COE3DQ5 – Lab #3 Report Group 14

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a. Welcome screen & vertical/horizontal colour bar alternation

The period of the H_SYNC is about 32us. There are 524 lines for the V_SYNC signal to process. Therefore, it takes 16.768ms to display one frame. To switch the scene every one second, 60 frames are displayed. *Counter* is the inside the *VGB_Controller* to record the number of periods that the V_SYNC signal gets. Once *counter* gets to 60, a *welcome_flag* output will be flipped and send out to the main programme. The horizontal colour bar is simply determined by the Y position. In the vertical colour bar, the specific position range is assigned to each colour.

b. Game activation by keyboard & A/S game control

game_start is used to detect the first input from the PS2. Once the code is detected (if statement is true), the game_start will always be assigned to 1 unless the system is reset again. A_Key and S_key are used to detect the A/S key. PS2_controller compare the PS2_shift_reg value with A/S PS2 code. To determine if the key is kept pressed, A Key and S Key are "and" with PS2 make code.

c. 15 seconds messages display after game over

A FSM FLASH_state is used for the counter to switch from S_FLASH_INIT (inactivated) to S_FLASH_DELAY (activated) two states. During S_FLASH_INIT, *counter* is asleep and reset to 0. When *lives_0* and *lives_1* are both 0, which means game over, the state will change from INIT to DELAY and a 5 bit counter will start counting up to 16. When it reaches 16, state switches back to INIT and counter is reset to 0.

Messages display: within the VGA_RGB <code>always_comb</code> logic, <code>lives_0</code> and <code>lives_1</code> are used to decide whether the message will be displayed or normal game is displayed. Based on the truth table of <code>OR</code> gate, when (<code>lives_0 || lives_1</code>) is true (the game is not over), game <code>objects/bar</code> and <code>score/lives</code> will be on, while <code>lives_0</code> and <code>lives_1</code> are both 0, the three messages below is shown until counter is 15 and the system is initialized. Within the display text <code>alway_comb</code> logic a separate if statement is used for this message.

1. LAST GAME SCORE WAS XX

XX is assigned to signals *score_0* and *score_1*, which is two BCD counters that BCD1 is increment based on BCD0.

2. GAME YY SCORE ZZ

YY is assigned to signals <code>highest_game_0</code> and <code>highest_game_1</code> and ZZ is assigned to signals <code>highest_score_0</code> and <code>highest_score_1</code>. A parallel running <code>always_ff</code> logic is implemented with 3 conditions deciding if the current game has the highest score and update the <code>highest_score</code> and <code>highest_game</code> counters if possible.

3. TIME LEFT WW

WW is assigned to signals *counter_0* and *counter_1*. These two signals are also two BCDs that are initialized to 15. Within the FSM FLASH_state, during S_FLASH_DELAY state, while the counter is counting, *counter_0* and *counter_1* are also doing subtraction logic until 00.