

HW 5

Q1. Solution is in the code.

Result = 3.6797 when $h=0.1$ and

Result = 4.5581 when $h=0.05$

Error: Romberg integration

$$\frac{(\text{Result of } h=0.05) - (\text{Result of } h=0.1)}{2^2-1} = \frac{4.5581 - 3.6797}{3} = 0.2928$$

Q2.

$$\int_{t_n}^{t_{n+1}} f(t) dt \approx C_0 f_{n-3} + C_1 f_{n-2} + C_2 f_{n-1} + C_3 f_n$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(t) &= 1 & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} C_0 \\ C_1 \\ C_2 \\ C_3 \end{bmatrix} &= \begin{bmatrix} h \\ h^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ h^{\frac{3}{2}} \\ h^{\frac{5}{4}} \end{bmatrix} \\ f(t) &= t & \begin{bmatrix} -3h & -2h & -h & 0 \end{bmatrix} & \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} C_0 \\ C_1 \\ C_2 \\ C_3 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{h}{24} \begin{bmatrix} -9 \\ 37 \\ -59 \\ 55 \end{bmatrix} \\ f(t) &= t^2 & \begin{bmatrix} 9h^2 & 4h^2 & h^2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ f(t) &= t^3 & \begin{bmatrix} -27h^3 & -8h^3 & -h^3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{t_n}^{t_{n+1}} f(t) dt \approx \frac{h}{24} [-9 f_{n-3} + 37 f_{n-2} - 59 f_{n-1} + 55 f_n]$$

$$\int_{t_n}^{t_{n+1}} f(t) dt \approx C_0 f_{n-4} + C_1 f_{n-3} + C_2 f_{n-2} + C_3 f_{n-1} + C_4 f_n$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(t) &= 1 & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} C_0 \\ C_1 \\ C_2 \\ C_3 \\ C_4 \end{bmatrix} &= \begin{bmatrix} h \\ h^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ h^{\frac{3}{2}} \\ h^{\frac{5}{4}} \\ h^{\frac{15}{5}} \end{bmatrix} \\ f(t) &= t & \begin{bmatrix} -4h & -3h & -2h & -h & 0 \end{bmatrix} & \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} C_0 \\ C_1 \\ C_2 \\ C_3 \\ C_4 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{h}{270} \begin{bmatrix} 251 \\ -1274 \\ 2616 \\ -2774 \\ 1901 \end{bmatrix} \\ f(t) &= t^2 & \begin{bmatrix} 16h^2 & 9h^2 & 4h^2 & h^2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ f(t) &= t^3 & \begin{bmatrix} -64h^3 & -27h^3 & -8h^3 & -h^3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ f(t) &= t^4 & \begin{bmatrix} 256h^4 & 81h^4 & 16h^4 & h^4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_{n+1} = x_n + \frac{h}{24} [-9 f_{n-3} + 37 f_{n-2} - 59 f_{n-1} + 55 f_n] + \frac{251}{270} h^5 x^{(5)}(\xi)$$

$$\int_{t_n}^{t_{n+1}} f(t) dt \approx C_0 f_{n-2} + C_1 f_{n-1} + C_2 f_n + C_3 f_{n+1}$$

$$f(t) = 1 \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} C_0 \\ C_1 \\ C_2 \\ C_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} h \\ h^2/2 \\ h^3/3 \\ h^4/4 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} C_0 \\ C_1 \\ C_2 \\ C_3 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{h}{24} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -5 \\ 19 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{t_n}^{t_{n+1}} f(t) dt \approx \frac{h}{24} [f_{n-2} - 5f_{n-1} + 19f_n + 9f_{n+1}]$$

$$\int_{t_n}^{t_{n+1}} f(t) dt \approx C_0 f_{n-3} + C_1 f_{n-2} + C_2 f_{n-1} + C_3 f_n + C_4 f_{n+1}$$

error = $\frac{-19}{270}$

$$f(t) = 1 \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} C_0 \\ C_1 \\ C_2 \\ C_3 \\ C_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} h \\ h^2/1 \\ h^3/3 \\ h^4/4 \\ h^5/5 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} C_0 \\ C_1 \\ C_2 \\ C_3 \\ C_4 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{h}{270} \begin{bmatrix} -19 \\ 106 \\ -264 \\ 646 \\ 251 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow X_{n+1} = X_n + \frac{h}{24} [f_{n-2} - 5f_{n-1} + 19f_n + 9f_{n+1}] - \frac{19}{270} h^5 X^{(5)}(\xi)$$

(Q3.

$$y'' + ty' - 2y = t \quad y(0) = y''(0) = 0 \quad y'(0) = 1 \quad t = [0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8, 1]$$

$$x_1(t) = y \quad \begin{bmatrix} x_1' \\ x_2' \\ x_3' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ x_3 \\ f(t, y, y', y'') \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ x_3 \\ t - tx_2 + 2x_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x(0) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1(0) \\ x_2(0) \\ x_3(0) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y(0) \\ y'(0) \\ y''(0) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Result is in code.

$$\Rightarrow y(0.2) = 0.2001 \quad y(0.4) = 0.4021 \quad y(0.6) = 0.6108$$

(b) Result is in code.

$$\Rightarrow y(0.8) \text{ predictor} = 0.834004$$

$$y(0.8) \text{ corrector} = 0.833995$$

$$\Rightarrow y(1) \text{ predictor} = 1.082438$$

$$y(1) \text{ corrector} = 1.082645$$

$$(c) \text{ Error} = \left| \tilde{y}(1) - y(1) \right| \cdot \left(\frac{19}{251+19} \right) = |1.082645 - 1.082438| \cdot \frac{19}{270}$$

$$= 0.00000654 = 6.54 \times 10^{-6}$$

Q4.

$$y'' + \frac{y}{4} = 0 \quad y(0) = 0 \quad y(\pi) = 2 \quad y = 2\sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)$$

$$(a) h = \frac{\pi}{4} \quad y''_i = \frac{1}{h^2} (y_{i+1} - 2y_i + y_{i-1}) \quad \text{points: } 0, \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{4}, \pi$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{h^2} (y_{i+1} - 2y_i + y_{i-1}) + \frac{y_i}{4} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{h^2} y_{i+1} + \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{h^2} \right) y_i + \frac{1}{h^2} y_{i-1} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{16}{\pi^2} y_{i+1} + \left(\frac{\pi^2 - 16}{4\pi^2} \right) y_i + \frac{16}{\pi^2} y_{i-1} = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{16}{\pi^2} & \frac{\pi^2 - 16}{4\pi^2} & \frac{16}{\pi^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{16}{\pi^2} & \frac{\pi^2 - 16}{4\pi^2} & \frac{16}{\pi^2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{16}{\pi^2} & \frac{\pi^2 - 16}{4\pi^2} & \frac{16}{\pi^2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_0 \\ y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \\ y_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow y = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0.9902 \\ 1.4215 \\ 1.8537 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 2\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) = 0.9654 \quad \text{error} \quad 0.9902 - 0.9654 = 0.0048$$

$$y\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 2\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 1.4142 \quad \Rightarrow \quad 1.4215 - 1.4142 = 0.0073$$

$$y\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) = 2\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{8}\right) = 1.8478 \quad 1.8537 - 1.8478 = 0.0059$$

(b) try $h = \frac{\pi}{5}$ points: $0, \frac{\pi}{5}, \frac{2\pi}{5}, \frac{3\pi}{5}, \frac{4\pi}{5}, \pi$

$$y''_i = \frac{1}{h^2} (y_{i+1} - 2y_i + y_{i-1})$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{h^2} y_{i+1} + \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{h^2}\right) y_i + \frac{1}{h^2} y_{i-1} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{25}{\pi^2} y_{i+1} + \left(\frac{\pi^2 - 200}{4\pi^2}\right) y_i + \frac{25}{\pi^2} y_{i-1} = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{25}{\pi^2} & \frac{\pi^2 - 200}{4\pi^2} & \frac{25}{\pi^2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{25}{\pi^2} & \frac{\pi^2 - 200}{4\pi^2} & \frac{25}{\pi^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{25}{\pi^2} & \frac{\pi^2 - 200}{4\pi^2} & \frac{25}{\pi^2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{25}{\pi^2} & \frac{\pi^2 - 200}{4\pi^2} & \frac{25}{\pi^2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_0 \\ y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \\ y_4 \\ y_5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow y = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0.6205 \\ 1.1998 \\ 1.6224 \\ 1.9054 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right) = 2\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{10}\right) = 0.6180$$

$$\text{error} \quad 0.6205 - 0.6180 = 0.0025$$

$$y\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right) = 2\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right) = 1.1956$$

$$\Rightarrow 1.1998 - 1.1956 = 0.0042$$

$$y\left(\frac{3\pi}{5}\right) = 2\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{10}\right) = 1.6180$$

$$1.6224 - 1.6180 = 0.0047$$

$$y\left(\frac{4\pi}{5}\right) = 2\sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right) = 1.9021$$

$$1.9054 - 1.9021 = 0.0033$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{max error} = 0.0047 = 0.47\% < 0.5\% \text{ with } h = \frac{\pi}{5}$$

$$(c) y' = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \quad y'(0) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 1$$

Q5.

$$x'' - tx' + t^2x = t^3 \quad h = \frac{1}{4} \quad \text{on } [0, 1] \quad \text{points: } \begin{bmatrix} 0, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x(0) + x'(0) - x(1) + x'(1) = 3 \quad \dots \textcircled{1}$$

$$x(0) - x'(0) + x(1) - x'(1) = 2 \quad \dots \textcircled{2}$$

$$\textcircled{1} + \textcircled{2} : 2x(0) = 5$$

$$x(0) = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{1} - \textcircled{2} : 2(x'(0) - x(1) + x'(1)) = 1 \quad x'(0) - x(1) + x'(1) = \frac{1}{2}$$

Central difference :

$$x'(t_i) \approx \frac{x_{i+1} - x_{i-1}}{2h} \quad x''(t_i) \approx \frac{x_{i+1} - 2x_i + x_{i-1}}{h^2}$$

Substitute :

$$\frac{x_{i+1} - 2x_i + x_{i-1}}{h^2} - t \cdot \frac{x_{i+1} - x_{i-1}}{2h} + t^2 x_i = t^3$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x_{i+1} - 4x_i + 2x_{i-1} - thx_{i+1} + thx_{i-1} + 2t^2 h^2 x_i = 2t^3 h^2$$

$$\Rightarrow (2-th)x_{i+1} + (-4 + 2t^2 h^2)x_i + (2+th)x_{i-1} = 2t^3 h^2$$

$$\text{For } i = 1, 2, 3, 4, \quad t = \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, 1$$

$$(2 - (\frac{1}{4})(\frac{1}{4}))x_2 + (-4 + 2(\frac{1}{4})^2(\frac{1}{4})^2)x_1 + (2 + (\frac{1}{4})(\frac{1}{4}))x_0 = 2(\frac{1}{4})^3(\frac{1}{4})^2$$

$$\frac{31}{16}x_2 - \frac{511}{128}x_1 + \frac{33}{16}x_0 = \frac{1}{512}$$

$$(2 - (\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{4}))x_3 + (-4 + 2(\frac{1}{2})^2(\frac{1}{4})^2)x_2 + (2 + (\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{4}))x_1 = 2(\frac{1}{2})^3(\frac{1}{4})^2$$

$$\frac{15}{8}x_3 - \frac{121}{32}x_2 + \frac{17}{8}x_1 = \frac{1}{64}$$

$$(2 - (\frac{3}{4})(\frac{1}{4}))x_4 + (-4 + 2(\frac{3}{4})^2(\frac{1}{4})^2)x_3 + (2 + (\frac{3}{4})(\frac{1}{4}))x_2 = 2(\frac{3}{4})^3(\frac{1}{4})^2$$

$$\frac{29}{16}x_4 - \frac{503}{128}x_3 + \frac{35}{16}x_2 = \frac{29}{512}$$

$$(2 - (1)(\frac{1}{4}))x_5 + (-4 + 2(1)^2(\frac{1}{4})^2)x_4 + (2 + (1)(\frac{1}{4}))x_3 = 2(1)^3(\frac{1}{4})^2$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x_5 - \frac{31}{8}x_4 + \frac{9}{4}x_3 = \frac{1}{8}$$

We don't have x_5 , so use $x'(0) - x(1) + x'(1) = \frac{1}{2}$

$$\Rightarrow -x_4 + \frac{x_5 - x_4}{2h} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{x_1 - x_0}{2h} \quad \Rightarrow -2hx_4 + x_5 - x_4 = h - x_1 + x_0$$

$$\Rightarrow x_5 = h - x_1 + x_0 + (2h+1)x_4 \quad \stackrel{h=\frac{1}{4}}{\Rightarrow} x_5 = \frac{1}{4} - x_1 + x_0 + \frac{3}{2}x_4$$

Substitute x_5

$$\frac{1}{4}(\frac{1}{4}x_1 + x_0 + \frac{3}{2}x_4) - \frac{31}{8}x_4 + \frac{9}{4}x_3 = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{16} - \frac{1}{4}x_1 + \frac{1}{4}x_0 + \frac{21}{8}x_4 - \frac{31}{8}x_4 + \frac{9}{4}x_3 = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{5}{4}x_4 + \frac{7}{4}x_3 - \frac{1}{4}x_1 + \frac{1}{4}x_0 = -\frac{5}{16}$$

Solve linear systems

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{33}{16} - \frac{511}{128} & \frac{31}{16} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{17}{8} & -\frac{129}{32} & \frac{15}{8} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{35}{16} & -\frac{503}{128} & \frac{27}{16} \\ \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{4} & 0 & \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{5}{4} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{5}{2} \\ \frac{1}{512} \\ \frac{1}{64} \\ \frac{27}{512} \\ -\frac{5}{16} \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2.5 \\ 25.4289 \\ 49.7356 \\ 76.4626 \\ 105.7822 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow x(0) = 2.5$$

$$x(\frac{1}{4}) = 25.4289$$

$$x(\frac{1}{2}) = 49.7356$$

$$x(\frac{3}{4}) = 76.4626$$

$$x(1) = 105.7822$$