

① Напишите уравнение параболы
(1, 2), (3, 10), (5, 1)

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$\begin{cases} a + b + c = 2 \\ 9a + 3b + c = 10 \\ 25a + 5b + c = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} a + b + c = 2 \\ 8a + 2b = 8 \\ 16a + 2b = -9 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} a + b + c = 2 \\ 2b = 8 - 8a \\ 16a + 8 - 8a = -9 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} a + b + c = 2 \\ 2b = 8 - 8a \\ 8a = -17 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} a = -\frac{17}{8} \\ 2b = 8 + 17 \\ c = 2 + \frac{17}{8} - \frac{25}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} a = -\frac{17}{8} \\ b = \frac{25}{2} \\ c = \frac{16 + 17 - 25 \cdot 4}{8} = -\frac{67}{8} \end{cases}$$

Проверка

$$-\frac{17}{8} + \frac{25}{2} - \frac{67}{8} = \frac{-17 + 100 - 67}{8} = \frac{16}{8} = 2$$

$$-\frac{17 \cdot 9}{8} + 3 \cdot \frac{25}{2} - \frac{67}{8} = \frac{-17 \cdot 9 + 100 \cdot 3 - 67}{8} = 10$$

$$-\frac{17}{8} \cdot 25 + 5 \cdot \frac{25}{2} - \frac{67}{8} = \frac{-17 \cdot 25 + 5 \cdot 25 \cdot 2 - 67}{8} = 1$$

$$\boxed{y = -\frac{17}{8}x^2 + \frac{25}{2}x - \frac{67}{8}} \quad \text{или} \quad \boxed{8y = 100x - 17x^2 - 67} \quad \leftarrow \text{Ответ}$$

② 99% вода всего 100 мл
 через месяц 98% вода
 сколько весит огурец после
 решение

До
 100 мл
 сух. вещ-во 1 мл

После
 x мл всего
 1 мл сухого 2%

$$1 = 0.02x$$

$$x = 50 \text{ мл}$$

Ответ: огурец весит 50 мл

③ 1. $2^x = 256$
 $2^x = 2^8$
 $x = 8$

2. $2^x = 300$
 $x = \log_2 300$

$$x = \log_2 (2^2 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 3) = 2 + \log_2 75$$

3. $\log_8 2^{8x-4} = 4$

$$\log_{2^3} 2^{8x-4} = 4$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \log_2 2^{8x-4} = 4$$

$$8x-4 = 4 \cdot 3$$

$$x = 2$$

4. $3^{\log_9 (5x-5)} = 5$ $x > 1$!

$$3^{\log_{3^2} (5x-5)} = 5$$

$$3^{\frac{1}{2} \log_3 (5x-5)} = 5$$

$$\log_3 \left(3^{\frac{1}{2} \log_3 (5x-5)} \right) = \log_3 5$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \log_3 (5x-5) = \log_3 5$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (\log_3 (x-1) + \log_3 5) = \log_3 5$$

$$\log_3 (x-1) = \log_3 5$$

$$x-1 = 5$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 6 \\ x > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow \underline{x = 6}$$

ответ

$$5. \quad x^{\log_3 x + 1} = 9 \quad \begin{cases} x > -1! \\ x \neq 0 \\ x \neq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\log_3 (x^{\log_3 x + 1}) = \log_3 3^2$$

$$(\log_3 x + 1) \log_3 x = 2$$

$$t = \log_3 x \quad t^2 + t - 2 = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} t = -2 \\ t = 1 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} \log_3 x = -2 \\ \log_3 x = 1 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x = 3^{-2} = \frac{1}{9} \\ x = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Ombem: } \frac{1}{9}, 3$$

Brincando

$$6. \log_4 16 = \log_4 4^2 = 2$$

$$7. \log_5 \frac{1}{25} = \log_5 5^{-2} = -2$$

$$8. \log_{25} 5 = \log_{5^2} 5 = \frac{1}{2} \log_5 5 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$9. \log_3 \sqrt{27} = \log_3 3^{\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$10. \log_2 12 - \log_2 3 = \log_2 \frac{12}{3} = \log_2 4 = 2$$

$$11. \log_6 12 + \log_6 3 = \log_6 (12 \cdot 3) = 2$$

$$12. e^{\ln 5} = 5$$

$$13. \frac{\log_2 225}{\log_2 15} = \log_{15} 225 = 2$$

$$14. \log_4 32 + \log_{0.1} 10 = \log_{2^2} 2^5 + \log_{10^{-1}} 10 = \frac{5}{2} - 1 = 1.5$$

$$15. 9^{\log_3 5} = 9^{\log_{9^{1/2}} 5^{1/2}} = 9^{\log_9 5} = 5$$

!!
D/3

$$\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2x\right) = \sqrt{2} \sin x$$

все корни в промежутке $[-5\pi, -4\pi]$

$$\cos\frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \cos 2x - \sin\frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \sin 2x = \sqrt{2} \sin x$$

$$-\sin 2x = \sqrt{2} \sin x$$

$$-2 \sin x \cdot \cos x - \sqrt{2} \sin x = 0$$

$$\sin x (2 \cos x + \sqrt{2}) = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} \sin x = 0 \\ \cos x = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = \pi \cdot n, \quad n \in \mathbb{Z} \\ x = 2\pi k \pm \frac{\pi}{4} + \pi, \quad k \in \mathbb{Z} \end{cases}$$

на промежутке $[-5\pi, -4\pi]$

$$\boxed{x = -4\pi}$$

