# **Report page ExoTIC-ISM**

## W17 G141 lc 15275.txt - 190

#### **Input parameters:**

Number of systematic models: 50 Wavelength mid point = 15330.214429267951 Wavelength half width = 45.40313482374586

#### Planet parameters:

Rp/R\* = 0.12169232Epoch (MJD) = 57957.97108811848Inclination (deg) = 87.34635Eccentricity = 0.0Omega (deg) = 0.0Period (days) = 3.73548535a/R\* = 7.0780354

#### **Stellar parameters:**

FeH (dex) = -0.25Teff(K) = 6550.0log(g) (cgs) = 4.2

#### **Output parameters:**

#### **Limb-darkening coefficients:**

C1 = 1.1144021133340853C2 = -1.4326955758939988C3 = 1.2274969758158834C4 = -0.41097959736252027

#### Top five systematic models by their weight

Check the chi-squared values and the AIC evidence for reasonable fits.

If the chi-squared values far exceed the DOF then it is likely that the input data contains additional noise, double check the spectral extraction.

Model numbers =  $[49 \ 44 \ 45 \ 47 \ 48]$ 

DOF = [37. 38. 41. 39. 38.]

Chi-squared = [46.90424847 48.21307724 51.8348689 50.34697626 49.49690335]

AIC evidence = [304.78001303 304.62559864 304.31470281 304.05864913 303.98368559]

Weights = [0.21599737624995366 0.18509179233269374 0.13563345276336983

0.10499391172783096 0.09741096891551196]

SDNR = [301.79410795 306.04187479 317.36517892 312.78111088 310.0400604 ]

#### **Top model Noise Statistics:**

White noise = 0.0Red noise = 0.0Beta = 1.0

If the red-noise is significant it means the data is poorly fit by any of the systematic models. It is recommended that the input lightcurves are checked for additional noise sources.

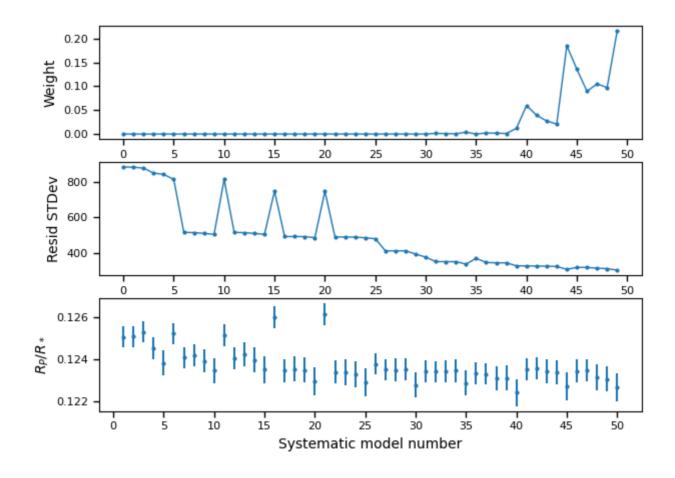
## Marginalised parameters:

If None, parameter was not fit for.

 $Rp/R* = 0.12307380438485946 + -0.0007052813901971002 \\ Epoch (MJD) = 57957.970189593165 + -0.0005472031035197431 \\ Inclination (rad) = None + -None \\ Inclination (deg) = None + -None \\ System density (Ms+Mp/R^3) = None + -None \\ a/R* = None + -None$ 

## **Systematics**

#### Marginalisation results

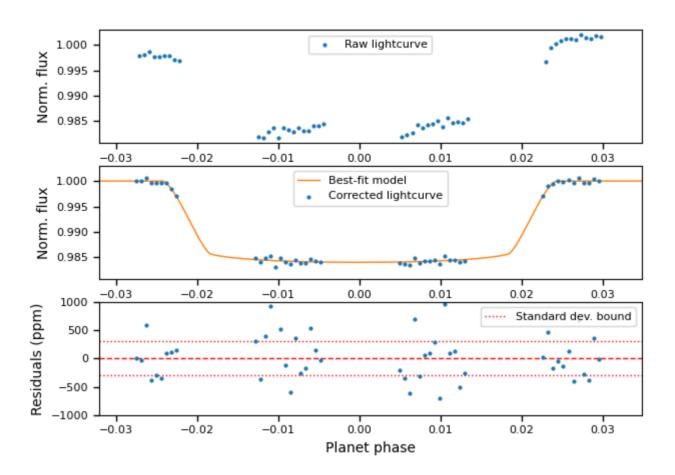


*Top:* Evidence-based weight associated with each systematic model when fit with the data. *Middle:* Standard deviation of the residuals after correcting for each systematic model. *Bottom:* Radius ratio

measured from the transit depth when the light curve has been corrected using each systematic model. *If present, grey crosses mark discarded systematic models (poor AIC evidence)*.

### Lightcurves

First vs. best model



*Top:* Input lightcurve with no systematic model correction applied. *Middle:* Lightcurve corrected by highest weight systematic model plotted with the smooth planetary transit model centred on the mid-transit time. *Bottom:* Residuals and uncertainties associated with the middle panel lightcurve. The upper and lower standard deviation bounds are shown in dotted lines relative to zero.