## Skill Squatting Attacks on Virtual Personal Assistants (VPAs)

Group #9

## Introduction

- □ VPAs Amazon Alexa, Apple's Siri, Google Now, Microsoft's Cortana, etc.
- Voice Squatting Attack (VSA) the adversary exploits how a skill is invoked and the variations in the ways the command is spoken to cause a VPA system to trigger a malicious skill instead of the one the user intends.
- Voice Masquerading Attack (VMA) aims at the interactions between the user and the VPA system

## **Threats**

- Both skills are susceptible to threats that include disclosure of one's home address, financial data, and other sensitive information.
- Information stealing
- Phishing



## Defense Against VSAs and VMAs

- Skill-name Scanner a web crawler that will be built to collect metadata from Alexa's skill market to scan for skills that are susceptible to VSAs.
- Defense against VMA take a skill's and/or user's response as input to determine whether an impersonation risk is present, and alert the user once detected.
  - □ Skill Response Checker (SRC) capture suspicious responses from a malicious skill
  - User Intention Classifier (UIC) check voice commands issued by the user to find out whether he/she attempted to switch to a different skill in a wrong way, which can lead them right into the trap set by the malicious skill.

