: MySQL, Flask-SQLAlchemy

Authentication: Flask Sessions

### **ER DIAGRAM:**



## RELATIONAL SCHEMA:



## ABSTRACT:

## DDL COMMANDS:

### Table user:

```
drop table if exists `user`;  
create table `user`(  
    `user_id` varchar(15) not null,  
    `user_name` varchar(15) not null,  
    `password` varchar(15) not null,  
    `email` varchar(20) not null,  
    `name` varchar(20) not null,  
    `dob` date,  
    `phone_no` varchar(10) not null,  
    primary key (`user_id`)  
) engine=InnoDB default charset=utf8mb4 collate=utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

## RECRUITER:

```
drop table if exists `recruiter`;  
create table `recruiter`(  
    `recruiter_id` varchar(15) not null,  
    `recruiter_name` varchar(15) not null,  
    `password` varchar(15) not null,  
    `email` varchar(20) not null,  
    `name` varchar(20) not null,  
    `dob` date,  
    `phone_no` varchar(10) not null,  
    primary key (`recruiter_id`)  
) engine=InnoDB default charset=utf8mb4 collate=utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

## EDUCATION:

```
drop table if exists `education`;
create table `education` (
  `ed_id` varchar(10) not null,
  `user_id` varchar(15),
  `institute_name` varchar(20) not null,
  `degree` varchar(10) not null,
  `graduation_year` int not null,
  primary key (`ed_id`)
) engine=InnoDB default charset=utf8mb4 collate=utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

## WORK EXP:

```
drop table if exists `works_exp`;
create table `works_exp` (
  `exp_id` varchar(10) not null,
  `user_id` varchar(15),
  `company` varchar(15) not null,
  `job_title` varchar(15) not null,
  `job_desc` varchar(30) not null,
  `no_of_years` int not null,
  primary key (`exp_id`)
) engine=InnoDB default charset=utf8mb4 collate=utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

## SKILLS:

```
drop table if exists `skills`;
create table `skills` (
  `skill_id` varchar(10) not null,
  `user_id` varchar(15),
  `skill_name` varchar(20) not null,
  `proficiency` varchar(10) not null,
  primary key (`skill_id`)
) engine=InnoDB default charset=utf8mb4 collate=utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

## PROJECTS:

```
drop table if exists `projects`;
create table `projects` (
  `project_id` varchar(10) not null,
  `user_id` varchar(15),
  `project_name` varchar(20) not null,
  `proj_desc` varchar(30) not null,
  primary key (`project_id`)
) engine=InnoDB default charset=utf8mb4 collate=utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

## CERTIFICATES:

```
drop table if exists `certificates`;
create table `certificates` (
  `c_id` varchar(10) not null,
  `user_id` varchar(15),
  `certificate_name` varchar(20) not null,
  `organisation` varchar(15) not null,
  `issue_date` date not null,
  primary key (`c_id`)
) engine=InnoDB default charset=utf8mb4 collate=utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

## RESUME:

```
drop table if exists `resume`;
create table `resume` (
  `resume_id` varchar(10) not null,
  `user_id` varchar(15),
  `template_name` varchar(15) not null,
  primary key (`resume_id`)
) engine=InnoDB default charset=utf8mb4 collate=utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

## CRUD OPERATIONS:

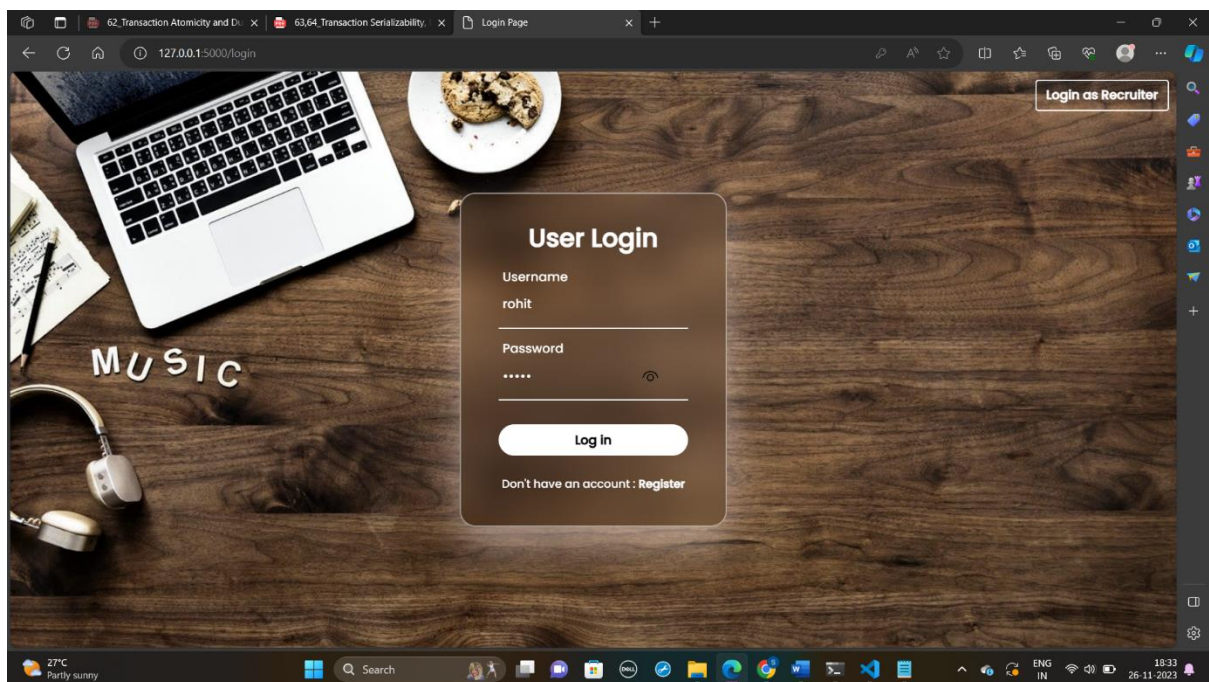


## Select:

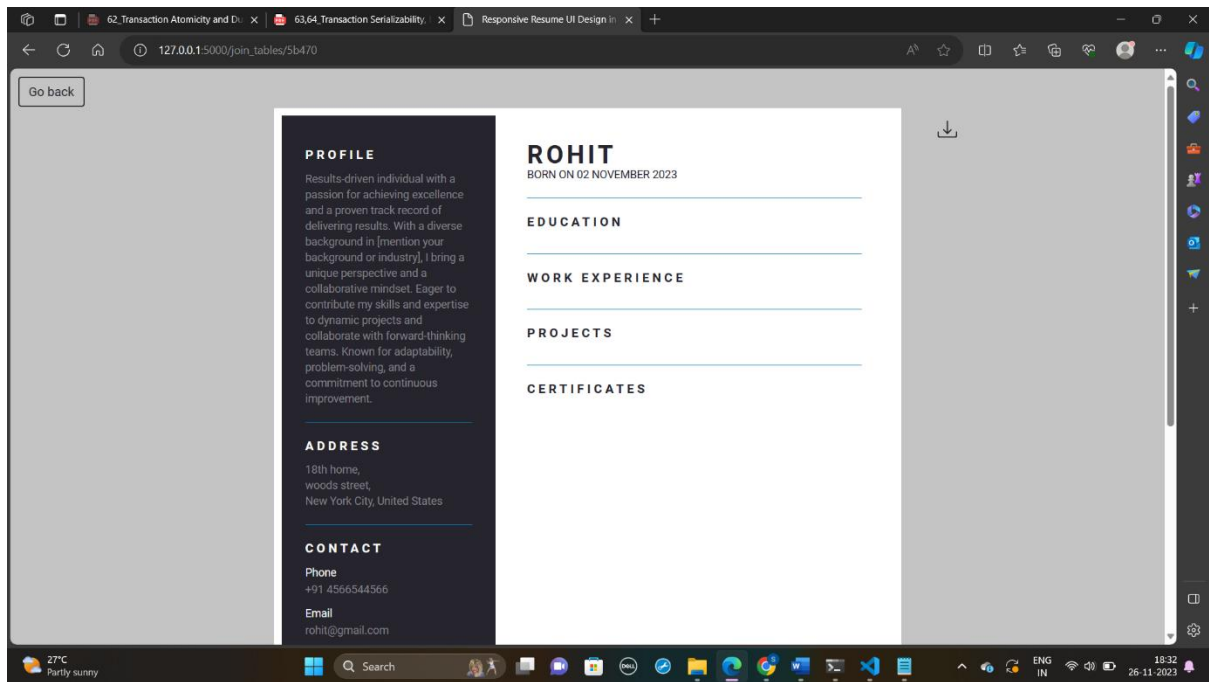
One of the select statement used is:

```
query = text("SELECT user_id, user_name, email, name, dob, phone_no FROM user WHERE user_name = :user_name AND password = :password")
result = db.session.execute(query,{"user_name": user_name, "password": password})
```

Select statement is used to retrieve a user's ID from a database based on their username and password







If user name is present in user table, then the details are selected and used in resume template based on user table. We have used select statements.

```
query = text("""
SELECT user.user_id, user.name, certificates.certificate_name, projects.project_name
FROM user
JOIN certificates ON user.user_id = certificates.user_id
JOIN projects ON user.user_id = projects.user_id
WHERE certificates.certificate_name = :certificate_name AND projects.project_name = :project_name
""")
```

Here selects statement is used to select users based on certificates and projects entered by recruiter.

**UPDATE:**

**Query:**

```

if is_valid:
    update_query = text(f"UPDATE education SET {transform[update_col]} = :update_val WHERE ed_id = :id")
    db.session.execute(update_query, {'update_val': update_val, 'id': id})
    db.session.commit()
    return render_template('cards.html', message = "success", info = "Details updated successfully")
else:
    return render_template('cards.html', message = "error", info = "ID not found")

# conn = db.engine.connect()

```

Before:

The top screenshot displays a resume for Rohit, born on 02 November 2023. The resume includes sections for Profile, Education, Work Experience, Projects, Certificates, Address, Contact, and Skills. The Education section lists two entries: RV MTECH (Completion Year: 2027) and PES BTECH (Completion Year: 2025).

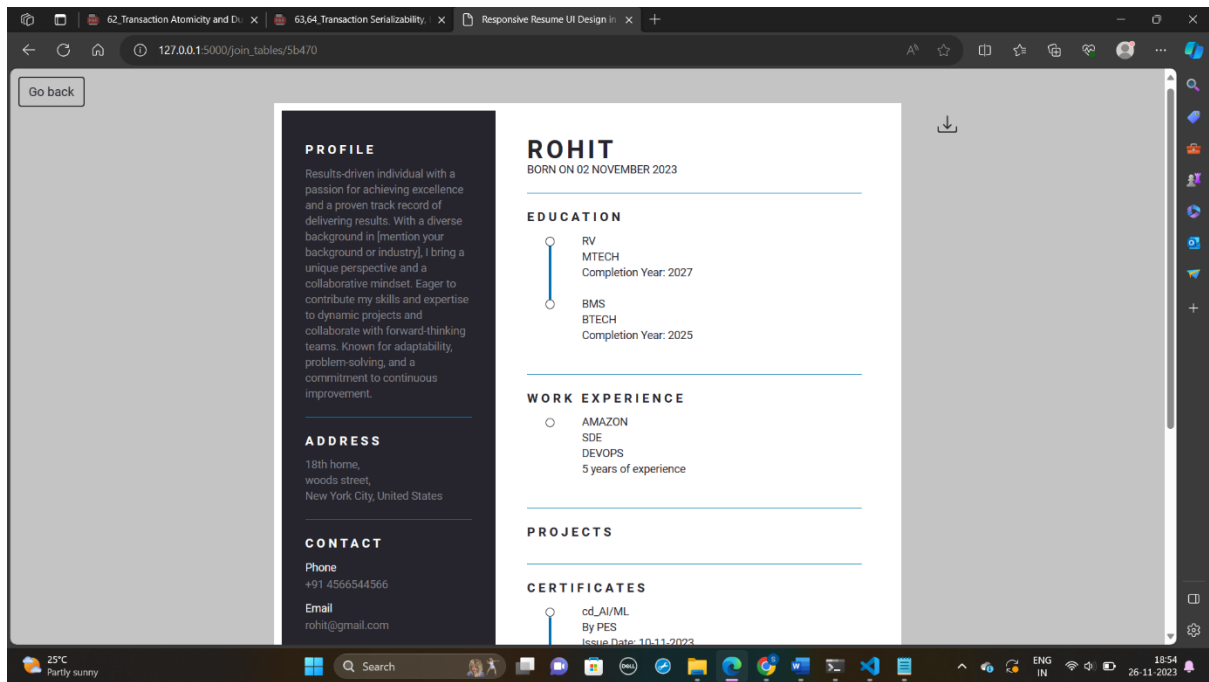
The bottom screenshot shows a web application interface titled "Your Education". It features a table with the following data:

Education ID	Institute Name	Degree	Graduation Year
30b3e	PES	BTECH	2025
ee8d2	RV	MTECH	2027

Below the table is a form for updating an education record. The form includes the following fields:

- ID to update: 30b3e
- Column to update: Institute Name
- Your update: BMS
- Any comments or suggestions? (Text area)
- Submit button

After:



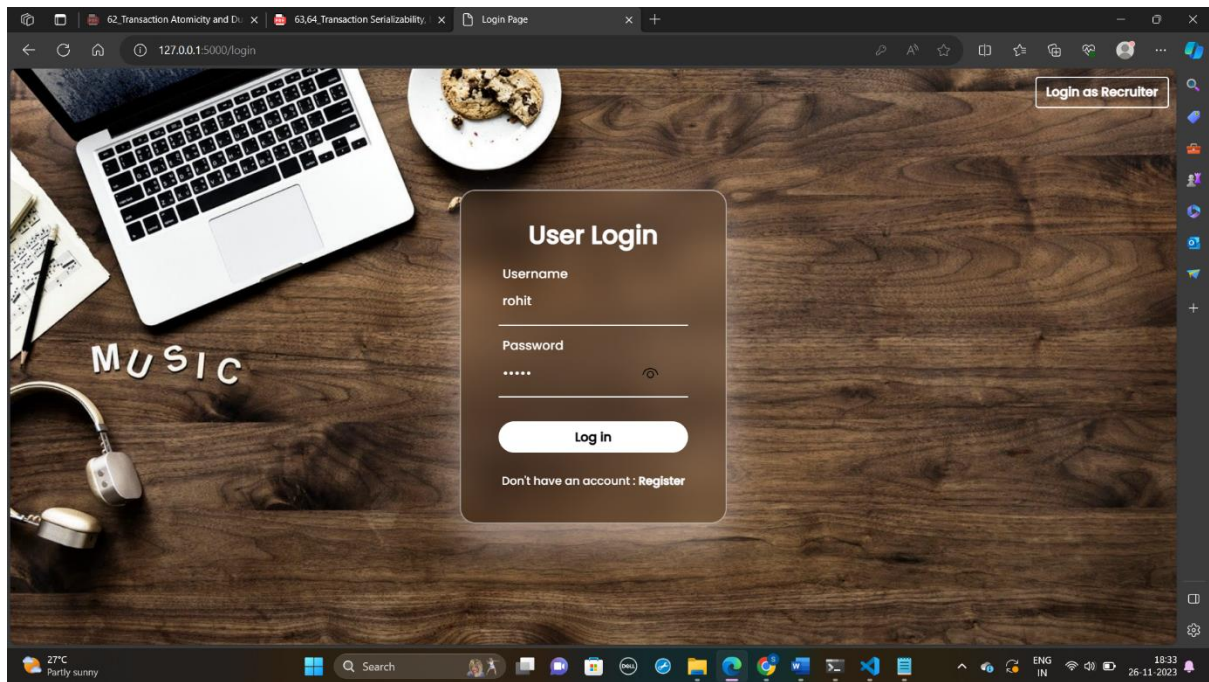
After update in education section college name from which Rohit obtained BTECH is changed from PES TO BMS.

Insert:

Query:

```
try:
    insert_query = text(f"INSERT INTO user ({', '.join(new_user.keys())}) VALUES ({', '.join([':' + key for key in new_user.keys()])})")
    db.session.execute(insert_query, new_user)
    db.session.commit()
    return redirect('/login')
except Exception as e:
    return redirect('/')
```

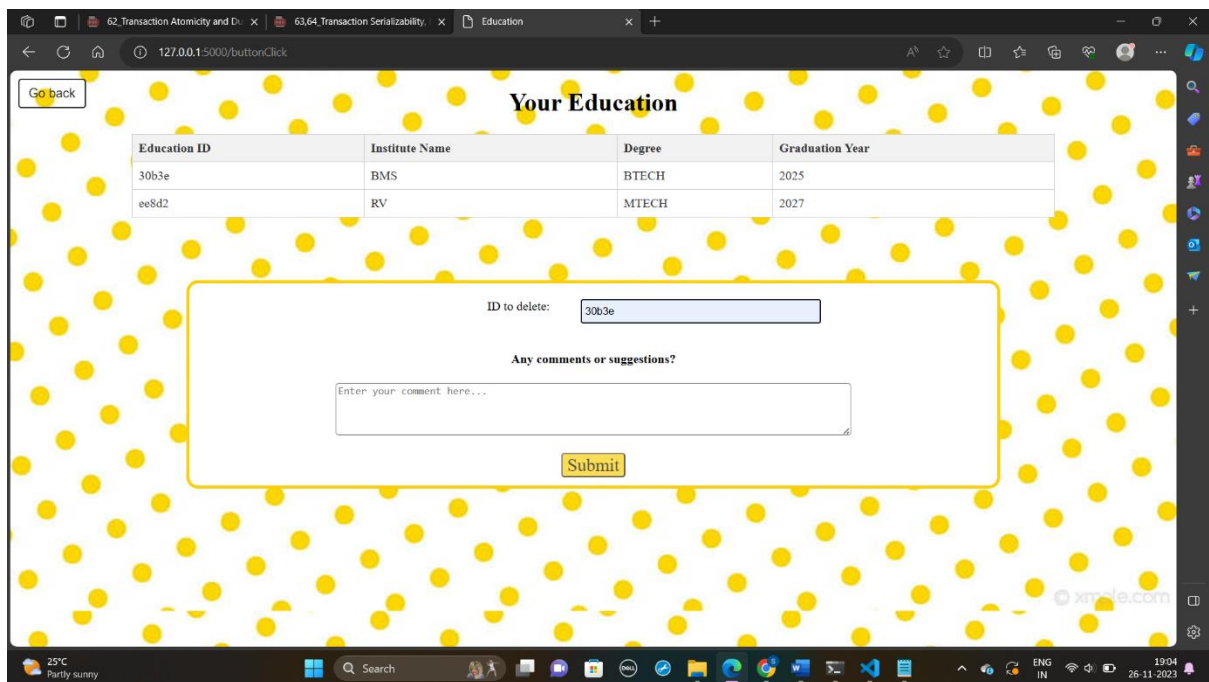
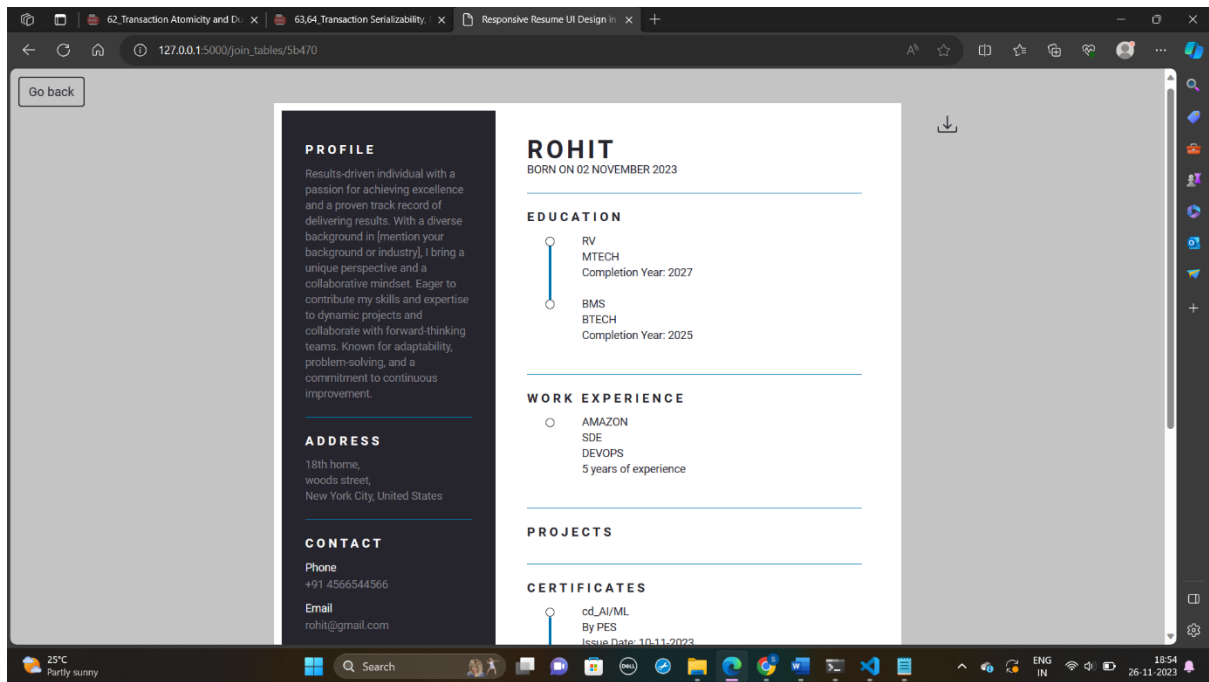
```
mysql> select * from user;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| user_id | user_name | password | email | name | dob | phone_no |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 5b470 | rohit | rohit | rohit@gmail.com | Rohit | 2023-11-02 | 4566544566 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```



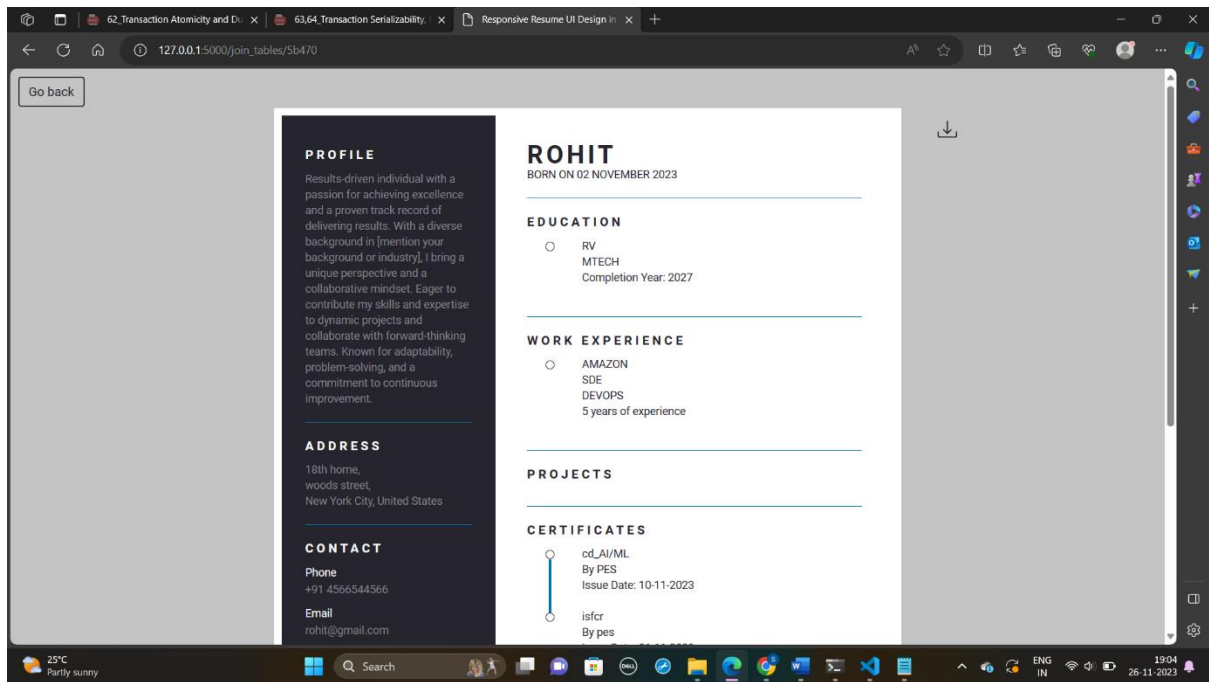
## Delete:

```
if is_valid:
    delete_query = text("DELETE FROM education WHERE ed_id=:id")
    db.session.execute(delete_query, {"id": id})
    db.session.commit()
    return render_template('cards.html', message = "success", info = "Details deleted successfully")
else:
    return render_template('cards.html', message = "error", info = "ID not found")
except Exception as e:
    return render_template('cards.html', message="error", info="An error occurred")
```

## Before:



After:



After running delete query we were successfully able to delete BMS BTECH degree using edu\_id.

## FUNCTIONALITIES:

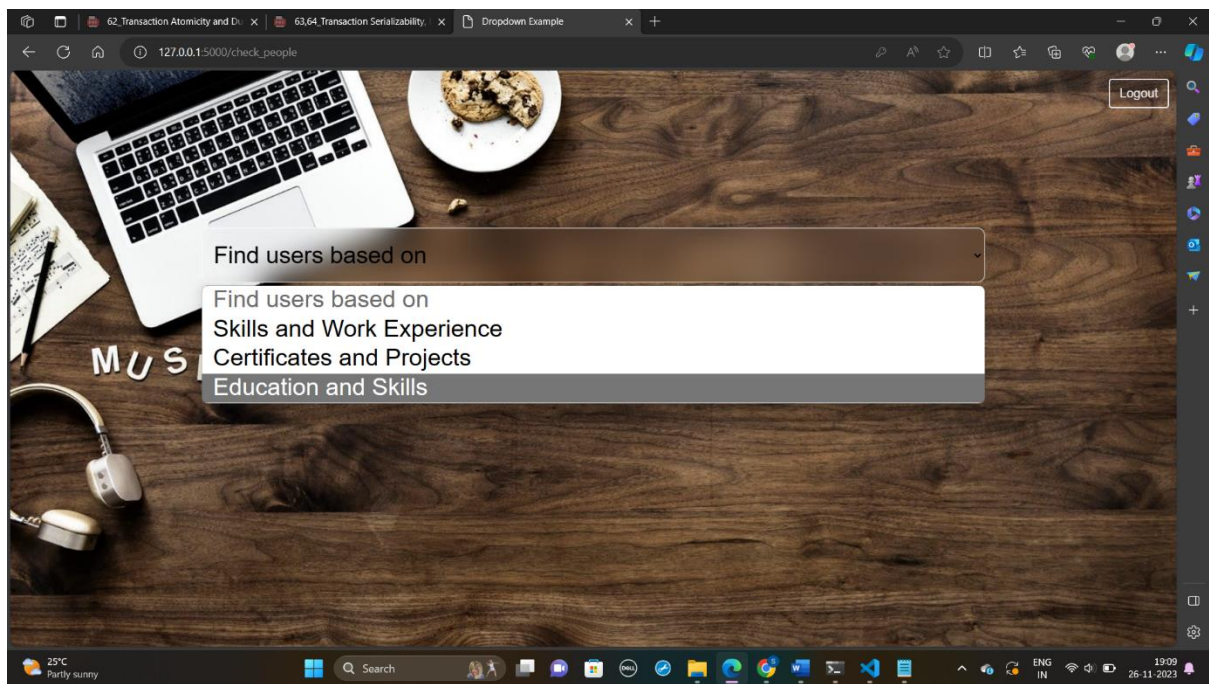
### FIND/SEARCH:

```
@app.route('/findDetails', methods=['POST'])
def findDetails():
    buttonType = request.form.get("type")
```

```
elif buttonType == "second":
    certificate_name = request.form.get('detail1')
    project_name = request.form.get('detail2')

    query = text("""
        SELECT user.user_id, user.name, certificates.certificate_name, projects.project_name
        FROM user
        JOIN certificates ON user.user_id = certificates.user_id
        JOIN projects ON user.user_id = projects.user_id
        WHERE certificates.certificate_name = :certificate_name AND projects.project_name = :project_name
    """)
```





[Go back](#)

### Find Certificates and Projects

Certificate Name:

Project Name:

[Search](#)

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[Go back](#)

### Find Certificates and Projects

Certificate Name:

Project Name:

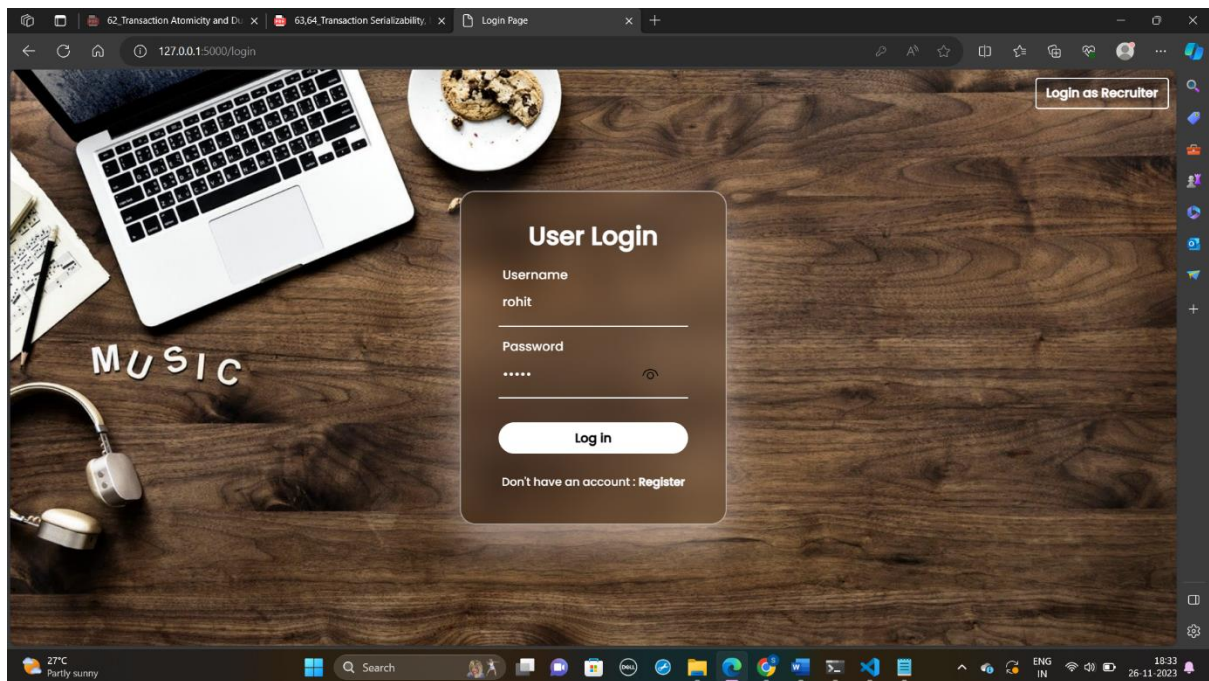
[Search](#)

User ID	Full Name	Certificate Name	Project Name
c4bc4	K S Shashank	Full Stack Web Development	SmartHealth Monitor using AI

By registering as recruiter we are able to find certificates or projects that we are interested by using select statements and join conditions.

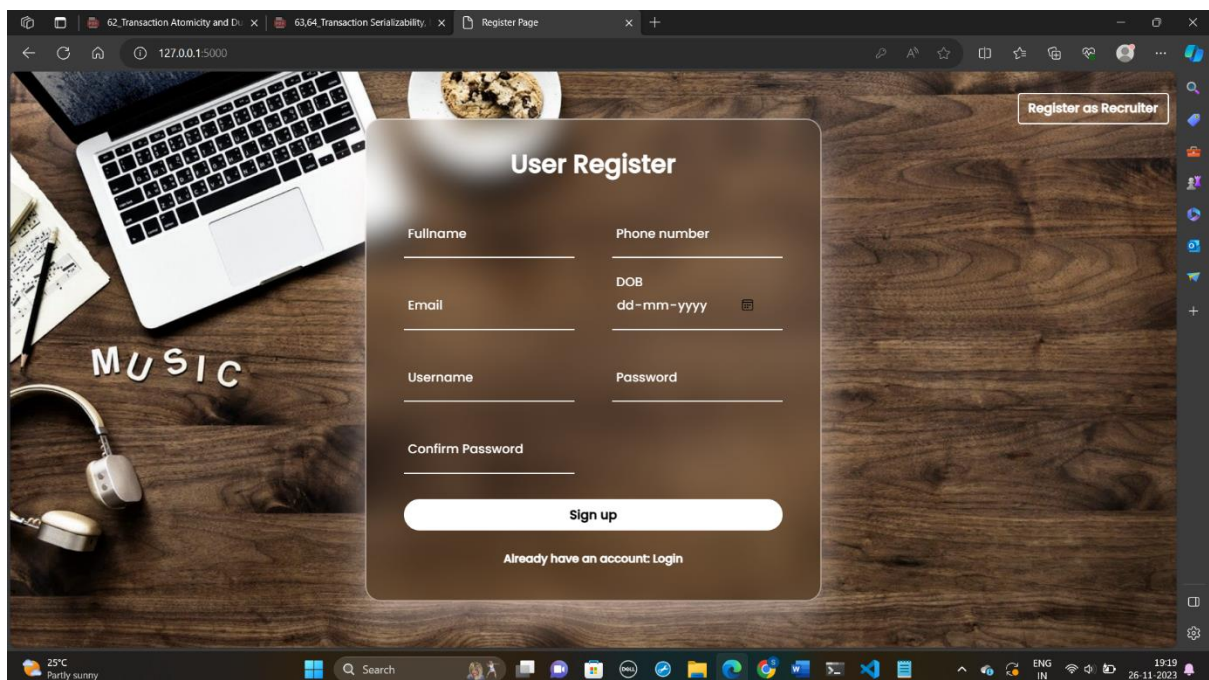


## Login page:

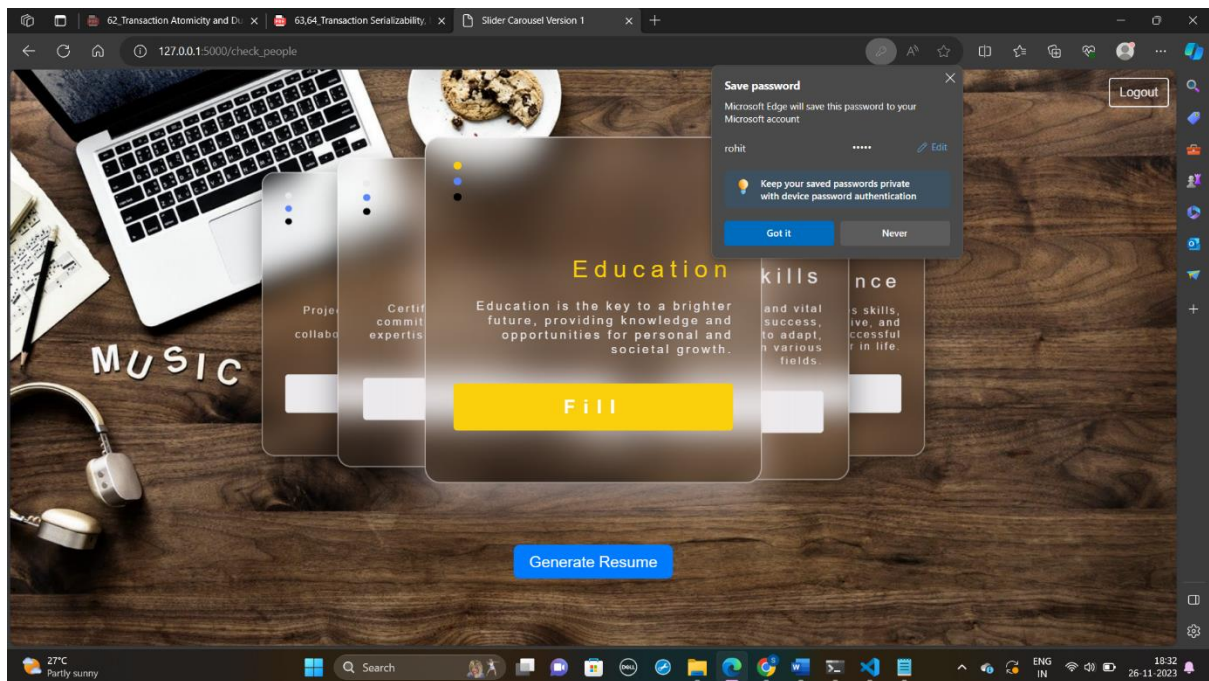


It has 2 types of logins as user and recruiter.

## Register page:

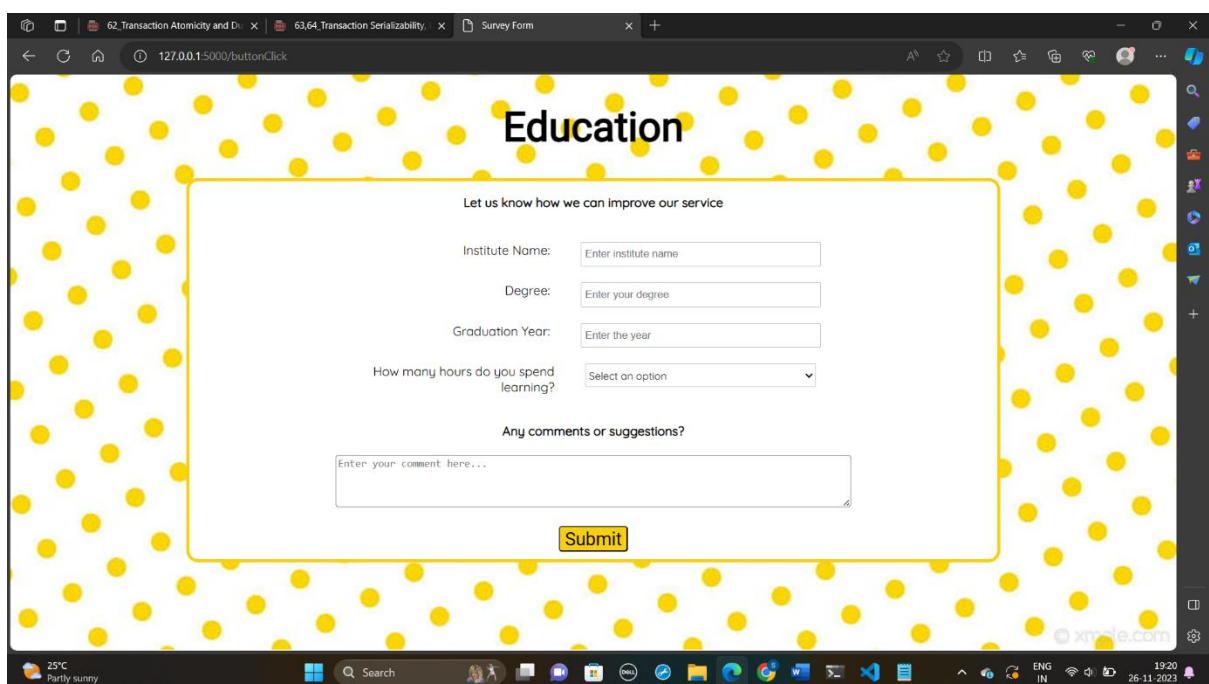


Home page:



Forms used to get user information:

Ex: education details:



# Procedures And Triggers:

## Procedures:

```
DELIMITER //
```

```
CREATE PROCEDURE validate_id(IN table_name VARCHAR(255), IN table_name_id_column VARCHAR(255), IN id VARCHAR(255), OUT is_valid INT)
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    DECLARE count_result INT;
```

```
    SET @query = CONCAT('SELECT COUNT(*) INTO @count_result FROM ', table_name, ' WHERE ', table_name_id_column, ' = ', id);
```

```
    PREPARE stmt FROM @query;
```

```
    EXECUTE stmt;
```

```
    DEALLOCATE PREPARE stmt;
```

```
    SET is_valid = (@count_result > 0);
```

```
END //
```

```
DELIMITER ;
```

## Calling procedure:

```
def validate(table_name, table_name_id_column, id):
```

```
    try:
```

```
        result = db.session.execute([
```

```
            text("CALL validate_id(:table_name, :table_name_id_column, :id, @is_valid)"),
```

```
            {'table_name': table_name, 'table_name_id_column': table_name_id_column, 'id': id}
```

```
        ])
```

```
        result = db.session.execute(text("SELECT @is_valid")).fetchone()
```

```
        is_valid = result[0]
```

Here procedure dynamically creates query which validates user\_id whether it is present in the table or not during update or delete by invoking function call.

## Triggers:

```
DELIMITER //
```

```
CREATE TRIGGER before_user_insert
```

```
BEFORE INSERT ON user
```

```
FOR EACH ROW
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    SET NEW.user_id = SUBSTRING(MD5(CONCAT(NOW(), RAND())), 1, 5);
```

```
END;
```

```
//
```

```
DELIMITER ;
```

Here we use trigger to generate user\_id by making use of concatenation, using MD5 family hashing algorithm.

```
mysql> select * from user;
```

user_id	user_name	password	email	name	dob	phone_no
5b470	rohit	rohit	rohit@gmail.com	Rohit	2023-11-02	4566544566

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

