

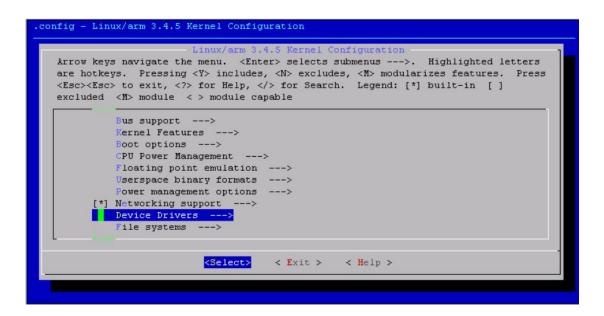
# 1、USB 驱动安装与加载

## 1.1 USB 信息

PID	VID	接口号	注释
		0	ZTE CMCC AT Interface
0x19D2	0x0199	1	以太网卡
		2	ZTE CMCC Modem Interface
		3	ZTE CMCC Log Interface

### 1.2 USB 串口驱动的安装

USB 接口中的 0、2、3 三个接口需要安装 USB 转串口驱动。需要编译内核的 drivers/usb/serial 模块,编译 bus.c generic.c option.c usb-serial.c usb\_wwan.c 四个文件,其中 usb\_wwan.c 在较早的 Linux 版本中没有。 通过 make menuconfig 配置内核编译该模块的方法如下:



```
.config - Linux/arm 3.4.5 Kernel Configuration
   Arrow keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus --->. Highlighted letters
   are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> includes, <N> excludes, <M> modularizes features. Press
   <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for Help, </> for Search. Legend: [*] built-in [ ]
   excluded <M> module < > module capable
             Sonics Silicon Backplane --->
             Broadcom specific AMBA --->
             Multifunction device drivers
         [ ] Voltage and Current Regulator Support --->
         < > Multimedia support --->
             Graphics support --->
         < > Sound card support --->
         [ ] HID Devices --->
[*] USB support --->
         < > MMC/SD/SDIO card support --->
                                      < Exit > < Help >
                            <Select>
```

#### .config - Linux/arm 3.4.5 Kernel Configuration USB support Arrow keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus --->. Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> includes, <N> excludes, <M> modularizes features. Press <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for Help, </> for Search. Legend: [\*] built-in [] excluded <M> module < > module capable USB Wireless Device Management support (NEW) USB Test and Measurement Class support (NEW) < > \*\*\* NOTE: USB\_STORAGE depends on SCSI but BLK\_DEV\_SD may \*\*\* \*\*\* also be needed; see USB\_STORAGE Help for more info \*\*\* The shared table of common (or usual) storage devices (NEW) [ ] \*\*\* USB Imaging devices \*\* < > USB Mustek MDC800 Digital Camera support (NEW) \*\*\* USB port drivers \*\*\* <<mark>\*</mark>> USB Serial Converter support ---> \*\*\* USB Miscellaneous drivers \*\* <Select> < Exit > < Help >

```
.config - Linux/arm 3.4.5 Kernel Configuration
                                 USB Serial Converter support
   Arrow keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus --->. Highlighted letters
   are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> includes, <N> excludes, <M> modularizes features. Press <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for Help, </> for Search. Legend: [*] built-in [ ]
   excluded <M> module < > module capable
         < >
                USB Safe Serial (Encapsulated) Driver (NEW)
         < >
                USB Siemens MPI driver (NEW)
                USB Sierra Wireless Driver (NEW)
                USB Symbol Barcode driver (serial mode) (NEW)
                USB TI 3410/5052 Serial Driver (NEW)
                USB REINER SCT cyberJack pinpad/e-com chipcard reader (NEW)
          < >
                USB Xircom / Entregra Single Port Serial Driver (NEW)
          <*> USB driver for GSM and CDMA modems
                USB ZyXEL omni.net LCD Plus Driver (NEW)
          < >
                USB Opticon Barcode driver (serial mode) (NEW)
                              <Select> < Exit > < Help >
```

在配置完内核后,需要修改文件 drivers/usb/serial/option.c,增加对模块 USB 的支持。首先是在 option.c 文件中找到全局变量 option\_ids,将 USB 的信息添加到 option\_ids数组中,在数组中增加成员值如下:

{USB\_DEVICE\_AND\_INTERFACE\_INFO(BA\_VENDOR\_ID,BA\_PRODUCT\_B78, 0xff, 0xff, 0xff) },/\* B78 products \*/

```
其中宏 BA_VENDOR_ID 和 BA_PRODUCT_B78 定义如下:
#define BA_VENDOR_ID 0x19d2
#define BA_PRODUCT_B78 0x0199

然后修改 option_probe 函数将接口 1 从 USB 串口驱动中过滤过来,如下:
if (serial->dev->descriptor.idVendor == BA_VENDOR_ID &&
serial->dev->descriptor.idProduct == BA_PRODUCT_B78 &&
serial->interface->cur_altsetting->desc.bInterfaceNumber == 0x1)
{
    printk("serial option_probe 0x%X - 0x%X - %d\n",
```

serial->interface->cur\_altsetting->desc.bInterfaceNumber);

# 1.3 网卡驱动安装

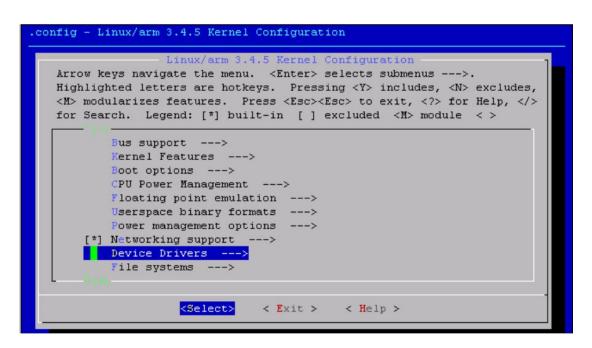
return -ENODEV;

}

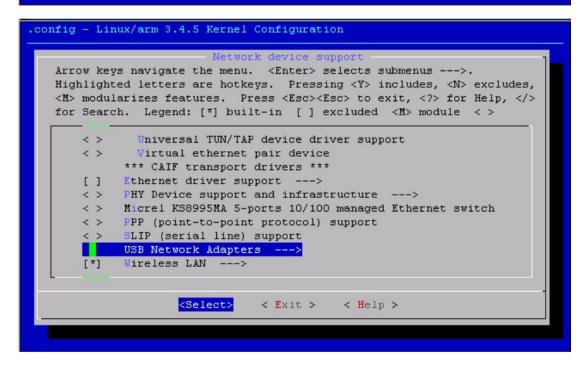
serial->dev->descriptor.idVendor, serial->dev->descriptor.idProduct,

USB 接口中的接口 1 为网络数据接口。如果设备枚举的是标准的 CDC 类网络设备(如 ECM) 驱动的加载不在这里描述。

首先需要配置将文件 drivers/net/usb 下的 cdc\_ether.c 和 usbnet.c 编译到内核, 通过 make menuconfig 配置内核编译该模块



## .config - Linux/arm 3.4.5 Kernel Configuration Device Drivers Arrow keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus --->. Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> includes, <N> excludes, <M> modularizes features. Press <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for Help, </> for Search. Legend: [\*] built-in [ ] excluded <M> module < > module capable <\*> Memory Technology Device (MTD) support ---> < > Parallel port support ---> [\*] Block devices ---> Misc devices ---> SCSI device support ---> < > Serial ATA and Parallel ATA drivers ---> ] Multiple devices driver support (RAID and LVM) ---> [\*] Network device support [ ] ISDN support ---> Input device support ---> <Select> < Exit > < Help >



```
.config - Linux/arm 3.4.5 Kernel Configuration
                           USB Network Adapters
   Arrow keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus --->.
   Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> includes, <N> excludes,
   <M> modularizes features. Press <Esc> <Esc> to exit, <?> for Help, </>>
   for Search. Legend: [*] built-in [ ] excluded <M> module
       < > USB CATC NetMate-based Ethernet device support (EXPERIMENTAL)
       < > USB KLSI KL5USB101-based ethernet device support (NEW)
       < > USB Pegasus/Pegasus-II based ethernet device support (NEW)
       SB RTL8150 based ethernet device support (EXPERIMENTAL) (NEW)
       <<mark>*</mark>> Multi-purpose USB Networking Framework
             ASIX AX88xxx Based USB 2.0 Ethernet Adapters (NEW)
           CDC Ethernet support (smart devices such as cable modems)
       < > CDC EEM support (NEW)
       <*> CDC NCM support (NEW)
       < >
            Davicom DM9601 based USB 1.1 10/100 ethernet devices (NEW)
                     <Select>
                                 < Exit >
                                             < Help >
```

```
.config - Linux/arm 3.4.5 Kernel Configuration
                           USB Network Adapters
   Arrow keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus --->.
   Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> includes, <N> excludes,
   <M> modularizes features. Press <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for Help, </>>
   for Search. Legend: [*] built-in [ ] excluded <M> module
       < > USB CATC NetMate-based Ethernet device support (EXPERIMENTAL)
       < > USB KLSI KL5USB101-based ethernet device support (NEW)
       < > USB Pegasus/Pegasus-II based ethernet device support (NEW)
       < > USB RTL8150 based ethernet device support (EXPERIMENTAL) (NEW
       <*> Multi-purpose USB Networking Framework
             ASIX AX88xxx Based USB 2.0 Ethernet Adapters (NEW)
       -*- CDC Ethernet support (smart devices such as cable modems)
            CDC EEM support (NEW)
            CDC NCM support (NEW)
             Davicom DM9601 based USB 1.1 10/100 ethernet devices (NEW)
                     <Select>
                                 < Exit >
                                             < Help >
```

```
内核配置完成后,需要修改内核 drivers/net/usb/cdc_ether.c 文件来支持网卡的驱动。
首先在 cdc_ether.c 文件的 products 全局数组中增加对 USB 设备的支持,增加成员如下:
{
/* B78 MDM ether*/
USB_DEVICE_AND_INTERFACE_INFO(0x19D2, 0x0199, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF),
.driver_info = (unsigned long) &B78_mdm_ether_info_0199,
},
```

```
其中变量 B78 mdm ether info 0199 定义为:
static const struct driver info B78 mdm ether info 0199 = {
.description =
              "ZTE Ethernet Device",
.flags =
               FLAG_ETHER,
.bind =
                cdc bind,
.unbind =
                usbnet_cdc_unbind,
.status =
               cdc status,
.data =
                (unsigned long) & B78_mdm_ether_iface_info_0199,
};
注意: Linux2.6 内核中的 cdc_bind 和 cdc_status 函数在 Linux3.0 与 Linux3.4 等高版
本内核中为 usbnet cdc bind 和 usbnet cdc status。
变量 B78 mdm ether iface info 0199 定义为:
static const struct cdc_iface_info
                                   B78_mdm_ether_iface_info_0199 = {
.iface number = 1
};
结构体 cdc iface info 定义为:
struct cdc iface info {
__u8 iface_number;
};
  然后修改驱动的 probe 函数。将 cdc driver 的 probe 成员由原来的 usbnet probe 修
改成新增的 cdc probe 函数。cdc probe 先是对接口进行检查,如果是结构
cdc_iface_info 中描述的接口,则继续调用 usbnet_probe 函数,否则返回-ENODEV。
cdc probe 函数实现如下:
static int cdc probe(struct usb interface *intf, const struct usb device id *prod)
{
struct driver_info
                *info;
int
        status:
info = (struct driver_info *) prod->driver_info;
if (info)
dev dbg(&intf->dev, "%s: Probe\n", info->description);
if (info && info->data) {
          iface num;
u8
struct cdc_iface_info *iface_info;
iface num = intf ->cur altsetting->desc.blnterfaceNumber;
iface info = (struct cdc iface info *) info->data;
dev_dbg (&intf->dev, "%s: trying iface %d\n",
info->description, iface_num);
if (iface_info->iface_number != iface_num)
return -ENODEV;
dev info(&intf->dev, "%s: claiming interface %d\n",
info->description, iface_num);
```

```
}
status = usbnet probe(intf, prod);
if (status < 0)
return status;
return 0;
}
最后修改 cdc_bind 或 usbnet_cdc_bind 函数。由于这里的网络接口是非标准的设备接
口,因此 usbnet_generic_cdc_bind 函数必定失败,因此在 usbnet_generic_cdc_bind 返
回失败后需要继续调用 usbnet_get_endpoints 函数。
static int cdc_bind(struct usbnet *dev, struct usb_interface *intf)
{
int
           status;
struct cdc state
                   *info = (void *) &dev->data;
status = usbnet_generic_cdc_bind(dev, intf);
if (status < 0) {
status = usbnet_get_endpoints(dev, intf);
if (status < 0)
return status;
}
if (info->ether) {
printk("\r\n %s,[%d]",__FUNCTION__,_LINE__);
status = usbnet get ethernet addr(dev,info->ether->iMACAddress);
if (status < 0)
goto error;
/* FIXME cdc-ether has some multicast code too, though it complains
* in routine cases.
                    info->ether describes the multicast support.
* Implement that here, manipulating the cdc filter as needed.
*/
return 0;
error:
if (info->data) {
usb_set_intfdata(info->data, NULL);
usb_driver_release_interface(driver_of(intf), info->data);
}
return status;
int usbnet_cdc_bind(struct usbnet *dev, struct usb_interface *intf)
int status;
struct cdc state *info = (void *) &dev->data;
BUILD BUG ON((sizeof(((struct usbnet *)0)->data)< sizeof(struct cdc state)));
status = usbnet_generic_cdc_bind(dev, intf);
```

```
if(status < 0)
    {
         printk("usbnet_generic_cdc_bind failure\n");
         status = usbnet_get_endpoints(dev,intf);
         if(status < 0)
         {
             printk("usbnet_get_endpoints failure\n");
             return status;
         }
    }
    if(info->ether)
         status = usbnet_get_ethernet_addr(dev,info->ether->iMACAddress);
         if(status <0)
         {
             printk("usbnet_get_ethernet_addr failure\n");
             usb_set_intfdata(info->data,NULL);
             usb_driver_release_interface(driver_of(intf),info->data);
             return status;
         }
    }
/* FIXME cdc-ether has some multicast code too, though it complains
* in routine cases.
                     info->ether describes the multicast support.
* Implement that here, manipulating the cdc filter as needed.
*/
return 0;
}
```

## 2、 提示

- **2.1** Linux 3.8 版本的内核已经支持模块的 USB 驱动。 USB 转串口的驱动的内核配置同上文描述,网络数据接口需要编译文件 drivers/net/usb/qmi\_wwan.c。
- **2.2** 驱动加载后, USB 转串口驱动的设备名字一般为 ttyUSBx(x 为某个数字,通常为 ttyUSB0、ttyUSB1、ttyUSB2)。网络设备的名字根据内核版本显示不同的名字,需要使用 ifconfig 命令对比加载前后网络设备的变化来确定具体的设备名字。
- **2.3** 观察对应目录下的 的 Makefile 文件可以看到编译 文件依赖的配置变量,比如 drivers/net/usb/cdc\_ether.c 文件依赖 CONFIG\_USB\_NET\_CDCETHER,在 menuconfig 界面,可以搜索 USB\_NET\_CDCETHER,观察配置该变量的依赖关系,从而明确如何才能配置这个变量。

以我们的系统为例,搜索到的结果如下图:

```
Symbol: USB_NET_CDCETHER [=n]
Type : tristate
Prompt: CDC Ethernet support (smart devices such as cable modems)
Defined at drivers/net/usb/Kconfig:160
Depends on: NETDEVICES [=y] && USB [=n] && NET [=y] && USB_USBNET [=n]
Location:
-> Device Drivers
-> Network device support (NETDEVICES [=y])
-> USB Network Adapters
-> Multi-purpose USB Networking Framework (USB_USBNET [=n])
Selected by: USB_NET_RNDIS_HOST [=n] && NETDEVICES [=y] && USB [=n] &
```

图中提示,该变量的配置路径为:

```
Location:
-> Device Drivers
-> Network device support (NETDEVICES [=y])
-> USB Network Adapters
-> Multi-purpose USB Networking Framework (USB_USBNET [=n])
依赖关系为:
```

Depends on: NETDEVICES [=y] && USB [=n] && NET [=y] && USB USBNET [=n

因此,需要将 NETDEVICES、USB、NET、USB\_USBNET 四个变量都配置成 y,才能在 menuconfig 中找到配置 USB\_NET\_CDCETHER 的项。

**2.4** B78 系列模块使用的版本升级端口为 USB 转串口的驱动,加载方法同上文描述,只是 USB 的 PID 有变化,下载端口的 VID 为 0x19D2, PID 为 0x0256。