Vue響應式狀態

1. 非響應式的狀態 : 資料和畫面沒有連動



2. 響應式狀態說明 : 資料和畫面連動:

	 載入 Vue 的 ref 函式
響應式狀態說明	import {ref} from "vue";
	• 呼叫 ref 函式建立響應式狀態
	let content=ref(資料);
	 在樣板中使用 顯示資料
資料和畫面連動	<div>{{ content }}</div>
	更新響應式狀態的資料
	content.value=新的資料;

```
<script setup>
                                                        import {ref} from "vue";
                                                        let-content="網站的内容":
響應式狀態範例一
                                                        let content=ref("網站的內容");
                                                        let handler=function(){
                                                              content="新的網站內容":
                                                              content.value="新的網站內容";
                                                   </script>
                                                   <template>
                                                        <div>{( content )}</div>
資料和畫面連動
                                                        <button@click="handler">點擊</button>
                                                   </template>
                                                   <style scoped>
                                                        /* CSS 設定 */
                                                   </style>
                                                                  組件名稱.vue
                                                   <script setup>
                                                        import {ref} from "vue";
                                                        let name=ref("title");
響應式狀態範例二
                                                        let handler=function(){
                                                             name.value="title highlight";
                                                        ];
                                                   </script>
                                                   <template>
                                                        <div:class="name">段落標題</div>
                                                        <button@click="handler">點擊</button>
資料和畫面連動
                                                   </template>
                                                   <style scoped>
                                                        .title{font-weight:bold}
                                                        .highlight{color:red}
```

3. 實際寫程式 看範例: 取一個變數 let title = "測試響應式標題" ,當 響應式按鈕 按下可以改變 title 變數的值:

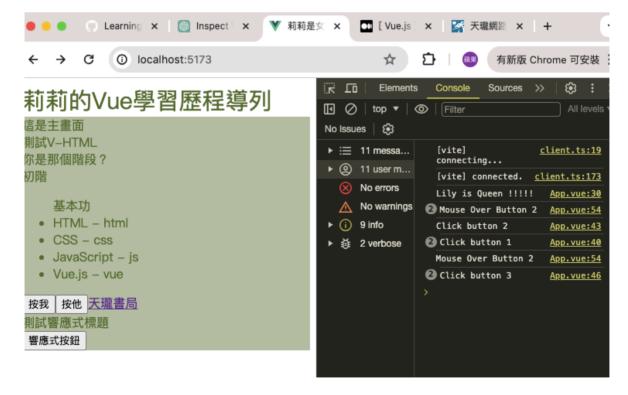
</style>

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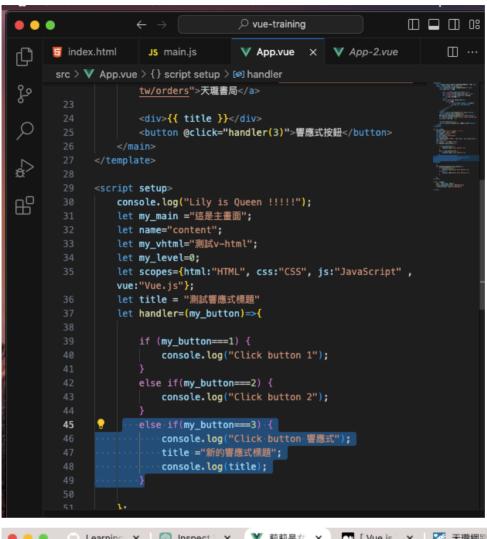
                                                                    • •
      index.html
                      Js main.js

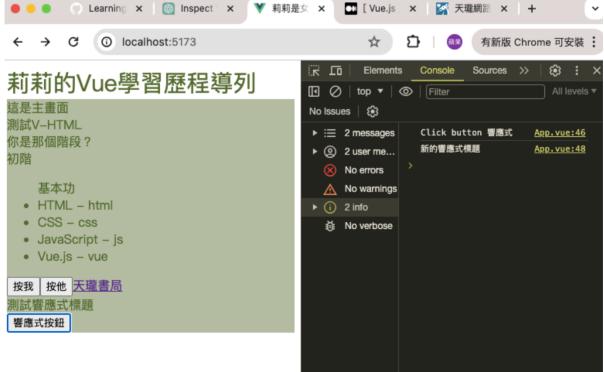
▼ App.vue × ▼ App-2.vue

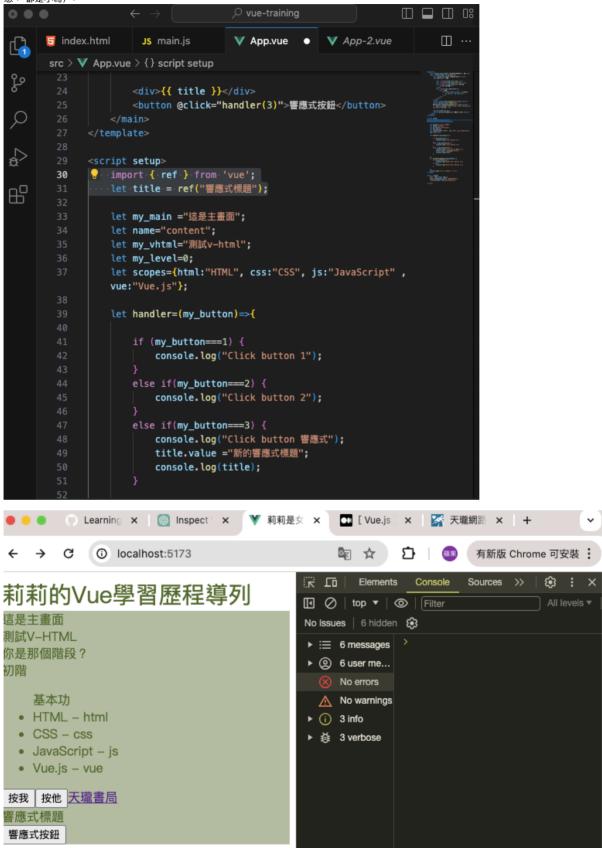
      src > ♥ App.vue > {} template > ❤ main > ❤ button
ڡۯ
                     @mouseover="mouseoverhandler(2)">按他</button>
                     <a @click.prevent href="https://www.tenlong.com.</pre>
                     tw/orders">天瓏書局</a>
                     <div>{{ title }}</div>
                     <button @click="handler(3)">響應式按鈕</button>
        25
             </template>
B
             <script setup>
                 console.log("Lily is Queen !!!!!");
                 let my_main ="這是主畫面";
                 let name="content";
                 let my_vhtml="測試v-html";
                 let my_level=0;
                 let scopes={html:"HTML", css:"CSS", js:"JavaScript" ,
                 vue:"Vue.js"};
                 let title = "測試響應式標題"
                 let handler=(my_button)=>{
                     if (my_button===1) {
                         console.log("Click button 1");
                     else if(my_button===2) {
                         console.log("Click button 2");
                     else if(my_button===3) {
                         console.log("Click button 3");
```



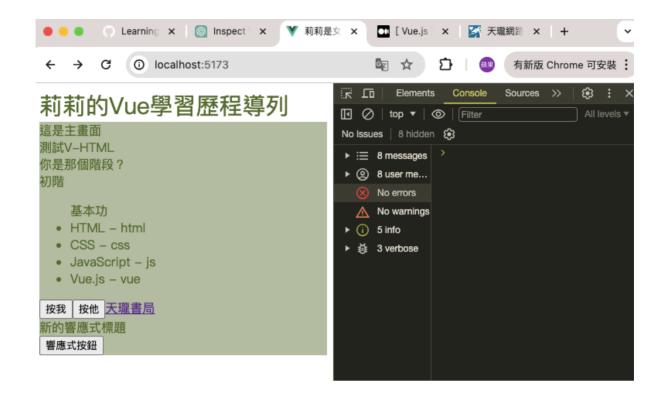
4. 非響應式狀態: 按下響應式按鈕,更改 title 的變數的值為 "新的響應式標題",但跟畫面沒有連動







按下 響應式按鈕 , 「響應式標題」 會更改:



6. 把 狀能 套用在 樣版 中:在 ref 裹存放 物件 title: "響應式標題", className:"title"

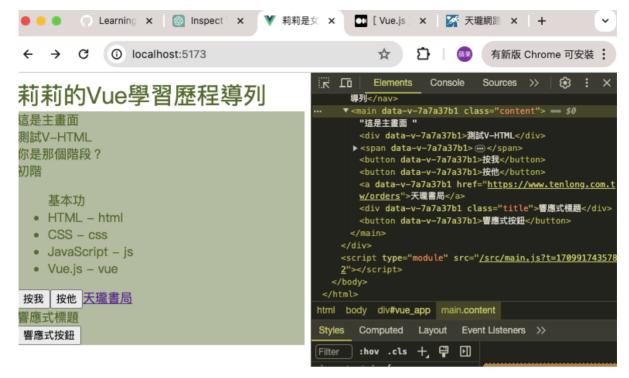
```
0 0

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                                                                   □ …
      index.html

▼ App.vue 
▼ App-2.vue

                     Js main.js
       src > ♥ App.vue > {} template > ๗ main > ๗ div
                     @mouseover="mouseoverhandler(2)">按他</button>
                     <a @click.prevent href="https://www.tenlong.com.</pre>
                     tw/orders">天瓏書局</a>
                   <<div :class="state.className">{{    state.title }}/
                     <button @click="handler(3)">響應式按鈕</button>
HP
             </template>
             <script setup>
                 import { ref } from "vue";
                 let state = ref({
                     title:"響應式標題",
                     className:"title"
                 let my_main ="這是主畫面";
                 let name="content";
                 let my_vhtml="測試v-html";
                 let my_level=0;
                 let scopes={html:"HTML", css:"CSS", js:"JavaScript" ,
                 vue:"Vue.js"};
                 let handler=(my_button)=>{
                     if (my_button===1) {
                         console.log("Click button 1");
                     else if(my_button===2) {
```



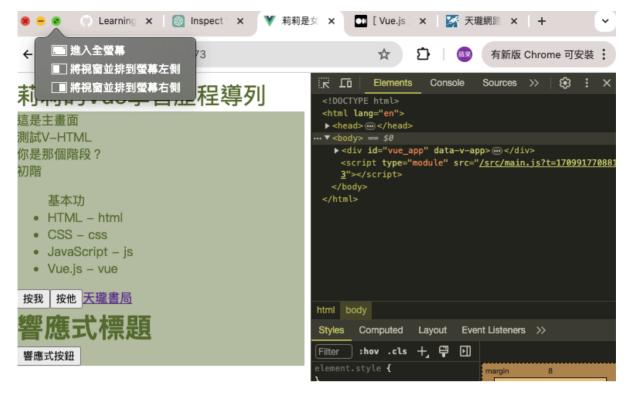
在 CSS 加一點 title 的樣式:

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                                                                         □ …
      index.html
                      Js main.js

▼ App.vue × ▼ App-2.vue

      src > ▼ App.vue > {} style scoped
وړ
                        title.value ="新的響應式標題";
                        console.log(title);
                 let mouseoverhandler=(my_button)=>{
                    if (my_button===1) {
                        console.log("Mouse Over Button 1");
品
                    } else {
                        console.log("Mouse Over Button 2");
                 console.log("Lily is Queen !!!!!");
             </script>
             <style scoped>
                nav{ font-size: 30px;}
                 main{ background-color: □#556b2f6f;}
                 .content{color: ■darkolivegreen;}
             .title{font-weight: bold; font-size: 35px;}
       72
             </style>
```



7. 當按下「響應式按鈕 」 ,則會將 「響應式標題」的值 更改成 「新的響應式標題」,並將className 改成 "title hightlight",在CSS .title hightlight 顏色設定為 紅色:

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                                                               index.html
                Js main.js

▼ App.vue 
▼ App-2.vue

src > V App.vue > {} script setup > [❷] handler
                   console.log("Click button 2");
               else if(my_button===3) {
 50
                   console.log("Click button 響應式");
                   state.value.title="新的響應式標題";
                   state.value.className="title hightlight";
           let mouseoverhandler=(my_button)=>{
               if (my_button===1) {
                   console.log("Mouse Over Button 1");
                   console.log("Mouse Over Button 2");
           console.log("Lily is Queen !!!!!");
       </script>
       <style scoped>
          nav{ font-size: 30px;}
           main{ background-color: \_#556b2f6f;}
           0 references
           .content{color: ■darkolivegreen;}
           0 references
           .title{font-weight: bold; font-size: 35px;}
           .hightlight{color: ■ red;}
       </style>
```

