

# Report page ExoTIC-ISM

## W17\_G141\_lc\_15275.txt - 15275

### Input parameters:

Number of systematic models: 50  
Wavelength mid point = 15284.811294444205  
Wavelength half width = 90.80626964749172

### Planet parameters:

$R_p/R^* = 0.1255$   
Epoch (MJD) = 57957.97108811848  
Inclination (deg) = 86.93051272857655  
Eccentricity = 0.0  
Omega (deg) = 0.0  
Period (days) = 3.7354850226  
 $a/R^* = 7.025$

### Stellar parameters:

FeH (dex) = -0.25  
Teff (K) = 6550.0  
 $\log(g)$  (cgs) = 4.2

### Output parameters:

#### Limb-darkening coefficients:

$C1 = 1.1077186985014302$   
 $C2 = -1.4165533410885318$   
 $C3 = 1.2154694272408872$   
 $C4 = -0.40831593100780217$

#### Top five systematic models by their weight

Check the chi-squared values and the AIC evidence for reasonable fits.  
If the chi-squared values far exceed the DOF then it is likely that the input data contains additional noise, double check the spectral extraction.  
Model numbers = [47 49 48 44 46]  
DOF = [44. 42. 43. 43. 45.]  
Chi-squared = [49.48762171 47.70509434 48.74959488 49.81403998 52.62554656]  
AIC evidence = [338.57576048 338.46702416 338.44477389 337.91255134 337.50679805]  
Weights = [0.22003883319978185 0.19736755084544935 0.1930245646787143  
0.11336298310425026 0.0755535457627082]  
SDNR = [295.89217509 290.39093616 293.56924896 296.80370767 305.13028456]

### Top model Noise Statistics:

White noise = 0.0

Red noise = 0.0

Beta = 1.0

If the red-noise is significant it means the data is poorly fit by any of the systematic models. It is recommended that the input lightcurves are checked for additional noise sources.

### Marginalised parameters:

If None, parameter was not fit for.

$R_p/R^* = 0.12256967254820572 \pm 0.0005574356816576789$

Epoch (MJD) = 57957.96871296354  $\pm$  0.0005851882339515766

Inclination (rad) = None  $\pm$  None

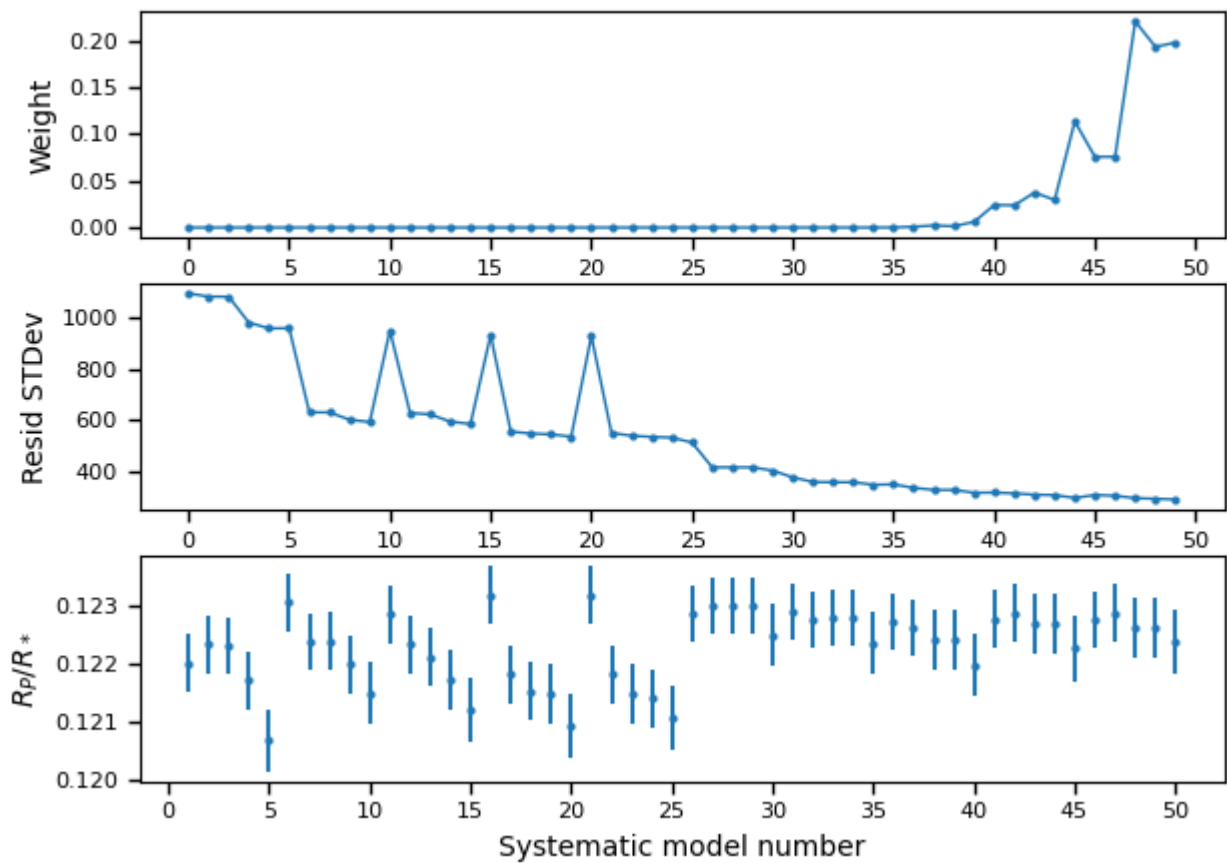
Inclination (deg) = None  $\pm$  None

System density ( $M_s + M_p/R^3$ ) = None  $\pm$  None

$a/R^* =$  None  $\pm$  None

### Systematics

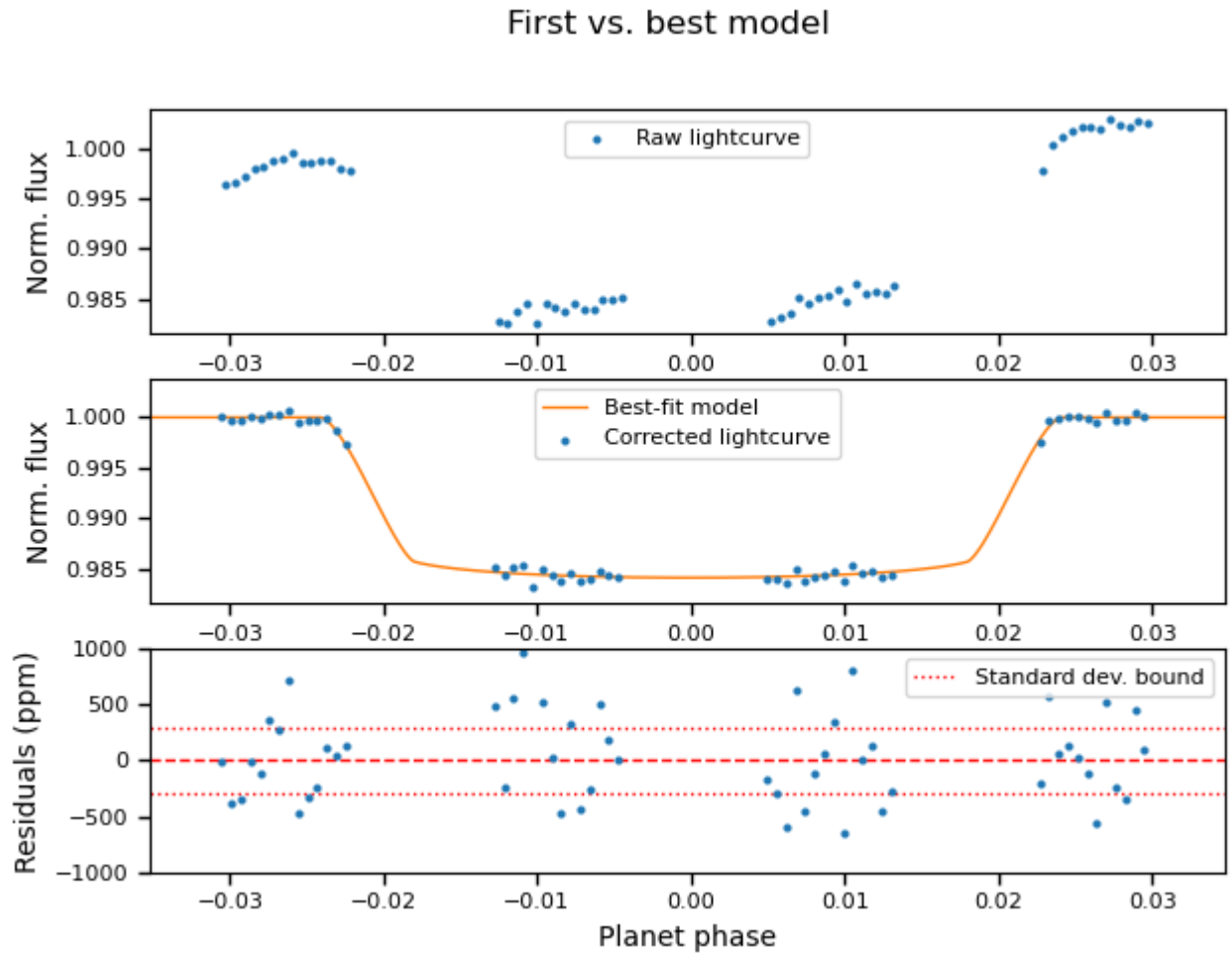
#### Marginalisation results



*Top:* Evidence-based weight associated with each systematic model when fit with the data. *Middle:* Standard deviation of the residuals after correcting for each systematic model. *Bottom:* Radius ratio

measured from the transit depth when the light curve has been corrected using each systematic model. *If present, grey crosses mark discarded systematic models (poor AIC evidence).*

## Lightcurves



*Top:* Input lightcurve with no systematic model correction applied. *Middle:* Lightcurve corrected by highest weight systematic model plotted with the smooth planetary transit model centred on the mid-transit time. *Bottom:* Residuals and uncertainties associated with the middle panel lightcurve. The upper and lower standard deviation bounds are shown in dotted lines relative to zero.