

Report page ExoTIC-ISM

W17_G141_lc_11977.txt - 11977

Input parameters:

Number of systematic models: 50
Wavelength mid point = 11970.382452310763
Wavelength half width = 90.80626964749172

Planet parameters:

$R_p/R^* = 0.1255$
Epoch (MJD) = 57957.97108811848
Inclination (deg) = 86.93051272857655
Eccentricity = 0.0
Omega (deg) = 0.0
Period (days) = 3.7354850226
 $a/R^* = 7.025$

Stellar parameters:

FeH (dex) = -0.25
Teff (K) = 6550.0
 $\log(g)$ (cgs) = 4.2

Output parameters:

Limb-darkening coefficients:

$C1 = 0.8553757217721495$
 $C2 = -0.8291406502867719$
 $C3 = 0.7536812563591047$
 $C4 = -0.2631515865104294$

Top five systematic models by their weight

Check the chi-squared values and the AIC evidence for reasonable fits.
If the chi-squared values far exceed the DOF then it is likely that the input data contains additional noise, double check the spectral extraction.
Model numbers = [17 37 39 42 19]
DOF = [46. 46. 44. 45. 44.]
Chi-squared = [68.10192921 68.15057032 66.55318572 67.6650447 66.66949571]
AIC evidence = [335.95933778 335.93501723 335.73370953 335.67778004 335.67555453]
Weights = [0.0924872817053604 0.09026507179916995 0.07380621071959005
0.06979158185586315 0.0696364327676775]
SDNR = [312.60640732 312.49973146 308.80219906 311.49282119 309.28271269]

Top model Noise Statistics:

White noise = 0.0004362209715459352

Red noise = 7.532188719935693e-05

Beta = 1.1359042442065117

If the red-noise is significant it means the data is poorly fit by any of the systematic models. It is recommended that the input lightcurves are checked for additional noise sources.

Marginalised parameters:

If None, parameter was not fit for.

$R_p/R^* = 0.12146145439437109 \pm 0.00048312483326694435$

Epoch (MJD) = 57957.969282661164 $\pm 0.0005616429709237681$

Inclination (rad) = None \pm None

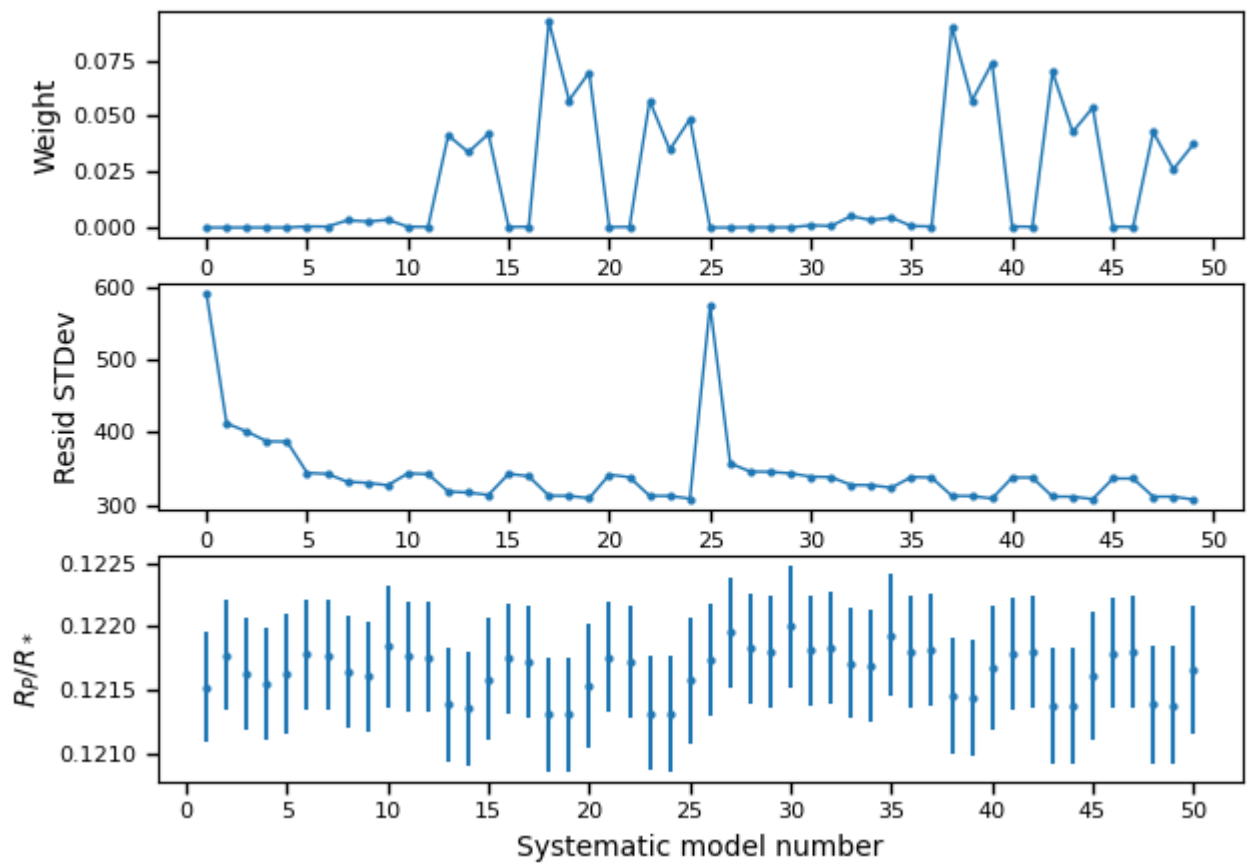
Inclination (deg) = None \pm None

System density ($M_s + M_p/R^3$) = None \pm None

$a/R^* =$ None \pm None

Systematics

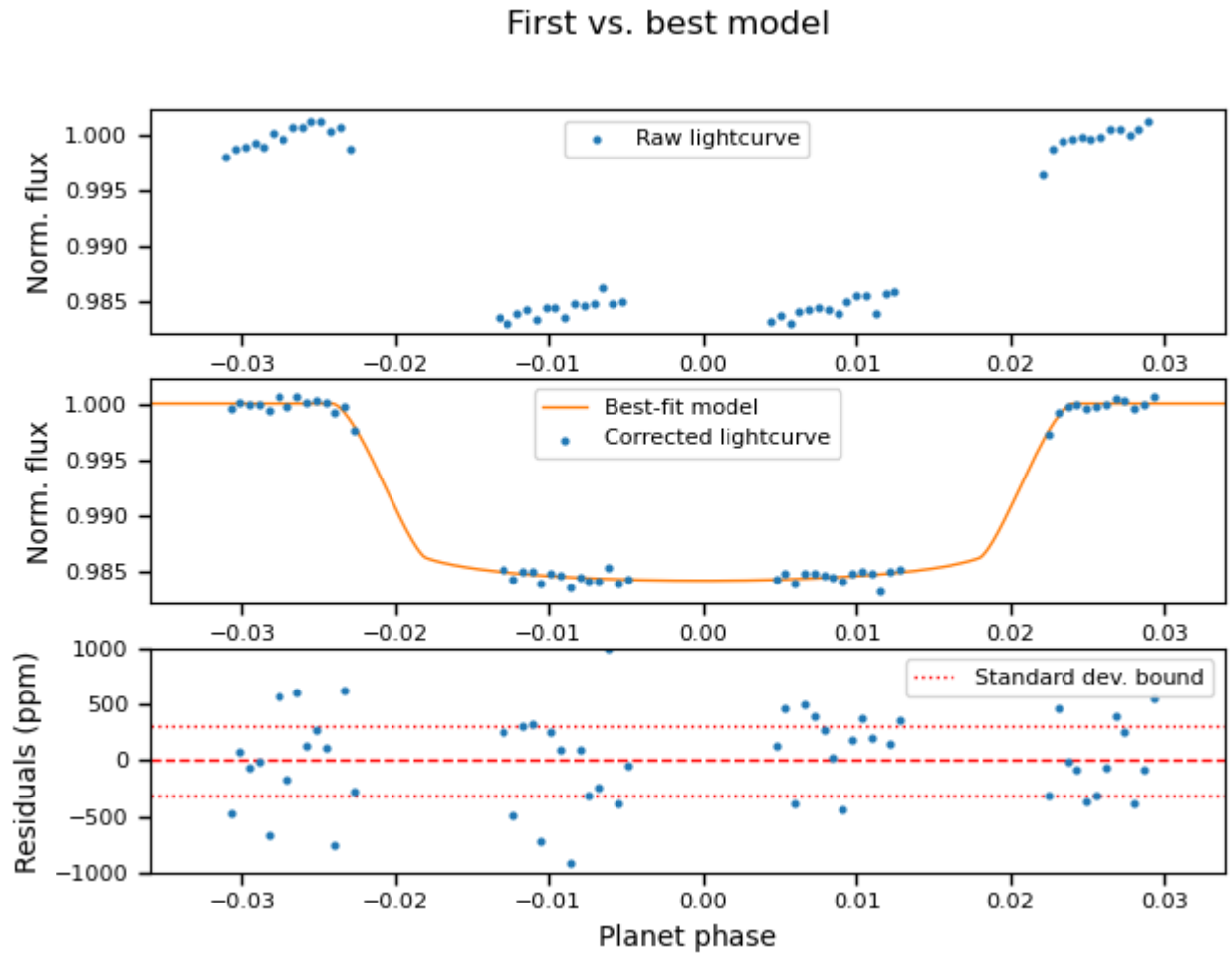
Marginalisation results



Top: Evidence-based weight associated with each systematic model when fit with the data. *Middle:* Standard deviation of the residuals after correcting for each systematic model. *Bottom:* Radius ratio

measured from the transit depth when the light curve has been corrected using each systematic model. *If present, grey crosses mark discarded systematic models (poor AIC evidence).*

Lightcurves



Top: Input lightcurve with no systematic model correction applied. *Middle:* Lightcurve corrected by highest weight systematic model plotted with the smooth planetary transit model centred on the mid-transit time. *Bottom:* Residuals and uncertainties associated with the middle panel lightcurve. The upper and lower standard deviation bounds are shown in dotted lines relative to zero.