

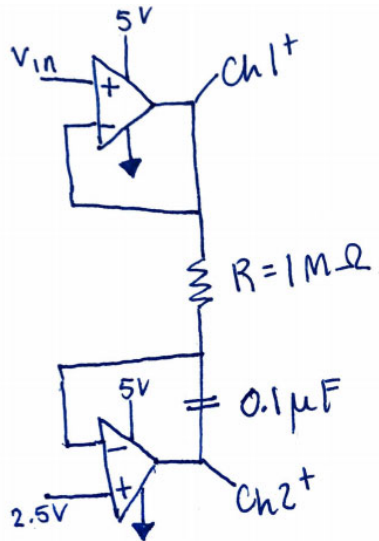
Lab 7: Controlling Current with Op-Amps

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Circuit

This circuit is a current source, producing a current that relates to the voltage input. It has a maximum input voltage of 5V and a reference voltage of 2.5V which its' measurements are centered on. I input a square wave of different amplitudes but with a fixed offset of 2.5V to characterize its response to different input voltages.



Data Table

$dV/dt = V_{in} / (R \cdot C)$ where $R = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ and $C = 0.1 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$. Therefore $RC = 0.1 \text{ sec}^{-1}$ and $dV/dt = V_{in} \cdot 10$.

$V_{in} \text{ (V)}$	Reference Voltage (2.5V) - V_{in}	Theoretical = $V_{in} \cdot 10 \text{ (V/s)}$	$dV/dt \text{ (V/s)}$	Percent Error
0.5	2.0	20.0	19.0	5.0
1.0	1.5	15.0	14.3	4.7
1.5	1.0	10.0	9.6	4.0
2.0	0.5	5.0	4.7	6.0
3.0	-0.5	-5.0	-5.1	-2.0
3.5	-1.0	-10.0	-10.0	0.0
4.0	-1.5	-15.0	-14.7	2.0
4.5	-2.0	-20.0	-19.3	3.5

Interpretation

Considering that the error percent is under 10% at all times and the general trend of the voltage relating to a consistent and proportional change in the linear slope of the voltage over time, it has been proven that this circuit is accurately characterized by the equations given in the lab handout, specifically that $dV/dt = \Delta V_{cap} / (R \cdot C)$.