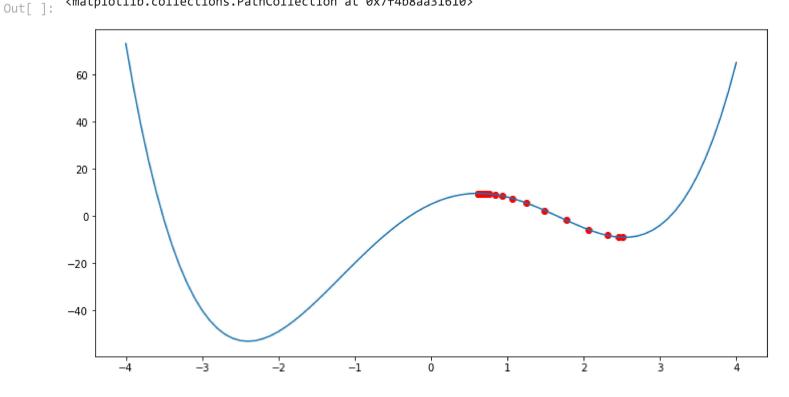
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Question 1

```
In [ ]:
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         def f(x):
             w = np.array([1,-1,-12,15,5])
             M = np.size(w)-1
             return np.sum([x**i*w[M-i] for i in range(0,M+1)], axis=0)
         def g(x):
             w = np.array([1,-1,-12,15,5])
             M = np.size(w)-1
             return np.sum([i*x**(i-1)*w[M-i] for i in range(0,M+1)], axis=0)
         alpha = 0.02
         x = 0.62
         x_{int} = np.array(x)
         fx_hist = np.array(f(x))
         for i in range(20):
            x = x - alpha*g(x)
             x_hist= np.append(x_hist, x)
             fx_hist= np.append(fx_hist, f(x))
         print('x=',x,'f(x)=',f(x))
         fig = plt.figure(figsize = (12,6))
         ax = plt.subplot(1,1,1)
         delta = 0.1
         x_ = np.arange(-4,4+delta,delta)
         ax.plot(x_,f(x_))
         ax.scatter(x_hist,fx_hist, c='r')
         alpha = 0.02
         x = 0.5
         x_hist = np.array(x)
         fx_hist = np.array(f(x))
         for i in range(20):
             x = x - alpha*g(x)
             x_hist= np.append(x_hist, x)
             fx_hist= np.append(fx_hist, f(x))
         print('x=',x,'f(x)=',f(x))
         fig = plt.figure(figsize = (12,6))
         ax = plt.subplot(1,1,1)
         delta = 0.1
         x_ = np.arange(-4,4+delta,delta)
         ax.plot(x_{f}(x_{)})
         ax.scatter(x_hist,fx_hist, c='r')
```

x= 2.5104174088324025 f(x) = -9.073558171240812
x= -2.400403139786586 f(x) = -53.11840483801493
<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7f4b8aa31610>



```
60 - 40 - 20 - -40 - -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4
```

```
In [ ]:
         #finding the root close to x0
         from scipy.optimize import fsolve
         from scipy.optimize import minimize
         x0 = 0.7
         root = fsolve(g,x0)
         minimum = minimize(f,x0)
         print(root)
         print(minimum)
        [0.61654501]
              fun: -9.083837308515939
         hess_inv: array([[0.02625738]])
              jac: array([-7.62939453e-06])
          message: 'Optimization terminated successfully.'
             nfev: 24
              nit: 3
             njev: 8
           status: 0
          success: True
                x: array([2.53385792])
```

Question 2

```
In [ ]:
         import numpy as np
         import tensorflow as tf
         from tensorflow import keras
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from tensorflow.keras.datasets import cifar10 , mnist
         ( x_train , y_train ),( x_test , y_test ) = cifar10.load_data ( )
         # ( x_train , y_train ) , ( x_test , y_test ) = mnist . load_data ( )
         print ( " x_train => " , x_train . shape )
         Ntr = x_train . shape [ 0 ]
         Nte = x_test . shape [ 0 ]
         Din = 3072 # CIFAR10
         # Din = 784 # MINIST
         x_train = x_train [ range ( Ntr ) , : ]
         x_test = x_test [ range ( Nte ) , : ]
         y_train = y_train [ range ( Ntr ) ]
         y_test = y_test [ range ( Nte ) ]
```

```
In []: K = len(np.unique(y_train))

y_train = tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(y_train,num_classes=K)

y_test = tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(y_test,num_classes=K)

x_train = np.reshape(x_train,(Ntr,Din))

x_test = np.reshape(x_test,(Nte,Din))

x_train = x_train.astype(np.float32)

x_test = x_test.astype(np.float32)

x_train/= 255.

x_test/= 255.
```

```
# Utility function for diaplaying
def display(y_train, y_test, y_train_pred, y_test_pred, loss_history, w, showim = True):
    plt.plot(loss_history)
```

```
# For diapaying the weights matrix w as an image. 32*32*3 assumption is there
if showim:
    f, axarr = plt.subplots(2, 5)
    f.set_size_inches(16, 6)
    for i in range(10):
        img = w[:, i].reshape(32, 32, 3)# CIFAR10
        # img = w1[:, i].reshape(28, 28)# MNIST
        img = (img - np.amin(img))/(np.amax(img) - np.amin(img))
        axarr[i//5, i%5].imshow(img)
    plt.show()

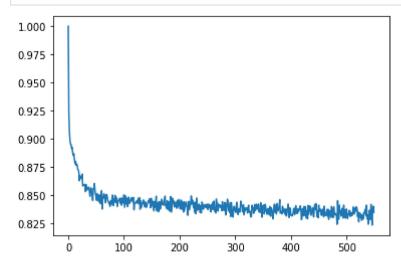
train_acc = np.mean(np.abs(np.argmax(y_train, axis=1) == np.argmax(y_train_pred, axis=1)))
print("train_acc = ", train_acc)

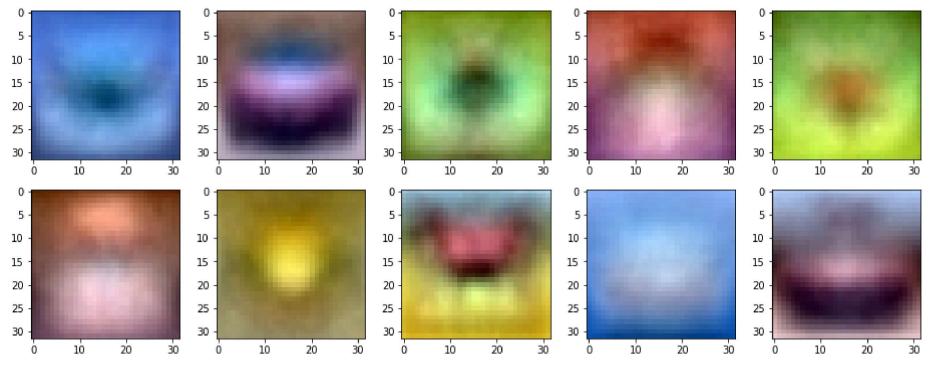
test_acc = np.mean(np.abs(np.argmax(y_test, axis=1) == np.argmax(y_test_pred, axis=1)))
print("test_acc = ", test_acc)
```

```
In [ ]:
         std = 1e-5
         w = std*np.random.randn(Din, K)
         b = np.zeros(K)
         lr = 1e-3
         lr_{decay} = 0.1
         epochs = 11
         batch_size = 1000
         loss_hist = []
         rng = np.random.default_rng(seed = 0)
         for e in range(epochs):
             indices = np.arange(Ntr)
             rng.shuffle(indices)
             for batch in range(Ntr//batch_size):
                 batch_indices = indices[batch*batch_size:(batch+1)*batch_size]
                 x = x_train[batch_indices]
                 y = y_train[batch_indices]
                 #forward pass
                 y_pred = x@w + b
                 loss = 1./batch_size*np.square(y_pred-y).sum()
                 loss_hist.append(loss)
                 #backward pass
                 dy_pred = 1./batch_size* (2.0*(y_pred - y))
                 dw = x.T @ dy_pred
                 db = dy_pred.sum(axis = 0)*1
                 w = w - lr*dw #dw is daba L/daba w
                 b = b - 1r*db
             if e % 5 == 0:
                 print("Iteration %d / %d: loss %f"%(e, epochs,loss))
             if e % 10 == 0:
                 lr *= lr_decay
```

```
Iteration 0 / 11: loss 0.850469
Iteration 5 / 11: loss 0.836765
Iteration 10 / 11: loss 0.834907
```

y_train_pred = x_train.dot(w) + b
y_test_pred = x_test.dot(w) + b
display(y_train, y_test, y_train_pred, y_test_pred, loss_hist, w, showim = True)





train_acc = 0.3358
test_acc = 0.3355