Report page ExoTIC-ISM

W17 G141 lc 15081.txt - 15081

Input parameters:

Number of systematic models: 50 Wavelength mid point = 15080.49718773735 Wavelength half width = 113.50783705936465

Planet parameters:

Rp/R* = 0.1255Epoch (MJD) = 57957.97108811848Inclination (deg) = 86.93051272857655Eccentricity = 0.0Omega (deg) = 0.0Period (days) = 3.7354850226a/R* = 7.025

Stellar parameters:

FeH (dex) = -0.25Teff(K) = 6550.0log(g) (cgs) = 4.2

Output parameters:

Limb-darkening coefficients:

C1 = 1.0676276023359899C2 = -1.3246465695098204C3 = 1.1397273468432785C4 = -0.38861731961817975

Top five systematic models by their weight

Check the chi-squared values and the AIC evidence for reasonable fits.

If the chi-squared values far exceed the DOF then it is likely that the input data contains additional noise, double check the spectral extraction.

Model numbers = [48 49 47 39 44]

DOF = [43, 42, 44, 44, 43]

Chi-squared = [53.83674592 53.76885309 56.51143065 59.74428725 58.82665655]

AIC evidence = [341.84838175 341.38232817 341.01103939 339.39461109 339.35342644]

Weights = [0.41739271004727335 0.26190293147932375 0.18067234883661357

0.03588275664887366 0.03443495614753656]

SDNR = [276.41259889 276.23648842 283.35150492 291.34269338 288.96235124]

Top model Noise Statistics:

White noise = 0.0Red noise = 0.0

Beta = 1.0

If the red-noise is significant it means the data is poorly fit by any of the systematic models. It is recommended that the input lightcurves are checked for additional noise sources.

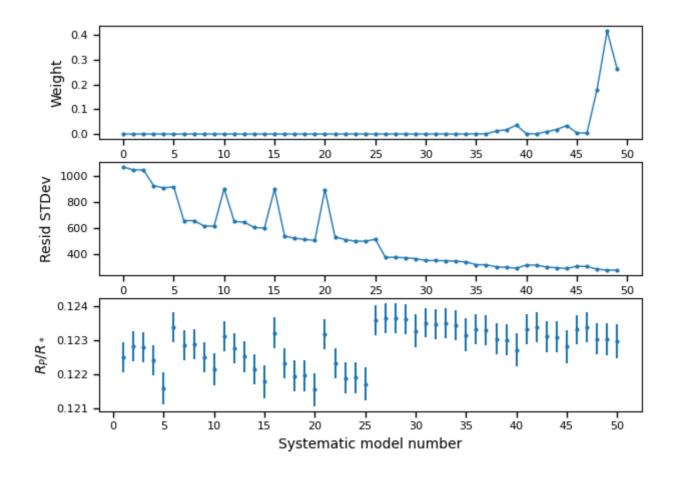
Marginalised parameters:

If None, parameter was not fit for.

Rp/R* = 0.12300423120461701 + /- 0.0004755114686298283 Epoch (MJD) = 57957.97035344603 + /- 0.0005923097529819599 Inclination (rad) = None + /- None Inclination (deg) = None + /- None System density (Ms+Mp/R^3) = None + /- None a/R* = None + /- None

Systematics

Marginalisation results

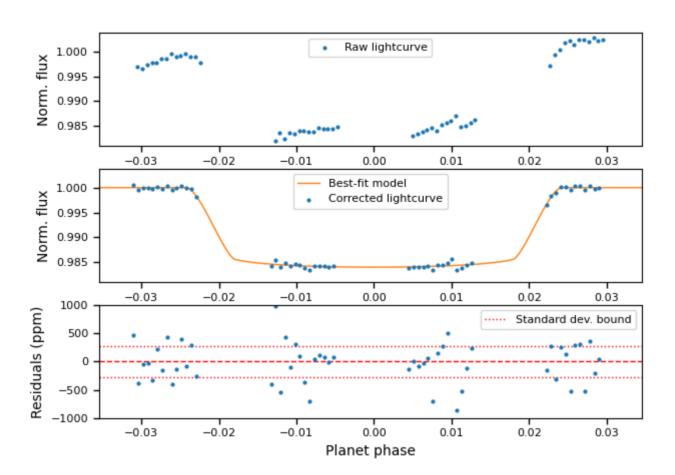


Top: Evidence-based weight associated with each systematic model when fit with the data. *Middle:* Standard deviation of the residuals after correcting for each systematic model. *Bottom:* Radius ratio

measured from the transit depth when the light curve has been corrected using each systematic model. *If present, grey crosses mark discarded systematic models (poor AIC evidence)*.

Lightcurves

First vs. best model



Top: Input lightcurve with no systematic model correction applied. *Middle:* Lightcurve corrected by highest weight systematic model plotted with the smooth planetary transit model centred on the mid-transit time. *Bottom:* Residuals and uncertainties associated with the middle panel lightcurve. The upper and lower standard deviation bounds are shown in dotted lines relative to zero.