SURVEYS

Survey Responses

AI/ML Algorithm Bias, Legal and Ethical Issues

Bias in this survey is not defined as the bias-variance trade-off that is typically taught in Artificial Intelligence (AI) / Machine Learning (ML) algorithmic design. Bias in the input to the algorithm (data sets in most cases) is defined as using certain features of the input data that can introduce bias into the algorithmic model. For example, using gender, race, or age to train a model where using those features can introduce legal or ethical issues. Bias in the algorithmic results interpretation is defined as cognitive biases by the interpreter. Legal and ethical issues in algorithmic bias encompasses any legal or ethical ramifications to the individual or company that creates, deploys, or interprets the results of the algorithms. This also includes any discussions on laws or policies that can govern the creation or use of AI/ML algorithms.

CSV

23,Yes

24,Yes
25,Yes
26,Yes
27,Yes
28,Yes
29,Yes
30,Yes
31,Yes
32,Yes
33,Yes

JSON

[{"id":"1541441483683","text":"Please see the survey at this location then acknowledge if you completed the survey: ","answers":
["Yes","
Yes","Y
es","Ye
s","Yes","Yes","Yes","Yes"]}]

Please see the survey at this location then acknowledge if you completed the survey:

1. Yes
2. Yes
3. Yes
4. Yes
5. Yes
6. Yes
7. Yes
8. Yes
9. Yes
10. Yes
11. Yes
12. Yes
13. Yes
14. Yes
15. Yes
16. Yes
17. Yes
18. Yes
19. Yes
20. Yes
21. Yes
22. Yes
23. Yes
24. Yes
25. Yes
26. Yes
27. Yes
28. Yes
29. Yes
30. Yes
31. Yes
32. Yes
33. Yes
34. Yes
35. Yes
36. Yes
37. Yes
38. Yes
39. Yes
40. Yes

41. Yes
42. Yes
43. Yes
44. Yes
45. Yes
46. Yes
47. Yes
48. Yes
49. Yes
50. Yes
51. Yes
52. Yes
53. Yes
54. Yes
55. Yes
56. Yes
57. Yes
58. Yes
59. Yes
60. Yes
61. Yes
62. Yes
63. Yes
64. Yes
65. Yes