Report page ExoTIC-ISM

W17_G102_lc_11110.txt - 11110_clipped

Input parameters:

Number of systematic models: 50 Wavelength mid point = 11110.252091806407 Wavelength half width = 106.98584414633115

Planet parameters:

Rp/R* = 0.1255 Epoch (MJD) = 58021.48064883803 Inclination (deg) = 86.93051272857655 Eccentricity = 0.0 Omega (deg) = 0.0 Period (days) = 3.7354850226 a/R* = 7.025

Stellar parameters:

FeH (dex) = -0.25Teff (K) = 6550.0 $\log(g) (cgs) = 4.2$

Output parameters:

Limb-darkening coefficients:

C1 = 0.8623509863121901 C2 = -0.8410410073231982 C3 = 0.7946870632695371 C4 = -0.28377224752996133

Top five systematic models by their weight

Check the chi-squared values and the AIC evidence for reasonable fits.

If the chi-squared values far exceed the DOF then it is likely that the input data contains additional noise, double check the spectral extraction.

Model numbers = $[43 \ 44 \ 48 \ 38 \ 49]$

DOF = [43.42.42.44.41.]

Chi-squared = [72.87260424 72.8330881 72.83385303 75.29634857 72.68105026]

AIC evidence = [331.45267638 330.97243445 330.97205198 330.74080422 330.54845337]

Weights = [0.26792118142140214 0.1657450734826508 0.16568169400872523

0.1314755200119056 0.10846958654370781]

SDNR = [293.60896542 293.53418259 293.54124676 298.36483024 293.25694638]

Top model Noise Statistics:

White noise = 0.00040799319812849635

Red noise = 8.093203840089834e-05

Beta = 1.174692074214302

If the red-noise is significant it means the data is poorly fit by any of the systematic models. It is recommended that the input lightcurves are checked for additional noise sources.

Marginalised parameters:

If None, parameter was not fit for.

Rp/R* = 0.12260900119285571 + -0.000401474395312704

Epoch (MJD) = 58021.4799455224 +/- 0.00046196476563274957

Inclination (rad) = None +/- None

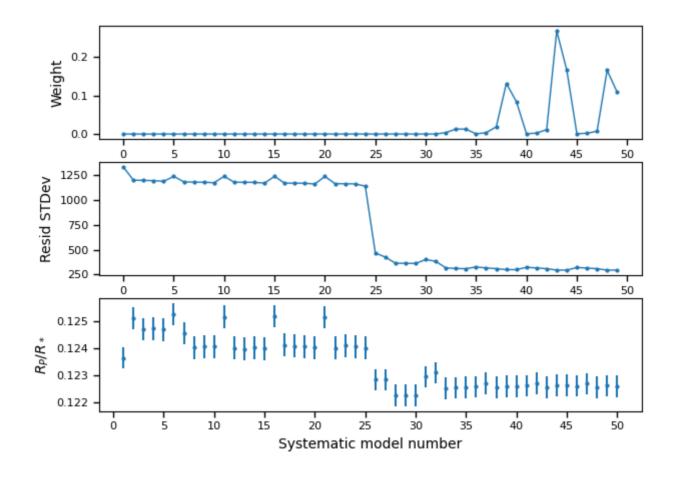
Inclination (deg) = None \pm -None

System density $(Ms+Mp/R^3) = None +/- None$

a/R* = None +/- None

Systematics

Marginalisation results

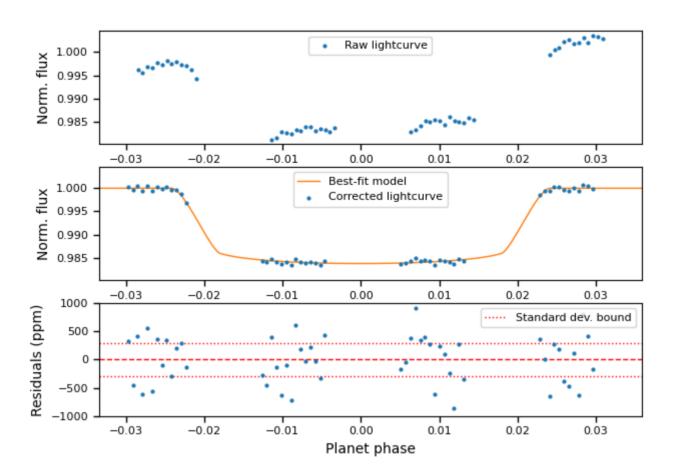


Top: Evidence-based weight associated with each systematic model when fit with the data. *Middle:* Standard deviation of the residuals after correcting for each systematic model. *Bottom:* Radius ratio

measured from the transit depth when the light curve has been corrected using each systematic model. *If present, grey crosses mark discarded systematic models (poor AIC evidence)*.

Lightcurves

First vs. best model



Top: Input lightcurve with no systematic model correction applied. *Middle:* Lightcurve corrected by highest weight systematic model plotted with the smooth planetary transit model centred on the mid-transit time. *Bottom:* Residuals and uncertainties associated with the middle panel lightcurve. The upper and lower standard deviation bounds are shown in dotted lines relative to zero.