

# HW2

09/05/2024

Q1(a)

$$\begin{aligned} R(T, a, b) &= MSE_{a,b}(T(X)) \\ &= Var_{a,b}(T(X)) + (Bias_{a,b}(T(X)))^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Var_{a,b}(T(X)) &= Var_{a,b}\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{n^2} \sum_{i=1}^n Var_{a,b}(X_i) \\ &= \frac{b^2 \pi^2}{3n} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (Bias_{a,b}(T(X)))^2 &= (\mathbb{E}_{a,b}(T(X)) - a)^2 \\ &= (\mathbb{E}_{a,b}\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i\right) - a)^2 \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{E}_{a,b}(X_i) - a\right)^2 \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n a - a\right)^2 \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} R(T, a, b) &= Var_{a,b}(T(X)) + (Bias_{a,b}(T(X)))^2 \\ &= \frac{b^2 \pi^2}{3n} \end{aligned}$$

(b)

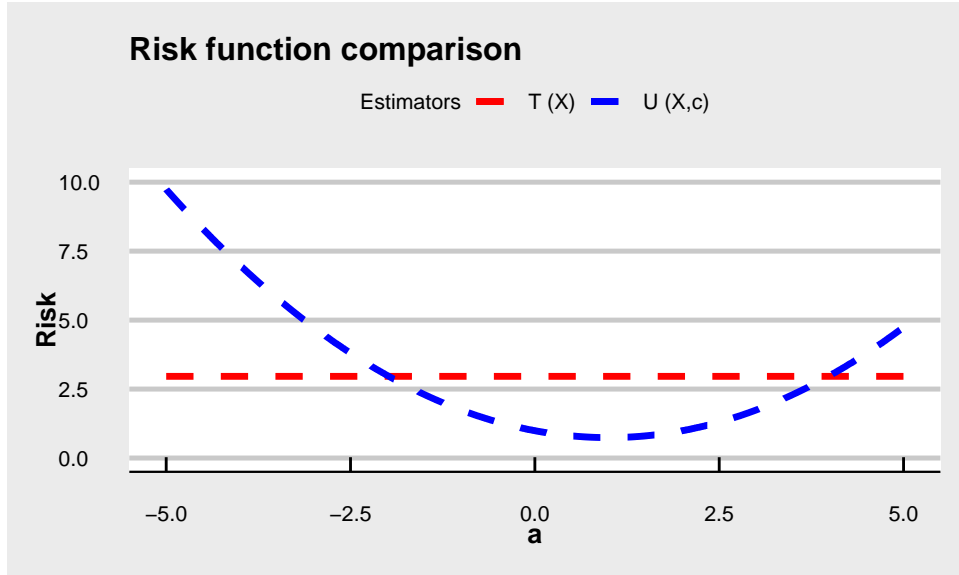
$$\begin{aligned} R(U, a, b) &= MSE_{a,b}(U(X, c)) \\ &= Var_{a,b}(U(X, c)) + (Bias_{a,b}(U(X, c)))^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
Var_{a,b}(U(X, c)) &= Var_{a,b}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{1}{2n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i\right) \\
&= \frac{1}{4n^2} \sum_{i=1}^n Var_{a,b}(X_i) \\
&= \frac{b^2 \pi^2}{12n}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(Bias_{a,b}(U(X, c)))^2 &= (\mathbb{E}_{a,b}(U(X, c)) - a)^2 \\
&= (\mathbb{E}_{a,b}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{1}{2n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i\right) - a)^2 \\
&= \left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{1}{2n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{E}_{a,b}(X_i) - a\right)^2 \\
&= \left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{1}{2n} \sum_{i=1}^n a - a\right)^2 \\
&= \left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{a}{2} - a\right)^2 \\
&= \frac{(c - a)^2}{4}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
R(U, a, b) &= Var_{a,b}(U(X, c)) + (Bias_{a,b}(U(X, c)))^2 \\
&= \frac{b^2 \pi^2}{12n} + \frac{(c - a)^2}{4}
\end{aligned}$$

(c) Given  $a \in [-5, 5]$ ,  $b = 3$ ,  $c = 1$  and  $n = 10$ .



(d) Observed that  $T(X)$  is constant with respect to  $a$ , the minimax estimator is  $T(X) = \operatorname{argmin}_{\{T,U\}} \max_a R$ .