Bellabeat Case Study

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Last Update: 2021-07-28

Bellabeat Marketing Stragey/Analysis

Project Introduction

This project contains one of two case studies of Google's Data Analytics Professional Certification provided by Google. The requirements for the case study are for the analyst to do data analysis using FitBit Fitness Tracker data to provide high-level marketing strategy recommendations for Bellabeat through the process of Ask, Prepare, Process, Analyst, Share, and Act process.

Bellabeat is a high-tech company that manufactures health-focused innovative products like an app, Leaf (bracelet), Time (watch), and Spring (water bottle). The company also provides subscription services or membership programs for users to have 24/7 access to their fully personalized guidance on nutrition, activity, sleep, health and beauty, and mindfulness-based on their lifestyle and goals.

Business Task

Bellabeat, being a successful small tech company, can become a prominent player in the global smart device market, with smart devices becoming a big part of people's lives. Bellabeat will significantly benefit from the insight of smart devices usage trends to make data-driven decisions for growth and opportunities.

The project goal is to find out how to apply appropriate marketing strategies for Bellabeat's wellness smart devices by analyzing the usage of non-Bellabeat devices. Then, find user's key patterns and relationships, and trends with a final deliverable of high-level marketing recommendations based on critical findings.

Objective

- What are some trends in smart device usage?
- How could these trends apply to Bellabeat customers?
- How could these trends help influence Baellabeat marketing strategy?

Prepare and Process

Where is the data stored?

• The data being used is the Fitbit Fitness Tracker Data (CCO: Public Domain, data set made available through Mobius) stored on Kaggle.

How is the data organized? Is it in long or wide format?

• The 18 data sets that are provided are organized in both long and wide format as a .csv file. The long-formatted data sets will be primarily used.

Are there issues with bias or credibility in this data? Does your data ROCCC (Reliable, Original, Comprehensive, Current, Cited)?

- Reliability: Low The data sets collected consisted of only 30 individuals who are anonymous with only the assumption that the majority of data collected are of the female gender.
- Originality: Low The data sets were generated by respondents to a distributed survey via Amazon Mechanical Turk.
- Comprehensive: Medium- The data sets contain daily, hourly, and minutes of calories burned, activity intensity, number of steps, sleep duration, and weight information.
- Current: Medium The data sets are 5 years old, but significant changes in a person's life may vary depending on a person's life events, habits, or routines. Data are recorded from 2016, March 12th to 2016, May 13th (3 months period).
- Cited: Medium The data collection and source were well documented.

How are you addressing licensing, privacy, security, and accessibility?

• The data sets are made available through Mobius stored on Kaggle and under the CC0 Public Domain license, which meant that the provider/creator waived their right to their work under the copyright law. As for the surveyor who provided their health data.

How did you verify the data's integrity? * We will be using R programming to check and change if needed for unique ID

Import library needed:

```
#install.packages("tidyverse")
#install.packages("ids")
#install.packages("gridExtra")
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)
library(skimr)
library(janitor)
library(ids)
library(gridExtra)
```

CSV files being used:

- $\bullet \ \ daily Activity_merged.csv$
- $\bullet \ \ heartrate_seconds_merged.csv$
- $\bullet \hspace{0.1in} sleep Day_merged.csv$
- $\bullet \ \ weightLogInfo_merged.csv$
- 25.csv
- ACTIVITY 1599810432505.csv
- SLEEP_1599810433552.csv
- HEARTRATE_AUTO_1599810433761.csv

Importing/Read .csv datasets into dataframes:

```
daily_activity = read.csv("~/Case_Study_bellabeat/Fitabase Data 4.12.16-5.12.16/dailyActivity_merged.cs
heart_rate_seconds = read.csv("~/Case_Study_bellabeat/Fitabase Data 4.12.16-5.12.16/heartrate_seconds_m
sleep_day = read.csv("~/Case_Study_bellabeat/Fitabase Data 4.12.16-5.12.16/sleepDay_merged.csv")
weight_log = read.csv("~/Case_Study_bellabeat/Fitabase Data 4.12.16-5.12.16/weightLogInfo_merged.csv")
fitness_trend = read.csv("~/Case_Study_bellabeat/25.csv")
activity_log = read.csv("~/Case_Study_bellabeat/ACTIVITY/ACTIVITY_1599810432505.csv")
sleep_log = read.csv("~/Case_Study_bellabeat/SLEEP/SLEEP_1599810433552.csv")
heartrate_auto_log = read.csv("~/Case_Study_bellabeat/HEARTRATE_AUTO/HEARTRATE_AUTO_1599810433761.csv")
```

Processing/checking Heart Rate Data set

```
#checking data quality of the original
head(heart_rate_seconds)
```

```
## Id Time Value
## 1 2022484408 4/12/2016 7:21:00 AM 97
## 2 2022484408 4/12/2016 7:21:05 AM 102
## 3 2022484408 4/12/2016 7:21:10 AM 105
## 4 2022484408 4/12/2016 7:21:20 AM 103
## 5 2022484408 4/12/2016 7:21:25 AM 101
## 6 2022484408 4/12/2016 7:22:05 AM 95
```

skim_without_charts(heart_rate_seconds)

Table 1: Data summary

Group variables	None
numeric	2
character	1
Column type frequency:	
Number of columns	3
Number of rows	2483658
Name	heart_rate_seconds

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
Time	0	1	19	21	0	961274	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_varia	b he _missin g om	plete_ra	ate mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
$\overline{\operatorname{Id}}$	0	1	5.513765e+	- (19)50223761. 2)	02248440	\$ 38816184	3 55395744	6 96218106	8 877689391

skim_variable_missingomplete_rate mean				sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
Value	0	1	7.733000e+01	19.4	36	63	73	88	203

```
anyNA(heart_rate_seconds)
```

[1] FALSE

```
anyDuplicated(heart_rate_seconds)
```

[1] 0

'summarise()' has grouped output by 'id', 'date'. You can override using the '.groups' argument.

```
#final quality check
head(heart_rate_sec)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
## # Groups: id, date [1]
##
             id date
                          time heart_rate
##
          <dbl> <date>
                           <chr>
                                      <dbl>
## 1 2022484408 2016-04-12 07
                                       83.2
## 2 2022484408 2016-04-12 08
                                       68.6
## 3 2022484408 2016-04-12 09
                                       66.4
## 4 2022484408 2016-04-12 10
                                      107.
## 5 2022484408 2016-04-12 11
                                       67.8
## 6 2022484408 2016-04-12 12
                                       66.2
```

anyNA(heart_rate_sec)

[1] FALSE

anyDuplicated(heart_rate_sec)

#checking the second heart rate data for quality of the original head(heartrate_auto_log)

skim_without_charts(heartrate_auto_log)

Table 4: Data summary

Name	heartrate auto log
Number of rows	2430 — = 0
Number of columns	3
Column type frequency:	
character	2
numeric	1
Group variables	None

Variable type: character

$skim_variable$	$n_{missing}$	$complete_rate$	\min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
ïdate	0	1	10	10	0	91	0
time	0	1	5	5	0	1023	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
heartRate	0	1	68.61	20.92	47	54	62	77	150

anyNA(heartrate_auto_log)

[1] FALSE

anyDuplicated(heartrate_auto_log)

```
#random id generator
set.seed(2430)
activity_id = sort(sample.int(2430,2430))
#cleaning/confirming data for quality to be place in a data set that will be used for analysis
heartrate_auto = heartrate_auto_log %>%
  clean_names() %>%
 distinct() %>%
 rename(date = i_date) %>%
 mutate(date = as.Date(date, "%Y-%m-%d"),
        time = substr(time, 1, 5),
        id = activity_id) %>%
  arrange(id, date, time)
#final quality check
head(heartrate_auto)
          date time heart_rate id
## 1 2019-09-13 06:53 80 1
## 2 2019-09-13 07:23
                             65 2
## 3 2019-09-13 09:53
                            51 3
                            87 4
## 4 2019-09-13 10:53
                            60 5
## 5 2019-09-13 11:23
## 6 2019-09-13 12:23
                            56 6
anyNA(heartrate_auto)
## [1] FALSE
anyDuplicated(heartrate_auto)
## [1] 0
Processing/checking Sleep Data set
#checking data quality of the original
head(sleep_day)
                            SleepDay TotalSleepRecords TotalMinutesAsleep
##
            Ιd
## 1 1503960366 4/12/2016 12:00:00 AM
                                                     1
                                                                      327
## 2 1503960366 4/13/2016 12:00:00 AM
                                                     2
                                                                      384
## 3 1503960366 4/15/2016 12:00:00 AM
                                                     1
                                                                      412
## 4 1503960366 4/16/2016 12:00:00 AM
                                                     2
                                                                      340
                                                                      700
## 5 1503960366 4/17/2016 12:00:00 AM
                                                     1
## 6 1503960366 4/19/2016 12:00:00 AM
                                                                      304
##
    TotalTimeInBed
## 1
               346
## 2
               407
## 3
               442
```

```
## 4 367
## 5 712
## 6 320
```

skim_without_charts(sleep_day)

Table 7: Data summary

	_
Name	sleep_day
Number of rows	413
Number of columns	5
Column type frequency:	
character	1
numeric	4
Group variables	None

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
SleepDay	0	1	20	21	0	31	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_variable n_r	nissingomp	lete_	rate mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
Id	0	1	5.000979e+ 02 9	06036e+0 9 5	0396036	8 977333714	1 702921686	496218106	792009665
${\bf Total Sleep Records}$	0	1	1.120000e+000	50000e-	1	1	1	1	3
				01					
TotalMinutesAsleep	o 0	1	4.194700e + 02	18340e+02	58	361	433	490	796
${\bf Total Time In Bed}$	0	1	4.586400e + 02	27100e+02	61	403	463	526	961

anyNA(sleep_day)

[1] FALSE

anyDuplicated(sleep_day)

```
mutate(sleep_day = as.Date(sleep_day,"%m/%d/%Y")) %>%
  rename(date = sleep_day) %>%
  mutate(time_awake = total_time_in_bed - total_minutes_asleep) %>%
  arrange(id,date) %>%
  select(-total_sleep_records, -sleep_time)
#final quality check
head(sleep d)
##
                      date total_minutes_asleep total_time_in_bed time_awake
## 1 1503960366 2016-04-12
                                            327
                                                              346
## 2 1503960366 2016-04-13
                                            384
                                                              407
                                                                          23
## 3 1503960366 2016-04-15
                                            412
                                                              442
                                                                          30
## 4 1503960366 2016-04-16
                                            340
                                                              367
                                                                          27
## 5 1503960366 2016-04-17
                                            700
                                                              712
                                                                          12
## 6 1503960366 2016-04-19
                                            304
                                                              320
                                                                          16
anyNA(sleep_d)
## [1] FALSE
anyDuplicated(sleep_d)
## [1] 0
#checking the second sleep data for quality of the original
head(sleep_log)
        i..date lastSyncTime deepSleepTime shallowSleepTime wakeTime
                                                                          start
## 1 2018-09-29 1538285362
                                         0
                                                          0
                                                                   0 1538245800
## 2 2018-09-30 1538396903
                                       141
                                                        253
                                                                   2 1538255880
## 3 2018-10-01 1539148718
                                         0
                                                         0
                                                                   0 1538418600
## 4 2018-10-02 1539148718
                                        80
                                                         49
                                                                   0 1538418180
## 5 2018-10-03 1539148718
                                        0
                                                         0
                                                                   0 1538591400
## 6 2018-10-04
                 1539148718
                                                                   0 1538677800
##
           stop
## 1 1538245800
## 2 1538279640
## 3 1538418600
## 4 1538425920
## 5 1538591400
## 6 1538677800
skim_without_charts(sleep_log)
```

Table 10: Data summary

Name	sleep_log
Number of rows	538
Number of columns	7
Column type frequency:	
character	1
numeric	6
Group variables	None

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
ïdate	0	1	10	10	0	269	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_variablen_r	nissin g o	mplete_ra	te mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
lastSyncTime	0	1	1.558860e+ 02	263513.	76 53828536 2	55040700	1565672299	956924051	3 57405866
deepSleepTime	0	1	1.559000e+01	76.66	0	0	0	0	827
${\it shallow Sleep Time}$	0	1	2.371000e+01	94.97	0	0	0	0	878
wakeTime	0	1	1.000000e-	0.12	0	0	0	0	2
			02						
start	0	1	1.557395e+ Q2	180772.	36538245800	54619460	D56235140 0	056831300	0 57401540
stop	0	1	1.557397e+ 02	181880.	96538245800	54619460	0562351400	056831300	0 57405866

anyNA(sleep_log)

[1] FALSE

anyDuplicated(sleep_log)

```
total_minutes_asleep = deep_sleep_time + shallow_sleep_time,
         total_time_in_bed = total_minutes_asleep + time_awake) %>%
  select(id, date, total minutes asleep,
         total_time_in_bed, time_awake) %>%
  arrange(id, date)
#final quality check
head(sleep_1)
##
              date total_minutes_asleep total_time_in_bed time_awake
     id
## 1 1 2018-09-29
                                      0
## 2 2 2018-09-30
                                    394
                                                       396
                                                                    2
## 3 3 2018-10-01
                                      0
                                                         0
                                                                    0
                                                                    0
## 4 4 2018-10-02
                                    129
                                                       129
## 5 5 2018-10-03
                                      0
                                                         0
                                                                    0
## 6 6 2018-10-04
                                      0
anyNA(sleep_1)
## [1] FALSE
anyDuplicated(sleep_1)
## [1] 0
```

Processing/checking Weight Log Data set

```
#checking data quality of the original
head(weight_log)
```

```
##
            Ιd
                                Date WeightKg WeightPounds Fat
                                                                 BMI
## 1 1503960366 5/2/2016 11:59:59 PM
                                         52.6
                                                  115.9631 22 22.65
## 2 1503960366 5/3/2016 11:59:59 PM
                                         52.6
                                                  115.9631 NA 22.65
## 3 1927972279 4/13/2016 1:08:52 AM
                                        133.5
                                                  294.3171 NA 47.54
## 4 2873212765 4/21/2016 11:59:59 PM
                                         56.7
                                                  125.0021
                                                            NA 21.45
## 5 2873212765 5/12/2016 11:59:59 PM
                                         57.3
                                                  126.3249 NA 21.69
## 6 4319703577 4/17/2016 11:59:59 PM
                                         72.4
                                                  159.6147 25 27.45
    IsManualReport
##
                          LogId
## 1
              True 1.462234e+12
## 2
              True 1.462320e+12
## 3
             False 1.460510e+12
## 4
              True 1.461283e+12
## 5
              True 1.463098e+12
## 6
              True 1.460938e+12
anyNA(weight_log)
```

[1] TRUE

```
anyDuplicated(weight_log)
## [1] 0
#cleaning/confirming data for quality to be place in a dataset that will be used for analysis
weight_l = weight_log %>%
  distinct() %>%
  clean_names() %>%
  mutate(date = as.Date(date, "%m/%d/%Y"), height = sqrt(weight_kg/bmi)*100) %%
  select(-weight_pounds, -log_id, -is_manual_report, -fat) %>%
  arrange(id, date)
#final quality check
head(weight_1)
##
             id
                      date weight_kg
                                       bmi
                                             height
## 1 1503960366 2016-05-02
                                52.6 22.65 152.3908
                                52.6 22.65 152.3908
## 2 1503960366 2016-05-03
## 3 1927972279 2016-04-13
                               133.5 47.54 167.5757
                                56.7 21.45 162.5840
## 4 2873212765 2016-04-21
## 5 2873212765 2016-05-12
                                57.3 21.69 162.5352
## 6 4319703577 2016-04-17
                                72.4 27.45 162.4045
anyNA(weight_1)
## [1] FALSE
anyDuplicated(weight 1)
## [1] 0
Processing/checking Fitness Trend Data set
#checking data quality of the original
head(fitness_trend)
##
           date step_count mood calories_burned hours_of_sleep bool_of_active
## 1 2017-10-06
                      5464 200
                                            181
                                                              5
                                                                             0
## 2 2017-10-07
                      6041 100
                                                              8
                                            197
                                                                             0
                                                              5
                                                                             0
## 3 2017-10-08
                        25 100
                                              0
                      5461 100
                                                              4
                                                                             0
## 4 2017-10-09
                                            174
## 5 2017-10-10
                      6915 200
                                            223
                                                              5
                                                                           500
## 6 2017-10-11
                      4545 100
                                            149
                                                              6
                                                                             0
##
     weight_kg
## 1
            66
## 2
            66
## 3
            66
## 4
            66
## 5
            66
```

6

66

```
anyNA(fitness_trend)
## [1] FALSE
anyDuplicated(fitness_trend)
## [1] 0
#random id generator
set.seed(96)
fitness_id = sort(sample.int(96,96))
#cleaning/confirming data for quality to be place in a dataset that will be used for analysis
fitness_t = fitness_trend %>%
  distinct() %>%
  clean_names() %>%
  rename(total_minutes_asleep = hours_of_sleep, total_steps = step_count) %>%
  mutate(id = fitness_id,
         date = as.Date(date, "%Y-%m-%d"),
         total_minutes_asleep = total_minutes_asleep * 60) %>%
  select(-mood, -bool_of_active) %>%
  arrange(id, date)
fitness_sleep_trend = fitness_t %>%
  select(id, date, total_minutes_asleep)
fitness_weight_trend = fitness_t %>%
  select(id, date, weight_kg)
fitness_activity_trend = fitness_t %>%
  select(id, date, total_steps, calories_burned)
#final quality check
head(fitness_t)
           date total_steps calories_burned total_minutes_asleep weight_kg id
##
## 1 2017-10-06
                       5464
                                        181
                                                              300
                                                                         66 1
## 2 2017-10-07
                       6041
                                        197
                                                              480
                                                                         66 2
## 3 2017-10-08
                         25
                                          0
                                                              300
                                                                         66 3
## 4 2017-10-09
                                                                         66 4
                       5461
                                        174
                                                              240
## 5 2017-10-10
                       6915
                                        223
                                                              300
                                                                         66 5
## 6 2017-10-11
                       4545
                                        149
                                                              360
                                                                         66 6
head(fitness_activity_trend)
##
              date total_steps calories_burned
     id
## 1 1 2017-10-06
                          5464
                                           181
## 2 2 2017-10-07
                          6041
                                           197
## 3 3 2017-10-08
                            25
                                             0
## 4 4 2017-10-09
                          5461
                                           174
## 5 5 2017-10-10
                          6915
                                           223
## 6 6 2017-10-11
                                           149
                          4545
```

```
head(fitness_sleep_trend)
##
     id
              date total_minutes_asleep
## 1 1 2017-10-06
                                    300
## 2 2 2017-10-07
                                    480
## 3 3 2017-10-08
                                    300
## 4 4 2017-10-09
                                    240
## 5 5 2017-10-10
                                    300
## 6 6 2017-10-11
                                    360
head(fitness_weight_trend)
##
     id
              date weight_kg
## 1 1 2017-10-06
## 2 2 2017-10-07
                          66
## 3 3 2017-10-08
                          66
## 4 4 2017-10-09
                          66
## 5 5 2017-10-10
                          66
## 6 6 2017-10-11
                          66
anyNA(fitness_t)
## [1] FALSE
anyNA(fitness_activity_trend)
## [1] FALSE
anyNA(fitness_sleep_trend)
## [1] FALSE
anyNA(fitness_weight_trend)
## [1] FALSE
anyDuplicated(fitness_t)
## [1] 0
anyDuplicated(fitness_activity_trend)
## [1] 0
anyDuplicated(fitness_sleep_trend)
```

```
anyDuplicated(fitness_weight_trend)
```

[1] 0

Processing/checking Activities Data set

```
#checking data quality of the original
head(daily_activity)
```

```
##
             Id ActivityDate TotalSteps TotalDistance TrackerDistance
## 1 1503960366
                    4/12/2016
                                    13162
                                                    8.50
                                                                     8.50
## 2 1503960366
                    4/13/2016
                                    10735
                                                    6.97
                                                                     6.97
## 3 1503960366
                    4/14/2016
                                    10460
                                                    6.74
                                                                     6.74
## 4 1503960366
                    4/15/2016
                                     9762
                                                    6.28
                                                                     6.28
## 5 1503960366
                    4/16/2016
                                                    8.16
                                    12669
                                                                     8.16
## 6 1503960366
                    4/17/2016
                                     9705
                                                    6.48
                                                                     6.48
     LoggedActivitiesDistance VeryActiveDistance ModeratelyActiveDistance
## 1
                                               1.88
                                                                         0.55
## 2
                             0
                                               1.57
                                                                         0.69
## 3
                             0
                                               2.44
                                                                         0.40
                             0
## 4
                                               2.14
                                                                         1.26
## 5
                             0
                                               2.71
                                                                         0.41
## 6
                              0
                                               3.19
                                                                         0.78
     LightActiveDistance SedentaryActiveDistance VeryActiveMinutes
## 1
                     6.06
                                                  0
                                                                    25
## 2
                     4.71
                                                  0
                                                                    21
## 3
                                                  0
                                                                    30
                     3.91
## 4
                     2.83
                                                  0
                                                                    29
## 5
                     5.04
                                                  0
                                                                    36
## 6
                     2.51
##
     FairlyActiveMinutes LightlyActiveMinutes SedentaryMinutes Calories
## 1
                       13
                                            328
                                                               728
                                                                       1985
## 2
                                                               776
                       19
                                            217
                                                                       1797
## 3
                       11
                                            181
                                                              1218
                                                                       1776
## 4
                       34
                                                              726
                                            209
                                                                       1745
## 5
                       10
                                            221
                                                               773
                                                                       1863
## 6
                       20
                                             164
                                                               539
                                                                       1728
```

anyNA(daily_activity)

[1] FALSE

anyDuplicated(daily_activity)

```
#cleaning/confirming data for quality to be place in a dataset that will be used for analysis
activity_d = daily_activity %>%
    distinct() %>%
```

```
clean_names() %>%
  rename(date = activity_date, calories_burned = calories) %>%
  mutate(date = as.Date(date, "%m/%d/%Y")) %>%
  #mutate(avg_active_min = fairly_active_minutes + lightly_active_minutes + sedentary_minutes +
                                 #very_active_minutes) %>%
  select(-tracker_distance, -logged_activities_distance, -moderately_active_distance,
         -light_active_distance, -sedentary_active_distance,
         -fairly_active_minutes, -lightly_active_minutes, -sedentary_minutes, -very_active_minutes) %>%
  arrange(id, date)
#final quality check
head(activity_d)
##
                      date total_steps total_distance very_active_distance
## 1 1503960366 2016-04-12
                                 13162
                                                 8.50
                                                                       1.88
## 2 1503960366 2016-04-13
                                 10735
                                                  6.97
                                                                       1.57
## 3 1503960366 2016-04-14
                                 10460
                                                 6.74
                                                                       2.44
## 4 1503960366 2016-04-15
                                  9762
                                                 6.28
                                                                       2.14
## 5 1503960366 2016-04-16
                                                                       2.71
                                                 8.16
                                 12669
## 6 1503960366 2016-04-17
                                  9705
                                                  6.48
                                                                       3.19
     calories_burned
##
## 1
                1985
## 2
                1797
## 3
                1776
## 4
                1745
## 5
                1863
## 6
                1728
anyNA(activity_d)
## [1] FALSE
anyDuplicated(activity_d)
## [1] 0
#checking the second Activity data for quality of the original
head(activity_log)
##
        i..date lastSyncTime steps distance runDistance calories
## 1 2018-09-29
                  1538285362 8017
                                       5341
                                                     65
                                                              157
## 2 2018-09-30
                  1538396903 4002
                                       2717
                                                    127
                                                               86
## 3 2018-10-01
                                       1484
                                                    123
                                                               47
                  1539148718 2379
## 4 2018-10-02
                  1539148718
                                                      0
                                                                0
                                 0
                                          0
## 5 2018-10-03
                  1539148718 8051
                                       5501
                                                    182
                                                              165
## 6 2018-10-04
                  1539148718 6504
                                       4443
                                                    195
                                                              136
anyNA(activity_log)
```

[1] FALSE

```
anyDuplicated(activity_log)
## [1] 270
#generating random id number
set.seed(269)
activity_id = sort(sample.int(269, 269))
#cleaning/confirming data for quality to be place in a dataset that will be used for analysis
activity_l = activity_log %>%
  distinct() %>%
  clean_names() %>%
  rename(date = i_date, calories_burned = calories, very_active_distance = run_distance,
         total_steps = steps, total_distance = distance) %>%
  mutate(date = as.Date(date, "%Y-%m-%d"),
        total_distance = total_distance / 1000,
         very_active_distance = very_active_distance / 1000,
         id = c(activity_id)) %>%
  select(-last_sync_time) %>%
  arrange(id, date)
#final quality check
head(activity_1)
##
           date total_steps total_distance very_active_distance calories_burned id
## 1 2018-09-29
                       8017
                                     5.341
                                                          0.065
                                                                            157 1
## 2 2018-09-30
                       4002
                                     2.717
                                                          0.127
                                                                             86 2
## 3 2018-10-01
                       2379
                                     1.484
                                                          0.123
                                                                             47 3
                                                                              0 4
## 4 2018-10-02
                                     0.000
                                                          0.000
                          0
## 5 2018-10-03
                       8051
                                     5.501
                                                          0.182
                                                                            165 5
## 6 2018-10-04
                       6504
                                     4.443
                                                          0.195
                                                                            136 6
anyNA(activity_1)
## [1] FALSE
anyDuplicated(activity_1)
## [1] 0
Analyze & Share
```

Binding all the data set together into activity, sleep, heartrate, weight

```
activity = bind_rows(activity_d, activity_l, fitness_activity_trend)
sleep = bind rows(sleep d, sleep l, fitness sleep trend)
heartrate = rbind(heart_rate_sec, heartrate_auto)
weight = bind_rows(fitness_weight_trend, weight_l)
```

```
paste("The number of unique IDs in Activity dataset =",n_unique(activity$id))

## [1] "The number of unique IDs in Activity dataset = 302"

paste("The number of unique IDs in Sleep dataset =", n_unique(sleep$id))

## [1] "The number of unique IDs in Sleep dataset = 293"

paste("The number of unique IDs in Heartrate dataset =", n_unique(heartrate$id))

## [1] "The number of unique IDs in Heartrate dataset = 2444"

paste("The number of unique IDs in Weight dataset =", n_unique(weight$id))

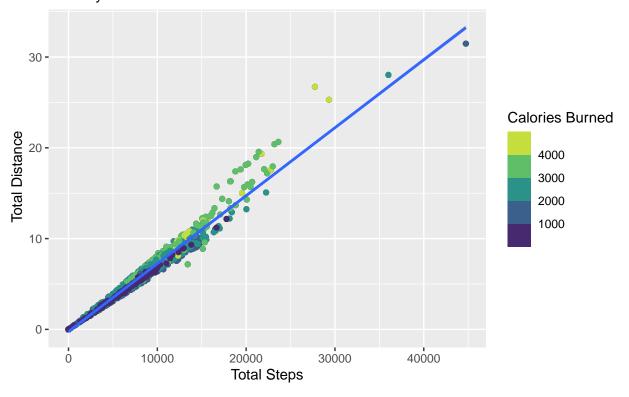
## [1] "The number of unique IDs in Weight dataset = 104"
```

Visualization

Calories Burned by Total Number of Steps and Total Distance

'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'

Calories Burned by Total Number of Steps and Total Distance Done by Users



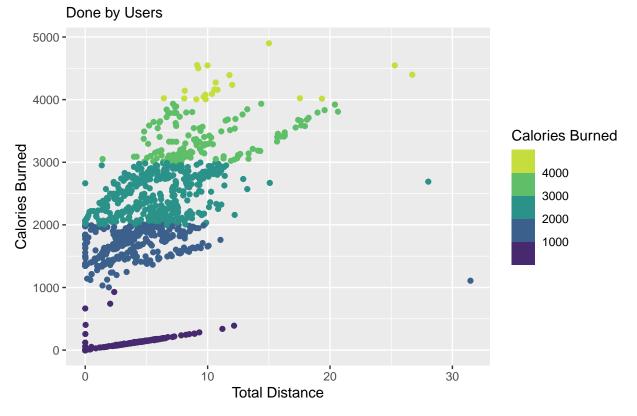
```
ggsave("calories_burned_by_total_steps.png")
```

```
## Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image
## 'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'
```

Finding: There is a strong correlation of total steps taken with the total distance taken regarding data relation. Along with calories burned, more steps and distance have been taken.

Total Distance to Calories Burned

Calories Burned by Total Distance



```
ggsave("calories_burned_by_total_distance.png")
```

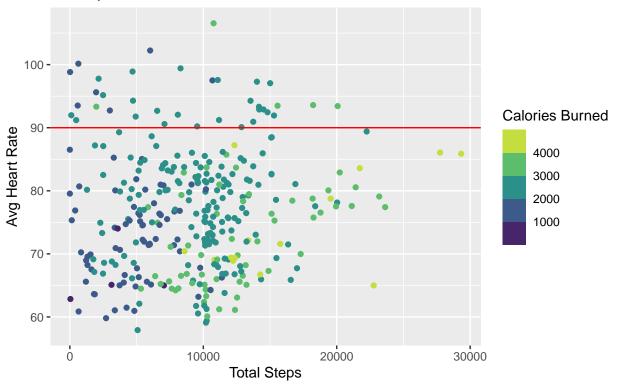
Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image

Finding: Strong indication of two different user base. 1. This user base is a power user who burns calories as intended by the distance taken. 2. This user base takes the most minimal distance to burn calories. However, these two segments are pretty disproportionate.

Average Heart Rate by Total Number of Steps and Calories Burned

'summarise()' has grouped output by 'id'. You can override using the '.groups' argument.

Average Heart Rate by Total Number of Steps and Calories Burned Done by Users



```
ggsave("avg_hear_rate_by_total_steps.png")
```

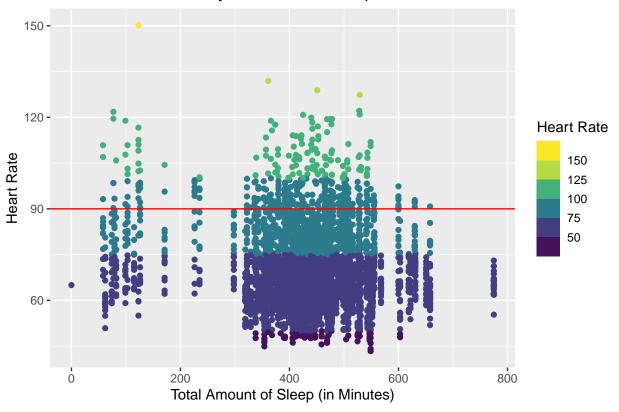
Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

Findings: On average, most users' heart rate is not intensely high (below 90) to burn large amounts of calories with many steps.

Heart Rate of Users by the amount of Sleep

```
heartrate %>%
    #summarise(avg_heart_rate = mean(heart_rate)) %>%
# The above line could be added to look at the average heart rate
merge(sleep, all = TRUE) %>%
drop_na() %>%
ggplot(aes(x = total_minutes_asleep, y = heart_rate)) +
geom_point(aes(color = heart_rate)) +
geom_hline(aes(yintercept = 90), color = "red") +
scale_color_viridis_b(name = "Heart Rate") +
labs(title = "Heart Rate of Users by the amout of sleep",
    x = "Total Amount of Sleep (in Minutes)", y = "Heart Rate")
```

Heart Rate of Users by the amout of sleep



```
ggsave("heart_rate_by_sleep_amount.png")
```

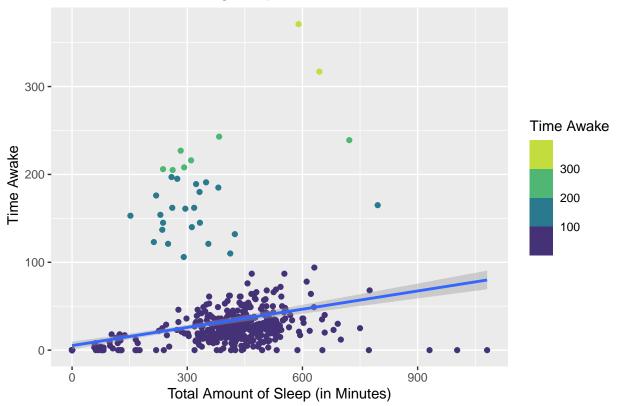
Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image

Finding: Most people who track their sleep data generally have low heart rates as expected but have some outliers with heart rates unusually high, which could be false reading when a tracker is not equipped correctly.

Calories Burned during Sleep

'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'

Calories Burned during sleep



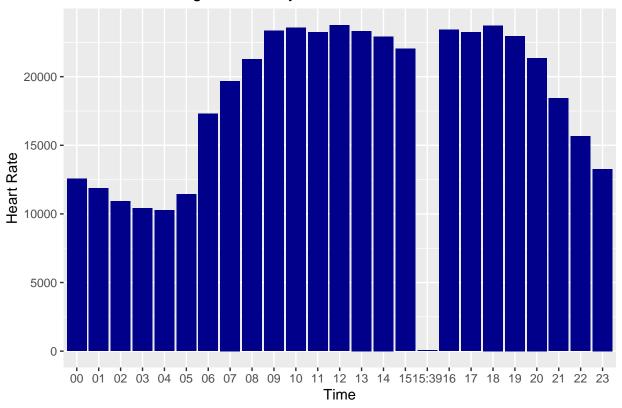
```
ggsave("calories_burned_during_sleep.png")
```

```
## Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image
## 'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'
```

Finding: A good indication that people generally stay asleep and do not wake up very much.

Heart Rate throughout the day

Heart Rate throughout the day



```
ggsave("heart_rate_in_a_day.png")
```

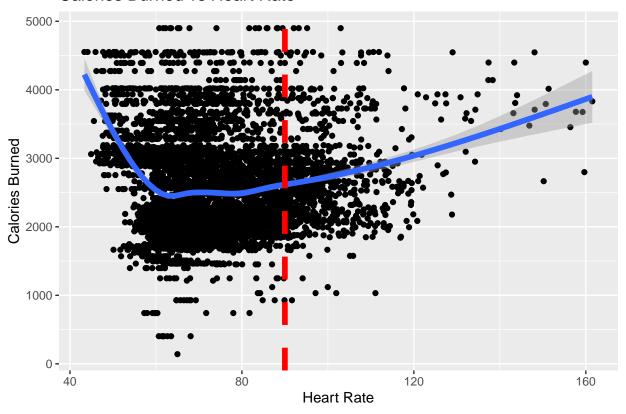
Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

Finding: People are generally active throughout the day, but one discrepancy the graph inputted a time of 15:39.

Calories Burned vs Heart Rate

'geom_smooth()' using method = 'gam' and formula 'y ~ s(x, bs = "cs")'

Calories Burned vs Heart Rate



```
ggsave("calories_burned_vs_heart_rate.png")
```

```
## Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image
## 'geom_smooth()' using method = 'gam' and formula 'y ~ s(x, bs = "cs")'
```

Finding: There is an indication that shows that more calories are burned with increased heart rate. However, this also indicates that most users have a heart rate of less than 100 that burns between 2000 to 3000 calories. So it seems like users have moderate activities throughout the day, as previously shown as well.

Other findings:

For starters, not all users are consistent in tracking their daily activities, and some false readings if the health tracking device is not equipped correctly.

Many users do not take enough steps or walked further enough distance to burn significant calories. Users do not generally wear fitness trackers for 24 hours straight.

There is no record of tracking REM sleep other than the basic tracking of the amount of time asleep with a large number of users have relatively low heart rate when asleep.

Most people fall between 5 to 8 hours of sleep range.

Fitbit does not collect hydration data, which Bellabeat water bottle could.

Data shows that people track calories, heart rate, steps taken, and distance taken more than sleep data. Weight is even further less recorded.

An active person has a positive relation to sleep quality with the indication of low heart rate.

Act

Limitation

As previously mentioned:

- Reliability: Low The data sets collected consisted of only 30 individuals who are anonymous with only the assumption that the majority of data collected are of the female gender.
- Originality: Low The data sets were generated by respondents to a distributed survey via Amazon Mechanical Turk.
- Comprehensive: Medium The data sets contain daily, hourly, and minutes of calories burned, activity intensity, number of steps, sleep duration, and weight information.
- Current: Medium The data sets are 5 years old, but significant changes in a person's life may vary depending on a person's life events, habits, or routines. Data are recorded from 2016, March 12th to 2016, May 13th (3 months period).
- Cited: Medium The data collection and source were well documented.
- The data collected do not indicate the user's age in order to indicate what is the appropriate heart rate for the individual as well.

Recommendation

- Bellabeat can include functions in the Bellabeat app to alert users of their in-activity or unusual readings as timely notifications. Even a notification to indicate users to stretch their legs a little for in-activity to maintain wellness goals.
- Offer more or improved customization for users that regularly ask for the user's age, weight, height
 if the user chooses to input them to recommend users personalized tips to help the user achieve their
 wellness goals.
- Do a more targeted marketing campaign toward people who are more active, and health-conscious by showing the uniqueness of Bellabeat's products like the Spring (water bottle). For a broader marketing campaign, advertise the connection of each Bellabeat's products with getting enough activities every day, maintaining proper health and hydration, and wellness goals that other competitors can't.
- Points or rewards programs that both subscription and non-subscription-based users can earn for their activity to encourage users to continuously use Bellabeat products that they own while keeping users continue using the product to minimize forgetfulness which could potentially create brand loyalty.

Appendix

Key stakeholders:

- Urska Srsen
- Sando Mur
- Bellabeat Marketing Analytics team

All credits go to Mobius, Arooj, and Parul to provide the data sets used for this project.

Also, credit goes to Google's Data Analytics Professional Certification provided by Google with Coursera for the project/case study layout.

Citation

- Arooj Anwar Khan, "Fitness Trends Dataset." Kaggle, 2018
 Mobius, "FitBit Fitness Tracker Data." Kaggle, 2020
- Parul Garg, "MI Fit
Bit Dataset." Kaggle, 2020, doi: $10.34740/\mathrm{KAGGLE/DSV}/1479520$.