

Diagram illustrating the wiring of a shielded cable with 8 twisted pairs. The conductors are labeled as follows:

- Left side (from top to bottom): Lx0_OUT +, Lx0_OUT -, Lx0_IN +, Lx1_OUT +, Lx1_OUT -, Lx0_IN -, Lx1_IN -, Lx1_IN -.
- Right side (from top to bottom): Lx0_OUT +, Lx0_OUT -, Lx0_IN +, Lx1_OUT +, Lx1_OUT -, Lx0_IN -, Lx1_IN +, Lx1_IN -.
- Shielding: SHIELD (center), SHIELD (outer).
- Grounding: DC GND (bottom).

This should give hardware support for hotswap with unconnected active XLinks, with bootloader in Flash.

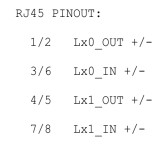


Diagram illustrating the internal wiring of a shielded cable. The cable has 8 twisted pairs (Lx0_OUT, Lx0_IN, Lx1_OUT, Lx1_IN) and two shields (SHIELD). The wiring is as follows:

- Lx0_OUT + is connected to 1
- Lx0_OUT - is connected to 2
- Lx0_IN + is connected to 3
- Lx0_IN - is connected to 4
- Lx1_OUT + is connected to 5
- Lx1_OUT - is connected to 6
- Lx1_IN + is connected to 7
- Lx1_IN - is connected to 8

The shields are connected to the ground (DC GND).

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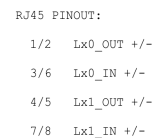


Diagram illustrating the wiring for a shielded cable with 8 twisted pairs. The cable has a central shield and an outer shield. The 8 twisted pairs are connected to the central shield. The outer shield is connected to ground. The diagram shows the wiring for the 8 twisted pairs and the shields.

Pair	Wire 1	Wire 2	Shield
1	Lx0_OUT +	Lx0_OUT -	SHIELD
2	Lx0_IN +	Lx0_IN -	
3	Lx1_OUT +	Lx1_OUT -	
4	Lx1_IN +	Lx1_IN -	
5	Lx0_OUT +	Lx0_OUT -	
6	Lx0_IN +	Lx0_IN -	
7	Lx1_OUT +	Lx1_OUT -	
8	Lx1_IN +	Lx1_IN -	

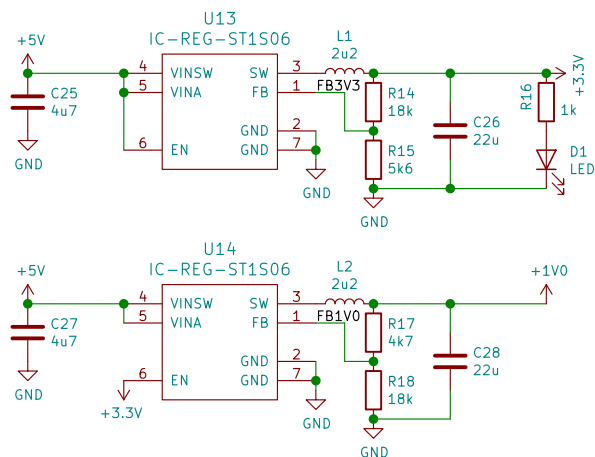
DC GND SHIELD SHIELD DC GND

This should give hardware support for hotswap with unconnected active XLinks, with bootloader in Flash.

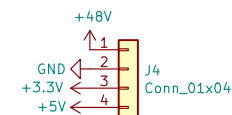
Cards can be power by USB or by the barrel jack 8–48V.
Alternative "+48V" can come from a connected daughter card.
Both USB and +48V should not be connected on the same PCB.
USB ground should be isolated from power ground for PC safety.

Power ports are Global in the schematics.

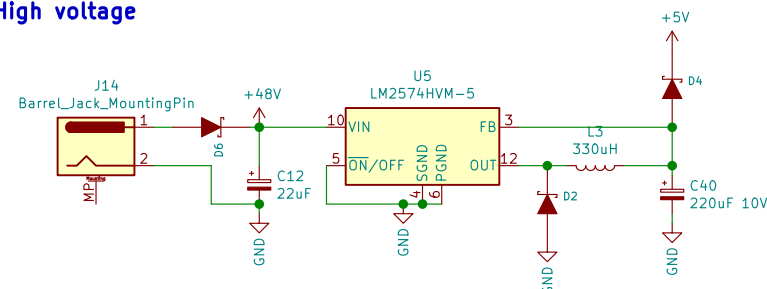
DC-DC



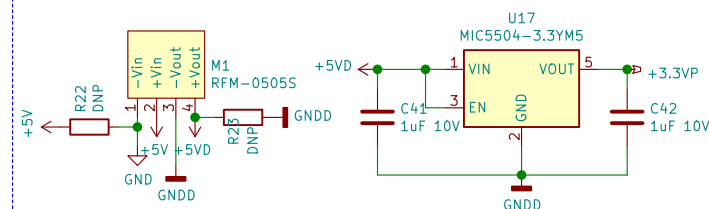
VDDIO/OTP_VCC and VDD can ramp up independently.
In order to reduce stresses on the device, it is preferable to make them ramp up in a short time frame of each other,
no more than 50 ms apart.
RST_N and TRST_N should be kept low until all power supplies are stable and within tolerances of their final voltage.
If your design is powered by VBUS, then RST_N should go high within 10 ms of attaching to VBUS in order to ensure that USB timings are met.
RST_N should be at least 1 ms after VDDIO good to enable the built-in flash to settle



High voltage



DC-DC isolation



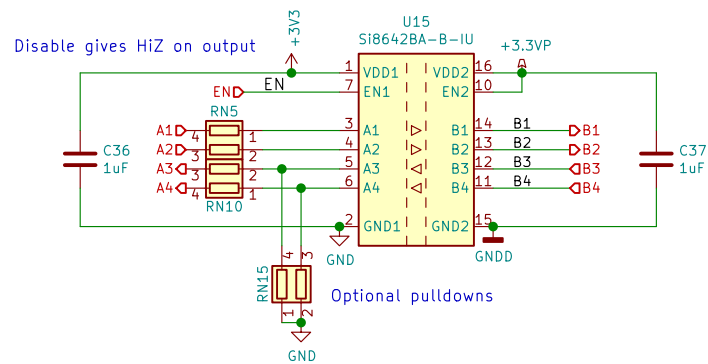
openPnP

Sheet: /POWER/
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Title: Power

Size: A4 Date: 2018-12-30
KiCad E.D.A. kicad (5.0.2)-1

Rev: BETA
Id: 6/10



On XLinks-2 wire, only one transition per clock cycle can happen within the pair, to avoid jitter/skew sensitivity.

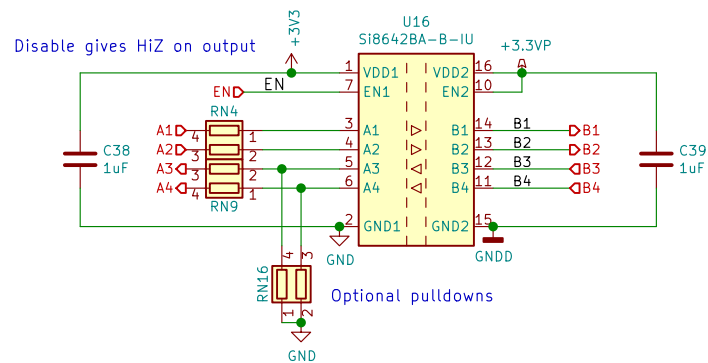
openPnP

Sheet: /ISOLATION_0/
File: file5D2AE1E1.sch

Title: Isolation

Size: A4 Date: 2018-12-30
KiCad E.D.A. kicad (5.0.2)-1

Rev: BETA
Id: 7/10



On XLinks-2 wire, only one transition per clock cycle can happen within the pair, to avoid jitter/skew sensitivity.

openPnP

Sheet: /ISOLATION_1/
File: file5D2AE1E1.sch

Title: Isolation

Size: A4 Date: 2018-12-30
KiCad E.D.A. kicad (5.0.2)-1

Rev: BETA
Id: 8/10

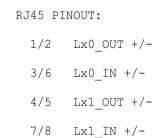


Diagram illustrating the wiring for a shielded cable with 8 twisted pairs. The cable has a central shield and an outer shield. The 8 twisted pairs are connected to the central shield. The outer shield is connected to ground. The diagram shows the wiring for the 8 twisted pairs and the shields.

Pair	Wire 1	Wire 2	Shield
1	Lx0_OUT +	Lx0_OUT -	SHIELD
2	Lx0_IN +	Lx0_IN -	
3	Lx1_OUT +	Lx1_OUT -	
4	Lx1_IN +	Lx1_IN -	
5	Lx0_OUT +	Lx0_OUT -	
6	Lx0_IN +	Lx0_IN -	
7	Lx1_OUT +	Lx1_OUT -	
8	Lx1_IN +	Lx1_IN -	

DC GND SHIELD SHIELD DC GND

Unconnected LVDS input gives HI out on TTL side.
Active XLinks input should be LO during reset.
XMO pins has internal pulldown.
Transciever needs to be in HiZ during XMO reset.

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The diagram illustrates a shielded cable assembly. On the left, there are eight signal lines labeled: Lx0_OUT +, Lx0_OUT -, Lx0_IN +, Lx1_OUT +, Lx1_OUT -, Lx0_IN -, Lx1_IN -, and Lx1_IN -. On the right, there are eight corresponding signal lines: Lx0_OUT +, Lx0_OUT -, Lx0_IN +, Lx1_OUT +, Lx1_OUT -, Lx0_IN -, Lx1_IN +, and Lx1_IN -. In the center, a shielded cable is shown with a central conductor and a surrounding shield. The shield is connected to ground (DC GND) at both ends. The signal lines are connected to the central conductor and the shield. The shield is labeled 'SHIELD' at both ends.

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