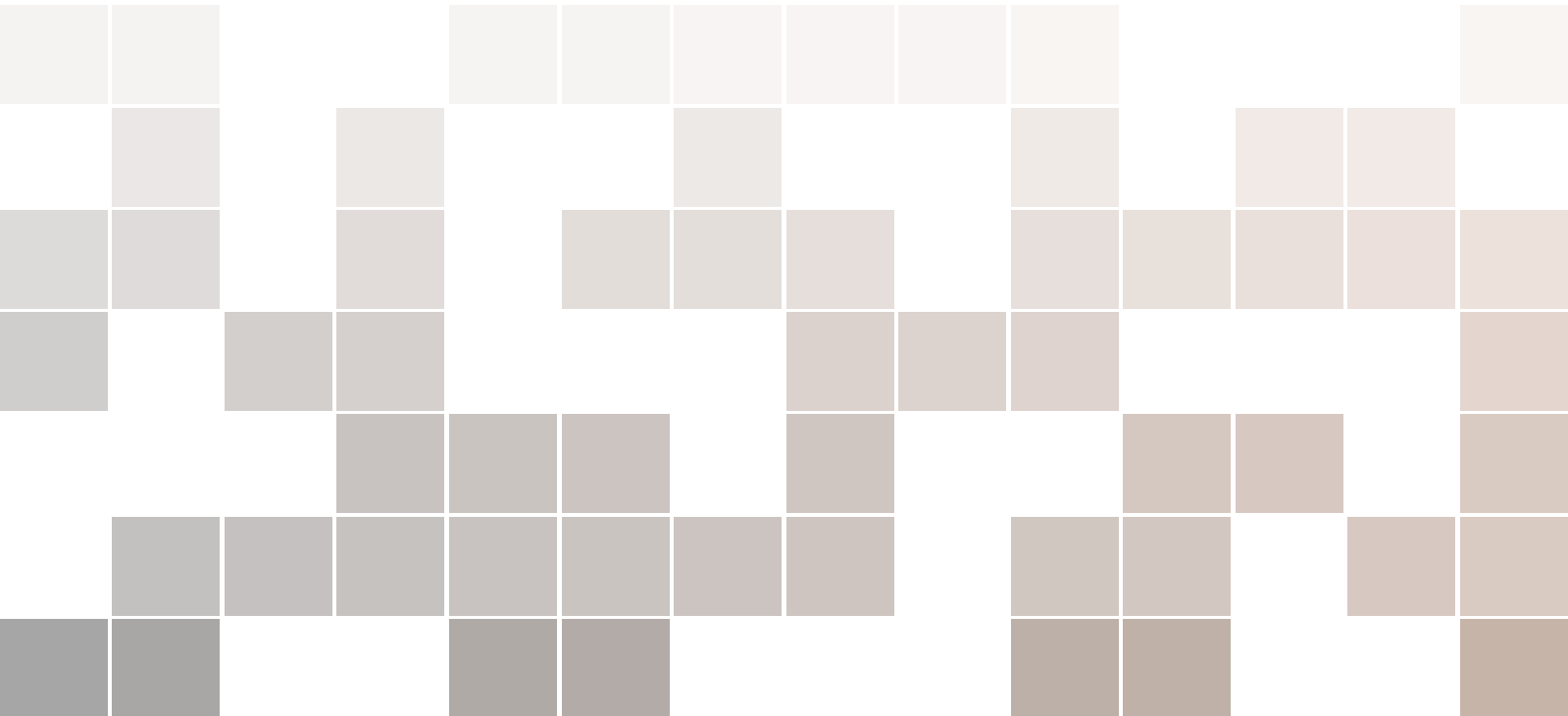


陈琦 GRE 填空强化 36 套

陈琦 戈弋 黄晨成

2014 年 5 月 13 日



《陈琦 GRE 填空强化 36 套》用前必读

首先，恭喜你完成了第一阶段《陈琦 GRE 填空基础 24 套》的训练，欢迎进入到“陈琦 GRE 填空训练”的第二阶段——《陈琦 GRE 填空强化 36 套》的练习。本部分题目完全来自于老 GRE 考试的真题，原汁原味，没有任何改编。

这些题目中虽然没有 3 空题，但是 3 空题无非是更多句子的累加，因此如果考生能按照使用方法认真完成这部分题目，3 空题的解决也是唾手可得。

我们追求的不是题目的形式，而是你真实功力的提升。

适用对象

本材料属于“陈琦 GRE 填空训练”系列的第二部分，**适合于已经完成基础 24 套且保证每套在 20 分钟内的错误个数不超过两个的考生**，同时适用于备考处于 GRE 200-400 小时阶段的考生，以及参加培训机构中“GRE 1 对 1，GRE 强化，GRE 考前冲刺班，GRE 全程班与 GRE 直通车”中期阶段培训时期课程的考生。

题目来源

该部分题目完全源自于老 GRE 真题，是市面上流传的 GRE 的三个“大白本”，**以及自 2002 年 11 月 GRE 考试在中国大陆地区恢复成笔考以来，考生从考场中搜集的完整的 GRE 填空套题（极其罕见和完整）**的合集。针对市面上盗版大白本印刷质量差，题目不完整，没有专项的填空练习的现状，琦叔的“再要你命 3000”团队专门将三个大白本整理后，将此份必备填空备考资料——《陈琦 GRE 填空强化 36 套》呈现给各位考生。该套备考资料收录的老 GRE 填空题目是市面上最全面的题目，相对于陈圣元老师的《GRE 句子填空》我们增加了 No2 与 No3 的题目和考生从考场收集的笔考完整题目。

本材料题目的构成如下：

- 第一部分是北美 80 年代的 NO 题，从 NO.2 到 NO.9，共 378 题；
- 第二部分是国内 1990-1994 的老 GRE 题目，共 196 题；
- 第三部分是国内 1995-1999 的老 GRE 题目，共 140 题；

- 第四部分是 2002 年 11 月，2006 年 6 月，2008 年 6 月学生搜集的罕见而完整的题目，共 42 题。

老 GRE 从 99 年 4 月至 2002 年 9 月为机考，该部分为残存机经，可以在太傻、寄托天下的考古贴里找到残存的题目，但已没有备考价值。从 2002 年 11 月至 2011 年 6 月 11 日恢复为笔考。综上，老 GRE 题目共计 756 个题目。我们将 21 个题目记为一套，共计 36 套。是备考 GRE 的考生在现有的备考资料中分量最重的题目之一。在整理新 GRE 填空题目的时候，我们也发现大量现有填空题目改编于甚至直接照搬我们整理的合集的题目。

本材料收集的题目是 ETS 所出的 GRE 真题，没有经过任何改编，相比于市面上改编的“X 皮书”而言，是原汁原味真题，更不会出现“X 皮书”中因为选项删减不讲究，造成的“破坏选项耦合”的现象（具体请参考[一位考生的文章](#)，非常重要!!! 请从头到尾看完!!!）。希望大家做透这个部分的真题。

使用方法

建议参加琦叔 GRE 培训的同学在课程结束，整理好笔记，用课上讲授的方法完成 36 套的练习。同时对于单词的含义是否把握，句子内部的重复是否搞清楚的工作则需要同学们在课下借助本练习与《新 GRE 核心词汇考法精析》（再要你命 3000）来完成并巩固。建议至少完成 2 遍。具体训练方法如下：

- 在每套练习之前，提炼了该部分题目最为核心的单词，请大家先在 3000 中熟悉这些单词的考法，再进行题目的训练。对于 3000 中没有收录的单词，我们会给出这些单词的中英文解释。有些词汇会在《陈琦填空基础 24 套》中出现，这样一方面证明了这些高频词的重要性，另一方面也可以帮助“过遍数”加深印象。这部分单词的整理，是本材料的亮点之一。使得考生没有必要在单词书中单词都熟练的情况下在进行练习，让考生可以尽快了解单词在上下文中的考法。
- 在单词熟悉之后，可以开始题目的训练，36 套每套 21 个题目，建议 20 分钟一组来做。以前老 GRE 的填空 7 个题目一组，我们建议学生 6-7 分钟完成。前 18 套（原 NO 题目，难度相对于后 18 套题目略高）进行不限制时间的计时。做题的原则是，做懂比做对更重要，所以不建议大家掐时间训练。第一轮训练重点在于结合题目，抓住 ETS 的主考词汇。可以在训练的时候，用题目答案结合《再要你命 3000》深入理解主考词汇，尤其要关注词条下面的同反义词。此处不建议使用除《再要你命 3000》以外的词汇书帮助记忆，因为会存在词汇释义不准确，记忆负担过重的问题；同时也不建议使用 Merriam-Webster Dictionary，因为韦氏词典释义过多，解释过难，不适合初级备考者使用。
- 在进行后 18 套练习的时候，请掐时间训练，每一套 20 分钟。其中每个 section 的 6, 7, 13, 14, 20, 21 题为 ETS 默认的难度较大的题目。每套 21 个题目，如果在规定时间内错误个数在 3 个以内，对应新 GRE 语文分数约为 162+；如果在 4-6 个，约为

158-161。

- 第 2 遍做题的时候，请大家用课上的方法，找出做题的线索词，关键词与对应，熟悉 ETS 出题的原则，融会贯通，这样就可以站在 ETS 出题的角度看这些题目，做到这一步你就是 ETS 他爹（娘）。具体做题方法可以参看网络课堂：

http://www.koolearn.com/product/25261_1.html

建议同学们把最基本的功底打扎实之后再去接触更复杂的三空题目以及阅读题目。所有的 Verbal 题目都是基于改写的重复。在三空与阅读中，改写的重复的平均难度高于单空与双空题目。如果定位语文目标低于 162 分，24 套基础，36 套强化，OG 和 PP2 中的填空已经可以达到足够的训练。

《陈琦 GRE 填空强化 36 套》每个星期更新 12 套，争取在 3 周之内更新完毕，满足不同阶段的考生备考的需求。希望同学们紧跟我们的填空套题进行反复训练，丢掉手中的假题。

每周更新我们都会通过新浪微博：@再要你命 3000 第一时间发布，欢迎大家下载使用。

题目的解析会以纸质书的形式进行发布，也欢迎同学们提出题目的独到解法与疑问。

在该强化训练之后，我们会继续发布后续的“陈琦 GRE 填空训练”的最新练习题目供各位高足备考使用。

愿我们共同拿下新 GRE 最核心的单词！

愿我们在考场上面对新 GRE 题目，来一个，灭一个！

欢迎各位考生关注并联系我们
联系邮箱：qishu109@gmail.com
新浪微博：@再要你命 3000
微信公共平台：琦叔 GRE
人人网：陈琦 公共主页



koolearn 平台

课程大类	课程小类	课程时长	课程内容
GRE 考前真题点词班	A (已结束)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 A
	B (已结束)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 B
	C (已结束)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 C
	D (已结束)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 D
	E (已结束)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 E
	F (已结束)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 F
	G (报名中)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 G
	H (报名中)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 H

适合学员：建议 3 周之内参加考试同学报名。

课程简介：你可以在 D 班之后加上 E 班、F 班……一直到 Z 班，我们一直在更新，请跟上我们的节奏。我们的课程内容基于来之不易的限制级资料，将把最新题目中的最核心的词汇抽取出来，借助这些单词之前的考过的题目，用富有节奏感的安排带着同学们完成考前的“最强词汇”串讲。我们为大家打造的考前点词班是每位考生参加 GRE 考试的最基本配置。从此之后，考场上不认识主考单词的时代将一去不复返了！每期班会涉及 1 套真题中的主考单词，建议从当下最新的班级开始报名，一直更新学校到你离开 GRE 的那一天。我们的班级每期的串讲内容完全不同，每 2 次考试结束之后会有一期新的班级。提醒大家的是，如果大家在考场上看到了相似或者相同的东西，也希望能够控制情绪，不要影响其他同学的答题。

敬请期待我们的后续课程！课程咨询，请联系：

线下课程：戈弋 15201133035 线上课程：高宇 18911593196

邮箱咨询：qishu109@gmail.com 微信公共平台：“琦叔 GRE”

目录

《陈琦 GRE 填空强化 36 套》用前必读	2
第十三套	7
13.1 核心词汇表	7
13.2 练习题	8
第十四套	14
14.1 核心词汇表	14
14.2 练习题	15
第十五套	21
15.1 核心词汇表	21
15.2 练习题	22

第十三套

13.1 核心词汇表

《新 GRE 核心词汇考法精析》收录单词（共 46 词）

adapt	altruism	anomalous	antipathy
apprehensive	aversion	circumlocution	cliché
congenial	conscientious	consternation	constrain
consummate	credible	deliberate	delicacy
deter	disguise	elaborate	enamored
euphemism	fickle	hasten	imitation
impede	impenetrable	ingenious	inherent
innovative	issue	jargon	lucid
outmoded	penalty	precipitate	provoke
psychology	redundant	relevant	salient
sound	strength	subject	suppress
synthesis	vague		

迷恋的

基础单词补充（共 23 词）

approach *v.tr.* 达成: To make advances to especially in order to create a desired result.

basis *n.* 基础: A foundation upon which something rests.

cease *v.tr.* 停止: To put an end to; discontinue.

charitable *adj.* 宽容的: Mild or tolerant in judging others; **lenient**.

color *v.tr.* 歪曲: To misrepresent, especially by distortion or exaggeration.

conquer *v.tr.* 征服: To defeat or subdue by force, especially by force of arms.

difference *n.* 差异: The quality or condition of being unlike or dissimilar.

disenfranchise *v.tr.* 剥夺: To deprive of a privilege or right officially granted a person or a group by a government, especially, of a legal right, or of some privilege or immunity.

dismiss *v.tr.* 因为不重要而不考虑; 不理睬: To reject serious consideration.

dogmatist *n.* 教条主义者/严肃死板的人: One who expresses or sets forth dogma.

eliminate *v.tr.* 消除: To get rid of; remove.

fanatical *adj.* 狂热的: Possessed with or motivated by excessive, irrational zeal.

gain *v.tr.* 谋生: To secure as profit or reward; earn.

independent *adj.* 独立自主的: Not governed by a foreign power; self-governing.

insignificant *adj.* 不重要的: Having little or no meaning.

mask *v.tr.* 掩盖: To make indistinct or blurred to the senses.

neutral *adj.* 客观的: Not aligned with, supporting, or favoring either side in a war, dispute, or contest.

originality *n.* 独创性: The quality of being original.

perception *n.* 认识: The effect or product of achieving understanding of.

pervasive *adj.* 渗透性的: Having the quality or tendency to pervade or permeate.

reconnaissance *n.* 勘察: A preliminary survey to gain information.

record *n.* (最高) 记录: An unsurpassed measurement.

thoughtful *adj.* 深思熟虑的: Engrossed in thought; contemplative.

13.2 练习题

13-1 Many artists believe that successful imitation, far from being symptomatic of a lack of _____, is the first step in learning to be creative.

- | |
|--|
| <input type="radio"/> A elegance |
| <input type="radio"/> B resolution |
| <input type="radio"/> C goodness |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> D originality |
| <input type="radio"/> E sympathy |

13-2 As serious as she is about the bullfight, she does not allow respect to _____ her sense of whimsy when painting it.

- | |
|---|
| <input type="radio"/> A inspire |
| <input type="radio"/> B provoke |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> C suppress |
| <input type="radio"/> D attack |
| <input type="radio"/> E satisfy |

相反

13-3 No one is _____ about Stephens; he inspires either uncritical adulation or profound _____ in those who work for him.

A neutral ... antipathy
B infuriated ... aversion
C worried ... anxiety
D enthusiastic ... veneration
E apprehensive ... consternation

13-4 Before about 1960, virtually all accounts of evolution assumed most adaptation to be a product of selection at the level of populations; recent studies of evolution, however, have found no _____ this _____ view of selection.

A departures from ... controversial
B basis for ... <u>pervasive</u>
C bias toward ... unchallenged
D precursors of ... innovative
E criticisms of ... renowned

流行的

13-5 The new biological psychiatry does not deny the contributing role of psychological factors in mental illnesses, but posits that these factors may act as a catalyst on existing physiological conditions and _____ such illnesses.

A disguise
B impede
C constrain
D precipitate
E consummate

13-6 During periods of social and cultural stability, many art academies are so firmly controlled by _____ that all real creative work must be done by the _____.

A <u>dogmatists</u> ... <u>disenfranchised</u>
B managers ... reactionaries
C reformers ... dissatisfied
D imposters ... academicians
E specialists ... elite

行话, 术语

13-7 The First World War began in a context of jargon and verbal delicacy and continued in a cloud of _____ as _____ as language and literature, skillfully used, could make it.

表正面义

- | |
|---|
| (A) circumlocution ... literal |
| (B) cliché ... lucid |
| (C) euphemism ... impenetrable |
| (D) particularity ... deliberate |
| (E) subjectivity ... enthralling |

委婉的话，和行话术语
一个类别，都是难懂
impenetrable

13-8 Because no comprehensive _____ exist regarding personal reading practices, we do not know, for example, the greatest number of books read in an individual lifetime.

- | |
|------------------------|
| (A) records |
| (B) instincts |
| (C) remedies |
| (D) proposals |
| (E) commercials |

可表示最高记录

13-9 In our corporation there is a _____ between male and female _____ because 73 percent of the men and 34 percent of the women polled believe that our company provides equal compensation to men and women.

投票

- | |
|---|
| (A) contrast ... stereotypes |
| (B) difference ... perceptions |
| (C) variation ... salaries |
| (D) resemblance ... employees |
| (E) similarity ... aspirations |

鸦片；麻醉剂

~~**13-10**~~ The wonder of De Quincey is that although opium dominated his life, it never _____ him; indeed, he turned its use to _____ when he published the story of its influence in the London Magazine.

- | |
|--|
| (A) overcame ... altruism |
| (B) intimidated ... triumph |
| (C) distressed ... pleasure |
| (D) conquered ... gain |
| (E) released ... necessity |

13-11 The reduction of noise has been _____ in terms of _____ its sources, but the alternative of canceling noise out by adding sound with the opposite wave pattern may be more useful in practice.

- | |
|---|
| (A) justified ... diffusing |
| (B) accomplished ... tracking |
| (C) conceived ... concealing |
| (D) explained ... isolating |
| (E) approached ... eliminating |

vt. : 接近... ; 着手处理... , 而不是完成实现

直率的

13-12 While Parker is very outspoken on issues she cares about, she is not ____ ; she concedes the ____ of opposing arguments when they expose weaknesses inherent in her own.

- | |
|---------------------------------------|
| (A) fickle ... validity |
| (B) arrogant ... restraint |
| (C) fanatical ... strength |
| (D) congenial ... incompatibility |
| (E) unyielding ... speciousness |

13-13 Hampshire's assertions, far from showing that we can ____ the ancient puzzles about objectivity, reveal the issue to be even more ____ than we had thought.

- | |
|-------------------------------------|
| (A) adapt ... pressing |
| (B) dismiss ... relevant |
| (C) rediscover ... unconventional |
| (D) admire ... elusive |
| (E) appreciate ... interesting |

13-14 Usually the first to spot data that were inconsistent with other findings, in this particular experiments she let a number of ____ results slip by.

- | |
|--------------------------|
| (A) inaccurate |
| (B) verifiable |
| (C) redundant |
| (D) salient |
| (E) anomalous |

13-15 Psychology has slowly evolved into an ____ scientific discipline that now functions autonomously with the same privileges and responsibilities as other sciences.

A independent
B unusual
C outmoded
D uncontrolled
E inactive

13-16 A major goal of law, to deter potential criminals by punishing wrongdoers, is not served when the penalty is so seldom invoked that it _____ to be a _____ threat.

A tends ... serious
B appears ... real
C ceases ... credible
D fails ... deceptive
E seems ... coercive

13-17 When people are happy, they tend to give _____ interpretations of events they witness: the eye of the beholder is _____ by the emotions of the beholder.

A charitable ... colored
B elaborate ... disquieted
C conscientious ... deceived
D vague ... sharpened
E coherent ... confused

仁慈的，宽容的

13-18 Even those who disagreed with Carmen's views rarely faulted her for expressing them, for the positions she took were as _____ as they were controversial.

A complicated
B political
C subjective
D commonplace
E thoughtful

评价作品是有争论的，
偏褒义？
会引起人的思考
即 thoughtful，深思熟
虑的，思考的

13-19 New research on technology and public policy focuses on how seemingly _____ design features, generally overlooked in most analyses of public works projects or industrial machinery, actually _____ social choices of profound significance.

- | |
|---------------------------------------|
| (A) insignificant ... mask |
| (B) inexpensive ... produce |
| (C) innovative ... represent |
| (D) ingenious ... permit |
| (E) inopportune ... hasten |

13-20 Paradoxically, Robinson's excessive denials of the worth of early works of science fiction suggest that she has become quite _____ them.

- | |
|----------------------------|
| (A) reflective about |
| (B) enamored of |
| (C) skeptical of |
| (D) encouraged by |
| (E) offended by |

迷上

13-21 Cezanne's delicate watercolor sketches often served as _____ of a subject, a way of gathering fuller knowledge before the artist's final engagement of the subject in an oil painting.

- | |
|-----------------------------|
| (A) an abstraction |
| (B) an enhancement |
| (C) a synthesis |
| (D) a reconnaissance |
| (E) a transcription |

a preliminary survey
to gain information

第十四套

14.1 核心词汇表

《新 GRE 核心词汇考法精析》收录单词（共 41 词）

advocate	beneficent	claim	compromise
content	credit	decorum	disinterested
eccentric	enigma	enthusiasm	errant
fabricate	figurative	flaccid	flag
flexible	fragile	friction	grudge
halfhearted	imperious	impudent	inherent
lethargic	malevolent	military	paradox
playful	pristine	riveting	salvage
scruple	sedentary	substitute	subtle
superfluous	suspend	tacit	tout
treacherous			

不认真的，不热情的，
不感兴趣的

基础单词补充（共 24 词）

admire *v.tr.* 称赞：To have a high opinion of; esteem or respect.

allusive *adj.* 间接指出的：Containing or characterized by indirect references.

beneficial *adj.* 有利的：Producing or promoting a favorable result; advantageous.

caste *n.* 等级制度：A social system or the principle of grading society based on social classes separated from others by distinctions of hereditary rank, profession, or wealth.

conflict *n.* （观点上的）冲突：A state of disharmony between incompatible or antithetical persons, ideas, or interests; a clash.

criticize *v.tr.* 批评：To judge the merits and faults of; analyze and evaluate.

crossfire *n.* 激烈的讨论：Rapid, heated discussion.

dominate *v.tr.* 支配：To control, govern, or rule by superior authority or power.

efficacy *n.* 效力：Power or capacity to produce a desired effect; effectiveness.

enhance *v.tr.* 加强: To make greater, as in value, beauty, or reputation; augment.

friendly *adj.* 友好的: Of, relating to, or befitting a person whom one knows, likes, and trusts.

incompatible *adj.* 不相容的: Incapable of associating or blending or of being associated or blended because of disharmony, incongruity, or antagonism.

intact *adj.* 完整无缺的: Remaining sound, entire, or uninjured; not impaired in any way.

literal *adj.* 字面意思的: Avoiding exaggeration, metaphor, or embellishment; factual; prosaic.

mask *v.tr.* 掩盖: To make indistinct or blurred to the senses.

mobility *n.* (人员的) 流动: The movement of people, as from one social group, class, or level to another.

practice *n.* 习惯: A habitual or customary action or way of doing something.

procure *v.tr.* 采购: To get by special effort; obtain or acquire.

translate *v.tr.* 翻译: To render in another language.

underrate *v.tr.* 低估: To rate too low; underestimate.

unfetter *v.tr.* 使自由: To set free or keep free from restrictions or bonds.

unrealistic *adj.* 脱离现实的: Not compatible with reality or fact; unreasonably idealistic.

utilize *v.tr.* 利用: To put to use, especially to find a profitable or practical use for.

well-fed *adj.* 吃太好的: Adequately or properly nourished.

14.2 练习题

14-1 Though it would be _____ to expect Barnard to have worked out all of the limitations of his experiment, he must be _____ for his neglect of quantitative analysis.

<input type="radio"/> A	unjust ... pardoned
<input type="radio"/> B	impudent ... dismissed
<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	unrealistic ... criticized
<input type="radio"/> D	pointless ... examined
<input type="radio"/> E	<u>inexcusable</u> ... recognized

14-2 The hierarchy of medical occupations is in many ways a _____ system; its strata remain _____ and the practitioners in them have very little vertical mobility.

<input type="radio"/> A health ... skilled
<input type="radio"/> B delivery ... basic
<input type="radio"/> C regimental ... flexible
<input type="radio"/> D training ... inferior
<input checked="" type="radio"/> E caste ... intact

肌肉组织

14-3 Noting the murder victim's flaccid musculature and pearlike figure, she deduced that the unfortunate fellow had earned his living in some ____ occupation.

<input type="radio"/> A treacherous
<input type="radio"/> B <u>prestigious</u>
<input type="radio"/> C ill-paying
<input type="radio"/> D illegitimate
<input checked="" type="radio"/> E sedentary

14-4 In Germany her startling powers as a novelist are widely ____, but she is almost unknown in the English-speaking world because of the difficulties of ____ her eccentric prose.

<input type="radio"/> A ignored ... editing
<input checked="" type="radio"/> B admired ... translating
<input type="radio"/> C espoused ... revealing
<input type="radio"/> D obscured ... comprehending
<input type="radio"/> E dispersed ... transcribing

14-5 Liberty is not easy, but far better to be an ____ fox, hungry and threatened on its hill, than a ____ canary, safe and secure in its cage.

<input type="radio"/> A unfriendly ... fragile
<input type="radio"/> B aging ... young
<input type="radio"/> C angry ... content
<input type="radio"/> D imperious ... lethargic
<input checked="" type="radio"/> E unfettered ... well-fed

金丝雀

14-6 Remelting old metal cans rather than making primary aluminum from bauxite ore shipped from overseas saves producers millions of dollars in ____ and production costs.

- | |
|----------------------------|
| (A) distribution |
| (B) salvage |
| (C) storage |
| (D) procurement |
| (E) research |

采购

14-7 Johnson never ____ to ignore the standards of decent conduct mandated by company policy if ____ compliance with instructions from his superiors enabled him to do so, whatever the effects on his subordinates.

- | |
|------------------------------------|
| (A) deigned ... tacit |
| (B) attempted ... halfhearted |
| (C) intended ... direct |
| (D) scrupled ... literal |
| (E) wished ... feigned |

表反义，有顾虑

14-8 Although the feeding activities of whales and walruses give the seafloor of the Bering Shelf a devastated appearance, these activities seem to be actually ____ to the area, ____ its productivity.

- | |
|---|
| (A) destructive ... counterbalancing |
| (B) rehabilitative ... diminishing |
| (C) beneficial ... enhancing |
| (D) detrimental ... redirecting |
| (E) superfluous ... encumbering |

14-9 In an age without radio or recordings, an age ____ by print, fiction gained its greatest ascendancy.

- | |
|--------------------------|
| (A) <u>decimated</u> |
| (B) denigrated |
| (C) dominated |
| (D) emphasized |
| (E) resurrected |

14-10 Scientists' pristine reputation as devotees of the disinterested pursuit of truth has been ____ by recent evidence that some scientists have deliberately ____ experimental results to further their own careers.

<input type="radio"/> (A) reinforced ... published
<input type="radio"/> (B) validated ... suppressed
<input type="radio"/> (C) exterminated ... replicated
<input checked="" type="radio"/> (D) compromised ... fabricated
<input type="radio"/> (E) resuscitated ... challenged

14-11 Although Johnson's and Smith's initial fascination with the fortunes of those jockeying for power in the law firm _____ after a few months, the two paid sufficient attention to determine who their lunch partners should be.

<input type="radio"/> (A) revived
<input type="radio"/> (B) emerged
<input type="radio"/> (C) intensified
<input checked="" type="radio"/> (D) flagged
<input type="radio"/> (E) persisted

衰退

14-12 A war, even if fought for individual liberty and democratic rights, usually requires that these principles be _____, for they are _____ the regimentation and discipline necessary for military efficiency.

<input type="radio"/> (A) espoused ... contrary to
<input type="radio"/> (B) suppressed ... fulfilled through
<input checked="" type="radio"/> (C) suspended ... incompatible with
<input type="radio"/> (D) followed ... disruptive of
<input type="radio"/> (E) rejected ... inherent in

14-13 To test the _____ of borrowing from one field of study to enrich another, simply investigate the extent to which terms from the one may, without forcing, be _____ the other.

<input checked="" type="radio"/> (A) risk ... confused with
<input type="radio"/> (B) universality ... applied to
<input type="radio"/> (C) decorum ... illuminated by
<input type="radio"/> (D) rate ... superseded by
<input type="radio"/> (E) efficacy ... utilized by

两个学科之间的适应性
不能说是universality

狂热，崇拜

14-14 The English novelist William Thackeray considered the cult of the criminal so dangerous that he criticized Dickens' *Oliver Twist* for making the characters in the thieves' kitchen so _____.

- | |
|-------------------------|
| (A) threatening |
| (B) riveting |
| (C) conniving |
| (D) fearsome |
| (E) irritating |

14-15 The discovery that, friction excluded, all bodies fall at the same rate is so simple to state and to grasp that there is a tendency to ____ its significance.

- | |
|--------------------------|
| (A) underrate |
| (B) control |
| (C) reassess |
| (D) praise |
| (E) eliminate |

14-16 Their mutual teasing seemed ____, but in fact it ____ a long-standing hostility.

- | |
|------------------------------------|
| (A) aimless ... produced |
| (B) friendly ... masked |
| (C) playful ... contravened |
| (D) bitter ... revealed |
| (E) clever ... averted |

14-17 Nothing that few employees showed any ____ for complying with the corporation's new safety regulations, Peterson was forced to conclude that acceptance of the regulations would be ____, at best.

- | |
|---|
| (A) aptitude ... unavoidable |
| (B) regard ... indeterminate |
| (C) respect ... negotiable |
| (D) patience ... imminent |
| (E) enthusiasm ... <u>grudging</u> |

吝啬的；勉强的
grudge 怨恨

14-18 It has been argued that politics as ____, whatever its transcendental claims, has always been the systematic organization of common hatreds.

超越自然的，超越平凡的；和practice相对

- ~~(A)~~ a theory
- (B) an ideal
- (C) a practice
- (D) a contest
- (E) an enigma

竞赛, 争论

14-19 In many science fiction films, the opposition of good and evil is portrayed as a _____ between technology, which is _____, and the errant will of a depraved intellectual.

- (A) fusion ... useful
- (B) struggle ... dehumanizing
- (C) parallel ... unfettered
- (D) conflict ... beneficent
- ~~(E)~~ similarity ... malevolent

conflict between A and B

14-20 Although scientists claim that the seemingly _____ language of their reports is more precise than the figurative language of fiction, the language of science, like all language, is inherently _____.

- (A) ornamental ... subtle
- (B) unidimensional ... unintelligible
- (C) symbolic ... complex
- ~~(D)~~ literal ... allusive
- (E) subjective ... metaphorical

uni-dimensional 一维的, 线性的

14-21 In recent decades the idea that Cezanne influenced Cubism has been caught in the _____ between art historians who credit Braque with its invention and those who _____ Picasso.

- ~~(A)~~ crossfire ... tout
- (B) interplay ... advocate
- (C) paradox ... prefer
- (D) deliberation ... attribute
- (E) tussle ... substitute

打斗, 纷争

第十五套

15.1 核心词汇表

《新 GRE 核心词汇考法精析》收录单词（共 43 词）

acute	anomalous	arbitrary	archaic
arid	barren	benign	bogus
bombast	calculated	complementary	compound
diminish	diversity	dramatic	embrace
emulate	enmity	enthusiasm	estimable
euphemism	formidable	glide	justify
lethargic	magnitude	marginal	obsolete
orthodox	painstaking	pinpoint	presage
quiescent	reconcile	resilience	revise
salutary	squander	superficial	tranquility
trivial	undermine	versatile	

基础单词补充（共 27 词）

adventurous *adj.* 冒险的：Hazardous; risky.

communicable *adj.* 可传达的：Readily made known.

difficult *adj.* 困难的：Hard to do or accomplish; demanding considerable effort or skill; arduous.

dissipation *n.* 浪费：Wasteful expenditure or consumption.

efficacy *n.* 效力：Power or capacity to produce a desired effect; effectiveness.

emphasize *v.tr.* 强调：To give stress to; stress.

equivocal *adj.* 不确定的：Of a doubtful or uncertain nature.

failure *n.* 失败：The condition or fact of not achieving the desired end or ends.

fertile *adj.* 肥沃的：Rich in material needed to sustain plant growth.

hostile *adj.* 怀有敌意的：Feeling or showing enmity or ill will; antagonistic.

interplay *n.* 相互作用: Reciprocal action and reaction; interaction.

interpretation *n.* 解释: The act or process of conceiving the significance of.

measure *v.tr.* 测量: To estimate by evaluation or comparison.

persist *v.intr.* 持续: To continue in existence; last.

plentiful *adj.* 充足的: Existing in great quantity or ample supply.

precise *adj.* 精确的: Exact, as in performance, execution, or amount; accurate or correct.

prey *v.intr.* 捕食: To hunt, catch, or eat as prey.

reinforce *v.tr.* 加强: To strengthen by adding extra support or material.

restless *adj.* 不平静: Never still or motionless.

revolutionary *adj.* 革命性的: Bringing about or supporting a political or social revolution.

subtlety *n.* 细微: The quality or state of being difficult to understand or perceive.

threaten *v.tr.* 威胁: To express a threat against.

urbanity *n.* 举止文雅: Refinement and elegance of manner; polished courtesy.

widen *v.tr.intr.* 变宽: To make or become wide or wider.

15.2 练习题

15-1 Agronomists are increasingly worried about “desertification”, the phenomenon that is turning many of the world’s _____ fields and pastures into _____ wastelands, unable to support the people living on them.

- | |
|--|
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> A) fertile ... barren |
| <input type="radio"/> B) productive ... blooming |
| <input type="radio"/> C) arid ... thriving |
| <input type="radio"/> D) poorest ... marginal |
| <input type="radio"/> E) largest ... saturated |

很难改掉

15-2 Old beliefs die hard: even when jobs became _____, the long-standing fear that unemployment could return at a moment’s notice _____.

- | |
|---|
| <input type="radio"/> A) vacant ... perished |
| <input type="radio"/> B) easier ... changed |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> C) plentiful ... persisted |
| <input type="radio"/> D) protected ... subsided |
| <input type="radio"/> E) available ... <u>receded</u> |

立刻, 随时

后退; 区分 concede

15-3 Intellectual _____ and flight from boredom have caused him to rush pell-mell into situations that less _____ spirits might hesitate to approach.

restless

双重否定

<input checked="" type="radio"/> A restlessness ... adventurous
<input type="radio"/> B agitation ... passive
<input type="radio"/> C resilience ... quiescent
<input type="radio"/> D tranquility ... versatile
<input type="radio"/> E curiosity ... lethargic

15-4 Science advances in _____ spiral in that each new conceptual scheme _____ that phenomena explained by its predecessors and adds to those explanations.

<input type="radio"/> A a discontinuous ... decries
<input type="radio"/> B a repetitive ... vitiates
<input checked="" type="radio"/> C a widening ... embraces
<input type="radio"/> D an anomalous ... captures
<input type="radio"/> E an explosive ... questions

15-5 Politeness is not a _____ attribute of human behavior, but rather a central virtue, one whose very existence is increasingly being _____ by the faddish requirement to "speak one's mind".

<input checked="" type="radio"/> A superficial ... threatened
<input type="radio"/> B pervasive ... undercut
<input type="radio"/> C worthless ... forestalled
<input type="radio"/> D precious ... repudiated
<input type="radio"/> E trivial ... affected

流行的

15-6 The painting was larger than it appeared to be, for, hanging in a darkened recess of the chapel, it was _____ by the perspective.

<input checked="" type="radio"/> A improved
<input type="radio"/> B aggrandized
<input type="radio"/> C embellished
<input type="radio"/> D jeopardized
<input type="radio"/> E diminished

15-7 Because folk art is neither completely rejected nor accepted as an art form by art historians, their final evaluations of it necessarily remain _____.

- | |
|--|
| <input type="radio"/> (A) arbitrary |
| <input type="radio"/> (B) estimable |
| <input type="radio"/> (C) orthodox |
| <input type="radio"/> (D) unspoken |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> (E) equivocal |

15-8 Because it is _____ to _____ all the business costs related to employee discontent, an accurate estimate of the magnitude of these costs is not easily calculated.

- | |
|--|
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> (A) difficult ... measure |
| <input type="radio"/> (B) impossible ... justify |
| <input type="radio"/> (C) improper ... overlook |
| <input type="radio"/> (D) useless ... discover |
| <input type="radio"/> (E) necessary ... pinpoint |

15-9 Consider the universal cannibalism of the sea, all of whose creatures _____ one another.

食同类

- | |
|--|
| <input type="radio"/> (A) hide from |
| <input type="radio"/> (B) ferret out |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> (C) prey on |
| <input type="radio"/> (D) glide among |
| <input type="radio"/> (E) compete against |

15-10 How could words, confined as they individually are to certain _____ meanings specified in a dictionary, eventually come, when combined in groups, to create obscurity and actually to prevent thought from being _____ ?

- | |
|--|
| <input type="radio"/> (A) indefinite ... articulated |
| <input type="radio"/> (B) conventional ... conceivable |
| <input type="radio"/> (C) unlikely ... classified |
| <input type="radio"/> (D) archaic ... expressed |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> (E) precise ... <u>communicable</u> |

15-11 Even though they tended to be _____ strangers, fifteenth-century Europeans did not automatically associate _____ and danger.

associate A and B
把AB联系起来, A==B

(A)	trusting of ... diversity
(B)	haughty with ... nonconformity
(C)	interested in ... enmity
(D)	antagonistic to ... rudeness
(E)	hostile to ... foreignness

15-12 The modern age is a permissive one in which things can be said explicitly, but the old tradition of _____ dies hard.

(A)	garrulousness
(B)	exaggeration
(C)	excoriation
(D)	bombast
(E)	euphemism

15-13 Although many findings of the Soviet and United States probes of Venus were complementary, the two sets of atmospheric results clearly could not be _____ without a major change of data or _____.

(A)	obtained ... experimentation
(B)	completed ... position
(C)	matched ... implementation
(D)	reconciled ... interpretation
(E)	produced ... falsification

15-14 While it is assumed that the mechanization of work has a _____ effect on the lives of workers, there is evidence available to suggest that, on the contrary, mechanization has served to _____ some of the traditional roles of women.

(A)	salutary ... improve
(B)	dramatic ... undermine
(C)	benign ... revise
(D)	debilitating ... weaken
(E)	revolutionary ... reinforce

15-15 Although economists have traditionally considered the district to be solely an agricultural one, the _____ of the inhabitants' occupations makes such a classification obsolete.

- | |
|--|
| <input type="radio"/> (A) productivity |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> (B) diversity |
| <input type="radio"/> (C) predictability |
| <input type="radio"/> (D) profitability |
| <input type="radio"/> (E) stability |

15-16 The author of this book _____ overlooks or minimizes some of the problems and shortcomings in otherwise highly successful foreign industries in order to _____ the points on which they excel and on which we might try to emulate them.

- | |
|--|
| <input type="radio"/> (A) accidentally ... exaggerate |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> (B) purposely ... emphasize |
| <input type="radio"/> (C) occasionally ... counterbalance |
| <input type="radio"/> (D) intentionally ... confuse |
| <input type="radio"/> (E) cleverly ... compound |

15-17 Crosby's colleagues have never learned, at least not in time to avoid embarrassing themselves, that her occasional _____ air of befuddlement _____ a display of her formidable intelligence.

- | |
|--|
| <input type="radio"/> (A) genuine ... dominates |
| <input type="radio"/> (B) alert ... contradicts |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> (C) acute ... precludes |
| <input type="radio"/> (D) bogus ... presages |
| <input type="radio"/> (E) painstaking ... succeeds |

迷惑 == bemuddle ==
muddle
confuse

偶尔的假装傻，预示了
可怕的高智商

15-18 To ensure the development and exploitation of a new technology, there must be a constant _____ of several nevertheless distinct activities.

- | |
|--|
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> (A) interplay |
| <input type="radio"/> (B) implementation |
| <input type="radio"/> (C) comprehending |
| <input type="radio"/> (D) improvement |
| <input type="radio"/> (E) exploration |

15-19 Some customs travel well; often, however, behavior that is considered the epitome of _____ at home is perceived as impossibly rude or, at the least, harmlessly bizarre abroad.

难以相信地；极其地
是正，不是反

(A) novelty	
(B) <u>eccentricity</u>	古怪的.
(C) urbanity	
(D) coarseness	粗糙, 劣质; 没有粗鲁的意思
(E) tolerance	

15-20 The ____ of the early Greek philosophers' attempts to explain the operations of the cosmos led certain later thinkers to inquire into the ____ of human reason.

(A) difficulty ... origin	
(B) meaning ... supremacy	
(C) complexity ... reality	
(D) equivocations ... subtlety	
(E) failures ... efficacy	漂泊者, 流浪者

15-21 Ever prey to vagrant impulses that impelled him to ____ his talents on a host of unworthy projects, his very ____ nonetheless enhanced his reputation, for the sheer energy of his extravagance dazzled observers.

(A) undermine ... enthusiasm	
(B) isolate ... selectiveness	
(C) display ... affability	
(D) squander ... dissipation	
(E) implicate ... genius	