

# Report page ExoTIC-ISM

## W17\_G141\_lc\_15081.txt - 190

### Input parameters:

Number of systematic models: 50  
Wavelength mid point = 15125.900322561094  
Wavelength half width = 68.10470223561879

### Planet parameters:

$R_p/R^* = 0.12169232$   
Epoch (MJD) = 57957.97108811848  
Inclination (deg) = 87.34635  
Eccentricity = 0.0  
Omega (deg) = 0.0  
Period (days) = 3.73548535  
 $a/R^* = 7.0780354$

### Stellar parameters:

FeH (dex) = -0.25  
Teff (K) = 6550.0  
 $\log(g)$  (cgs) = 4.2

### Output parameters:

#### Limb-darkening coefficients:

$C1 = 1.1080116540321874$   
 $C2 = -1.416735182497107$   
 $C3 = 1.2223187973881084$   
 $C4 = -0.41276792987672456$

#### Top five systematic models by their weight

Check the chi-squared values and the AIC evidence for reasonable fits.  
If the chi-squared values far exceed the DOF then it is likely that the input data contains additional noise, double check the spectral extraction.  
Model numbers = [48 49 47 44 39]  
DOF = [38. 37. 39. 38. 39.]  
Chi-squared = [51.5851468 50.75870576 54.76492937 55.89618816 56.96292631]  
AIC evidence = [308.34612048 308.259341 307.2562292 306.1905998 306.15723072]  
Weights = [0.3844078401321645 0.35245557741916905 0.1292583077562209  
0.04453090262486813 0.04306946665131851]  
SDNR = [283.58812206 281.30327244 292.34079736 295.27593754 298.17839519]

### Top model Noise Statistics:

White noise = 0.0

Red noise = 0.0

Beta = 1.0

If the red-noise is significant it means the data is poorly fit by any of the systematic models. It is recommended that the input lightcurves are checked for additional noise sources.

### Marginalised parameters:

If None, parameter was not fit for.

$R_p/R^* = 0.12305110902769589 \pm 0.0005833382816724402$

Epoch (MJD) = 57957.97172074605  $\pm$  0.0005771761759384847

Inclination (rad) = None  $\pm$  None

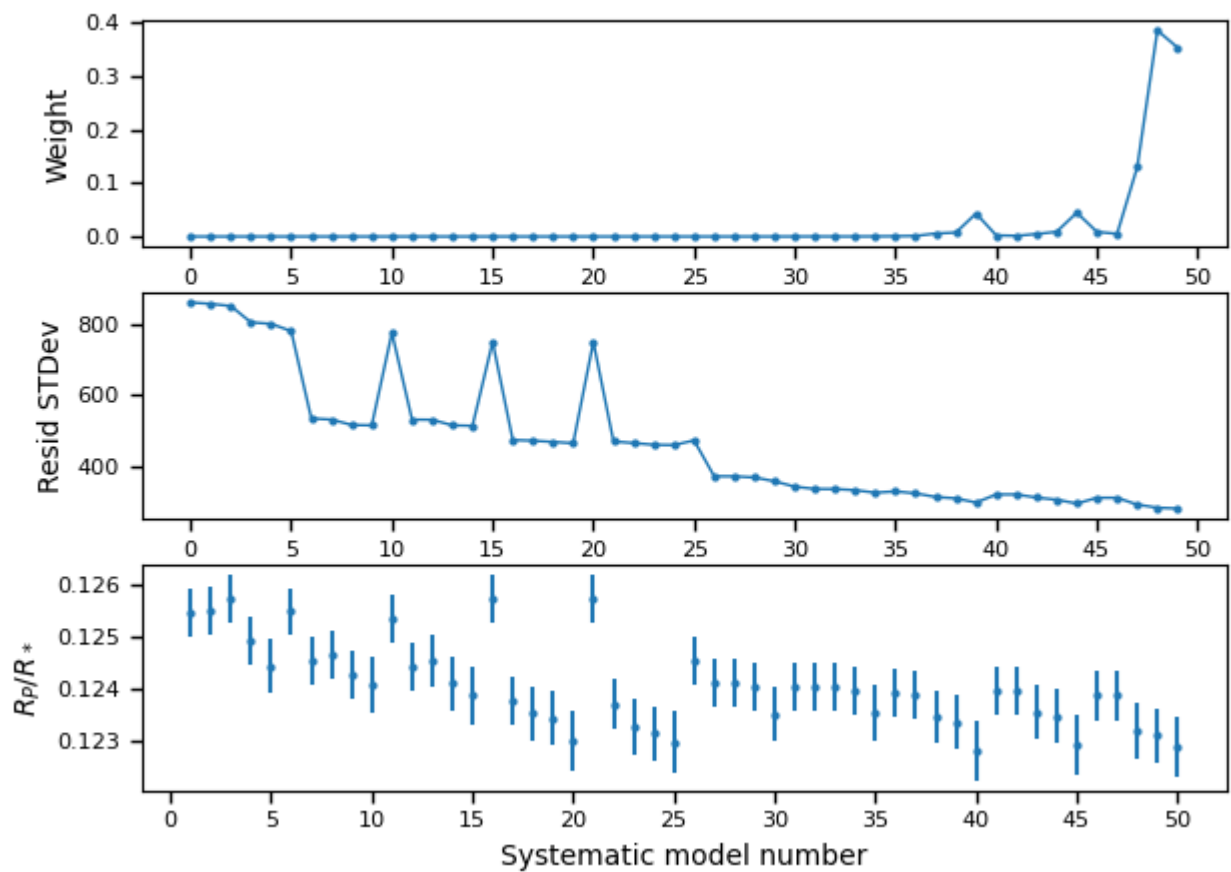
Inclination (deg) = None  $\pm$  None

System density ( $M_s + M_p/R^3$ ) = None  $\pm$  None

$a/R^* =$  None  $\pm$  None

### Systematics

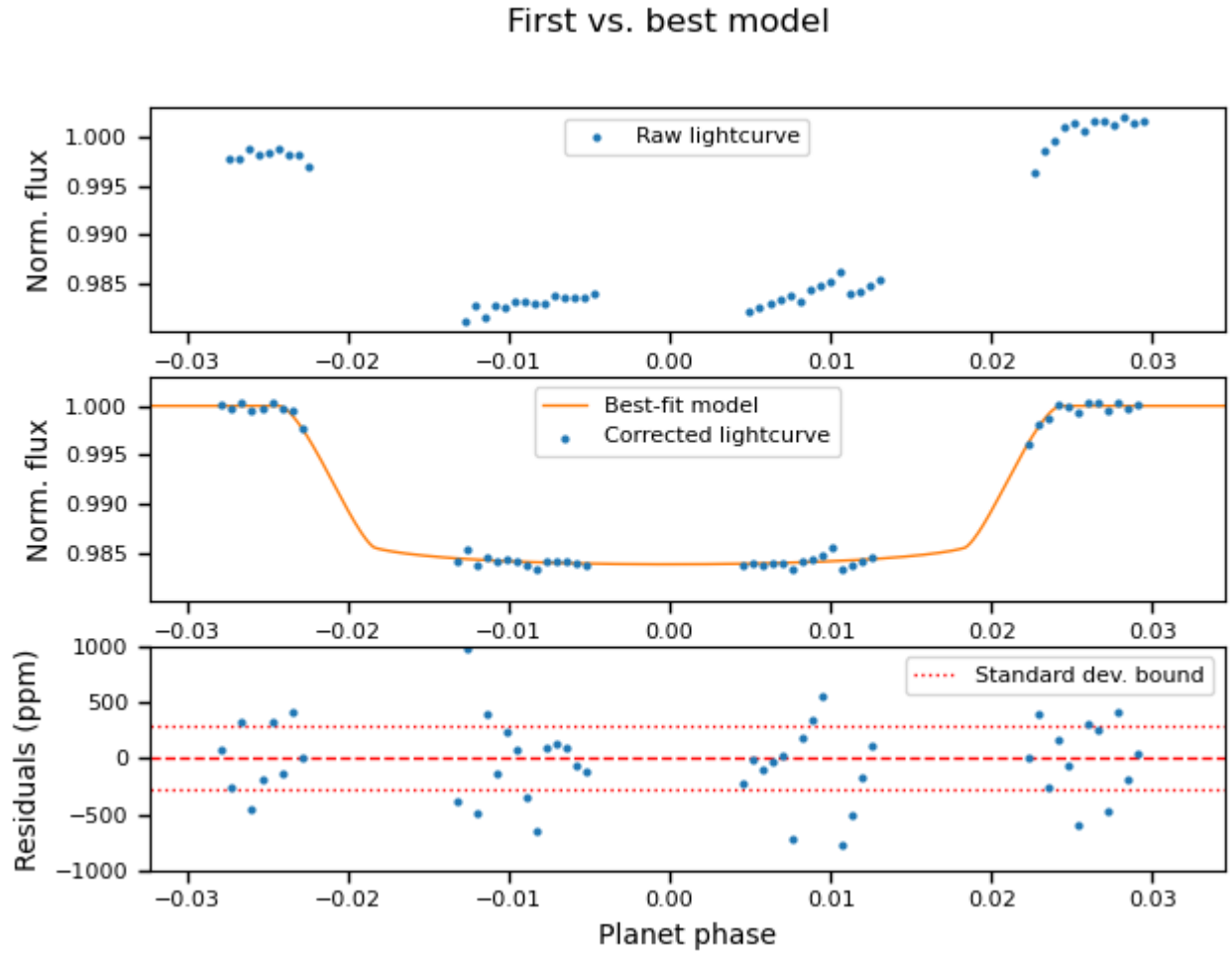
#### Marginalisation results



*Top:* Evidence-based weight associated with each systematic model when fit with the data. *Middle:* Standard deviation of the residuals after correcting for each systematic model. *Bottom:* Radius ratio

measured from the transit depth when the light curve has been corrected using each systematic model. *If present, grey crosses mark discarded systematic models (poor AIC evidence).*

## Lightcurves



*Top:* Input lightcurve with no systematic model correction applied. *Middle:* Lightcurve corrected by highest weight systematic model plotted with the smooth planetary transit model centred on the mid-transit time. *Bottom:* Residuals and uncertainties associated with the middle panel lightcurve. The upper and lower standard deviation bounds are shown in dotted lines relative to zero.