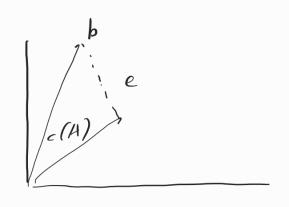
return true



$$e = b - p$$

$$P = A\hat{x}$$

$$e = b - A\hat{x}$$

$$A^{T}(b - A\hat{x}) = 0$$

$$A^{T}b = A^{T}A\hat{X}$$

$$(A^{T}A)^{-1}A^{T}b = (A^{T}A)^{-1}A^{T}A\hat{X}$$

$$P_{\text{matrix}} = A(A^{-1}A^{T-1})A^{T}$$

$$= AA^{-1}A^{T-1}A^{T}$$

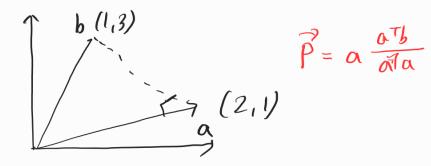
$$= AA^{-1}A^{T-1}A^{T}$$

$$= AA^{-1}A^{T-1}A^{T}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

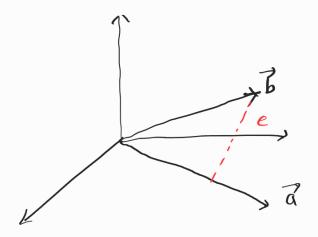
$$3 \times 3$$

$$3 \times 2$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
\boxed{\bigcirc} & \overrightarrow{\alpha} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} & b = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}
\end{array}$$

Project 6 outo 2



$$\vec{p} = \frac{a^Tb}{a^Ta} \vec{a}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{1} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 11 \\ 00 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} \qquad b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Project B onto A

$$\vec{p} = A(A^TA)^{-1}A^Tb$$

