

# C Programming

## Practice 2

# How to use printf

## ► Output format character

Format character	Output type
<b>%d, %i</b>	<b>decimal integer</b>
%x, %o	Hexadecimal integer, Octal integer
<b>%f, %lf</b>	<b>Float type real number/double type real number</b>
<b>%c</b>	<b>A character</b>
<b>%s</b>	<b>String</b>
%u	Decimal integer(positive only)
%%	% symbol

## ► Ex)

- ▶ `int a = 3;`
- ▶ `printf ( "%d", a );`

# How to use scanf

## ► input format character

Format character	Input type
<b>%d</b>	<b>decimal integer</b>
%x, %o	Hexadecimal integer, Octal integer
<b>%f, %lf</b>	<b>Float type real number/double type real number</b>
<b>%c</b>	<b>A character</b>
<b>%s</b>	<b>String</b>
%u	Decimal integer(positive only)

## ► Ex)

- `int a;`
- `scanf ( "%d", &a );` <& : address operator>

# While statement structure

```
int i = 0; // variable for while statement.
```

```
while( i < 10 ) // i < 10 is a conditional sentence.
```

```
{
```

```
    printf("%d",i); // print the i value.
```

```
    i = i + 1; // change the i value.
```

```
}
```

# Do-While statement structure

do{

1. statements

2. Increment or Decrement statement

} while ( condition statement );

# Homework 3 - Nested while

- Output multiplication tables from step 2 to step 9
- Use the nested while statement
- Don't use printf function more than 4 times

실행 예제 1)

>>>

\*\*\* 2 \*\*\*

2 \* 1 = 2

2 \* 2 = 4

2 \* 3 = 6

2 \* 4 = 8

2 \* 5 = 10

2 \* 6 = 12

2 \* 7 = 14

2 \* 8 = 16

2 \* 9 = 18

\*\*\* 3 \*\*\*

3 \* 1 = 3

3 \* 2 = 6

3 \* 3 = 9

3 \* 4 = 12

3 \* 5 = 15

3 \* 6 = 18

3 \* 7 = 21

3 \* 8 = 24

3 \* 9 = 27

\*\*\* 4 \*\*\*

4 \* 1 = 4

4 \* 2 = 8

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(void)
{
    int first_number = 2; // 단수
    int second_number = 1; // 1~9까지 돌아갈 숫자

    while( ) // 2단에서 9단까지 반복
    {
        printf("*** %d ***\n", first_number);

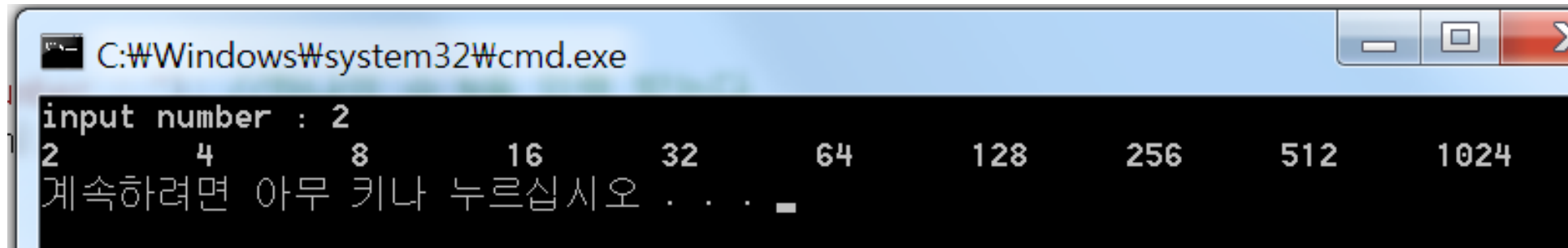
        while( ) // 1에서 9까지 연산
        {
            printf("%d * %d = %d\n", first_number, second_number, first_number*second_number);
            second_number++; // second_number = second_number + 1; 과 동일함.
        }

        printf("\n");

        first_number++; // first_number = first_number + 1; 과 동일함.
        second_number = 1;
    }
}
```

# Homework 4 - computing powers of n

- Input a number N
- Output powers of N using the while statement
- 10 outputs
- Ex)



```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
input number : 2
2      4      8      16     32     64     128     256     512     1024
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .
```

The screenshot shows a Windows command prompt window with the title bar "C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe". The command prompt displays the output of a program that takes an input number (2) and prints the first 10 powers of 2 (2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024). The output is formatted with the numbers aligned in columns. Below the numbers, there is a Korean prompt "계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . ." (Press any key to continue).



```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main(void)
```

```
{
```

```
    int exponent = 0, power_of_n = 1;
```

```
    int num = 0;
```

```
    printf("input number : "); //하나의 수 N을 입력 받는다.
```

```
    scanf("%d", &num);
```

```
    while (++exponent <= 10)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("%dWt", );
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("Wn");
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

# Homework form

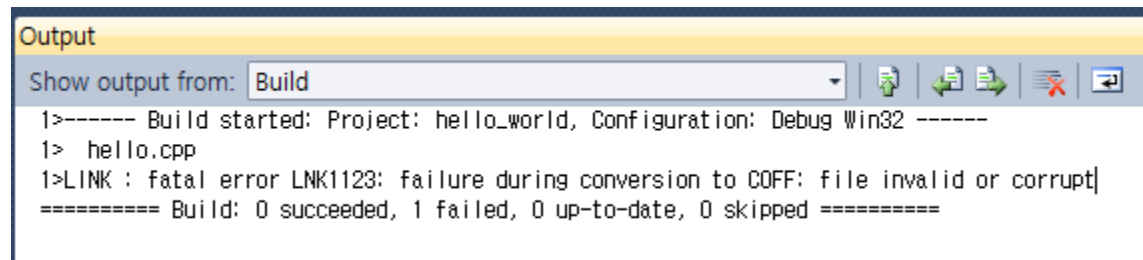
- Homework submission e-mail:

[hizorro99@naver.com](mailto:hizorro99@naver.com)

- E-mail title: day(Thursday or Friday)\_name\_#week
  - Ex) Friday\_james\_week3
  - Ex) 목요일반\_장원철\_3주차
- File title: student id\_name\_week#\_1.c
  - Ex) 2014123456\_james\_week3\_1.c (or .cpp)
  - Ex) 2014123456\_james\_week3\_2.c (or .cpp)

# 예외

- 이러한 오류가 뜨는 경우



The screenshot shows the 'Output' window in a development environment. The 'Show output from:' dropdown is set to 'Build'. The output text is as follows:

```
1>----- Build started: Project: hello_world, Configuration: Debug Win32 -----  
1> hello.cpp  
1>LINK : fatal error LNK1123: failure during conversion to COFF: file invalid or corrupt|  
===== Build: 0 succeeded, 1 failed, 0 up-to-date, 0 skipped =====
```

