CBMEXMatlab Extension

User's Manual



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CBMEX User's Manual

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Description

The cbmex library provides an online MATLAB interface to connect to and control Blackrock Microsystems Neural Signal Processor (NSP). The library facilitates reading spike timestamps and continuous sample data as well as other data coming through the analog and digital inputs and the optional video tracking system (NeuroMotive). It can also start and stop file recording programmatically based on analysis of the data. Additionally, channel configuration, channel labels, comments, and digital outputs can be controlled programmatically through this interface.

The interface is initialized by using the *open* command. In order to begin buffering data from the NSP in cbmex, the *trialconfig* command is executed with the parameter set to 1. Buffered data can be read into Matlab and analyzed which can be used to control file recording and the digital output ports. User defined channels can be masked so that they are not buffered nor returned. The interface can be closed with the *close* command.

The cbmex interface can run on the same computer running Central or can run on a separate computer that is connected through the instrument network through a business-class network switch. Up to 16 computers can have access to the data streamed by the NSP.

Commands

OPEN

Description:

This command must be used before calling any of the other commands. It initializes cbmex, connects to the NSP or nPlay through Central or UDP, and prints out the current cbmex version, protocol version and NSP version numbers. The optional *interface* parameter below tells cbmex to access the data stream either through Central software or through the UDP data stream. If used on the same computer as Central, the Central interface must be used. If no parameter or 0 (automatic) is used, the interface first tries connecting through Central and if that fails, tries connecting using the UDP interface.

Usage:

```
[connection instrument] = cbmex('open', interface)

Parameters:
   interface (optional): 0 (Automatic), 1 (Central), 2 (UDP)

Return Value:
   connection (optional): 1 (Central), 2 (UDP)
   instrument (optional): 0 (NSP), 1 (Local nPlay), 2 (Local NSP), 3 (Remote nPlay)
```

Examples:

```
% Default is to try Central then UDP
cbmex('open')
% Try to connect automatically, return what is used
[connection instrument] = cbmex('open')
% Only try Central
connection = cbmex('open' , 1)
Only try UDP
cbmex('open' , 2)
% Try default, return assigned connection type
connection = cbmex('open')
```

CLOSE

Description:

This command is used to close the library.

Usage:

```
cbmex('close');
```

Parameters:

None

Return Value:

None

Examples:

```
% Close interface to NSP
cbmex('close');
```

TIME

Description:

Returns the current NSP time in seconds.

Warning: The timer starts over if Reset is pressed on Central and when recording starts

Usage:

```
Time = cbmex('time');
```

Parameters:

None

Return Value:

None

Examples:

```
% Get the current NSP time
Time = cbmex('time');
```

FILECONFIG

Description:

Starts or stops file recording to the filename specified including the comments provided. Filename contains the full path to the filename.

Note: If the file application is not running, it is opened but recording will not start.

Usage:

```
cbmex('fileconfig', filename, comments, action)
```

Parameters:

```
filename: file name string (255 character maximum)
comments: file comment string (255 character maximum)
action: set 1 to start recording, 0 to stop recording
```

Return Value:

None

Examples:

```
% Start file storage app if not already started, stop recording otherwise
cbmex('fileconfig', 'c:\data\20120420', '', 0)
% Start recording the specified file with the comment
cbmex('fileconfig', 'c:\data\20120420', 'First trial with Fred', 1)
% Stop recording
cbmex('fileconfig', 'c:\data\20120420', '', 0)
```

DIGITALOUT

Description:

Sends a value to one of the Digital Out ports on the NSP as long as the port is not configured to monitor a channel or set for timed output.

Usage:

```
cbmex('digitalout', channel, value)
```

Parameters:

```
channel: 153 (dout1), 154 (dout2), 155 (dout3), 156 (dout4)
value: 1 sets dout to ttl high and 0 sets dout to ttl low
```

Return Value:

None

Examples:

```
% Sets Digital Out 1 to TTL high
cbmex('digitalout', 153, 1)
% Sets Digital Out 1 to TTL low
cbmex('digitalout', 153, 0)
```

TRIALCONFIG

Description:

Initialize the trial and set cbmex to start or stop buffering data.

Warning: The default behavior has changed from previous versions of cbmex. This version will return 16-bit values instead of double-precision values; also the timestamps are returned as 32-bit integers. You can specify *double* parameter to get the data types used by default in the previous versions.

Usage:

```
[ active_state, [config_vector_out] ] = cbmex('trialconfig', active,
[config vector in], [<parameter>, [value]])
```

Parameters:

Return Value:

```
active_state: return 1 if data collection is active, 0 otherwise
config_vector_out: vector [begchan begmask begval endchan endmask endval
double waveform continuous event] specifying the configuration state
```

Examples:

```
% Configure to get events
cbmex('trialconfig', 1)
% Stop data collection
cbmex('trialconfig', 0)
% Configure to get double data and timestamps (in seconds)
cbmex('trialconfig', 1, 'double')
% Configure to buffer only event data
cbmex('trialconfig', 1, 'nocontinuous')
% Configure to buffer only continuous data
cbmex('trialconfig', 1, 'noevent')
```

TRIALDATA

Description:

Read the data in the buffer. The buffer contains data since collection started or the last time the data buffer was cleared. Data buffering starts only after the *trialconfig* command is executed with the *active* parameter set to 1.

The buffer will hold up to 2097152 events encompassing all channels. The continuous sample buffer will hold 102400 samples per channel (about 3 seconds). MATLAB may slow down if you let it get that large, so exercise caution when choosing the appropriate read delay. In addition, if trial is configured with the *double* parameter larger memory allocation is required and data transfer to MATLAB is slower.

```
Note: It is your responsibility to flush the data cache frequently, by calling cbmex('trialconfig', 1)

or
cbmex('trialdata', 1)
```

If the buffer fills up, no more event data will be added.

Note: Current syntax has changed from previous versions of cbmex so that if two output arguments are specified, the first output is the *time*, and the second one is *continuous_cell_array*. This new syntax is useful when only continuous data is wanted (or buffered).

Usage:

```
[timestamps_cell_array, [time, continuous_cell_array]] =
cbmex('trialdata', [active = 0])
or
[time, continuous_cell_array] = cbmex('trialdata', [active = 0])
```

Parameters:

Return Value:

```
timestamps_cell_array: Timestamps for events of 152 channels consisting of
128 front end amp channels, 16 analog input channels, 4 analog output, 2
audio output, digital input, and serial input. Each row in this matrix
contains:
   For spike channels:
    'channel name' [unclassified timestamps_vector] [u1_timestamps_vector]
[u2_timestamps_vector] [u3_timestamps_vector] [u4_timestamps_vector]
[u5_timestamps_vector]
   For digital input channels:
    'channel name' [timestamps_vector] [values_vector] ...remaining columns
are empty...

time: Time (in seconds) that the data buffer was most recently cleared.
```

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```
continuous_cell_array: Continuous sample data, variable number of rows.
Each row in this matrix contains:
[channel number] [sample rate (in samples / s)] [values vector]
```

Note: If this call to *trialdata* cleared the buffer (*active* set to 1), you get the time at which the previous buffer started. The time is set for the next call to *trialdata*.

Note: If you change the sampling rate on a given channel, its values are erased so the next time you call *trialdata*, be aware that sample values on different channels may not 'line up'.

Note: By default *timestamps_vector* are unsigned 32bit integers (UINT32) representing the sample number of NSP at 30kHz. In order to convert integer timestamps to seconds, they should be divided to 30000.

Note: By default continuous data *values_vector* is in signed 16bit integer (INT16), and digital *values_vector* are unsigned 16bit integers (UINT16). Some MATLAB functions cannot handle integer data types or may need fixed point toolbox. MATLAB *double* function can be used to convert returned data to double format (as shown in the example script). Alternatively *trialconfig* command can be configured with *double* parameter.

Examples:

```
% read some event data, do not reset time
event_data = cbmex('trialdata');
% read some event data, reset time for the next trialdata
event_data = cbmex('trialdata', 1);
% read some continuous data and events, then reset time [event_data, t,
continuous_data] = cbmex('trialdata', 1);
% read some continuous data, then reset time
[t, continuous_data] = cbmex('trialdata', 1);
```

CHANLABEL

Description:

Get channel label(s) and optionally set new channel labels for given channel(s).

Usage:

```
[label_cell_array] = cbmex('chanlabel', [channels_vector],
[new label cell array])
```

Parameters:

```
channels_vector (optional): a vector of all the channel numbers, if not
specified means all the 156 channels
new_label_cell_array (optional): cell array of new labels (each a string
of maximum 16 characters) for each channel in channels vector
```

Note: new_label_cell_array must be of the same length as channel_vector.

Return Value:

```
label_cell_array (optional): Each row in this matrix looks like:
  For spike channels:
  'channel label' [spike_enabled] [unit0_valid] [unit1_valid]
[unit2_valid] [unit3_valid] [unit4_valid]
  For digital input channels:
  'channel label' [digin enabled] ...remaining columns are empty...
```

Note: In this version of cbmex, only Hoops unit validity is returned.

Examples:

```
% Get all the channel labels
chan labels = cbmex('chanlabel')
% Get channel label of channel 156
chan label = cbmex('chanlabel', 156)
% Get channel label of digital and serial channels
chan labels = cbmex('chanlabel', [151 152])
% Set channel label of channel 5 to ch5
cbmex('chanlabel', 5, 'ch5')
% Set channel label of channel 6 to name
cbmex('chanlabel', 6, {'name'})
% Set labels for channels 5 and 6
cbmex('chanlabel', [5 6], {'e5' 'e6'})
% Get labels for channels 2 to 6
chan labels = cbmex('chanlabel', 2:6)
% Set labels for channels 5 and 6, and return previous labels
chan labels = cbmex('chanlabel', [5 6], {'chan5' 'chan6'})
```

MASK

Description:

Activate or deactivate data collection for specified channels. The mask is applied to data buffering (*trialconfig*) and retrieval (*trialdata*).

Usage:

```
cbmex('mask', channel, [active = 1])
```

Parameters:

```
channel: the channel number to mask
  channel 0 means all channels
active (optional): set 1 (default) to activate, 0 to deactivate
```

Return Value:

None

Examples:

```
% Activate all the channels
cbmex('mask', 0)
% Activate all the channels
cbmex('mask', 0, 1)
% Deactivate all the channels
cbmex('mask', 0, 0)
% Activate channel number 5
cbmex('mask', 5, 0)
```

COMMENT

Description:

Generate a comment or custom event. The comment appears on applications displaying comments (such as *Raster*) and is recorded if file recording is active. The color or comment type parameter (*type*) can be used for custom events.

Usage:

```
cbmex('comment', type, [charset = 0], [comment])
```

Parameters:

```
data: custom data
charset (optional): character-set 0 (default) for ASCII or 1 for UTF16
comment (optional): comment string (maximum 127 characters)
```

Return Value:

None

Examples:

```
% Add black ASCII comment
cbmex('comment', 0, 0, 'my comment')
% Add colored ASCII comment
cbmex('comment', 255, 0, 'my comment')
% Add custom event number 1
cbmex('comment', 1)
% Add custom event 1 with character set 2
cbmex('comment', 1, 2)
% Add comment with color
cbmex('comment', 2, 'my comment')
% Add colored ASCII comment
cbmex('comment', 255, 'my comment')
```

CONFIG

Description:

Get channel configuration and optionally set new channel configuration for a given channel, only the specified parameters are changed. Parameter values are in raw format.

Note: Although the firmware rejects most of the invalid parameters, setting a wrong configuration for a wrong channel might cause unpredicted behavior. It is strongly recommended to leave the parameters that are not relevant unaffected.

Note: Please take extra care while changing a parameter during recording, for example if a new channel is added to a sampling group the data file becomes corrupted because the channels will no longer be aligned.

Note: Some parameters (such as threshold) are only recorded once at beginning of the file, changing these parameters might not be visible to data playback tools. Custom events or comments may be used to record such changes and customize the data playback tool.

Usage:

```
[config cell aray] = cbmex('config', channel, [<parameter>, value], ...)
```

Parameters:

```
channel: The channel number
<parameter>, <value> pairs are optional . Each parameter must have a
value.
<parameter> can be any of:
'userflags', 'doutopts', 'dinpopts', 'aoutopts', 'ainpopts', 'smpfilter',
'smpgroup', 'spkfilter', 'spkopts', 'spkthrlevel', 'spkgroup',
'amplrejpos', 'amplrejneg', 'refelecchan'
```

Return Value:

```
config_cell_aray (optional): Previous parameters. Each row in this matrix
looks like:
config_cell_aray (optional): Previous parameters. Each row in this matrix
looks like:
```

Note: New parameters may be added in the future, therefore *config_cell_array* might have different number of rows.

Examples:

```
% Get full configuration of channel 4
config = cbmex('config', 4)

% Set threshold of the channel 5 to -125uV
cbmex('config', 5, 'spkthrlevel', -125*4)

% Get full configuration of channel 6, and set its new threshold to -65uV
config = cbmex('config', 6, 'spkthrlevel', -65*4)
```

Example Scripts:

REALTIME SPECTRUM DISPLAY

Example 1:

```
% Author and Date: Ehsan Azar 14 Sept 2009
% Copyright: Blackrock Microsystems
% Workfile:
                 RealSpec.m
% Purpose: Realtime spectrum display. All sampled channels are displayed.
close all;
clear variables;
f disp = 0:0.1:15;
                    % the range of frequency to show spectrum over.
% Use f disp = [] if you want the entire spectrum
collect time = 0.1; % collect samples for this time
display period = 0.5; % display spectrum every this amount of time
cbmex('open'); % open library
proc fig = figure; % main display
set(proc fig, 'Name', 'Close this figure to stop');
xlabel('frequency (Hz)');
ylabel('magnitude (dB)');
cbmex('trialconfig', 1); % empty the buffer
t disp0 = tic; % display time
t col0 = tic; % collection time
bCollect = true; % do we need to collect
% while the figure is open
while (ishandle(proc fig))
    if (bCollect)
        et col = toc(t col0); % elapsed time of collection
        if (et col >= collect time)
            [spike data, t buf1, continuous data] = cbmex('trialdata',1); % read
some data
           nGraphs = size(continuous data,1); % number of graphs
            % if the figure is still open
            if (ishandle(proc fig))
                % graph all
                for ii=1:nGraphs
                    fs0 = continuous data{ii,2};
                    % get the ii'th channel data
                    data = continuous data{ii,3};
                    % number of samples to run through fft
                    collect size = min(size(data), collect time * fs0);
                    x = data(1:collect size);
                    %uncomment to see the full rang
                    if isempty(f disp)
```

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```
[psd, f] = periodogram(double(x),[],'onesided',512,fs0);
                    else
                        [psd, f] = periodogram(double(x),[],f disp,fs0);
                    end
                    subplot(nGraphs,1,ii,'Parent',proc_fig);
                    plot(f, 10*log10(psd), 'b'); title(sprintf('fs = %d t = %f', 
fs0, t buf1));
                    xlabel('frequency (Hz)');ylabel('magnitude (dB)');
                end
                drawnow;
            bCollect = false;
        end
    end
    et_disp = toc(t_disp0); % elapsed time since last display
    if (et disp >= display period)
        t_col0 = tic; % collection time
        t disp0 = tic; % restart the period
        bCollect = true; % start collection
end
cbmex('close'); % always close
```

Pulse Digout on Specific Value From Serial

```
% Author & Date:
                  Hyrum L. Sessions
                                      14 Sept 2009
% Copyright:
                   Blackrock Microsystems
% Workfile:
                   DigInOut.m
% Purpose:
                   Read serial data from the NSP and compare with a
                   predefined value. If it is the same, generate a
양
                   pulse on dout4
% This script will read data from the NSP for a period of 30 seconds. It
% is waiting for a character 'd' on the Serial I/O port of the NSP. If
% received it will generate a 10ms pulse on Digital Output 4
% initialize
close all;
clear variables;
run time = 30;
                  % run for time
value = 100;
                  % value to look for (100 = d)
channel in = 152; % serial port = channel 152, digital = 151
channel out = 156; % dout 1 = 153, 2 = 154, 3 = 155, 4 = 156
               % collection time
t col = tic;
cbmex('open');
                            % open library
cbmex('trialconfig',1);
                          % start library collecting data
start = tic();
while (run time > toc(t col))
    pause(0.05); % check every 50ms
    t test = toc(t col);
    spike data = cbmex('trialdata', 1); % read data
    found = (value == spike data{channel in, 3});
    if (0 \sim = sum(found))
        cbmex('digitalout', channel_out, 1);
        pause(0.01);
        cbmex('digitalout', channel out, 0);
    end
end
% close the app
cbmex('close');
```