# **ECL DOCUMENTATION**



# Go Up

Name	KMeans
Version	1.0.1
Description	KMeans Bundle for Clustering algorithm
License	http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
Copyright	Copyright (C) 2019 HPCC Systems
Authors	HPCCSystems
DependsOn	ML_Core 3.2.2
Platform	6.4.0

### **OVERVIEW**

### **KMeans**

ECL bundle for KMeans calculation

# **Table of Contents**

KMeans.ecl	
Classic KMeans Clustering	
Types.ecl	
Type definition module for KMeans	
Test	

# **KMeans**

Go Up

### **IMPORTS**

ML\_Core | ML\_Core.Types | ML\_Core.ModelOps2 | PBblas.Types | Types.KMeans\_Model | Types.KMeans\_Model.Ind1 |

### **DESCRIPTIONS**

### **KMEANS**

```
/ EXPORT KMeans

(INTEGER max_iter = 100 , REAL t = 0.00001)
```

Classic KMeans Clustering.

Clustering Algorithms are a branch of unsupervised machine learning algorithms. They automatically categorize observations(points) into groups without pre-defined labels. KMeans[1] is one of the most well-known clustering algorithms. Given the data points for clustering and the K initial centroids of each cluster, the KMeans algorithm can automatically group each sample into one cluster.

KMeans is a popular clustering method for cluster analysis in data mining. It iteratively update the cluster centroids until it reaches the tolerance. KMeans module is both highly data scalable and model scalable on HPCC Systems Platform.

Reference. [1] Hartigan, J. A., & Wong, M. A. (1979). Algorithm AS 136: A k-means clustering algorithm. Journal of the Royal Statistical Society. Series C (Applied Statistics), 28(1), 100-108.

**PARAMETER** max\_iter || INTEGER8 — The maxinum number of iterations to run KMeans. It's an integer scalar value. The default value is 100.

PARAMETER <u>t</u> || REAL8 — The convergence tolerance. It's a real value scalar. KMeans will stop iterating when center movement of each cluster is smaller than t between two consecutive iterations. The default value is 0.00001.

#### Children

- 1. Fit: Train and return a KMeans model
- 2. Centers: Extract the final coordinates of the centers of each cluster from the trained model
- 3. Predict: Compute the cluster center for each new sample
- 4. Labels: Function Labels() computes the closest center of each training sample from the trained Model
- 5. Iterations: Extract the number of iterations that each work item took to converge, from the provided model



#### KMeans /

#### Fit

(DATASET(Types.NumericField) sampleset, DATASET(Types.NumericField) initCentroids)

Train and return a KMeans model.

Fit function takes the samples and initial centroids as inputs and returns a trained KMeans model.

- PARAMETER <u>sampleset</u> ||| TABLE ( NumericField ) The samples to be clustered in DATASET(NumericField) format. Each observation (e.g. record) is identified by 'id', and each feature is identified by field number (i.e. 'number').
- PARAMETER initCentroids ||| TABLE (NumericField) The initial K centroids for clustering in DATASET(NumericField) format. Each observation (e.g. record) is identified by 'id', and each feature is identified by field number.
- **RETURN TABLE ( { UNSIGNED2 wi , REAL8 value , SET ( UNSIGNED4 ) indexes } )** KMeans Model in the format of ML\_Core.Types.Layout\_Model2.
- SEE ML\_Core.Types.Layout\_Model2
- SEE ML\_Core.Types.NumericField

## **CENTERS**

#### KMeans /

#### Centers

(DATASET(Types.Layout\_Model2) mod)

Extract the final coordinates of the centers of each cluster from the trained model.

PARAMETER mod || TABLE (Layout\_Model2) — The fitted/trained KMeans model.

**RETURN TABLE ( { UNSIGNED2 wi , UNSIGNED8 id , UNSIGNED4 number , REAL8 value } )** — centers The Final coordinates of the center of each cluster in NumericField format.

SEE ML\_Core.Types.NumericField

### **PREDICT**

#### KMeans /

(DATASET(Types.Layout\_Model2) mod,
DATASET(Types.NumericField) newSamples)

Compute the cluster center for each new sample.

PARAMETER mod || TABLE ( Layout\_Model2 ) — The fitted/trained KMeans model.

PARAMETER newSamples || TABLE ( NumericField ) — The new samples to be clustered.

**RETURN TABLE ( { UNSIGNED2 wi , UNSIGNED8 id , UNSIGNED8 label } )** — The index of the closest center for each new sample.

SEE Types.KMeans\_Model.Labels

SEE ML\_Core.Types.NumericField

### LABELS

#### KMeans /

```
DATASET(KTypes.Labels) Labels

(DATASET(Types.Layout_Model2) mod)
```

Function Labels() computes the closest center of each training sample from the trained Model.

PARAMETER mod || TABLE (Layout\_Model2) — The fitted/trained KMeans model.

**RETURN** TABLE ( { UNSIGNED wi, UNSIGNED 8 id, UNSIGNED 8 label } ) — The closest center index for each training sample.

SEE Types.KMeans\_Model.Labels

### **ITERATIONS**

### KMeans /

Extract the number of iterations that each work item took to converge, from the provided model.

PARAMETER mod || TABLE (Layout\_Model2) — The fitted/trained KMeans model.

**RETURN TABLE ( { UNSIGNED2 wi , UNSIGNED8 iters } )** — iterations The total number of iterations for each wi.

# **Types**

Go Up

# **IMPORTS**

ML\_Core.Types |

# **DESCRIPTIONS**

### **TYPES**

**Types** 

Type definition module for KMeans.

#### Children

1. KMeans\_Model: Definition of the meaning of the indexes of the KMeans Model variables

# KMEANS\_MODEL

Types /

**KMeans\_Model** 

Definition of the meaning of the indexes of the KMeans Model variables.

Ind1 enumerates the first index, which is used to determine which type of data is stored:

- Centers stores the list of centers of clusters. The second index is the centerID. The third index is the number field of the center.
- samples stores the set of sample indexes (i.e. ids) associated with each centerId. The value is the Id of its closest center.
- Iterations stores the iterations associated with each wi. It represents how many iteration runs of each wi before it stops iterating. It does not have following index.

#### Children

- 1. Ind1: Index 1 represents the category of data within the model
- 2. Centers\_Indexes: Centers\_Indexes enumerates the second and third indexes of each center which is the parent index
- 3. Samples\_Indexes: Samples\_Indexes enumerates the indexes of each sample which is the parent index
- 4. Labels: Labels format defines the distance space where each cluster defined by a center and its closest samples
- 5. n\_iters: The number of iterations for which each work item was trained

### IND1

Types / KMeans\_Model /

Ind1

Index 1 represents the category of data within the model.

**VALUE** reserved = 1. Reserved for future use.

**VALUE** centers = 2. The set of tree nodes within the model.

VALUE samples = 3. The particular record ids that are included in tree's sample.

**VALUE** iterations = 4. The iteration runs of each wi.

#### Children

1. reserved: No Documentation Found

2. centers: No Documentation Found

3. samples: No Documentation Found

4. iterations: No Documentation Found

# **RESERVED**

Types / KMeans\_Model / Ind1 /

CTypes.t\_index | reserved

No Documentation Found

RETURN UNSIGNED4 —

# **CENTERS**

Types / KMeans\_Model / Ind1 /

CTypes.t\_index | centers

No Documentation Found

**RETURN UNSIGNED4** —

## **SAMPLES**

Types / KMeans\_Model / Ind1 /

CTypes.t\_index

samples

No Documentation Found

**RETURN UNSIGNED4** —

### **ITERATIONS**

Types / KMeans\_Model / Ind1 /

CTypes.t\_index

iterations

No Documentation Found

**RETURN UNSIGNED4** —

## CENTERS\_INDEXES

Types / KMeans\_Model /

Centers\_Indexes

Centers\_Indexes enumerates the second and third indexes of each center which is the parent index. The parent index value is 2. It is used to store the id and the field value of each center.

RETURN UNSIGNED2 —

**VALUE** id = 2. The center identifier.

**VALUE** number = 3. The field identifier.

### SAMPLES\_INDEXES

Types / KMeans\_Model /

Samples\_Indexes

Samples\_Indexes enumerates the indexes of each sample which is the parent index. The parent index value is 3. It is used to store the sampleID. The value is the Id of its closest center.

RETURN UNSIGNED2 —

**VALUE** id = 2. The sample identifier.

### LABELS

Types / KMeans\_Model /

**Labels** 

Labels format defines the distance space where each cluster defined by a center and its closest samples.

FIELD wi || UNSIGNED2 — The model identifier.

FIELD id || UNSIGNED8 — The sample identifier.

**FIELD label** ||| UNSIGNED8 — The identifier of the closest center to the sample.

# **N\_ITERS**

Types / KMeans\_Model /

n\_iters

The number of iterations for which each work item was trained.

- FIELD  $\underline{\mathbf{wi}}$  ||| UNSIGNED2 The work item id.
- **FIELD iters** ||| UNSIGNED8 The number of iterations.

# **Test**

Go Up

# **Table of Contents**

**Datasets** 

# **Datasets**

Go Up

# **Table of Contents**

DSIris.ecl

The file provide the information of the testing dataset: Public Dataset Iris

### Test/ Datasets/

# **DSIris**

Go Up

# **IMPORTS**

ML\_Core.Types |

# **DESCRIPTIONS**

## **DSIRIS**

**DSIris** 

The file provide the information of the testing dataset: Public Dataset Iris. Reference [1] Dua, D. and Karra Taniskidou, E. (2017). UCI Machine Learning Repository [http:\*archive.ics.uci.edu/ml]. Irvine, CA: University of California, School of Information and Computer Science.

#### Children

- 1. Layout: No Documentation Found
- 2. ds: No Documentation Found
- 3. sklearn\_rst: No Documentation Found
- 4. sklearn\_converge: No Documentation Found
- 5. sklearn\_alleg: No Documentation Found

## LAYOUT

DSIris /

Layout

No Documentation Found

FIELD sepal\_length ||| REAL8 — No Doc

FIELD sepal\_width ||| REAL8 — No Doc

FIELD petal\_length ||| REAL8 — No Doc

FIELD petal\_width ||| REAL8 — No Doc

FIELD class ||| REAL8 — No Doc

DS

DSIris /

ds

No Documentation Found

RETURN TABLE (Layout) —

# SKLEARN\_RST

DSIris /

sklearn\_rst

No Documentation Found

