Code-Along-and-Challenge-9

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R Markdown

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Tidy vs Non-Tidy

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages -
                                                           - tidyverse 2.0.0 —
## √ dplyr 1.1.2 √ readr
                                  2.1.4
## √ forcats 1.0.0

√ stringr

                                   1.5.0
## √ ggplot2 3.4.3
                      √ tibble
                                   3.2.1
## ✓ lubridate 1.9.2
                       √ tidyr
                                   1.3.0
## √ purrr
              1.0.2
## — Conflicts —
                                                     — tidyverse_conflicts() —
## X dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## X dplyr::lag()
                   masks stats::lag()
### i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to be
come errors
```

```
tidydata <- tribble(
    ~country, ~year, ~cases, ~population,
    "Afghanistan", 1999, 745, 19987071,

"Afghanistan", 2000, 2666, 20595360,

"Brazil", 1999, 37737, 172006362,

"Brazil", 2000, 80488, 174504898,

"China", 1999, 212258, 1272915272,

"China", 2000, 213766, 1280428583)

tidydata
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 4
##
   country
                year cases population
    <chr>>
##
                <dbl>
                      <dbl>
                                 <dbl>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999
                       745
                              19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000
                      2666 20595360
## 3 Brazil
                 1999 37737 172006362
## 4 Brazil
                 2000 80488 174504898
## 5 China
                 1999 212258 1272915272
## 6 China
                 2000 213766 1280428583
```

```
nontidydata <- tribble(
    ~country,~year,~rate,
    "Afghanistan", 1999, "745/19987071",

"Afghanistan", 2000, "2666/20595360",

"Brazil", 1999, "37737/172006362",

"Brazil", 2000, "80488/174504898",

"China", 1999, "212258/1272915272",

"China", 2000, "213766/1280428583"
)

nontidydata
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 3
##
   country
                year rate
     <chr>>
                 <dbl> <chr>>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745/19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666/20595360
## 3 Brazil
                 1999 37737/172006362
## 4 Brazil
                  2000 80488/174504898
## 5 China
                 1999 212258/1272915272
## 6 China
                 2000 213766/1280428583
```

Tidy-ing data: Example 1

nontidydata

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 4
   country
               year cases population
    <chr>
            <dbl> <chr> <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745
                            19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666
                            20595360
## 3 Brazil
                 1999 37737 172006362
## 4 Brazil
                 2000 80488 174504898
## 5 China
                1999 212258 1272915272
## 6 China
                 2000 213766 1280428583
```

Tidy-ing data: Example 1

```
newtidieddata <- tidieddata %>%
  pivot_longer(
    cols = cases:population,
    names_to = "measurement",
    values_to = "value"
)
newtidieddata
```

```
## # A tibble: 12 × 4
##
     country
                 year measurement value
     <chr>>
                 <dbl> <chr>
##
                                   <chr>
##
   1 Afghanistan 1999 cases
                                   745
   2 Afghanistan 1999 population 19987071
##
   3 Afghanistan 2000 cases
##
                                   2666
   4 Afghanistan 2000 population 20595360
##
  5 Brazil
##
                  1999 cases
                                  37737
##
   6 Brazil
                  1999 population 172006362
   7 Brazil
##
                2000 cases
                                  80488
##
   8 Brazil
                  2000 population 174504898
## 9 China
                1999 cases
                                  212258
## 10 China
                  1999 population 1272915272
## 11 China
                  2000 cases
                                   213766
## 12 China
                  2000 population 1280428583
```

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Tidy-ing data: Example 2

```
df %>%
  pivot_longer(
    cols = bp1:bp2,
    names_to = "measurement",
    values_to = "value"
)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 3
           measurement value
   <chr> <chr>
## 1 A
           bp1
                         100
## 2 A
           bp2
                         120
## 3 B
           bp1
                         140
## 4 B
           bp2
                         115
## 5 C
           bp1
                         120
## 6 C
           bp2
                         125
```

Reshaping Data: Example 3

```
newtidieddata
```

```
## # A tibble: 12 × 4
     country year measurement value
     <chr>>
              <dbl> <chr>
  1 Afghanistan 1999 cases
##
                                 745
   2 Afghanistan 1999 population 19987071
   3 Afghanistan 2000 cases
                                 2666
## 4 Afghanistan 2000 population 20595360
## 5 Brazil
                 1999 cases
                                 37737
  6 Brazil
                1999 population 172006362
  7 Brazil
                 2000 cases
                                 80488
## 8 Brazil
                 2000 population 174504898
## 9 China
                1999 cases
                                 212258
## 10 China
                1999 population 1272915272
## 11 China
                 2000 cases
                                 213766
## 12 China
                 2000 population 1280428583
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 4
##
   country
                year cases population
##
    <chr>>
                <dbl> <chr> <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745
                            19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666
                            20595360
                 1999 37737 172006362
## 3 Brazil
## 4 Brazil
                 2000 80488 174504898
## 5 China
                 1999 212258 1272915272
## 6 China
                 2000 213766 1280428583
```

Reshaping Data: Example 4

```
df <- tribble(</pre>
  ~id, ~measurement, ~value,
  "A",
                "bp1",
                           100,
  "B",
                "bp1",
                           140,
  "B",
               "bp2",
                           115,
  "A",
                "bp2",
                           120,
  "A",
                "bp3",
                           105
)
df
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 × 3
           measurement value
     <chr> <chr>
                        <dbl>
##
## 1 A
           bp1
                          100
## 2 B
           bp1
                          140
## 3 B
           bp2
                          115
## 4 A
           bp2
                          120
## 5 A
           bp3
                          105
```

```
df %>%
  pivot_wider(
   names_from = "measurement",
   values_from = "value"
)
```

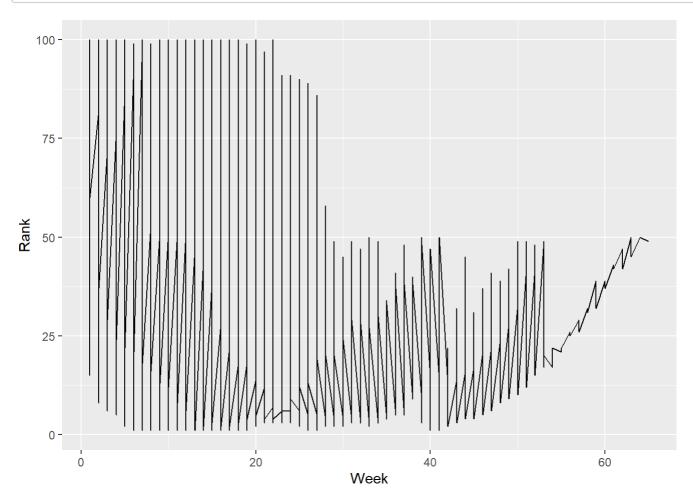
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PART 1

```
## # A tibble: 5,307 × 5
##
      artist track
                                       date.entered week rank
                                       <date>
                                                    <dbl> <dbl>
##
      <chr>>
              <chr>>
##
   1 2 Pac
              Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26
                                                        1
                                                             87
    2 2 Pac
              Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26
                                                        2
                                                             82
##
##
    3 2 Pac
              Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26
                                                        3
                                                             72
   4 2 Pac
              Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26
                                                             77
##
   5 2 Pac
              Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26
                                                        5
##
                                                             87
              Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26
    6 2 Pac
                                                             94
##
                                                        6
                                                        7
##
   7 2 Pac
              Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26
                                                             99
   8 2Ge+her The Hardest Part Of ... 2000-09-02
                                                        1
                                                             91
##
   9 2Ge+her The Hardest Part Of ... 2000-09-02
                                                        2
                                                             87
## 10 2Ge+her The Hardest Part Of ... 2000-09-02
                                                        3
                                                             92
## # i 5,297 more rows
```

```
# plotting the data

ggplot(my_data,aes(x = week, y = rank)) +
  geom_line() +
  labs(x = "Week", y = "Rank")
```



PART 2

```
result <- cms_patient_experience %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = "measure_cd" , values_from = "prf_rate", id_cols = starts_with("or g"))
result
```

#		org_pac_id	org_nm	CAHPS_GRP_1	CAHPS_GRP_2	CAHPS_GRP_3	CAHPS_GRP_5	CAHPS_GRP_8
##		<chr></chr>	<chr>></chr>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>
##	1	0446157747	USC C	63	87	86	57	85
##	2	0446162697	ASSOC	59	85	83	63	88
##	3	0547164295	BEAVE	49	NA	75	44	73
##	4	0749333730	CAPE	67	84	85	65	82
##	5	0840104360	ALLIA	66	87	87	64	87
##	6	0840109864	REX H	73	87	84	67	91
##	7	0840513552	SCL H	58	83	76	58	78
##	8	0941545784	GRITM	46	86	81	54	NA
##	9	1052612785	COMMU	65	84	80	58	87
##	10	1254237779	OUR L	61	NA	NA	65	NA
##	# i	i 85 more ro	WS					