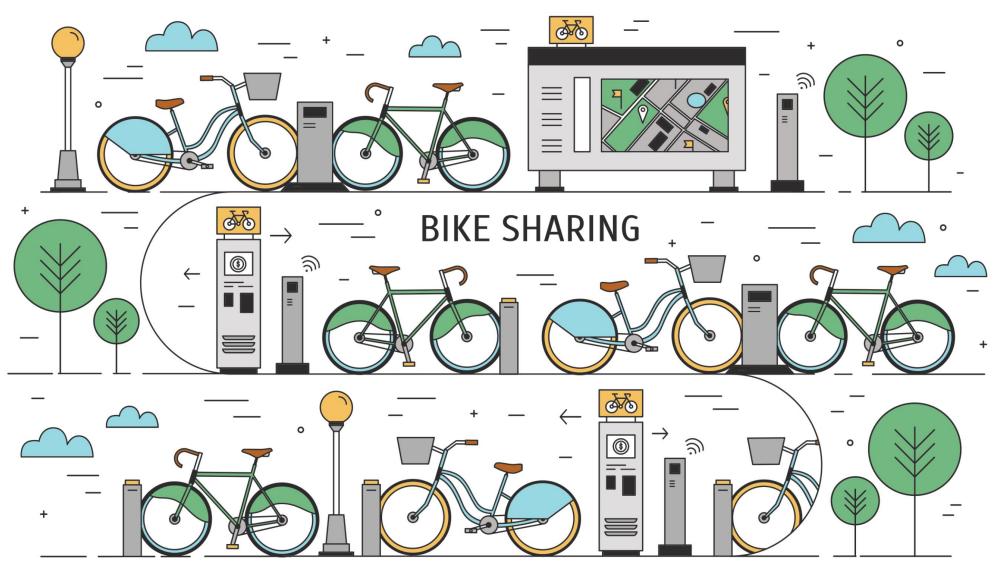
Modelling Bike Sharing with SimPy





Passenger



Get a bike



Put waiting autilies waiting

Put a bike

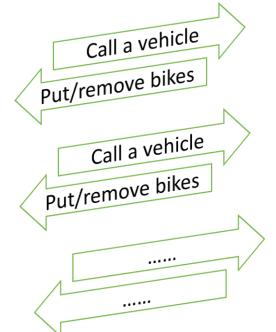


Leave

Abandon

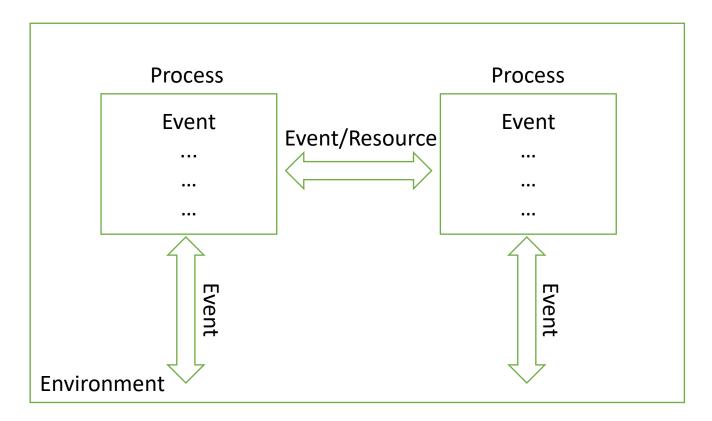
Station







Simpy



- **Processes**: modelling behaviour of active components.
- Events: Process, Timeout,...
- Shared resources :
 - Resources Resources that can be used by a limited number of processes at a time.
 - Containers Resources that model the production and consumption of a homogeneous, undifferentiated bulk.
 - Stores Resources that allow the production and consumption of Python objects.

vield self.env.timeout(random.randint(1, 3))

Station __init__(...) get_bike(...) put_bike(...) reset_station(...) monitor_proc(...)

- Init with init_rato × capacity(the number of docks in the station).
- The monitor process: If #bikes/capacity is not in the range[reset_ratio, 1-reset_ratio], repositioning vehicle will be called to refill/remove bikes, resetting the station to a state that one half is empty, and one half is filled with bikes.

```
self.bike = simpy.Container(env, init=num_bikes, capacity=capacity)
self.mon_proc = env.process(self.monitor_proc(env))
self.depot_station = depot_station
self.capacity = capacity
self.init_ratio = init_ratio
self.reset_ratio = reset_ratio
```

```
yield self.env.timeout(random.randint(5, 10))
amount = math.ceil(self.bike.capacity//2 - self.bike.level)
if amount > 0:
    yield self.bike.put(amount)
elif amount < 0:
    yield self.bike.get(abs(amount))</pre>
```

```
while True:
   if self.bike.level <= self.capacity*self.reset_ratio \
      or self.bike.level >= self.capacity*(1-self.reset_ratio):
      # get an available vehicle from the depot station
      .....

if repo_vehicle.level <= repo_vehicle.capacity - \
      self.depot_station.reset_threshold:
      yield repo_vehicle.get(self, 1)
      yield self.env.timeout(1) # check the status every 1 minutes</pre>
```

Depot station

init (...)

monitor_proc(...)

- Init with capacity(num_vehicles). A vehicle is a container with capacity 10, meaning one vehicle can only serve at most 10 stations during one trip.
- The monitor process: when a vehicle receives calls from some number of stations, then it start departing to serve them. Note the number could be different in peak commuting hours.

```
while True:
    # get the repo vehicle with c_id
    ......
    # calculate departure_time_interval
    .....
    waiting_event = self.env.timeout(departure_time_interval)
    yield vehicle_signal_start | waiting_event
    if len(repo_vehicle.stations) > 0:
    # get station list stas from repo_vehicle.stations
    .....
    for station in stas:
        yield self.env.process(station.reset_station())
        yield repo_vehicle.put(station, 1)
    yield self.env.timeout(1) # check the status every 1 minutes
```

Passenger

___init___(...)

Get a bike

Travelling

Put a bike

- Passengers are generated with different arrival rates in five periods(early-hours, morning, noon, evening, midnight), amounting to around 3720 per day. The time interval between two consecutive passenger follows the exponential distribution.
- Passengers have a limited patience to get/put a bike :
 - (10, 20) minutes to get a bike, otherwise they would leave.
 - (20, 30) minutes to put a bike, otherwise they may not park the bike in the dock properly.

```
self.start_station = start_station
self.end_station = end_station
```

```
request = self.start_station.bike.get(1)
waiting_event = self.env.timeout(random.randrange(10,20))
res = yield request | waiting_event
if request in res:
    yield self.env.process(self.start_station.get_bike(self.passenger_id))
else:
    request.cancel() # The request is cancelled; passenger leaves
```

```
yield self.env.timeout(random.randint(10, 3*60))
```

```
request = self.end_station.bike.put(1)
waiting_event = self.env.timeout(random.randrange(20,30))
res = yield request | waiting_event
if request in res:
   yield self.env.process(self.end_station.put_bike(self.passenger_id))
else:
   request.cancel() # The request is cancelled; passenger abandon the bike
```

Main

day_splitting

run_system(...)

main(...)

• Run the system.

```
day_splitting = {
    "early-hours" : (night_duration/2, night_rate),
    "morning" : (morning_duration, peak_rate),
    "noon" : (noon_duration, noon_rate),
    "evening" : (evening_duration, peak_rate),
    "midnight" : (night_duration/2, night_rate)
}
```

```
depot station = Depot Station(env, num vehicles, num stations, reset threshold, reset delay)
stations = [Station(env, id, depot station, math.ceil(capacity*init ratio), \
           capacity, init ratio, reset ratio) for id in range(num stations)]
passenger id = 0
for , (duration, rate) in day splitting.items():
    period = 0
    while (period <= duration):</pre>
      start station, end station = random.choice(stations), random.choice(stations)
      pax = Passenger(env, passenger id, start station, end station)
      env.process(pax.behave())
      # Using the inverse CDF algorithm to generate passengers from the exponential distribution
      p = random.random()
      interval arrival time = -math.log(1.0 - p)/rate
      period += interval arrival time
      passenger id += 1
      yield env.timeout(interval arrival time)
```

```
# Run the simulation
env = simpy.Environment()
env.run(env.process(run_system(env, num_vehicles, num_stations, capacity, init_ratio, reset_ratio, res
et_threshold, reset_delay)))
```

Case study

• Base case (no Patience strategy, no Refilling strategy).

N.stations	20
Capacity	25
Init-ratio	0.7

Average-waiting-time	33 mins 19 secs
Max-waiting-time	374 mins 56 secs
N_passengers_ arrived	3743
N_passengers_served	3428

Base case + Patience strategy.

N.stations	20
Capacity	25
Init-ratio	0.7

Average-waiting-time	4 mins 24 secs
Max-waiting-time	29 mins 0 secs
N_impatiences_get	705
N_impatiences_put	9
N_passengers_ arrived	3713
N_passengers_served	2904

with Refilling strategy

N.vehicles	20	10	5	5	5	5	5
Capacity	25	25	25	25	5	5	25
Init-ratio	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.6
Reset-ratio	0.5	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.3
Reset-threshold	6	4	8	6	4	8	6
Reset-delay	10	10	30	20	10	30	30
Average-waiting-time	1 mins 60 secs	1 mins 60 secs	2 mins 26 secs	2 mins 3 secs	6 mins 23 secs	6 mins 53 secs	2 mins 7 secs
Max-waiting-time	13 mins 38 secs	10 mins 60 secs	31 mins 22 secs	26 mins 19 secs	30 mins 6 secs	30 mins 29 secs	28 mins 40 secs
Refilling-times	244	288	48	101	174	78	75
N_impatiences_get	0	0	75	4	966	1126	6
N_impatiences_put	0	0	21	0	142	176	6

^{1.} num_stations (20): the number of stations.

^{2.} **num_vehicles** ([5,10,20]) : the number of vehicles in a depot station.

^{3.} **capacity** ([5,15,25]) : the capacity of each station.

^{4.} init_ratio ([0.6,0.7,0.8]): #bikes / capacity in each station initially.

^{5.} **reset ratio** ([0.1,0.3,0.5]) : #bikes/capacity to call for repositioning vehicles.

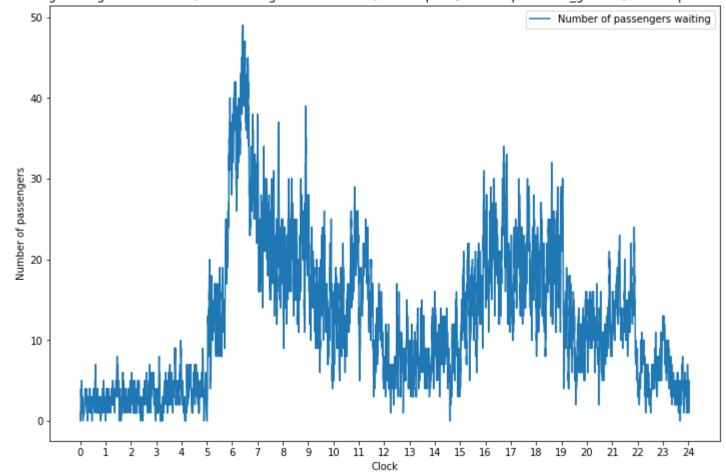
^{6.} reset_threshold ([4,6,8]): the number of stations received (10 - reset_threshold) for a vehicle to depart.

^{7.} reset_delay ([10,20,30]): the time interval to send a vehicle.

Plotting

No.197: Avg-waiting: 2mins26secs, Max-waiting: 31mins22secs, Ref-freq: 48, Num-impatiences_get: 75, Num-impatiences_put: 21

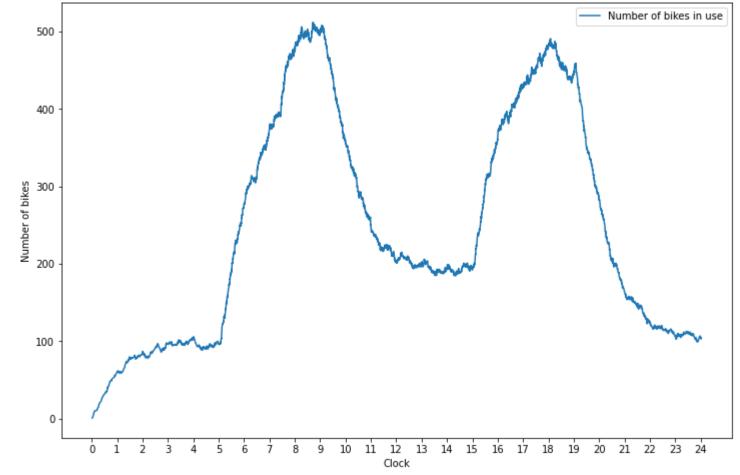
N.stations	20
N.vehicles	5
Capacity	25
Init-ratio	0.7
Reset-ratio	0.1
Reset-threshold	8
Reset-delay	30



Plotting

No.197: Avg-waiting: 2mins26secs, Max-waiting: 31mins22secs, Ref-freq: 48, Num-impatiences_get: 75, Num-impatiences_put: 21

N.stations	20
N.vehicles	5
Capacity	25
Init-ratio	0.7
Reset-ratio	0.1
Reset-threshold	8
Reset-delay	30



20

25

0.7

0.1

8

30

N.stations

N.vehicles

Capacity

Init-ratio

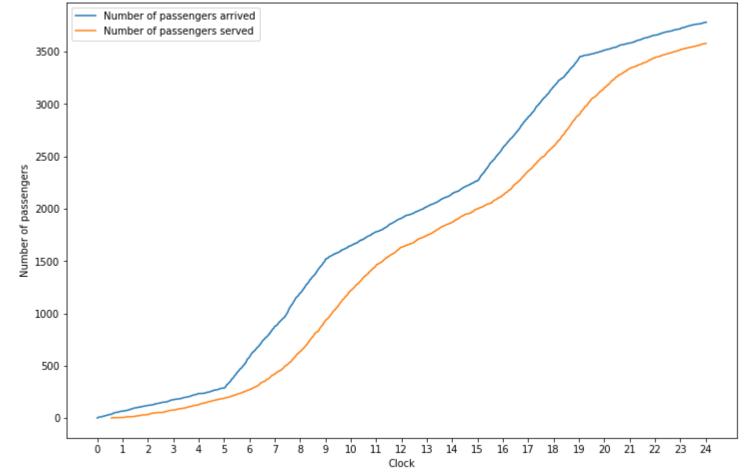
Reset-ratio

Reset-delay

Reset-threshold

Plotting

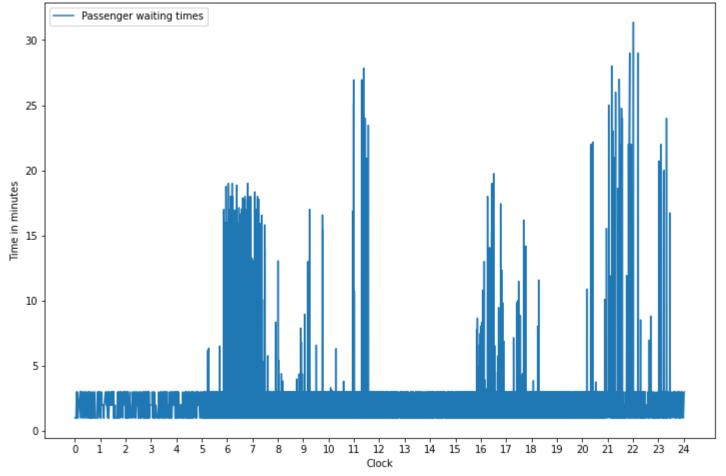
No.197: Avg-waiting: 2mins26secs, Max-waiting: 31mins22secs, Ref-freq: 48, Num-impatiences_get: 75, Num-impatiences_put: 21



N.stations20N.vehicles5Capacity25Init-ratio0.7Reset-ratio0.1Reset-threshold8Reset-delay30

Plotting

No.197: Avg-waiting: 2mins26secs, Max-waiting: 31mins22secs, Ref-freq: 48, Num-impatiences_get: 75, Num-impatiences_put: 21



Plotting

0.05

0.00

N.stations	20
N.vehicles	5
Capacity	25
Init-ratio	0.7
Reset-ratio	0.1
Reset-threshold	8
Reset-delay	30



15 20 Passenger waiting times (min)

10

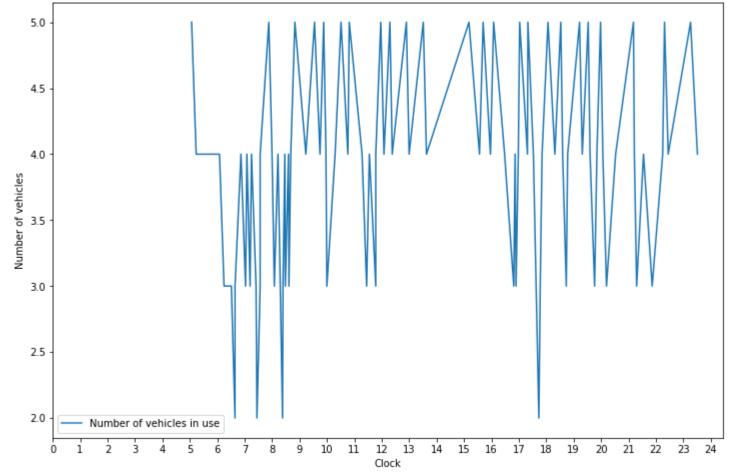
25

30

N.stations20N.vehicles5Capacity25Init-ratio0.7Reset-ratio0.1Reset-threshold8Reset-delay30

Plotting

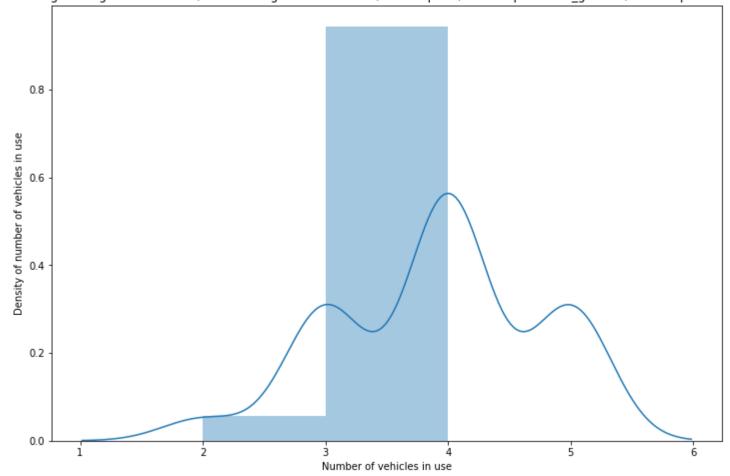




Plotting

No.197: Avg-waiting: 2mins26secs, Max-waiting: 31mins22secs, Ref-freq: 48, Num-impatiences_get: 75, Num-impatiences_put: 21

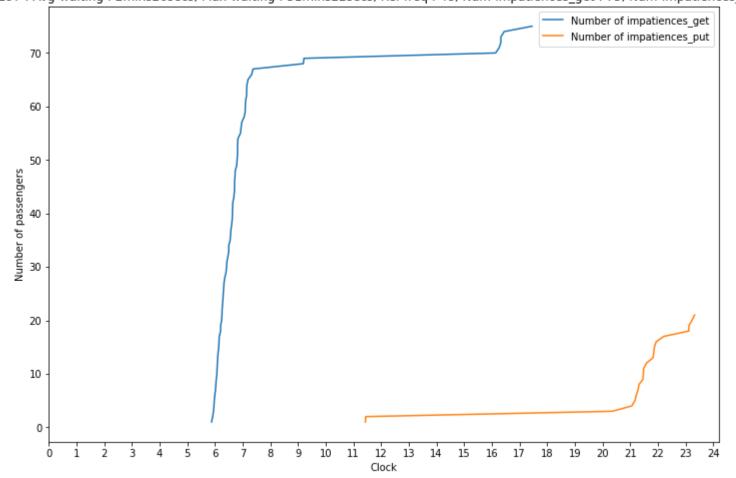
N.stations	20
N.vehicles	5
Capacity	25
Init-ratio	0.7
Reset-ratio	0.1
Reset-threshold	8
Reset-delay	30



Plotting

No.197: Avg-waiting: 2mins26secs, Max-waiting: 31mins22secs, Ref-freq: 48, Num-impatiences_get: 75, Num-impatiences_put: 21

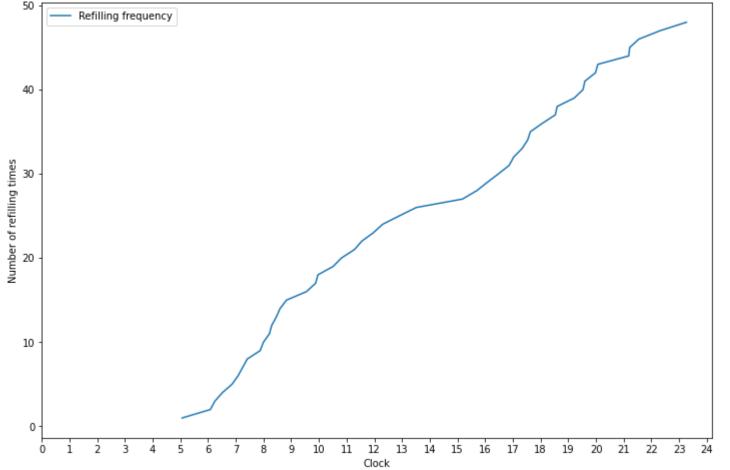
N.stations	20
N.vehicles	5
Capacity	25
Init-ratio	0.7
Reset-ratio	0.1
Reset-threshold	8
Reset-delay	30



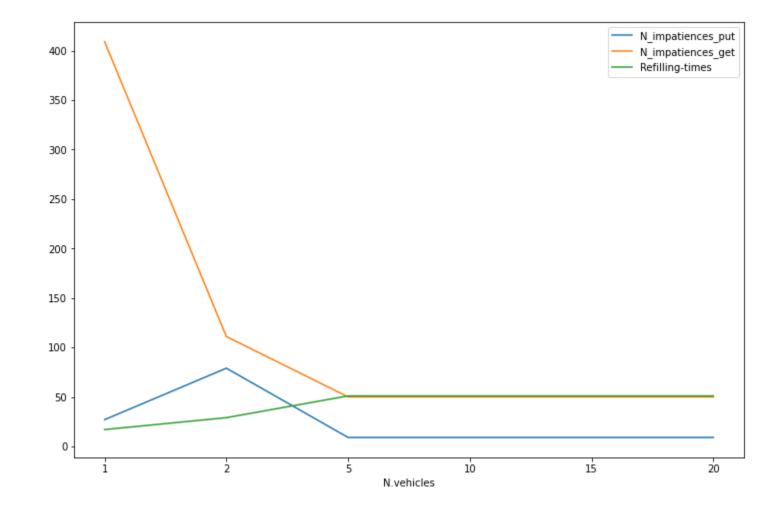
N.stations20N.vehicles5Capacity25Init-ratio0.7Reset-ratio0.1Reset-threshold8Reset-delay30

Plotting

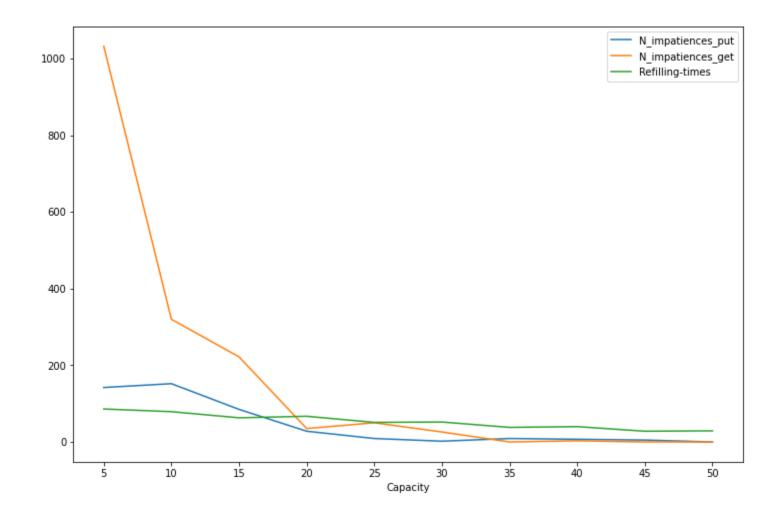




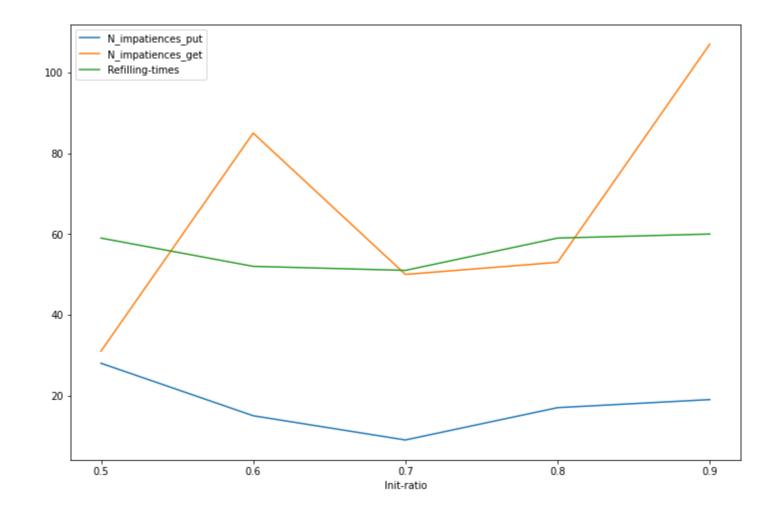
N.stations	20
N.vehicles	1,2,5,10,15,20
Capacity	25
Init-ratio	0.7
Reset-ratio	0.1
Reset-threshold	6
Reset-delay	30



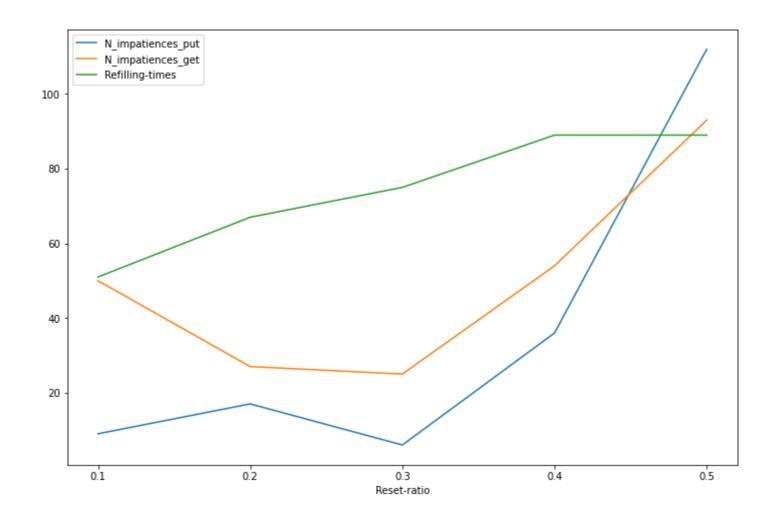
N.stations	20
N.vehicles	5
Capacity	5,10,15,20,25,30, 35,40,45,50
Init-ratio	0.7
Reset-ratio	0.1
Reset-threshold	6
Reset-delay	30



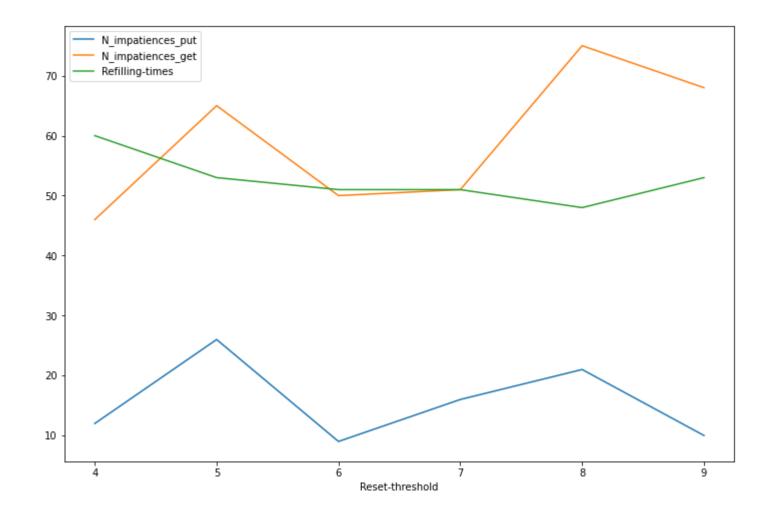
N.stations	20
N.vehicles	5
Capacity	25
Init-ratio	0.5,0.6,0.7,0.8,0.9
Reset-ratio	0.1
Reset-threshold	6
Reset-delay	30



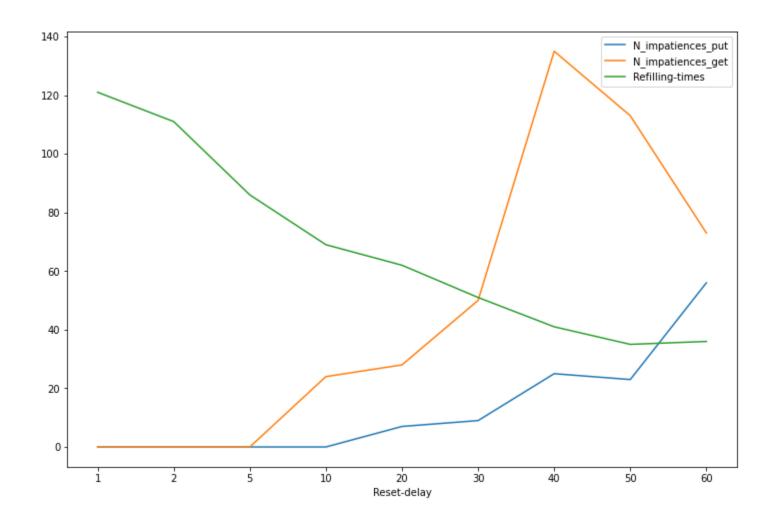
N.stations	20
N.vehicles	5
Capacity	25
Init-ratio	0.7
Reset-ratio	0.1,0.2,0.3,0.4,0.5
Reset-threshold	6
Reset-delay	30



N.stations	20
N.vehicles	5
Capacity	25
Init-ratio	0.7
Reset-ratio	0.1
Reset-threshold	4,5,6,7,8,9
Reset-delay	30



N.stations	20
N.vehicles	5
Capacity	25
Init-ratio	0.7
Reset-ratio	0.1
Reset-threshold	6
Reset-delay	1,2,5,10,20,30,40, 50,60



Thank you!