Report page ExoTIC-ISM

W17_G102_lc_10334.txt - 10334_clipped

Input parameters:

Number of systematic models: 50 Wavelength mid point = 10337.57655074958 Wavelength half width = 95.09852813007092

Planet parameters:

Rp/R* = 0.1255 Epoch (MJD) = 58021.48064883803 Inclination (deg) = 86.93051272857655 Eccentricity = 0.0 Omega (deg) = 0.0 Period (days) = 3.7354850226 a/R* = 7.025

Stellar parameters:

FeH (dex) = -0.25Teff (K) = 6550.0 $\log(g) (cgs) = 4.2$

Output parameters:

Limb-darkening coefficients:

C1 = 0.8462429699526268 C2 = -0.796416469006678 C3 = 0.7711155688136142 C4 = -0.2752012772485249

Top five systematic models by their weight

Check the chi-squared values and the AIC evidence for reasonable fits.

If the chi-squared values far exceed the DOF then it is likely that the input data contains additional noise, double check the spectral extraction.

Model numbers = $[35\ 38\ 40\ 43\ 36]$

DOF = [47. 44. 46. 43. 46.]

Chi-squared = [111.65079187 108.72050442 111.03196888 108.58525002 111.62623123] AIC evidence = [313.81875416 313.78389789 313.62816565 313.35152508 313.33103448]

Weights = [0.12209866190655425 0.11791607564870993 0.10091119953591993

0.07652368830116703 0.07497162734146062]

SDNR = [364.38121871 359.62690019 363.35128399 359.42643757 364.32584639]

Top model Noise Statistics:

White noise = 0.0005052447655176488 Red noise = 0.00010640192061429134

Beta = 1.194283656002782

If the red-noise is significant it means the data is poorly fit by any of the systematic models. It is recommended that the input lightcurves are checked for additional noise sources.

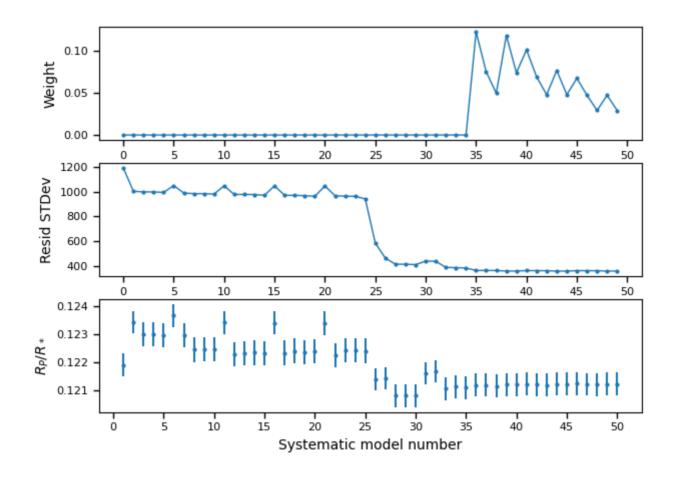
Marginalised parameters:

If None, parameter was not fit for.

 $Rp/R* = 0.12121598789648089 + /- 0.00040726967939044677 \\ Epoch (MJD) = 58021.47849692218 + /- 0.0004279577775702806 \\ Inclination (rad) = None + /- None \\ Inclination (deg) = None + /- None \\ System density (Ms+Mp/R^3) = None + /- None \\ a/R* = None + /- None$

Systematics

Marginalisation results

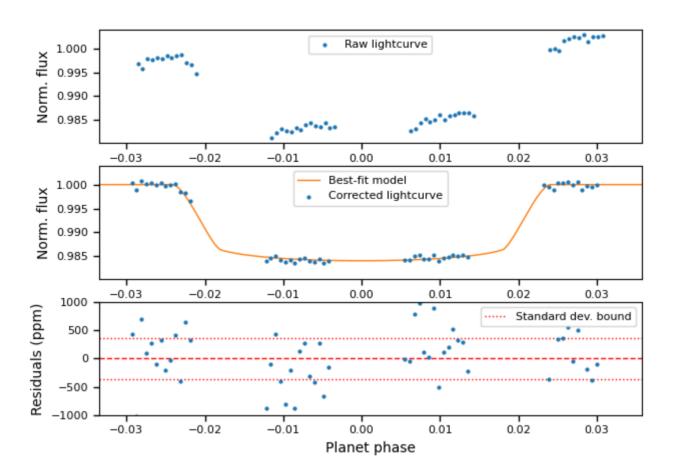


Top: Evidence-based weight associated with each systematic model when fit with the data. *Middle:* Standard deviation of the residuals after correcting for each systematic model. *Bottom:* Radius ratio

measured from the transit depth when the light curve has been corrected using each systematic model. *If present, grey crosses mark discarded systematic models (poor AIC evidence)*.

Lightcurves

First vs. best model



Top: Input lightcurve with no systematic model correction applied. *Middle:* Lightcurve corrected by highest weight systematic model plotted with the smooth planetary transit model centred on the mid-transit time. *Bottom:* Residuals and uncertainties associated with the middle panel lightcurve. The upper and lower standard deviation bounds are shown in dotted lines relative to zero.