

# Open EDA Component Library Format

Version 1.0

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# Chapter 1 Introduction

## About Open EDA Component Library

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This specification defines the features and syntax for the Open EDA Component Library (OECL).

OECL is an XML language for describing libraries for electronic design automation (EDA). Libraries include graphic symbols, simulation models, packages, land patterns, and components for the purpose of schematic capture, simulation, and printed circuit board layout. Components in this format can be imported into tools that support OECL.

## OECL Media Type, File Name Extension

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The media type (formerly known as MIME type) for OECL is “application/oecl+xml”.

OECL files have the extension “.oecl” (all lower case) on all platforms.

## OECL namespace

The following is the OECL 1.0 namespace:

```
http://www.oecl.org/2012/oecl
```

## Notation

---

This document uses special fonts and coloring to identify XML syntax.

Item	Examples
Element	<code>ComponentLibrary</code>
Attribute name	<code>id, description</code>
Attribute value	<code>ANSI, true</code>
Schema type	<code>xsd:string, identifier</code>
Character data, CDATA	<code>&lt;![CDATA[.model diodeexample + IS=5e-6 ]]&gt;</code>
Other	<code>&lt;, &gt;, = " "</code>

## Terminology

---

*This section is non-normative.*

This format uses attributes to define relationships between different objects. Where these attributes are intended to be displayed to the user, the attribute name generally has the suffix `Name`. Where these attributes are not intended to be displayed to the user, the attribute generally has the suffix `Id`.



# Chapter 2 Basic Datatypes

OECL uses types defined in several standards. This specification uses the namespace prefixes in the following table to identify these types. Types may be used without namespace prefixes in OECL documents.

Datatypes	Definition	Prefix
W3C XML datatypes	<a href="http://www.w3.org/TR/2008/REC-xml-20081126/">http://www.w3.org/TR/2008/REC-xml-20081126/</a> (Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.0 (Fifth Edition))	xml:
W3C XML schema datatypes	<a href="http://www.w3.org/2000/10/XMLSchema">http://www.w3.org/2000/10/XMLSchema</a> (XML Schema Part 2)	xsd:
W3C SVG datatypes	<a href="http://www.w3.org/TR/2011/REC-SVG11-20110816/">http://www.w3.org/TR/2011/REC-SVG11-20110816/</a>	None
W3C XML Linking Language datatypes	<a href="http://www.w3.org/TR/xlink11">http://www.w3.org/TR/xlink11</a> (XML Linking Language (XLink) Version 1.1)	xlink:
IPC-2581A	<a href="http://webstds.ipc.org/2581">http://webstds.ipc.org/2581</a> (Generic Requirements for Printed Board Assembly Products Manufacturing Description Data and Transfer Methodology)	ipc:

OECL uses custom types defined in this specification. Custom types have no prefix.

## Definitions

---

### Property elements

One of the element types that define properties for a `ComponentBlueprint`. Specifically: `BooleanProperty`, `CurrencyProperty`, `DateTimeProperty`, `DoubleProperty`, `IntegerProperty`, `MeasurementProperty`, `TextProperty`, or `URLProperty`.

### Core property attributes

Core property attributes are attributes that can be specified on all `property elements`. The `core property attributes` are `key` and `name`. `Property elements` must have a `key` and/or `name` attribute.

The `key` attribute assigns cross-implementation meaning to the property according to the name of the `key` (see Standard Property Keys). The value of the `key` attribute is not intended to be displayed. The `key` attribute type is `propertyKeyType`.

The `name` attribute is a display name for the property. The `name` attribute type is `propertyNameType`.

## Attribute Types

---

The following section defines additional attribute basic types (SimpleTypes) for use in the OECL format.

## The notEmptyString attribute

The `notEmptyString` type must contain at least one non-whitespace character. Whitespace characters are space, tab, line feed, and carriage return, and are identified by the `\s` XML Schema regular expression multi-character escape.

## The identifierType attribute

The `identifierType` type is a universally unique identifier for an element. Identifier types always have a paired `xsd:dateTime` attribute. The combination of these two items should be universally unique. The `identifierType` type is derived from `notEmptyString`.

## Constructing identifier attributes

*This section is non-normative.*

`identifierType` instances should be universally unique, although there is no registration process. To ensure uniqueness, `identifierType` instances should be written in reverse domain name notation.

The reverse domain name notation should include a company/organization name, a category for the identifier, and a unique name for the item. Items that comply with a published standard, such as should include the standard body, a category for the identifier, and the unique name for the item.

Recommended categories for the identifiers are:

Element	Suggested category
<code>SymbolBlueprint</code>	<code>symb</code>
<code>ModelBlueprint</code>	<code>modl</code>
<code>ManufacturerPackage</code>	<code>mpkg</code>
<code>PackageBlueprint</code>	<code>pkg</code>
<code>ComponentBlueprint</code>	<code>comp</code>
<code>OrderablePackageConfiguration</code>	<code>ordpkg</code>

Examples of identifiers written using reverse domain name notation are:

```
com.domainname.symb.op-amp
com.companyname.comp.ABC123
org.ipc.pkg.BGA127P2X3-6
```

## The identifierRefType attribute

The `identifierRefType` type is a reference to an `identifierType` attribute defined within the OECL document. The `identifierRefType` type is derived from `identifierType`.

## The dateTimeRefType attribute

The `dateTimeRefType` type is a reference to an `xsd:dateTime` attribute defined within the OECL document. The `dateTimeRefType` type is derived from `xsd:dateTime`.

## The positiveDecimalType attribute

The `positiveDecimalType` type defines a positive number. The `positiveDecimalType` type is derived from `xsd:double` by setting the value of `xsd:minInclusive` to 0.

## The oecIVersionNumberType attribute









The `oecIVersionNumberType` type defines the format version of the document. The `oecIVersionNumberType` type is the single enumerated value `1.0`.

## The symbolMimeType attribute

The `symbolMimeType` type identifies the format of the symbol information that follows. The `symbolMimeType` type is the single enumerated value `image/oecI.schsymbol+xml`.

## The symbolPinShapeType attribute

The `symbolPinShapeType` type identifies the functional purpose of the pin. The `symbolPinShapeType` type is the set of enumerated values in the following table.

Enumerated value	Usage	Example (non-normative)
<code>passive</code>	The pin is a passive pin.	
<code>inverting</code>	The pin is an inverting pin.	
<code>clock</code>	The pin is a clock pin.	
<code>inverting-clock</code>	The pin is an inverting clock pin.	
<code>active-low</code>	The pin is an active low pin.	
<code>active-high</code>	The pin is an active high pin.	
<code>active-low-clock</code>	The pin is an active low clock pin.	
<code>nonlogic</code>	The pin is not a logical pin.	
<code>custom</code>	The shape is none of the other values. SVG elements describe the shape of the pin.	Not applicable

## The symbolPinLengthType attribute

The `symbolPinLengthType` type identifies the length of the pin (without inspecting the drawing elements). The `symbolPinLengthType` type is one of the following: `0`, `10`, `20`, `30`, `40`.

## The placeholderType attribute

The `placeholderType` type identifies the text that is substituted when a `SymbolBlueprint` is associated with a `ComponentBlueprint`. The `placeholderType` type is the set of enumerated values in the following table.

Enumerated value	Usage
<code>symbolPin</code>	The functional name of the pin.
<code>packagePad</code>	The name of the associated pad on the package.
<code>refDes</code>	The reference designator.
<code>properties</code>	The displayed list of component properties.

## The modelMimeType attribute

The `modelMimeType` type identifies the format of the simulation model information that follows. The value `modelMimeType` type is the single enumerated value `application/oecl.spice+xml`.

## The modelFormatType attribute

The `modelFormatType` type identifies compatible simulators for the simulation model. To determine compatible simulators, the value must be split on spaces. The resulting tokens identify compatible simulators for the model. Keywords are case-sensitive, and must not be specified more than once per attribute. A keyword beginning with a dash (-) explicitly identifies incompatible simulators for the model.

Splits on spaces indicate the “split a string on spaces algorithm” defined by HTML 5 (see 2.5.7 Space-separated tokens).

Keywords are implementation defined. Ignores unknown keywords.

## Simulator Identifiers

*This section is non-normative.*

Keywords in the `modelFormatType` type should be globally unique, although there is no registration process. In order to ensure uniqueness, keywords should be written in reverse domain notation. Examples of reverse domain name notation are:

```
com.domainname.simulator
com.companyname
```

## The connectionNameType attribute

The `connectionNameType` type identifies a name for a connection. The `connectionNameType` type must contain 1 to 8 characters from the set: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, +, -, \*, ~.

## The prefixStringType attribute

The `prefixStringType` type identifies the class designation letter portion of a reference designator, for example, as defined by IEC 81346. The `prefixStringType` is derived from `notEmptyString`.

## The pinIdType attribute

The `pinIdType` type identifies the SVG element that names a symbol pin. The `pinIdType` is derived from `notEmptyString`.

## The symbolStyleType attribute

The `symbolStyleType` type identifies standards that a symbol satisfies. The `symbolStyleType` type is the set of enumerated values in the following table.

Enumerated value	Usage
<code>IEEE_Std_315</code>	Complies with IEEE Std 315.
<code>IEC_60617</code>	Complies with IEC 60617.

## The symbolStyleListType attribute

The `symbolStyleListType` type identifies standards that a symbol satisfied as a space-separated list. The `symbolStyleListType` type is derived from `xsd:list` by setting the value of `xsd:itemType` to `symbolStyleType`.

## The statusType attribute

The `statusType` type identifies the availability of a component. The `statusType` type is the set of enumerated values in the following table.

Enumerated value	Usage
<code>available</code>	The component is in production and available.
<code>obsolete</code>	The component is obsolete.
<code>unknown</code>	Status information is unknown.
<code>other</code>	Status information is known, but not <code>available</code> or <code>obsolete</code> .

## The availabilityType attribute

The `availabilityType` type identifies the availability of a component blueprint from a supplier/distributor. The `availabilityType` type is the set of enumerated values in the following table.

Enumerated value	Usage
<code>inStock</code>	The component is in stock.
<code>notStocked</code>	The component is not stocked.
<code>backOrder</code>	The component is on back order.
<code>RFQ</code>	Availability requires a request for quote.
<code>unknown</code>	Availability information is unknown.
<code>other</code>	Availability information is known, but not <code>inStock</code> , <code>notStocked</code> , <code>backOrder</code> , or <code>RFQ</code> .

## The quantityAvailableType attribute

The `quantityAvailableType` type identifies the number of components in stock from a particular supplier/distributor. The `quantityAvailableType` type is the union of `xsd:nonNegativeInteger` and the enumerated value `unknown`.

## The currencyType attribute

The `currencyType` type identifies a currency using the ISO 4217 3-character currency code. The `currencyType` type must contain 3 characters as defined by ISO 4217.

*The following paragraph is non-normative.*

OECL does not define specific three-character currency codes so that currencies can be added/removed from ISO 4217 without changing this specification. Applications should be designed to permit future addition of currency codes.

## The propertyKeyType attribute

The `propertyKeyType` type identifies a property, where the meaning of the property is defined elsewhere. If the value is not recognized by the application, the application should handle the element as through the `name` attribute was specified. The `propertyKeyType` type is derived from `notEmptyString`.

## The propertyNameType attribute

The `propertyNameType` type identifies a property, where the meaning of the property is defined by the attribute's content. The `propertyNameType` type is derived from `notEmptyString`.

## The measurementValueType attribute

The `measurementValueType` type identifies a numeric value with optional SI unit prefix. The `measurementValueType` type is derived from `xsd:string` by setting the value of `xsd:pattern` to `[-+]?[0-9]*\.[0-9]+([eE] [-+]?[0-9]+)?([YZEPTGMkhdcmuunpfazy]|da)?`.

The micro sign is the Unicode character U+00B5. In circumstances in which Unicode characters are not allowed, the micro prefix can be represented using the letter `u`.

# The layerType attribute

The `layerType` type identifies the layer for a shape. The `layerType` type is the set of enumerated values in the following table.

Enumerated value	Usage
<code>all</code>	The shape is the same on all layers.
<code>top</code>	The shape is for the top layer of the PCB.
<code>inner</code>	The shape is for inner layers (not top or bottom) of the PCB.
<code>bottom</code>	The shape is for the bottom layer of the PCB.

# The markingLayerType attribute

The `markingLayerType` type identifies the target layer for a shape. The `markingLayerType` type is the set of enumerated values in the following table.

Enumerated value	Usage
<code>top</code>	The shape is for the top layer of the PCB.
<code>bottom</code>	The shape is for the bottom layer of the PCB.

# Element Types

## The Properties element

Properties

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `ComponentBlueprint` element

### Content model:

Zero or more `property` elements

### Attributes:

None

Defines properties for `ComponentBlueprint` instances.

## The BooleanProperty element

BooleanProperty

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [Properties](#) element

### Content model:

Zero or more [Localization](#) elements

### Attributes:

[core property attributes](#)

[value](#)

Defines a Boolean property.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<a href="#">value</a>	<a href="#">xsd:boolean</a>	The Boolean value	Yes

## The CurrencyProperty element

CurrencyProperty

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [Properties](#) element

### Content model:

Zero or more [Localization](#) elements

### Attributes:

[core property attributes](#)

[value](#)

[currency](#)

Defines a currency property.



Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
value	xsd:decimal	The currency value	Yes
currency	currencyType	The currency using the ISO 4217 alphabetic code (3-character)	Yes

## The DateTimeProperty element

DateTimeProperty

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `Properties` element

### Content model:

Zero or more `Localization` elements

### Attributes:

core property attributes

value

Defines a date-time property.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
value	xsd:dateTime	The date-time value	Yes

## The DoubleProperty element

DoubleProperty

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `Properties` element

### Content model:

Zero or more `Localization` elements

### Attributes:

core property attributes

value

Defines a numeric property.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
value	xsd:double	The double value	Yes

## The IntegerProperty element

IntegerProperty

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `Properties` element

### Content model:

Zero or more `Localization` elements

### Attributes:

core property attributes

value

Defines an integer property.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
value	xsd:integer	The integer value	Yes

## The MeasurementProperty element

MeasurementProperty

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `Properties` element

### Content model:

Zero or more `Localization` elements

### Attributes:

core property attributes

value

unit

Defines a measurable quantity property. Measurable quantities have values and units.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
value	measurementValueType	The numeric value with optional SI unit prefix.	Yes
unit	xsd:string	The unit name or symbol.	Yes

## The TextProperty element

TextProperty

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `Properties` element

### Content model:

Text content

Zero or more `Localization` elements

### Attributes:

core property attributes

value

xml:lang

Defines a text property. Text properties may have a `value` attribute or text content, but not both. The `value` attribute and text content are equivalent.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>xml:lang</code>	<code>xml:language</code>	The language of the value. The initial value is implementation defined.	No
<code>value</code>	<code>xsd:string</code>	The text value or content.	Yes

## The URLProperty element

URLProperty

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `Properties` element

### Content model:

Zero or more `Localization` elements

### Attributes:

`core property attributes`

`value`

Defines a URL/hyperlink property.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>value</code>	<code>xsd:string</code>	The URL value.	Yes

## The Localization Element

Localization

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in one of the `property elements`

### Content model:

Empty or text content

### Attributes:

`xml:lang`

`name`

`value`

Defines a translated name or value for the parent element. Sibling elements must have unique values for `xml:lang`. Text content is permitted if the parent element is a `TextProperty`, otherwise, the content model is empty.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>xml:lang</code>	Language identifier as defined by IETF BCP 47.	The language of the translated value.	Yes
<code>name</code>	<code>notEmptyString</code>	Optional translated name for the property. Omit the attribute if the name is not translated.	No
<code>value</code>	<code>xsd:string</code>	Optional translated value for the property. Omit the attribute if the value is not translated or if the parent element is a <code>TextProperty</code> and the <code>Localization</code> element contains text content. A translated value is only permitted for the <code>TextProperty</code> and <code>URLProperty</code> elements.	No



# Chapter 3 Document Structure

## Defining an OECL Document

### Overview

An OECL document consists of up to 8 dictionary elements contained within a `ComponentLibrary` element.

An OECL document can range from an empty fragment (that is, no content inside of the `ComponentLibrary` element), to individual dictionaries, to complex interdependent dictionaries.

An OECL document is a stand-alone, self-contained file or resource.

### The root `ComponentLibrary` element

`ComponentLibrary`

#### Content model:

The following elements may appear in any order

Zero or one `SymbolBlueprintDictionary`

Zero or one `SimulationModelBlueprintDictionary`

Zero or one `ManufacturerPackageDictionary`

Zero or one `PackageBlueprintDictionary`

Zero or one `ComponentCategoryDictionary`

Zero or one `ComponentBlueprintDictionary`

Zero or one `StatusDictionary`

Zero or one `OrderingInfoDictionary`

#### Attributes:

`version`

The `ComponentLibrary` element represents the root of an OECL document.

Attribute Name	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>version</code>	<code>oeclVersionNumberType</code>	Indicates the OECL language version to which this document conforms. This attribute is fixed to the value of <code>1.0</code> .	Yes





# Chapter 4 Graphic symbols for schematics

## The SymbolBlueprintDictionary element

---

SymbolBlueprintDictionary

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [ComponentLibrary](#) element

### Content model:

Zero or more [SymbolBlueprint](#) elements

### Attributes:

None

Defines reusable graphic symbols for schematic capture. Each reusable graphic symbol is described by a [SymbolBlueprint](#) element.

## The SymbolBlueprint element

---

SymbolBlueprint

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [SymbolBlueprintDictionary](#) element

### Content model:

One [svg](#) element

### Attributes:

[id](#)

[mimetype](#)

[description](#)

[revisionDate](#)

Each graphic symbol is composed of two types of information: connection points (pins) for schematic capture wiring and primitive graphic elements for drawing the symbol.

Attribute Name	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>id</code>	<code>identifier</code>	Unique identifier for the graphic symbol.	Yes
<code>mimetype</code>	<code>symbolMimeType</code>	Identifies the format of the sub-element symbol information. This attribute is fixed to the value <code>image/oecl.schsymbol+xml</code> .	Yes
<code>description</code>	<code>xsd:string</code>	Description of the symbol graphic for identifying the meaning of the graphic symbol. The initial value is a zero-length string.	No
<code>revisionDate</code>	<code>xsd:dateTime</code>	Date of this revision.	Yes

## The svg element

---

Although the symbol is described using SVG, OECL uses a restricted sub-set of elements and attributes that is appropriate for electronics schematics.

A graphic symbol for schematic capture contains graphical elements (for the purpose of drawing) and connection elements (for the purpose of wiring). Connection elements are handled through extensions to the SVG format.

### SVG for EDA symbols

SVG for EDA symbols consist of the following SVG 1.1 modules. For each module, the permissible attributes/elements in each module are given following the module name. Additional restrictions that apply to coordinate values, presentation attribute values, and the transform attribute are described in Additional restrictions.

In addition, SVG for EDA symbols defines additional attributes for the purpose of describing pins and substitution text. The following sections define these attributes.

## Structure

Core attribute module

Collection name	Attributes in Collection
Core.attrib	id

Structure module

Element	Attributes	Content Model
defs	Core.attrib, transform	(Structure.class   Shape.class   View.class   Text.class)*
g	Core.attrib, transform, Paint.attrib, OeclConn.attrib	(Structure.class   Shape.class   View.class   Text.class)*
svg	Core.attrib, x, y, width, height, viewBox, version	(Structure.class   Shape.class   Image.class   Text.class)*
use	Core.attrib, Paint.attrib, XLink.attrib, OeclConnType.attrib, transform, x, y, width, height	Empty

## Painting module

Basic paint attribute module

Collection name	Attributes in Collection
Paint.attrib	fill, stroke, stroke-width, opacity

Property inheritance is not supported.

Basic graphics attribute module

Collection name	Attributes in Collection
Graphics.attrib	visibility

Property inheritance is not supported.

## Hyperlinking

XLink attribute module

Collection name	Attributes in Collection
XLink.attrib	<code>xlink:href</code>

## Shapes

Shapes module

Element	Attributes	Content Model
<code>circle</code>	Core.attrib, Paint.attrib, Graphics.attrib, OeclConnPoint.attrib, cx, cy, r, transform	Animation.class
<code>ellipse</code>	Core.attrib, Paint.attrib, Graphics.attrib, cx, cy, rx, ry, transform	Animation.class
<code>line</code>	Core.attrib, Paint.attrib, Graphics.attrib, x1, y1, x2, y2, transform	Animation.class
<code>path</code>	Core.attrib, Paint.attrib, Graphics.attrib, d, transformd	Animation.class
<code>polygon</code>	Core.attrib, Paint.attrib, Graphics.attrib, points, transform	Animation.class
<code>polyline</code>	Core.attrib, Paint.attrib, Graphics.attrib, points, transform	Animation.class
<code>rect</code>	Core.attrib, Paint.attrib, Graphics.attrib, x, y, width, height, rx, ry, transform	Animation.class

## Text

Basic text module

Element	Attributes	Content Model
<code>text</code>	Core.attrib, Paint.attrib, Graphics.attrib, Font.attrib, TextContent.attrib, OeclLabel.attrib, transform, x, y	#PCDATA

`x` and `y` attributes must be a single-coordinate or not specified.

## Basic text attribute set

Collection name	Attributes in Collection
Font.attrib	font-family, font-size, font-style, font-weight
TextContent.attrib	text-anchor

*font-family attribute*

A single <family-name> is permitted.

Value: <family-name>

*font-size attribute*

Font sizes must be specified in px. The px unit is not required.

Value: <absolute-size>

*font-style attribute*

The following subset of values is permitted.

Value: `normal` | `italic`

Implementations should interpret other values as `normal`.

*font-weight*

The following subset of values is permitted.

Value: `normal` | `bold`

Implementations should interpret other values as `normal`.

**Additional restrictions**

SVG for EDA symbols must satisfy the below additional restrictions.

All coordinate values must be unit-less.

The `inherit` attribute value is not allowed for presentation attributes.

The `transform` attribute permits only combinations of the following transforms:

- Rotate in 90 degree increments
- Scaling
- Translation

## OECL Extension Module

### OECL Attribute Set

Collection name	Attributes in Collection
OeclConn.attrib	oecl:pinId
OeclConnPoint.attrib	oecl:connPoint
OeclLabel.attrib	oecl:placeholder
OeclConnType.attrib	oecl:pin, oecl:pinLength

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description
oecl:pinId	pinIdType	Identifier for the symbol pin. This ID is used as a reference from a <a href="#">ComponentBlueprint</a> .
oecl:connPoint	xsd:boolean	Identifies the location of the connection point for wiring. Required on a circle element that defines the location of the connection point. Not allowed in other contexts.
oecl:placeholder	placeholderType	Text elements with this attribute define placeholder text items that are substituted with values from a <a href="#">ComponentBlueprint</a> when placed on a schematic.
oecl:pin	symbolPinShapeType	Enumerated shape of the pin. Required on <a href="#">use</a> elements that define a pin. Not allowed in other contexts.
oecl:pinLength	symbolPinLengthType	Enumerated length of the pin. Required on <a href="#">use</a> elements that define a pin. Not allowed in other contexts.

## Pin graphics

Symbols contain pins which form the connection points to the symbol and display information about the connection point. Pins have standard types, and these standard types are instantiated by the graphic. Functionally, instances of a pin contain:

- an identifier for the pin, for reference by component blueprints, and
- a reference to the standard pin type and default shape, and
- placeholder text elements that are substituted when the symbol is referenced by a component blueprint.

Instances of a pin are described by a [g](#) (group) with the [oecl:pinId](#) attribute element that contains the identifier for the pin. [g](#) elements with the [oecl:pinId](#) attribute must define an instance of a pin.

[g](#) elements that define a pin instance contain three sub-elements:

- one [use](#) element that identifies the shape of the pin.
- one [text](#) element that identifies substitution text for the symbol pin name from a referencing component blueprint.
- one [text](#) element that identified substitution text for the package pad from a referencing component blueprint.

The substitution text elements may be omitted.

## The use element for pin graphics

The `use` element with the `oecl:pin` attribute defines the graphic for the pin. The element references a graphic contained in the `defs` section that provides a default graphic for the pin. This information is normally useful for viewing the graphic in a standard SVG viewer.

The `use` element must contain the `oecl:pin` attribute. The `oecl:pin` attribute describes the functional purpose of the pin.

The `x` and `y` attributes of the `use` element must be located on a grid of 10 in the initial viewport coordinate system. See Drawing pin graphics for additional information.

*The following paragraph is non-normative.*

Implementations typically use the `oecl:pin` attribute to identify the functional purpose of the pin. Implementations typically ignore the graphic objects referenced by the `xlink:href` attribute.

## The text element for pin graphics

The `text` element with the `oecl:placeholder` attribute defines placeholder text elements used when a symbol blueprint is referenced by a component blueprint. Each pin defines two placeholder text elements, one for the connection name (see the `PinMap` element) and one for the package pad name (see the `PadMap` element).

Implementations replace the content of the `text` element with the appropriate name from the referencing component blueprint. The appropriate name is determined by the `oecl:placeholder` attribute, and described by the following table.

Enumerated value	Usage
<code>symbolPin</code>	The functional name of the pin.
<code>packagePad</code>	The name of the associated pad on the package.

## Drawing pin graphics

Connection points for wiring must be drawn on a grid of 10. That is, 10 is defined as the implementation-specific minimum Manhattan distance between pins.

Pin length must be 0, 10, 20, 30, or 40. The connection point for schematic wiring for all pins is at (0,0). For pins with a primary line segment, the line segment ends at (0,0). The pin starts at (0,0), (10,0), (20,0), (30,0), or (40,0), depending on the length of the pin. Enumerated values for the `oecl:pinLength` attribute define possible pin lengths. The length of the referenced graphic must equal the length of the `oecl:pinLength` attribute.

Enumerated values for the `oecl:pin` attribute define possible pin types.

The `passive` pin graphics can have lengths of 0, 10, 20 or 40. Other pin graphics can have lengths of 10, 20, 30, or 40.

The `custom` `oecl:pin` type can be drawn either as specified by the SVG drawing objects or as the `passive` `oecl:pin` type.

*The following paragraph is non-normative*

Implementations typically use the `oecl:pin` attribute to identify the functional purpose of the pin. Implementations typically ignore the graphic objects referenced by the `xlink:href` attribute. For readability, implementations should name the referenced `id` to match the standard pin type and length, separated by a dash. For example, the `id` of the passive pin type with length 10 should be `passive-10` and the `xlink:href` should be `#passive-10`.

# Placeholder text

Symbols may contain placeholder `text` elements whose value is replaced with information from the referencing component blueprint, for example the component name, or information from the schematic, for example the reference designator.

`text` elements with the `oecl:placeholder` attribute identify placeholder text, as described by the following table.

Enumerated value	Usage
<code>refDes</code>	The reference designator.
<code>properties</code>	The displayed list of component properties.

Implementations may ignore text elements with the `oecl:placeholder` attribute.

*The following paragraph is non-normative*

Implementations typically ignore the text elements with the `oecl:placeholder` attribute. These elements are typically used for displaying the graphic symbol with no connection to a schematic.

# Best practices

*This section is non-normative*

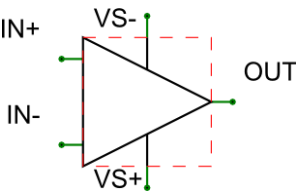
Implementations typically have implementation-specific styles for drawing components for colors and font that provide a consistent look for the application. Symbols should typically omit this style information and allow the implementation to provide implementation-specific default styles.

Shapes should usually omit the `fill` and `stroke` attributes (except the value `none`) so that implementations may use their default color information.

Text should usually omit the font attributes (`Font.attrib`) so that implementations may use their default font information.

Many implementations require all pins to originate from the boundary of a box enclosing the symbol contents. For best results across multiple applications, pins should be on a bounding box enclosing the symbol.

The following graphic illustrates this concept. The pins (green), end on the boundary of the drawing objects (red). The pins labeled VS- and VS+ have additional drawing objects to connect the pin to triangle.



# Example 1: resistor

The following XML fragment defines the symbol blueprint for the IEC 60617 resistor (S00555).

```
<SymbolBlueprint id="com.example.symb.resistor" mimetype="image/oecl.schsymbol+xml"
description="IEC 60617 S00555 Resistor, general symbol" revisionDate="2012-07-17T21:32:52">
  <svg xmlns:svg="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg">
```

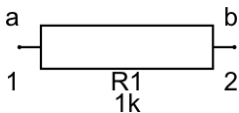


```

xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
xmlns:oecl="http://www.oecl.org/2012/oecl"
xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg">
<!--Common pin definitions-->
<defs>
  <g id="passive-10">
    <line x1="10" y1="0" x2="0" y2="0"/>
    <!--The following circle with the connPoint attribute defines
    the connection point for the pin-->
    <circle cx="0" cy="0" r="1" oecl:connPoint="true"/>
  </g>
</defs>
<!--Symbol pins-->
<g oecl:pinId="1">
  <use transform="translate(-50,0)" xlink:href="#passive-10" oecl:pin="passive"
oecl:pinLength="10"/>
  <!--Placeholder text for labels on the symbol-->
  <text transform="translate(-50,-10)" text-anchor="end"
oecl:placeholder="symbolPin">a</text>
  <text transform="translate(-50,20)" text-anchor="end"
oecl:placeholder="packagePad">1</text>
</g>
<g oecl:pinId="2">
  <use transform="translate(50,0) rotate(180)" xlink:href="#passive-10"
oecl:pin="passive" oecl:pinLength="10"/>
  <!--Substitution text for labels on the symbol-->
  <text transform="translate(45,-10)" oecl:placeholder="symbolPin">b</text>
  <text transform="translate(45,20)" oecl:placeholder="packagePad">2</text>
</g>
<!--Graphic symbol-->
<rect x="-40" y="-10" width="80" height="20" fill="none"/>
<text x="0" y="20" oecl:placeholder="refDes" text-anchor="middle">R1</text>
<text x="0" y="30" oecl:placeholder="properties" text-anchor="middle">1k</text>
</svg>
</SymbolBlueprint>

```

Graphically, this XML fragment draws as shown below.



## Example 2: operational amplifier

```

<svg xmlns:svg="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
xmlns:oecl="http://www.oecl.org/2012/oecl"
xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg">
<!--Common pin definitions-->
<defs>
  <g id="passive-10">

```

```

    <line x1="0" y1="0" x2="10" y2="0"/>
    <!--The following circle with the connPoint attribute defines
    the connection point for the pin-->
    <circle cx="0" cy="0" r="1" oecl:connPoint="true"/>
  </g>
</defs>
<!--Symbol pins-->
<g oecl:pinId="IN+">
  <use transform="translate(-40,-20)" xlink:href="#passive-10" oecl:pin="passive"
oecl:pinLength="10"/>
  <!--Placeholder text for labels on the symbol-->
  <text transform="translate(-50,-30)" text-anchor="end"
oecl:placeholder="symbolPin">IN+</text>
</g>
<g oecl:pinId="IN-">
  <use transform="translate(-40,20)" xlink:href="#passive-10" oecl:pin="passive"
oecl:pinLength="10"/>
  <!--Placeholder text for labels on the symbol-->
  <text transform="translate(-50,10)" text-anchor="end"
oecl:placeholder="symbolPin">IN-</text>
</g>
<g oecl:pinId="OUT">
  <use transform="translate(40,0) rotate(180)" xlink:href="#passive-10"
oecl:pin="passive" oecl:pinLength="10"/>
  <!--Substitution text for labels on the symbol-->
  <text transform="translate(45,-10)" oecl:placeholder="symbolPin">OUT</text>
</g>
<g oecl:pinId="VS-">
  <use transform="translate(0,40) rotate(-90)" xlink:href="#passive-10"
oecl:pin="passive" oecl:pinLength="10"/>
  <!--Substitution text for labels on the symbol-->
  <text transform="translate(-25,40)" oecl:placeholder="symbolPin">VS-</text>
</g>
<g oecl:pinId="VS+">
  <use transform="translate(0,-40) rotate(90)" xlink:href="#passive-10"
oecl:pin="passive" oecl:pinLength="10"/>
  <!--Substitution text for labels on the symbol-->
  <text transform="translate(-25,-35)" oecl:placeholder="symbolPin">VS+</text>
</g>
<!--Graphic symbol-->
<path d="M -30 -30 L 30 0 L -30 30 z"/>
<line x1="0" y1="15" x2="0" y2="30"/>
<line x1="0" y1="-15" x2="0" y2="-30"/>
</svg>

```

# Chapter 5 Simulation Models for SPICE Simulation

## The SimulationModelBlueprintDictionary Element

SimulationModelBlueprintDictionary

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [ComponentLibrary](#) element

### Content model:

Zero or more [SimulationModelBlueprint](#) elements

### Attributes:

None

Defines reusable models for simulation. Each reusable simulation model is described by a [SimulationModelBlueprint](#) element.

## The SimulationModelBlueprint element

SimulationModelBlueprint

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [SimulationModelBlueprintDictionary](#) element

### Content model:

One or more [Instance](#) elements followed by one or more [Definition](#) elements

### Attributes:

`id`  
`name`  
`manufacturer`  
`author`  
`mimetype`  
`description`  
`copyright`  
`revisionDate`

There are two parts to the model blueprint, (1) instance information and (2) model text, represented by the [Instance](#) and [Model](#) elements, respectively. The instance information is used to instantiate the model (make the model specific to a particular component), whereas the model text is common (shared) between instances of the model.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>id</code>	<code>identifierType</code>	Unique identifier for the simulation model.	Yes
<code>name</code>	<code>notEmptyString</code>	Descriptive name of the model. For SPICE models, this is the name of the <code>.subckt</code> or <code>.model</code> .	Yes
<code>manufacturer</code>	<code>notEmptyString</code>	The name of the manufacturer for models that describe the behavior from a particular manufacturer. The initial value is a zero-length string.	No
<code>author</code>	<code>xsd:string</code>	Name of the model publisher. The initial value is a zero-length string.	No
<code>mimetype</code>	<code>modelMimeType</code>	Identifies the format of the sub-element model information.	Yes
<code>description</code>	<code>xsd::string</code>	Description information for the model.	No
<code>copyright</code>	<code>xsd:string</code>	Model copyright information. The initial value is a zero-length string.	No
<code>revisionDate</code>	<code>xsd:dateTime</code>	Date of this revision.	Yes

## The Instance element

Instance

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `SimulationModelBlueprint` element

### Content model:

Instance text in a CDATA section

### Attributes:

`simulators`

Describes how to instantiate the simulation model (that is, map ports).

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>simulators</code>	<code>modelFormatType</code>	Identifies compatible simulators for the model. The missing or empty attribute indicates unknown information. Listed values must be unique for all <code>Instance</code> elements of the same <code>SimulationModelBlueprint</code> .	No

## The Definition element

Definition

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `SimulationModelBlueprint` element

### Content model:

Model text or encrypted model text in a CDATA section

### Attributes:

`simulators`

Shared information for a simulation model. The name of the SPICE `.subckt` or `.model` must match the value of the `SimulationModelBlueprint`'s `name` attribute.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>simulators</code>	<code>modelFormatType</code>	Identifies compatible simulators for the model. The missing or empty attribute indicates unknown information. Listed values must be unique for all <code>Definition</code> elements of the same <code>SimulationModelBlueprint</code> .	No

## Instance microsyntax

The CDATA section for the `Instance` element describes how to instantiate the SPICE model.

The syntax is an XML-like markup language where all characters, including white space, is significant. The syntax does not have a root element. The CDATA section for the `Instance` element may contain the following elements in any order:

- text content block
- `Port` element
- `Variable` element

## The Port element

Port

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `Instance` CDATA section element

### Content model:

One text content block. The text content block contains only the name of the terminal

### Attributes:

`behavior`

Defines the name of a port (terminal).

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>behavior</code>	<code>xsd:string</code>	Simulator-specific information that describes the electrical behavior of the port. The initial value is a zero-length string.	No

## The Variable element

Variable

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `Instance` CDATA section element

### Content model:

The string `REFDES` or the string `MODEL`

### Attributes:

None

Identifies replacement text for the reference designator of the instantiated model or the name of the instantiated model.

## Example 1

The following XML fragment defines the model blueprint for a 1 k $\Omega$  resistor.

```
<SimulationModelBlueprint id="BBC45068-2D72-4385-8E1C-A77D7E695F13" name="myres"
manufacturer="Generic" mimetype=" application/oecl.spice+xml" revisionDate="2012-07-
17T21:32:52">
  <Instance><![CDATA[x<Variable>REFDES</Variable> <Port>T0</Port> <Port>T1</Port>
<Variable>MODEL</Variable>]]></Instance>
  <Definition><![CDATA[.subckt myres 1 2
R1 1 2 1k
.ends]]></Definition>
```

</SimulationModelBlueprint>





# Chapter 6 Manufacturer Packages for Mapping to Standard Packages

## The ManufacturerPackageDictionary element

ManufacturerPackageDictionary

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [ComponentLibrary](#) element

### Content model:

Zero or more [ManufacturerPackage](#) elements

### Attributes:

None

Provides definitions of manufacturer-specific packages names/pin numbering and mapping of the package to reusable standard packages. Each manufacturer-specific package is described by a [ManufacturerPackage](#) element.

## The ManufacturerPackage element

ManufacturerPackage

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [ManufacturerPackageDictionary](#) element

### Content model:

One or more [LandMap](#) elements

### Attributes:

`id`

`name`

`manufacturer`

`packageBlueprintRef`

`packageBlueprintdateTime`

`revisionDate`

Defines the manufacturer-specific name for a package and mapping to the standard package.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>id</code>	<code>identifierType</code>	Unique identifier for the manufacturer's package.	Yes
<code>name</code>	<code>notEmptyString</code>	Manufacturer name of the package.	Yes
<code>manufacturer</code>	<code>notEmptyString</code>	Manufacturer name. The initial value is a zero-length string.	No
<code>packageBlueprintRef</code>	<code>identifierRefType</code>	Unique identifier for the associated package.	Yes
<code>packageBlueprintDateTime</code>	<code>xsd:dateTime</code>	The <code>dateTime</code> of the referenced <code>PackageBlueprint</code> . If omitted, matches the most recent <code>PackageBlueprint</code> .	No
<code>revisionDate</code>	<code>xsd:dateTime</code>	Date of this revision.	Yes

## The LandMap element

LandMap

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `ManufacturerPackage` element

### Content model:

Empty

### Attributes:

`padName`

`landName`

Defines how pad names on the manufacturer package map to land names on the standard package.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>padName</code>	<code>notEmptyString</code>	Manufacturer name of the pad/electrical connection point.	Yes
<code>landName</code>	<code>notEmptyString</code>	The name of the land on the referenced package blueprint.	Yes

## Example: DIP-ABC

The following XML fragment defines a manufacturer package.

```
<ManufacturerPackage id="com.example.mpkg.DIP-ABC" name="DIP-ABC" manufacturer="Generic
Manufacturer" packageBlueprintRef="com.example.pkg.DIP-8" revisionDate="2012-07-17T21:32:52">
  <LandMap padName="A" landName="1"/>
</ManufacturerPackage>
```

```
<LandMap padName="B" landName="2"/>  
</ManufacturerPackage>
```



# Chapter 7 Packages for Printed Circuit Board Layout

## The PackageBlueprintDictionary element

PackageBlueprintDictionary

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [ComponentLibrary](#) element

### Content model:

Zero or more [PackageBlueprint](#) elements

### Attributes:

None

Defines reusable packages (footprints, land-patterns) for components. Each reusable package is described by a [PackageBlueprint](#) element. For example, surface mount land patterns generally should comply with IPC-7351 Generic Requirements for Surface Mount Design and Land Pattern Standard.

## The PackageBlueprint element

PackageBlueprint

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [PackageBlueprintDictionary](#) element

### Content model:

One [Package](#) element

### Attributes:

`id`  
`name`  
`revisionDate`  
`units`

Defines a package (which includes the land pattern).

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>id</code>	<code>identifierType</code>	Unique identifier for the package.	Yes
<code>name</code>	<code>notEmptyString</code>	A unique name for the package. Typically, this name follows the IPC-7351 series of part and land pattern descriptions.	Yes
<code>revisionDate</code>	<code>xsd:dateTime</code>	Date of this revision.	Yes
<code>units</code>	<code>ipc:unitsType</code>	An enumerated string that must be one of the following:  <code>MILLIMETER</code>   <code>MICRON</code>   <code>INCH</code> .	Yes

## The Package element

Package

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `PackageBlueprint` element

### Content model:

One `Outline` element (defined as `ipc:OutlineType`)

Zero or one `SilkScreen` element

Zero or one `AssemblyDrawing` element

Zero or one `SolderMask` element

Zero or one `SolderPaste` element

Zero or more `Pin` elements

### Attributes:

`name`

`type`

`pinOne`

`height`

Defines a package (which includes the land pattern). The package elements are based on a modified version of IPC-2581A. Elements that are identical to elements defined in IPC-2581A are not listed in this specification.

*The following paragraph is non-normative.*

The value of the `name` attribute is often the same as the value of the `name` attribute of the parent element.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>name</code>	<code>ipc:qualifiedNameType</code>	See IPC-2581A.	Yes
<code>type</code>	<code>ipc:PackageTypeType</code>	See IPC-2581A.	Yes
<code>pinOne</code>	<code>xsd:string</code>	See IPC-2581A.	No
<code>height</code>	<code>xsd:double</code>	See IPC-2581A.	No

## The SilkScreen element

SilkScreen

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `Package` element

### Content model:

Zero or more `Outline` elements (defined as `ipc:OutlineType`)

Zero or more `Marking` elements

### Attributes:

None

The `SilkScreen` element is based on the `ipc:SilkScreenType` from IPC-2581A.

## The AssemblyDrawing element

AssemblyDrawing

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `Package` element

### Content model:

Zero or one `Outline` elements (defined as `ipc:OutlineType`)

Zero or more `Marking` elements

### Attributes:

None

The `AssemblyDrawing` element is based on the `ipc:AssemblyDrawingType` from IPC-2581A.

## The SolderMask element

SolderMask

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [Package](#) element

### Content model:

Zero or one [Outline](#) elements (defined as `ipc:OutlineType`)

Zero or more [Marking](#) elements

### Attributes:

None

The [SolderMask](#) element reuses the same embedded elements and attributes as defined for the [SilkScreen](#) element. If omitted, all lands on the package have solder mask that matches the shape of the land.

## The SolderPaste element

SolderPaste

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [Package](#) element

### Content model:

Zero or one [Outline](#) elements (defined as `ipc:OutlineType`)

Zero or more [Marking](#) elements

### Attributes:

None

The [SolderPaste](#) element reuses the same embedded elements and attributes as defined for the [SilkScreen](#) element. If omitted, all lands on the package have solder paste that matches the shape of the land.



# The Marking element

Marking

## Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `SilkScreen`, `AssemblyDrawing`, `SolderMask`, or `SolderPaste` elements

## Content model:

Zero or one `Xform` elements (defined as `ipc:XformType`)

One `Location` element (defined as `ipc:LocationType`)

Zero or more `Feature` elements (ABSTRACT type defined in IPC-2581A)

## Attributes:

`markingUsage`

`layer`

The `Marking` element is based on the `ipc:markingType` from IPC-2581A with the addition of the `layer` attribute.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>markingUsage</code>	<code>ipc:markingUsageType</code>	See IPC-2581A.	Yes
<code>layer</code>	<code>markingLayerType</code>	Defines the layer for the marking. The initial value is <code>top</code> .	No

# The Pin element

Pin

## Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `Package` element

## Content model:

Zero or one `Xform` elements (defined as `ipc:XformType`)

One `Location` element (defined as `ipc:LocationType`)

One or three `StandardShape` elements (ABSTRACT type defined in IPC-2581A). See below for additional attributes on the `StandardShape` element

Zero or one `Hole` or `Slot` elements

## Attributes:

`number`

`name`

`type`

`electricalType`

`mountType`

The `Pin` element is based on the `ipc:PinType` from IPC-2581A. The `Pin` element defines the pad stack and contains either one `StandardShape` substitution group child element or three `StandardShape` substitution group child elements.

For through-hole pins (`type` is `THRU` or `BLIND`), if the `Pin` element contains one `StandardShape` substitution group child element, the pad is the same on all layers. If the `Pin` element contains three `StandardShape` substitution group child elements, each `StandardShape` substitution group child element must contain a unique `oecl:pinLayer` attribute (type `oecl:layerType`), and the pad shape is as specified on the layer.

For through-hole pins (`type` is `THRU` or `BLIND`), one `Hole` or `Slot` element is required and the element defines the shape of the formed hole for the pin.

For surface mount pads (`type` is `SURFACE`), the `Hole` or `Slot` element is not allowed.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>number</code>	<code>ipc:qualifiedNameType</code>	See IPC-2581A.	Yes
<code>name</code>	<code>ipc:qualifiedNameType</code>	See IPC-2581A.	No
<code>type</code>	<code>ipc:cadPinType</code>	See IPC-2581A.	Yes
<code>electricalType</code>	<code>ipc:pinElectricalType</code>	See IPC-2581A.	No
<code>mountType</code>	<code>ipc:pinMountType</code>	See IPC-2581A.	No

# The Hole element

Hole

## Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [Pin](#) element

## Content model:

Empty

## Attributes:

`name`  
`diameter`  
`platingStatus`  
`plusTol`  
`minusTol`  
`x`  
`y`

The [Hole](#) element is based on the `ipc:HoleType` from IPC-2581A. The [Hole](#) element defines a circular drill hole associated with a through-hole pin.

The `x` and `y` attributes offset the hole relative to the [Pin](#) and are typically 0.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>name</code>	<code>ipc:qualifiedNameType</code>	See IPC-2581A.	Yes
<code>diameter</code>	<code>ipc:nonNegativeDoubleType</code>	See IPC-2581A.	Yes
<code>platingStatus</code>	<code>ipc:platingStatusType</code>	See IPC-2581A.	Yes
<code>plusTol</code>	<code>ipc:nonNegativeDoubleType</code>	See IPC-2581A.	Yes
<code>minusTol</code>	<code>ipc:nonNegativeDoubleType</code>	See IPC-2581A.	Yes
<code>x</code>	<code>xsd:double</code>	See IPC-2581A.	Yes
<code>y</code>	<code>xsd:double</code>	See IPC-2581A.	Yes

## The Slot Element

Slot

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `Pin` element

### Content model:

One or more `ipc:Arc`, `ipc:Line`, `ipc:Outline` and/or `ipc:Polyline` elements

### Attributes:

`name`  
`platingStatus`  
`plusTol`  
`minusTol`

The `Slot` element is based on the `ipc:SlotType` from IPC-2581A. The `Slot` element defines an arbitrarily shaped drill hole associated with a through-hole pin.

The positions of the child elements are relative to the `Pin`.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
name	ipc:qualifiedNameType	See IPC-2581A.	Yes
platingStatus	ipc:platingStatusType	See IPC-2581A.	Yes
plusTol	ipc:nonNegativeDoubleType	See IPC-2581A.	Yes
minusTol	ipc:nonNegativeDoubleType	See IPC-2581A.	Yes

## Permitted elements

The content model of the `PackageBlueprint` element contains one `Package` element. All child elements defined by IPC-2581A for the `Package` element are permitted, except the following:

`LineDescRef`  
`StandardPrimitiveRef`  
`UserPrimitiveRef`

## Example: DIP-6

The following XML fragment defines a package blueprint the DIP-6 package.

```

<PackageBlueprint id="DIP762W46P254L876Q6B" name="DIP-6" revisionDate="2012-07-17T21:32:52"
units="MILLIMETER">
  <Package name="DIP-6" type="CERAMIC_DIP">
    <Outline>
      <LineDesc lineEnd="ROUND" lineWidth="0.001"/>
      <Polygon>
        <PolyBegin x="-4.635" y="4.945"/>
        <PolyStepSegment x="-4.635" y="-4.945"/>
        <PolyStepSegment x="4.635" y="-4.945"/>
        <PolyStepSegment x="4.635" y="4.945"/>
        <PolyStepSegment x="-4.635" y="4.945"/>
      </Polygon>
    </Outline>
    <SilkScreen>
      <Outline>
        <LineDesc lineEnd="ROUND" lineWidth="0.2"/>
        <Polygon>
          <PolyBegin x="-2.9" y="4.4"/>
          <PolyStepSegment x="-2.9" y="-4.4"/>
          <PolyStepSegment x="2.9" y="-4.4"/>
          <PolyStepSegment x="2.9" y="4.4"/>
          <PolyStepSegment x="-2.9" y="4.4"/>
        </Polygon>
      </Outline>
      <Marking markingUsage="PIN_ONE">
        <Location x="-1.88" y="3.4"/>
        <Circle diameter="1.0"/>
      </Marking>
    </SilkScreen>
  </AssemblyDrawing>

```

```

<Outline>
  <LineDesc lineEnd="ROUND" lineWidth="0.1"/>
  <Polygon>
    <PolyBegin x="-3.21" y="4.38"/>
    <PolyStepSegment x="-3.21" y="-4.38"/>
    <PolyStepSegment x="3.21" y="-4.38"/>
    <PolyStepSegment x="3.21" y="4.38"/>
    <PolyStepSegment x="-3.21" y="4.38"/>
  </Polygon>
</Outline>
<Marking markingUsage="PIN_ONE">
  <Location x="-2.2" y="3.37"/>
  <Donut shape="ROUND" outerDiameter="1.0" innerDiameter="0.8"/>
</Marking>
</AssemblyDrawing>
<Pin number="1" type="THRU" electricalType="ELECTRICAL" mountType="THROUGH_HOLE_PIN">
  <Location x="-3.81" y="2.54"/>
  <RectCenter width="1.15" height="1.15"/>
  <Hole name="1" diameter="0.5" platingStatus="PLATED" plusTol="0.005"
minusTol="0.005" x="0" y="0"/>
</Pin>
<Pin number="2" type="THRU" electricalType="ELECTRICAL" mountType="THROUGH_HOLE_PIN">
  <Location x="-3.81" y="0"/>
  <Circle diameter="1.15"/>
  <Hole name="2" diameter="0.5" platingStatus="PLATED" plusTol="0.005"
minusTol="0.005" x="0" y="0"/>
</Pin>
<Pin number="3" type="THRU" electricalType="ELECTRICAL" mountType="THROUGH_HOLE_PIN">
  <Location x="-3.81" y="-2.54"/>
  <Circle diameter="1.15"/>
  <Hole name="3" diameter="0.5" platingStatus="PLATED" plusTol="0.005"
minusTol="0.005" x="0" y="0"/>
</Pin>
<Pin number="4" type="THRU" electricalType="ELECTRICAL" mountType="THROUGH_HOLE_PIN">
  <Location x="3.81" y="-2.54"/>
  <Circle diameter="1.15"/>
  <Hole name="4" diameter="0.5" platingStatus="PLATED" plusTol="0.005"
minusTol="0.005" x="0" y="0"/>
</Pin>
<Pin number="5" type="THRU" electricalType="ELECTRICAL" mountType="THROUGH_HOLE_PIN">
  <Location x="3.81" y="0"/>
  <Circle diameter="1.15"/>
  <Hole name="5" diameter="0.5" platingStatus="PLATED" plusTol="0.005"
minusTol="0.005" x="0" y="0"/>
</Pin>
<Pin number="6" type="THRU" electricalType="ELECTRICAL" mountType="THROUGH_HOLE_PIN">
  <Location x="3.81" y="2.54"/>
  <Circle diameter="1.15"/>
  <Hole name="6" diameter="0.5" platingStatus="PLATED" plusTol="0.005"
minusTol="0.005" x="0" y="0"/>
</Pin>
</Package>
</PackageBlueprint>

```

## Example: SOIC-8

The following XML fragment defines a package blueprint the SOIC-8 package.

```
<PackageBlueprint id="SOIC127P600-8N" name="SOIC-8" revisionDate="2012-07-17T21:32:52"
units="MILLIMETER">
  <Package name="SOIC-8" type="SOIC">
    <Outline>
      <LineDesc lineEnd="ROUND" lineWidth="0.001000"/>
      <Polygon>
        <PolyBegin x="-3.75" y="2.75"/>
        <PolyStepSegment x="-3.75" y="-2.75"/>
        <PolyStepSegment x="3.75" y="-2.75"/>
        <PolyStepSegment x="3.75" y="2.75"/>
        <PolyStepSegment x="-3.75" y="2.75"/>
      </Polygon>
    </Outline>
    <SilkScreen>
      <Outline>
        <LineDesc lineEnd="ROUND" lineWidth="0.2"/>
        <Polygon>
          <PolyBegin x="-1.5" y="2.45"/>
          <PolyStepSegment x="-1.5" y="-2.45"/>
          <PolyStepSegment x="1.5" y="-2.45"/>
          <PolyStepSegment x="1.5" y="2.45"/>
          <PolyStepSegment x="-1.5" y="2.45"/>
        </Polygon>
      </Outline>
      <Marking markingUsage="PIN_ONE">
        <Location x="0" y="0"/>
        <Contour>
          <Polygon>
            <PolyBegin x="-1.5" y="2.45"/>
            <PolyStepSegment x="-1.5" y="1.3"/>
            <PolyStepSegment x="-0.35" y="2.45"/>
            <PolyStepSegment x="-1.5" y="2.45"/>
          </Polygon>
        </Contour>
      </Marking>
    </SilkScreen>
    <AssemblyDrawing>
      <Outline>
        <LineDesc lineEnd="ROUND" lineWidth="0.1"/>
        <Polygon>
          <PolyBegin x="-1.95" y="2.45"/>
          <PolyStepSegment x="-1.95" y="-2.45"/>
          <PolyStepSegment x="1.95" y="-2.45"/>
          <PolyStepSegment x="1.95" y="2.45"/>
          <PolyStepSegment x="-1.95" y="2.45"/>
        </Polygon>
      </Outline>
      <Marking markingUsage="PIN_ONE">
        <Location x="-0.95" y="1.45"/>
      </Marking>
    </AssemblyDrawing>
  </Package>
</PackageBlueprint>
```

```

        <Donut shape="ROUND" outerDiameter="1.0" innerDiameter="0.8"/>
    </Marking>
</AssemblyDrawing>
<Pin number="1" type="SURFACE" electricalType="ELECTRICAL"
mountType="SURFACE_MOUNT_PAD">
    <Location x="-2.65" y="1.905"/>
    <RectCenter width="1.65" height="0.6"/>
</Pin>
<Pin number="2" type="SURFACE" electricalType="ELECTRICAL"
mountType="SURFACE_MOUNT_PAD">
    <Location x="-2.65" y="0.635"/>
    <RectCenter width="1.65" height="0.6"/>
</Pin>
<Pin number="3" type="SURFACE" electricalType="ELECTRICAL"
mountType="SURFACE_MOUNT_PAD">
    <Location x="-2.65" y="-0.635"/>
    <RectCenter width="1.65" height="0.6"/>
</Pin>
<Pin number="4" type="SURFACE" electricalType="ELECTRICAL"
mountType="SURFACE_MOUNT_PAD">
    <Location x="-2.65" y="-1.905"/>
    <RectCenter width="1.65" height="0.6"/>
</Pin>
<Pin number="5" type="SURFACE" electricalType="ELECTRICAL"
mountType="SURFACE_MOUNT_PAD">
    <Location x="2.65" y="-1.905"/>
    <RectCenter width="1.65" height="0.6"/>
</Pin>
<Pin number="6" type="SURFACE" electricalType="ELECTRICAL"
mountType="SURFACE_MOUNT_PAD">
    <Location x="2.65" y="-0.635"/>
    <RectCenter width="1.65" height="0.6"/>
</Pin>
<Pin number="7" type="SURFACE" electricalType="ELECTRICAL"
mountType="SURFACE_MOUNT_PAD">
    <Location x="2.65" y="0.635"/>
    <RectCenter width="1.65" height="0.6"/>
</Pin>
<Pin number="8" type="SURFACE" electricalType="ELECTRICAL"
mountType="SURFACE_MOUNT_PAD">
    <Location x="2.65" y="1.905"/>
    <RectCenter width="1.65" height="0.6"/>
</Pin>
</Package>
</PackageBlueprint>

```



# Chapter 8 Category Information for Component Organization

## The ComponentCategoryDictionary element

ComponentCategoryDictionary

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `ComponentLibrary` element

### Content model:

Zero or more `Category` elements

### Attributes:

`dictionaryId`

`revisionDate`

Defines a hierarchical structure for components. Components may exist in multiple categories, and applications may display the results merged. Tree nodes are described by nested `Category` elements that identify which components exist in the node.

Components not referenced by any `Category` element should appear uncategorized.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>dictionaryId</code>	<code>notEmptyString</code>	A unique identifier for the category tree.	Yes
<code>revisionDate</code>	<code>xsd:dateTime</code>	Date of this revision.	Yes

## Component Category Dictionary Identifiers

*This section is non-normative.*

`dictionaryId` instances should be globally unique, although there is no registration process. In order to ensure uniqueness, `dictionaryId` instances should be written in reverse domain name notation. Examples of reverse domain name notation are:

`com.domainname.analogcomponents`  
`com.companyname`

# The Category element

Category

## Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `ComponentCategoryDictionary` element or as an element in the `Category` element

## Content model:

Zero or more `LocalizedName` elements followed by zero or more `BlueprintRef` elements followed by zero or more `Category` elements, followed by zero or more `CategoryDictionaryRef` elements

## Attributes:

`name`

Defines an item (node) in the component category hierarchy. The `name` attribute provides a default name for the component category.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>name</code>	<code>notEmptyString</code>	A name for the family using US ASCII characters, as defined by IETF RFC 3986. Name must be unique within the context.	Yes

*The following paragraph is non-normative.*

Names containing characters not in the US ASCII character set can be specified by specifying a `LocalizedName` with an empty `xml:lang` attribute.

# The LocalizedName element

LocalizedName

## Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `Category` element

## Content model:

Empty

## Attributes:

`xml:lang`

`name`

Defines a translated name for the parent category.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>xml:lang</code>	Language identifier as defined by IETF BCP 47	The language for the localized name, or an empty string.	Yes
<code>name</code>	<code>notEmptyString</code>	The localized name for the category. Name must be unique within the context (sibling categories with the same name language identifier).	Yes

## The BlueprintRef element

BlueprintRef

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `Category` element

### Content model:

Empty

### Attributes:

`blueprintRef`

`blueprintDateTime`

Defines a reference to a component that exists at the particular node in the category.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>blueprintRef</code>	<code>identifierRefType</code>	The unique identifier for the component.	Yes
<code>blueprintDateTime</code>	<code>xsd:dateTime</code>	The <code>dateTime</code> of the referenced <code>Blueprint</code> . If omitted, matches the most recent <code>Blueprint</code> .	No

# The CategoryDictionaryRef element

CategoryDictionaryRef

## Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [Category](#) element

## Content model:

Empty

## Attributes:

[dictionaryId](#)

Defines a reference to a component that exists at the particular node in the category.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<a href="#">dictionaryId</a>	<a href="#">notEmptyString</a>	The unique identifier for the component category dictionary (see the <a href="#">dictionaryId</a> attribute of the <a href="#">CategoryDictionary</a> element).	Yes

## Example

The following XML fragment defines a component category dictionary.

```
<ComponentCategoryDictionary dictionaryId="com.mycompany" revisionDate="2012-07-17T21:32:52">
  <Category name="Generic Manufacturer">
    <LocalizedString xml:lang="de" name="Generika-Hersteller"/>
    <Category name="Digital">
      <BlueprintRef blueprintRef="com.mycompany.comp.123"/>
      <BlueprintRef blueprintRef="com.mycompany.comp.456"/>
    </Category>
    <Category name="Analog">
      <BlueprintRef blueprintRef="com.mycompany.comp.789"/>
    </Category>
    <Category name="Educational">
      <LocalizedString xml:lang="de" name="Bildung"/>
      <!-- The component below is also in the Digital category -->
      <BlueprintRef blueprintRef="com.mycompany.comp.456"/>
    </Category>
    <CategoryDictionaryRef dictionaryId="com.companyinc.in-dev-components"/>
  </Category>
  <Category name="Components Inc">
    <BlueprintRef blueprintRef="com.mycompany.comp.ABC"/>
  </Category>
</ComponentCategoryDictionary>
```

# Chapter 9 Components for Representing Orderable Items

## The ComponentBlueprintDictionary element

---

ComponentBlueprintDictionary

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [ComponentLibrary](#) element

### Content model:

Zero or more [ComponentBlueprint](#) elements

### Attributes:

None

Defines component blueprints as combinations of graphic symbols, simulation models and packages that when combined, represent an electronic component.

# The ComponentBlueprint element

ComponentBlueprint

## Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `ComponentBlueprintDictionary` element

## Content model:

The following elements in any order

One `Connections` element

Zero or one `Sections` elements

One `SymbolConfigurations` element

Zero or one `SimulationModelConfigurations` elements

Zero or one `OrderablePackageConfigurations` elements

Zero or one `Properties` elements

## Attributes:

`id`

`name`

`revisionDate`

The component blueprint is the main definition of a component. Component blueprint definitions in the component blueprint dictionary are not self-contained. Rather, component blueprints reference the other dictionaries in this or possibly other libraries. The primary role of the component blueprint is to tie these pieces together.

The component blueprint defines the connections on the component blueprint in the `Connections` and `Sections` sub-elements. Additionally, the component blueprint references items in other dictionaries (symbol, model and package) through the `SymbolConfigurations`, `SimulationModelConfigurations` and `PackageConfigurations` sub-elements, and defines the mapping between connections in the component and the pins, pads, ports, etc. in the mapped item.

The simplest `ComponentBlueprint` contains a list of connections (the `Connections` element) and an associated graphic symbol (the `SymbolConfigurations` element).

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
id	identifierType	Unique identifier for the component.	Yes
name	notEmptyString	Name of the component.	Yes
revisionDate	xsd:dateTime	Date of this revision.	Yes

# The Connections element

Connections

**Contexts in which this element can be used:**

As an element in the `ComponentBlueprint` element

**Content model:**

One or more `Connection` elements

**Attributes:**

None

Defines the complete set of connections on the component. Each electrically independent connection to the component has a unique `Connection` element. For example, repeated ground connections only have one `Connection` element if the ground connections are internally connected. The connection list must include non-electrical connections exposed by a referenced simulation model in order to connect to the connection from a symbol.

# The Connection element

Connection

**Contexts in which this element can be used:**

As an element in the `Connection` element

**Content model:**

Empty

**Attributes:**

`connName`

Defines the reference name for a connection on the component.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>connName</code>	<code>connectionNameType</code>	Identifier for the connection. This name is used as a reference within the component definition.	Yes

## The Sections element

Sections

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `ComponentBlueprint` element

### Content model:

One or more `Section` elements

### Attributes:

None

The `Sections` element groups connections and defines groups of connections that are functionally identical. Section order is not important, however, implementations should display connections in the same order as they occur in the `ComponentLibrary`.

Sections on the component group related pins. Sections define swappable units on a component. For example, a component with two AND gates would have two sections, one for each gate. The `Sections` element may be omitted for components with a single section.

## The Section element

Section

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `Sections` element

### Content model:

One or more `ConnInstance` elements

### Attributes:

`name`

`sectionSwapGroup`

Defines a grouping of connections by section.



Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>name</code>	<code>notEmptyString</code>	The section name is the name for mapping with graphic symbols, simulation models, and for display. Typically this is A, B, C, etc, or a functional description of the section. The name must be unique for a particular <code>ComponentBlueprint</code> .  Required for components with multiple sections. May be omitted or empty value for single section components.	No
<code>sectionSwapGroup</code>	<code>xsd:string</code>	Sections with the name <code>sectionSwapGroup</code> value are functionally equivalent. An empty <code>sectionSwapGroup</code> does not match other empty <code>sectionSwapGroup</code> instances.	No

## The ConnInstance element

ConnInstance

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `Section` element

### Content model:

Empty

### Attributes:

`connName`

`connSwapGroup`

Identifies the connection as belonging to the ancestor section. Connections can belong to multiple sections (shared/common pins).

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>connName</code>	<code>connectionNameType</code>	The name of the connection from the list in the <code>Connections</code> element.	Yes
<code>connSwapGroup</code>	<code>xsd:string</code>	<p>Connections with the same <code>connSwapGroup</code> value are functionally equivalent within the same section.</p> <p>Identical <code>connSwapGroup</code> items identify functionally identical connections. A missing or empty <code>connSwapGroup</code> only matches identically named connections in other sections.</p> <p>If <code>sectionSwapGroup</code> is set for the containing <code>Section</code>, for the connections to be swappable all <code>ConnectionInstance</code> elements must have <code>connSwapGroup</code> specified and common names between <code>Section</code> elements, or identical connection names.</p>	No

## The SymbolConfigurations element

`SymbolConfigurations`

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `ComponentBlueprint` element

### Content model:

One or more `SymbolConfiguration` elements

### Attributes:

None

Defines a set of graphical symbols for a `ComponentBlueprint`.

# The SymbolConfiguration element

SymbolConfiguration

**Contexts in which this element can be used:**

As an element in the SymbolConfigurations element

**Content model:**

One or more Symbol elements

**Attributes:**

style  
refdesPrefix

References and maps a particular graphical symbol for the ComponentBlueprint.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
style	symbolStyleListType	The standards this graphical representation complies with.	Yes
refdesPrefix	prefixStringType	The character prefix for the RefDes, for example, IEC 81346 – Structuring principle and reference designators.	Yes

# The Symbol element

Symbol

**Contexts in which this element can be used:**

As an element in the SymbolConfiguration element

**Content model:**

One or more PinMap elements

**Attributes:**

symbolRef  
symbolDateTime  
sectionName

Defines a reference to the the graphical symbol for a particular section on the component blueprint, and the mapping between connections and pins on the symbol.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>symbolRef</code>	<code>identifierRefType</code>	The unique identifier of the graphical symbol, referenced from the <code>SymbolBlueprintDictionary</code> .	Yes
<code>symbolDateTime</code>	<code>xsd:dateTime</code>	The <code>dateTime</code> of the referenced <code>SymbolBlueprint</code> . If omitted, matches the most recent <code>SymbolBlueprint</code> .	No
<code>sectionName</code>	<code>xsd:string</code>	Identifies which section this symbol represents.  The value is the name of the section or missing/empty to indicate the graphic representation of all sections.	No

## The PinMap element

PinMap

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `Symbol` element

### Content model:

Empty

### Attributes:

`connName`

`symbolPinId`

`displayName`

Defines how connections on the component map to pin graphics on the symbol.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>connName</code>	<code>connectionNameType</code>	The name of the connection represented.	Yes
<code>symbolPinId</code>	<code>notEmptyString</code>	The ID of the pin in the <code>SymbolBlueprint</code> .	Yes
<code>displayName</code>	<code>notEmptyString</code>	The display name for the connection. This replaces the text on the <code>SymbolBlueprint</code> . If missing/empty, the <code>connName</code> attribute is used for the display name.	No

*The following paragraph is non-normative.*

Common practice shows inverted connections with lines above the characters. Overlines are drawn using the Unicode combining overline character (U+0305). Numeric superscript and subscript are similarly drawn using the Unicode superscript and subscript characters.

## The SimulationModelConfigurations element

`SimulationModelConfigurations`

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `ComponentBlueprint` element

### Content model:

Zero or more `SimulationModelConfiguration` elements

### Attributes:

None

Defines a set of simulation models for a `ComponentBlueprint`.

## The SimulationModelConfiguration element

SimulationModelConfiguration

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `SimulationModelConfigurations` element

### Content model:

One or more `SimulationModel` elements

### Attributes:

None

Defines a reference to a particular simulation model for the component. The simulation model configuration is a complete set of simulation models for all sections on a component.

## The SimulationModel element

SimulationModel

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `SimulationModelConfiguration` element

### Content model:

One or more `ModelPortMap` elements

### Attributes:

`modelRef`

`modelDateTime`

`sectionName`

Defines the simulation model for a particular section on the component, or for all sections on the component. The distinction is determined by the value of the `sectionName` attribute.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>modelRef</code>	<code>identifierRefType</code>	The unique identifier of the simulation model, referenced from the <code>SimulationModelBlueprintDictionary</code> .	Yes
<code>modelDateTime</code>	<code>xsd:dateTime</code>	The <code>dateTime</code> of the referenced <code>SimulationModelBlueprint</code> . If omitted, matches the most recent <code>SimulationModelBlueprint</code> .	No
<code>sectionName</code>	<code>xsd:string</code>	Identifies which section this model represents.  The value is the name of the section or missing/empty to indicate the model representation of all sections.	No

## The ModelPortMap element

ModelPortMap

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `SimulationModel` element

### Content model:

Empty

### Attributes:

`connName`

`portName`

Defines how connections on the component map to ports on the simulation model.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>connName</code>	<code>connectionNameType</code>	The name of the connection represented. The connection must belong to the section that this model represents.	Yes
<code>portName</code>	<code>notEmptyString</code>	The name of the port on the referenced simulation model being represented.	Yes

## The OrderablePackageConfigurations element

`OrderablePackageConfigurations`

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `ComponentBlueprint` element

### Content model:

One or more `OrderablePackageConfiguration` elements

### Attributes:

None

Defines a set of packages for a `ComponentBlueprint`.

## The OrderablePackageConfiguration element

`OrderablePackageConfiguration`

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `OrderablePackageConfigurations` element

### Content model:

Zero or more `PadMap` elements

### Attributes:

`id`  
`partNumber`  
`manufacturer`  
`manufacturerPackageRef`  
`manufacturerPackageDateTime`

Defines a particular orderable package for the component blueprint. Components are often available in multiple packages with nearly identical functionality, and the package configuration defines a particular orderable component.



Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>id</code>	<code>identifierType</code>	Unique identifier for the orderable package.	Yes
<code>partNumber</code>	<code>notEmptyString</code>	The part number to use to order the component with the particular package. The combination of the <code>partNumber</code> and <code>manufacturer</code> must be unique for the component blueprint.	Yes
<code>manufacturer</code>	<code>notEmptyString</code>	The manufacturer for the component. The combination of the <code>partNumber</code> and <code>manufacturer</code> must be unique for the component blueprint.	Yes
<code>manufacturerPackageRef</code>	<code>identifierRefType</code>	The unique identifier of the package, referenced from the <code>ManufacturerPackageDictionary</code> .	Yes
<code>manufacturerPackageDateTime</code>	<code>xsd:dateTime</code>	The <code>dateTime</code> of the referenced <code>ManufacturerPackage</code> . If omitted, matches the most recent <code>ManufacturerPackage</code> .	No

## The PadMap element

PadMap

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `OrderablePackageConfiguration` element

### Content model:

Empty

### Attributes:

`connName`

`padName`

Defines how connections on the component map to pads on the package.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
connName	connectionNameType	The name of the connection represented. Connections can be repeated when they map to multiple distinct pads on the manufacturer package.	Yes
padName	notEmptyString	The name of the pad on the referenced manufacturer package being represented. Pad names must be unique in the mapping.	Yes

## Example 1: resistor

The following XML fragment defines the component blueprint for a resistor.

```
<ComponentBlueprint id="com.example.comp.ABC123" name="ABC123">
  <Connections>
    <Connection connName="1"/>
    <Connection connName="2"/>
  </Connections>
  <Sections>
    <Section>
      <ConnInstance connName="1" connSwapGroup="1"/>
      <ConnInstance connName="2" connSwapGroup="1"/>
    </Section>
  </Sections>
  <SymbolConfigurations>
    <SymbolConfiguration style="IEEE_Std_315 IEC_60617" refdesPrefix="R">
      <Symbol symbolRef="com.example.symb.res"/>
        <PinMap connName="1" symbolPinId="1" displayName="1"/>
        <PinMap connName="2" symbolPinId="2" displayName="2"/>
      </Symbol>
    </SymbolConfiguration>
  </SymbolConfigurations>
  <SimulationModelConfigurations>
    <SimulationModelConfiguration>
      <SimulationModel modelRef="com.example.modl.res">
        <ModelPortMap connName="1" portName="1"/>
        <ModelPortMap connName="2" portName="2"/>
      </SimulationModel>
    </SimulationModelConfiguration>
  </SimulationModelConfigurations>
  <OrderablePackageConfigurations>
    <OrderablePackageConfiguration partNumber="ABC123-1" manufacturer="Components Inc"
manufacturerPackageRef="com.example.mpkg.pkg1">
      <PadMap connName="1" padName="A"/>
      <PadMap connName="2" padName="B"/>
    </OrderablePackageConfiguration>
    <OrderablePackageConfiguration partNumber="ABC123-2" manufacturer="Components Inc"
manufacturerPackageRef="com.example.mpkg.pkg2">
      <PadMap connName="1" padName="A"/>
    </OrderablePackageConfiguration>
  </OrderablePackageConfigurations>
</ComponentBlueprint>
```

```

        <PadMap connName="2" padName="B"/>
    </OrderablePackageConfiguration>
</OrderablePackageConfigurations>
</ComponentBlueprint>

```

## Example 2: electrolytic capacitor

---

The following XML fragment defines the component blueprint for an electrolytic capacitor.

```

<ComponentBlueprint id="com.example.comp.CBA123" name="CBA123">
    <Connections>
        <Connection connName="1"/>
        <Connection connName="2"/>
    </Connections>
    <SymbolConfigurations>
        <SymbolConfiguration style="IEEE_Std_315" refdesPrefix="C">
            <Symbol symbolRef="com.example.symb.cap">
                <PinMap connName="1" symbolPinId="1" displayName="1"/>
                <PinMap connName="2" symbolPinId="2" displayName="2"/>
            </Symbol>
        </SymbolConfiguration>
        <SymbolConfiguration style="IEC_60617" refdesPrefix="C">
            <Symbol symbolRef="com.example.symb.cap">
                <PinMap connName="1" symbolPinId="A" displayName="1"/>
                <PinMap connName="2" symbolPinId="B" displayName="2"/>
            </Symbol>
        </SymbolConfiguration>
    </SymbolConfigurations>
    <SimulationModelConfigurations>
        <SimulationModelConfiguration>
            <SimulationModel modelRef="com.example.modl.CBA123">
                <ModelPortMap connName="1" portName="1"/>
                <ModelPortMap connName="2" portName="2"/>
            </SimulationModel>
        </SimulationModelConfiguration>
    </SimulationModelConfigurations>
    <OrderablePackageConfigurations>
        <OrderablePackageConfiguration partNumber="CBA123-1" manufacturer="Components Inc"
manufacturerPackageRef="com.example.mpkg.CBA123-1">
            <PadMap connName="1" padName="A"/>
            <PadMap connName="2" padName="B"/>
        </OrderablePackageConfiguration>
    </OrderablePackageConfigurations>
</ComponentBlueprint>

```

## Example 3: electrolytic capacitor #2

---

The following XML fragment defines the component blueprint for an electrolytic capacitor. This definition is equivalent to Example 2.

```

<ComponentBlueprint id="com.example.comp.cap" name="Electrolytic Capacitor">
    <Connections>
        <Connection connName="1"/>
    </Connections>

```

```

    <Connection connName="2"/>
</Connections>
<Sections>
  <Section name="0">
    <ConnInstance connName="1" connGroup="1"/>
    <ConnInstance connName="2" connGroup="2"/>
  </Section>
</Sections>
<SymbolConfigurations>
  <SymbolConfiguration style="IEEE_Std_315 IEC_60617" refdesPrefix="C">
    <Symbol symbolRef="com.example.symb.generic-cap">
      <PinMap connName="1" symbolPinId="1" displayName="1"/>
      <PinMap connName="2" symbolPinId="2" displayName="2"/>
    </Symbol>
  </SymbolConfiguration>
</SymbolConfigurations>
<SimulationModelConfigurations>
  <SimulationModelConfiguration>
    <SimulationModel modelRef="com.example.modl.generic-cap">
      <ModelPortMap connName="1" portName="1"/>
      <ModelPortMap connName="2" portName="2"/>
    </SimulationModel>
  </SimulationModelConfiguration>
</SimulationModelConfigurations>
<OrderablePackageConfigurations>
  <OrderablePackageConfiguration partNumber="CBA123-1" manufacturer="Components Inc"
manufacturerPackageRef="com.example.mpkg.CBA123-1">
    <PadMap connName="1" padName="A"/>
    <PadMap connName="2" padName="B"/>
  </OrderablePackageConfiguration>
</OrderablePackageConfigurations>
</ComponentBlueprint>

```

## Example 4: quad 2-input positive NAND gates

The following XML fragment defines the component blueprint for the 7400N quad 2-input positive NAND gates. On the second symbol configuration, some pins are not visible and require hidden connections.

```

<ComponentBlueprint id="com.example.comp.7400N" name="7400N">
  <Connections>
    <Connection connName="1A"/>
    <Connection connName="1B"/>
    <Connection connName="1Y"/>
    <Connection connName="2A"/>
    <Connection connName="2B"/>
    <Connection connName="2Y"/>
    <Connection connName="3A"/>
    <Connection connName="3B"/>
    <Connection connName="3Y"/>
    <Connection connName="4A"/>
    <Connection connName="4B"/>
    <Connection connName="4Y"/>
    <Connection connName="VCC"/>
  </Connections>

```

```

    <Connection connName="GND"/>
</Connections>
<Sections>
  <Section name="1" sectionSwapGroup="1">
    <ConnInstance connName="1A" connSwapGroup="1"/>
    <ConnInstance connName="1B" connSwapGroup="1"/>
    <ConnInstance connName="1Y" connSwapGroup="2"/>
    <ConnInstance connName="VCC"/>
    <ConnInstance connName="GND"/>
  </Section>
  <Section name="2" sectionSwapGroup="1">
    <ConnInstance connName="2A" connSwapGroup="1"/>
    <ConnInstance connName="2B" connSwapGroup="1"/>
    <ConnInstance connName="2Y" connSwapGroup="2"/>
    <ConnInstance connName="VCC"/>
    <ConnInstance connName="GND"/>
  </Section>
  <Section name="3" sectionSwapGroup="1">
    <ConnInstance connName="3A" connSwapGroup="1"/>
    <ConnInstance connName="3B" connSwapGroup="1"/>
    <ConnInstance connName="3Y" connSwapGroup="2"/>
    <ConnInstance connName="VCC"/>
    <ConnInstance connName="GND"/>
  </Section>
  <Section name="4" sectionSwapGroup="1">
    <ConnInstance connName="4A" connSwapGroup="1"/>
    <ConnInstance connName="4B" connSwapGroup="1"/>
    <ConnInstance connName="4Y" connSwapGroup="2"/>
    <ConnInstance connName="VCC"/>
    <ConnInstance connName="GND"/>
  </Section>
</Sections>
<SymbolConfigurations>
  <SymbolConfiguration style="IEEE_Std_315 IEC_60617" refdesPrefix="U">
    <Symbol symbolRef="com.example.symb.nand-quad">
      <PinMap connName="1A" symbolPinId="1" displayName="A"/>
      <PinMap connName="1B" symbolPinId="2" displayName="B"/>
      <PinMap connName="1Y" symbolPinId="3" displayName="Y"/>
      <PinMap connName="2A" symbolPinId="4" displayName="A"/>
      <PinMap connName="2B" symbolPinId="5" displayName="B"/>
      <PinMap connName="2Y" symbolPinId="6" displayName="Y"/>
      <PinMap connName="3A" symbolPinId="7" displayName="A"/>
      <PinMap connName="3B" symbolPinId="8" displayName="B"/>
      <PinMap connName="3Y" symbolPinId="9" displayName="Y"/>
      <PinMap connName="4A" symbolPinId="10" displayName="A"/>
      <PinMap connName="4B" symbolPinId="11" displayName="B"/>
      <PinMap connName="4Y" symbolPinId="12" displayName="Y"/>
      <PinMap connName="VCC" symbolPinId="13" displayName="VCC"/>
      <PinMap connName="GND" symbolPinId="14" displayName="GND"/>
    </Symbol>
  </SymbolConfiguration>
  <SymbolConfiguration style="IEEE_Std_315 IEC_60617" refdesPrefix="U">
    <Symbol symbolRef="com.example.symb.nand" sectionName="1">
      <PinMap connName="1A" symbolPinId="1" displayName="1A"/>

```

```

        <PinMap connName="1B" symbolPinId="2" displayName="1B"/>
        <PinMap connName="1Y" symbolPinId="3" displayName="1C"/>
    </Symbol>
    <Symbol symbolRef="com.example.symb.nand" sectionName="2">
        <PinMap connName="2A" symbolPinId="1" displayName="2A"/>
        <PinMap connName="2B" symbolPinId="2" displayName="2B"/>
        <PinMap connName="2Y" symbolPinId="3" displayName="2C"/>
    </Symbol>
    <Symbol symbolRef="com.example.symb.nand" sectionName="3">
        <PinMap connName="3A" symbolPinId="1" displayName="3A"/>
        <PinMap connName="3B" symbolPinId="2" displayName="3B"/>
        <PinMap connName="3Y" symbolPinId="3" displayName="3C"/>
    </Symbol>
    <Symbol symbolRef="com.example.symb.nand" sectionName="4">
        <PinMap connName="4A" symbolPinId="1" displayName="4A"/>
        <PinMap connName="4B" symbolPinId="2" displayName="4B"/>
        <PinMap connName="4Y" symbolPinId="3" displayName="4C"/>
    </Symbol>
</SymbolConfiguration>
</SymbolConfigurations>
<SimulationModelConfigurations>
    <SimulationModelConfiguration>
        <SimulationModel modelRef="com.example.modl.nand-quad">
            <ModelPortMap connName="1A" portName="1"/>
            <ModelPortMap connName="1B" portName="2"/>
            <ModelPortMap connName="1Y" portName="3"/>
            <ModelPortMap connName="2A" portName="4"/>
            <ModelPortMap connName="2B" portName="5"/>
            <ModelPortMap connName="2Y" portName="6"/>
            <ModelPortMap connName="3A" portName="7"/>
            <ModelPortMap connName="3B" portName="8"/>
            <ModelPortMap connName="3Y" portName="9"/>
            <ModelPortMap connName="4A" portName="10"/>
            <ModelPortMap connName="4B" portName="11"/>
            <ModelPortMap connName="4Y" portName="12"/>
            <ModelPortMap connName="VCC" portName="13"/>
            <ModelPortMap connName="GND" portName="14"/>
        </SimulationModel>
    </SimulationModelConfiguration>
</SimulationModelConfigurations>
<OrderablePackageConfigurations>
    <OrderablePackageConfiguration partNumber="SN5400N" manufacturer="Comp Manuf Inc"
manufacturerPackageRef="com.example.ordpkg.SN4500N">
        <PadMap connName="1A" padName="1"/>
        <PadMap connName="1B" padName="2"/>
        <PadMap connName="1Y" padName="3"/>
        <PadMap connName="2A" padName="4"/>
        <PadMap connName="2B" padName="5"/>
        <PadMap connName="2Y" padName="6"/>
        <PadMap connName="GND" padName="7"/>
        <PadMap connName="3A" padName="8"/>
        <PadMap connName="3B" padName="9"/>
        <PadMap connName="3Y" padName="10"/>
        <PadMap connName="4A" padName="11"/>

```

```

    <PadMap connName="4B" padName="12"/>
    <PadMap connName="4Y" padName="13"/>
    <PadMap connName="VCC" padName="14"/>
  </OrderablePackageConfiguration>
  <OrderablePackageConfiguration partNumber="SNJ5400W" manufacturer="Comp Manuf Inc"
manufacturerPackageRef="com.example.ordpkg.SNJ4500W">
    <PadMap connName="1A" padName="1"/>
    <PadMap connName="1B" padName="2"/>
    <PadMap connName="1Y" padName="3"/>
    <PadMap connName="GND" padName="4"/>
    <PadMap connName="2A" padName="5"/>
    <PadMap connName="2B" padName="6"/>
    <PadMap connName="2Y" padName="7"/>
    <PadMap connName="3A" padName="8"/>
    <PadMap connName="3B" padName="9"/>
    <PadMap connName="3Y" padName="10"/>
    <PadMap connName="VCC" padName="11"/>
    <PadMap connName="4A" padName="12"/>
    <PadMap connName="4B" padName="13"/>
    <PadMap connName="4Y" padName="14"/>
  </OrderablePackageConfiguration>
  <OrderablePackageConfiguration partNumber="FJH131" manufacturer="Part Manuf Inc"
manufacturerPackageRef="com.example.ordpkg.FJH131">
    <PadMap connName="1A" padName="1"/>
    <PadMap connName="1B" padName="2"/>
    <PadMap connName="1Y" padName="3"/>

    <PadMap connName="2A" padName="4"/>

    <PadMap connName="2B" padName="5"/>
    <PadMap connName="2Y" padName="6"/>
    <PadMap connName="GND" padName="7"/>
    <PadMap connName="3A" padName="8"/>
    <PadMap connName="3B" padName="9"/>
    <PadMap connName="3Y" padName="10"/>
    <PadMap connName="4A" padName="11"/>
    <PadMap connName="4B" padName="12"/>
    <PadMap connName="4Y" padName="13"/>
    <PadMap connName="VCC" padName="14"/>
  </OrderablePackageConfiguration>
</OrderablePackageConfigurations>
</ComponentBlueprint>

```





# Chapter 10 Status Information for Component Obsolescence

## The StatusDictionary element

StatusDictionary

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [ComponentLibrary](#) element

### Content model:

Zero or more [Status](#) elements

### Attributes:

None

Defines obsolescence (availability) information for components.

## The Status element

Status

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [StatusDictionary](#) element

### Content model:

Zero or more [Replacement](#) elements

### Attributes:

[ref](#)

[status](#)

[comment](#)

The [Status](#) element describes the default availability/obsolescence of a [ComponentBlueprint](#) or a specific availability/obsolescence of particular [PackageConfiguration](#). Additionally, the [Status](#) may define replacement [ComponentBlueprint/PackageConfiguration](#) items. The [Status](#) element references the [ComponentBlueprint/OrderablePackageConfiguration](#) by ID.

[ComponentBlueprint](#) and [OrderablePackageConfiguration](#) instances without status information are defined to be available without restriction.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>ref</code>	<code>identifierRefType</code>	Reference to the unique identifier for the <code>ComponentBlueprint</code> or <code>PackageConfiguration</code> .	Yes
<code>status</code>	<code>statusType</code>	Defines the default status for all part numbers in the component blueprint.	Yes
<code>comment</code>	<code>xsd:string</code>	Implementations may use this field to indicate the source of the status information.	No

Defines status information for a particular part number from a manufacturer. This element describes the manufacturer's definition of status/availability, as opposed to the availability from a particular supplier/distributor.

## The Replacement element

Replacement

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `Status` element

### Content model:

Empty

### Attributes:

`ref`

Defines a replacement for an obsolete part.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>ref</code>	<code>identifierRefType</code>	Reference to the unique identifier for the <code>ComponentBlueprint</code> or <code>PackageConfiguration</code> of the replacement.	Yes

# Chapter 11 Order Information for Connections to Suppliers/Distributors

## The OrderingInfoDictionary element

OrderingInfoDictionary

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [ComponentLibrary](#) element

### Content model:

Zero or more [OrderingInfo](#) elements

### Attributes:

None

Defines information about orderable components, for example from 3<sup>rd</sup> party distributors. This information can be included in the OECL, but often exists in 3<sup>rd</sup> party repositories. The order information is linked to the orderable component by a unique identifier.

## The OrderingInfo element

OrderingInfo

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the [OrderingInfoDictionary](#) element

### Content model:

Zero or more [Price](#) elements

### Attributes:

[supplierSku](#)

[supplierName](#)

[supplierUrl](#)

[availability](#)

[quantityAvailable](#)

[orderablePackageRef](#)

Defines purchase information about a particular component. The [OrderInfo](#) element is associated with the particular component through the [orderablePackageRef](#) attribute, allowing for multiple [OrderInfo](#) elements for the same component.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
supplierSku	xsd:string	The supplier's SKU for the component.	Yes
supplierName	xsd:string	The name of the supplier	Yes
supplierUrl	xsd:anyURL	Supplier specific URL for the component.	No
availability	availabilityType	Availability of the component from the supplier. Omitted attribute is equivalent to <code>unknown</code>	No
quantityAvailable	quantityAvailableType	The quantity that the supplier has available. Omitted attribute is equivalent to <code>unknown</code> .	No
orderablePackageRef	identifierRefType	Reference to the unique identifier for the <code>OrderablePackageConfiguration</code> .	Yes

## The Price Element

Price

### Contexts in which this element can be used:

As an element in the `OrderingInfo` element

### Content model:

Empty

### Attributes:

`minimumQuantity`  
`price`  
`currency`

Defines pricing for ordering. Prices are grouped into ranges.

Attribute	Attribute Type	Description	Required
<code>minimumQuantity</code>	<code>positiveDecimalType</code>	The minimum number of items for this unit price.	Yes
<code>unitPrice</code>	<code>xsd:decimal</code>	The price per unit.	Yes
<code>currency</code>	<code>currencyType</code>	The currency using the ISO 4217 alphabetic code (three-character),	Yes

## Example

The following example defines ordering information from two separate suppliers/distributors or the same component (manufacturer part number).

```
<OrderingInfo supplierSku="ABC-123" supplierName="Part Distributor Inc"
supplierUrl="http://www.example.com/ABC-123" availability="inStock" quantityAvailable="1000"
orderablePackageRef="com.example.ordpkg.ABC-123">
  <Price minimumQuantity="1" unitPrice="2.00" currency="USD"/>
  <Price minimumQuantity="100" unitPrice="1.50" currency="USD"/>
  <Price minimumQuantity="1000" unitPrice="1.25" currency="USD"/>
</OrderingInfo>
<OrderingInfo supplierSku="123-456-789" supplierName="Local Parts Inc"
supplierUrl="http://www.example.org/123-456-789" availability="unknown"
quantityAvailable="unknown" orderablePackageRef="org.example.ordpkg.123-456-789">
  <Price minimumQuantity="1" unitPrice="2.10" currency="USD"/>
  <Price minimumQuantity="100" unitPrice="1.55" currency="USD"/>
  <Price minimumQuantity="1000" unitPrice="1.20" currency="USD"/>
</OrderingInfo>
```



# Chapter 12 Standard Property Keys

The OECL Format allows extensions by defining standard property keys. Standard property keys allow applications to assign meaning to the property and perform application-specific processing on the property.

Consumers of OECL documents should use these standard property keys when processing the document.

## Short Description

property element type	TextProperty
key	short_description

Short description of a [ComponentBlueprint](#) with 160 or fewer characters.

### Example

```
<TextProperty key="short_description" name="Description" value="The value describes the component blueprint in fewer than 160 characters."/>
```

## Description

property element type	TextProperty
key	description

Description of a [ComponentBlueprint](#).

### Example

```
<TextProperty key="description" name="Description" value="The value describes the component blueprint. The description text could be very long."/>
```

## Datasheet

property element type	URLProperty
key	datasheet

Link to the datasheet for the [ComponentBlueprint](#). The link is directly to the datasheet, not a landing page with further links.

### Example

```
<URLProperty key="datasheet" name="Datasheet" value="http://www.example.com/datasheet.pdf"/>
```





# Chapter 13 References

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