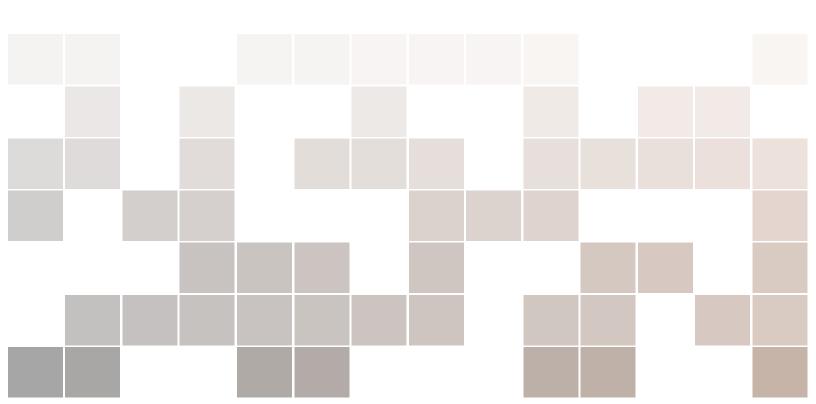


陈琦 GRE 填空强化 36 套

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《陈琦 GRE 填空强化 36 套 (老 G 版)》使 用说明

首先,恭喜你完成了第一阶段《陈琦 GRE 填空基础 24 套》的训练,欢迎进入到"陈琦 GRE 填空训练"的第二阶段——《陈琦 GRE 填空强化 36 套 (老 G 版)》的练习。本部分题目完全来自于老 GRE 考试的真题,原汁原味,没有任何改编。

这些题目中虽然没有3空题,但是3空题无非是更多句子的累加,因此如果考生能按 照使用方法认真完成这部分题目,3空题的解决也是唾手可得。

我们追求的不是题目的形式,而是你真实功力的提升。

适用对象

本材料属于"陈琦 GRE 填空训练"系列的第二部分,适合于已经完成基础 24 套且保证每套在 20 分钟内的错误个数不超过两个的考生,同时适用于备考处于 GRE 200—400 小时阶段的考生,以及参加培训机构中"GRE 1 对 1,GRE 强化,GRE 考前冲刺班,GRE 全程班与 GRE 直通车"中期阶段培训时期课程的考生。

题目来源

该部分题目完全源自于老 GRE 真题,是市面上流传的 GRE 的三个"大白本",以及自 2002 年 11 月 GRE 考试在中国大陆地区恢复成笔考以来,考生从考场中搜集的完整的 GRE 填空套题(极其罕见和完整)的合集。针对市面上盗版大白本印刷质量差,题目不完整,没有专项的填空练习的现状,琦叔的"再要你命 3000"团队专门将三个大白本整理后,将此份必备填空备考资料——《陈琦 GRE 填空强化 36 套(老 G 版)》呈现给各位考生。该套备考资料收录的老 GRE 填空题目是市面上最全面的题目,相对于陈圣元老师的《GRE 句子填空》我们增加了 No2 与 No3 的题目和考生从考场收集的笔考完整题目。

本材料题目的构成如下:

- 第一部分是北美 80 年代的 NO 题, 从 NO.2 到 NO.9, 共 378 题;
- 第二部分是国内 1990-1994 的老 GRE 题目, 共 196 题;

- 第三部分是国内 1995-1999 的老 GRE 题目, 共 140 题;
- 第四部分是 2002 年 11 月, 2006 年 6 月, 2008 年 6 月学生搜集的罕见而完整的题目, 共 42 题。

老 GRE 从 99 年 4 月至 2002 年 9 月为机考,该部分为残存机经,可以在太傻、寄托天下的考古贴里找到残存的题目,但已没有备考价值。从 2002 年 11 月至 2011 年 6 月 11 日恢复为笔考。综上,老 GRE 题目共计 756 个题目。我们将 21 个题目记为一套,共计 36 套。是备考 GRE 的考生在现有的备考资料中分量最重的题目之一。在整理新 GRE 填空题目的时候,我们也发现大量现有填空题目改编于甚至直接照搬我们整理的合集的题目。

本材料收集的题目是 ETS 所出的 GRE 真题,没有经过任何改编,相比于市面上改编的 "X 皮书"而言,是原汁原味真题,更不会出现 "X 皮书"中因为选项删减不讲究,造成的 "破坏选项耦合"的现象(具体请参考一位考生的文章,非常重要!!! 请从头到尾看完!!!)。希望大家做透这个部分的真题,相应的题目改编版我们会在《陈琦 GRE 填空强化36 套》(新 G 版)中呈现。但改编必然会降低题目原本的特质。但改编版本通过调整题目顺序,可以再次让同学们在新顺序中刷题目的遍数。

使用方法

建议参加琦叔 GRE 培训的同学在课程结束,整理好笔记,用课上讲授的方法做完成补充训练。同时对于单词的含义是否把握,句子内部的重复是否搞清楚的工作则需要同学们在课下借助本练习与《新 GRE 核心词汇考法精析》(再要你命 3000)来完成并巩固。建议至少完成 2 遍。具体训练方法如下:

- 在每套练习之前,提炼了该部分题目最为核心的单词,请大家先在3000中在熟悉这些单词的考法,再进行题目的训练。对于3000中没有收录的单词,我们会给出这些单词的中英文解释。有些词汇会在《陈琦填空基础24套》中出现,这样一方面证明了这些高频词的重要性,另一方面也可以帮助"过遍数"加深印象。这部分单词的整理,是本材料的亮点之一。使得考生没有必要在单词书中单词都熟练的情况下在进行练习,让考生可以尽快了解单词在上下文中的考法。
- 在单词熟悉之后,可以开始题目的训练,36 套每套 21 个题目,建议 20 分钟一组来做。以前老 GRE 的填空 7 个题目一组,我们建议学生 6-7 分钟完成。前 18 套 (原 NO 题目,难度相对于后 18 套题目略高)进行不限制时间的计时。做题的原则是,做懂比做对更重要,所以不建议大家掐时间训练。第一轮训练重点在于结合题目,抓住 ETS 的主考词汇。可以在训练的时候,用题目答案结合《再要你命 3000》深入理解主考词汇,尤其要关注词条下面的同反义词。此处不建议使用除《再要你命 3000》以外的词汇书帮助记忆,因为会存在词汇释义不准确,记忆负担过重的问题,同时也不建议使用 Merriam-Webster Dictionary,因为韦氏词典释义过多,解释过难,不适合初级备考者使用。

- 在完成后 18 套练习的时候,请掐时间训练,每一套 20 分钟。其中每个 section 的 6, 7, 13, 14, 20, 21 题为 ETS 默认的难度较大的题目。每套 21 个题目,如果在规定 20 分钟内错误个数在 3 个以内,对应新 GRE 语文分数约为 162+; 如果在 4-6 个,约为 158-161。
- 第 2 遍做题的时候,请大家用课上的方法,找出做题的线索词,关键词与对应,熟悉 ETS 出题的原则,融会贯通,这样就可以站在 ETS 出题的角度看这些题目,做到这一 步你就是 ETS 他爹(娘)。具体做题方法可以参看网络课堂:

http://www.koolearn.com/product/25261_1.html

建议同学们把最基本的功底打扎实之后再去接触更复杂的三空题目以及阅读题目。所有的 Verbal 题目都是基于改写的重复。在三空与阅读中,改写的重复的平均难度高于单空与双空题目。如果定位语文目标低于 162 分,24 套基础,36 套强化,OG 和 PP2 中的填空已经可以达到足够的训练。

《陈琦 GRE 填空强化 36 套 (老 G 版)》每个星期更新 12 套,争取在 3 周之内更新完毕,满足不同阶段的考生备考的需求。希望同学们紧跟我们的填空套题进行反复训练,丢掉手中的假题。

每周更新我们都会通过新浪微博: @ 再要你命 3000 第一时间发布, 欢迎大家下载使用。

题目的解析会以纸质书的形式进行发布,也欢迎同学们提出题目的独到解法与疑问。

在该强化训练之后,我们会继续发布后续的"陈琦 GRE 填空训练"的最新练习题目供 各位高足备考使用。

愿我们共同拿下新 GRE 最核心的单词! 愿我们在考场上面对新 GRE 题目,来一个,灭一个!

欢迎各位考生关注并联系我们 联系邮箱:qishu109@gmail.com

微信公共平台: 琦叔 **GRE** 人人网: 陈琦 公共主页

新浪微博:@再要你命3000



koolearn 平台

课程大类	课程小类	课程时长	课程内容
	A (已结束)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 A
	B (已结束)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 B
GRE 考前真题点词班	C(已结束)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 C
	D (已结束)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 D
	E (报名中)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 E
	F (报名中)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 F
			•••

适合学员:建议3周之内参加考试同学报名。

课程简介: 你可以在 D 班之后加上 E 班、F 班……一直到 Z 班,我们一直在更新,请跟上我们的节奏。我们的课程内容基于来之不易的限制级资料,将把最新题目中的最核心的词汇抽取出来,借助这些单词之前的考过的题目,用富有节奏感的安排带着同学们完成考前的"最强词汇"串讲。我们为大家打造的考前点词班是每位考生参加 GRE 考试的最基本配置。从此之后,考场上不认识主考单词的时代将一去不复返了!每期班会涉及 1 套真题中的主考单词,建议从当下最新的班级开始报名,一直更新学校到你离开 GRE 的那一天。我们的班级每期的串讲内容完全不同,每 2 次考试结束之后会有一期新的班级。提醒大家的是,如果大家在考场上看到了相似或者相同的东西,也希望能够控制情绪,不要影响其他同学的答题。

敬请期待我们的后续课程!课程咨询,请联系:

线下课程: 戈弋 15201133035 线上课程: 高宇 18911593196

邮箱咨询:qishu109@gmail.com 微信公共平台:"琦叔 GRE"

目录

《陈琦	GRE 填空强化 36 套(老 G 版)》使用说明	2
第一套		7
1.1	核心词汇表	7
1.2	练习题	8
第二套		15
2.1	核心词汇表	15
2.2	练习题	16
第三套		23
3.1	核心词汇表	23
3.2	练习题	24

第一套

1.1 核心词汇表

《新 GRE 核心词汇考法精析》收录单词(共 46 词)

absolute	aggressive	apathy	apprehensive
array	assess	austere	autonomy
banal	beneficent	cacophony	circumspect
claim	compendium	conservative	conspicuous
content	demonstrate	denounce	disparate
distinctive	elude	enlighten	flout
harness	hyperbole	impeccable	imprudent
indispensable	innocuous	meretricious	milieu
novel	preoccupation	prototype	salient
sincere	specific	spectator	sporadic
strike	superficial	tame	tendentious
voyeur	welter		

流氓,偷窥者

基础单词补充(共27词)

accept v.tr. 接受: To receive (something offered), especially with gladness adjustment n. 调整: The act of adjusting or the state of being adjusted alienation n. 疏远: The act of alienating or the condition of being alienated; estrangement consistent adj. 符合的: In agreement; compatible context n. 背景: The circumstances in which an event occurs; a setting impose v.tr. 欺骗: To offer or circulate fraudulently; pass off inactive adj. 不活动的: Not active or tending to be active innovation n. 创新: The act of introducing something new

insatiably adj. 无法满足的: Impossible to satiate or satisfy

第一套

institutionalize *v.tr.* 制度化: To make into, treat as, or give the character of an institution to

integrate *v.tr.* 融合: To make into a whole by bringing all parts together; unify manage *v.tr.* 管理/经营: To direct the affairs or interests of

milestone *n*. 里程碑: An important event, as in a person's career, the history of a nation, or the advancement of knowledge in a field; a turning point

nonexistent *n*. 不存在: The condition of not existing

object *n*. 目的: The purpose, aim, or goal of a specific action or effort

optimistic adj. 乐观的: optimistic

redistribution *n.* 重新分配: An economic theory or policy that advocates reducing inequalities in the distribution of wealth

resemble v.tr. 表现得与···类似: To exhibit similarity or likeness to

restrain v.tr. 限制: To limit or restrict

stem v.tr. 抵抗: To make headway against

submission *n*. 投降/屈服: The act of submitting to the power of another

superstructure *n.* 上层建筑: A physical or conceptual structure extended or developed from a basic form

supplementary adj. 补充的: Added or serving as a supplement underlie v.tr. 作为 · · · 的基础: To be the support or basis of; account for unjustifiable adj. 无法原谅的: Impossible to excuse, pardon, or justify unrealistic adj. 脱离现实的: Not compatible with reality or fact; unreasonably idealistic violation n. 违反: The act or an instance of violating or the condition of being violated

1.2 练习题

1-1

阻碍;起源

When an oppressed group revolts against a society, one must look for the _____ forces that led to the group's _____ that society.

- A disparate · · · acknowledgment of
- B specific · · · dependence on
- $\overline{\mathsf{C}}$ altered \cdots redistribution within
- D focused · · · interference with
- E underlying · · · alienation from

1	רו
	-2

Every novel invites us to enter a world that is initially strange; our gradual and selective orientation to its manners ____ infants' ____ to their environment.

A imitates · · · welcome

 $oxed{B}$ completes \cdots introduction

resembles · · · adjustment

 $\overline{|D|}$ alters \cdots blindness

E | reinforces · · · resistance

1-3

Superficial differences between the special problems and techniques of the physical sciences and those of the biological sciences are sometimes cited as evidence for the _____ of biology and for the claim that the methods of physics are therefore not adequate to biological inquiry.

A autonomy

B vitalsm

C purposiveness

D obsolescence

E irrelevance

1-4

As the creation of new knowledge through science has become ____ resistance to innovation has become less taking the form of inertia rather than direct attack.

A controversial · · · sporadic

B institutionalized \cdots aggressive

C essential · · · effective

D public · · · circumspect

E suspect · · · lively

1-5

Lizzie was a brave woman who could dare to incur a great danger for an adequate . .

A risk B combat C object D event E encounter
1-6
Rousseau's short discourse, a work that was generally the cautious, unadorned prose of the day, deviated from that prose style in its discussion of the physical sciences.
A critical of · · · lengthy
B superior to · · · austere
C bolder than · · · intelligent
D consistent with · · · unrestrained
E influenced by · · · uninspired
1-7 Certainly Murray's preoccupation with the task of editing the Oxford English Dictionary
begot a kind of monomania, but it must be regarded as a or at least an innocuous one.
A tame
B tendentious
C meretricious
D beneficent
E sincere
1-8
Although there are weeks of negotiations ahead, and perhaps setbacks and new surprises leaders of both parties are that their differences can be resolved.
that then differences can be resolved.
A optimistic
B perplexed
<u>C</u> apprehensive
incredulous
[E] uncertain

1	10
	-7

The losing animal in a struggle saves itself from destruction by an act of _____, an act usually recognized and _____ by the winner.

- A submission · · · accepted
- B hostility · · · avoided
- C bluffing · · · reaffirmed
- D anger · · · condoned
- E hatred · · · duplicated

1-10

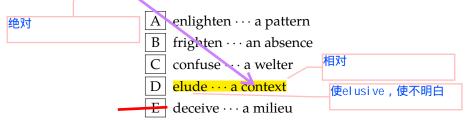
He never $___$ the wisdom I had claimed for him, and my friends quickly dismissed my estimate of his ability as $___$.

误认为

- A repudiated · · · irony
- B inhibited · · · propaganda
- demonstrated · · · hyperbole
- D masked · · · exaggeration
- E vindicated · · · understatement

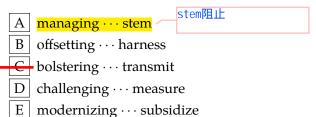
1-11

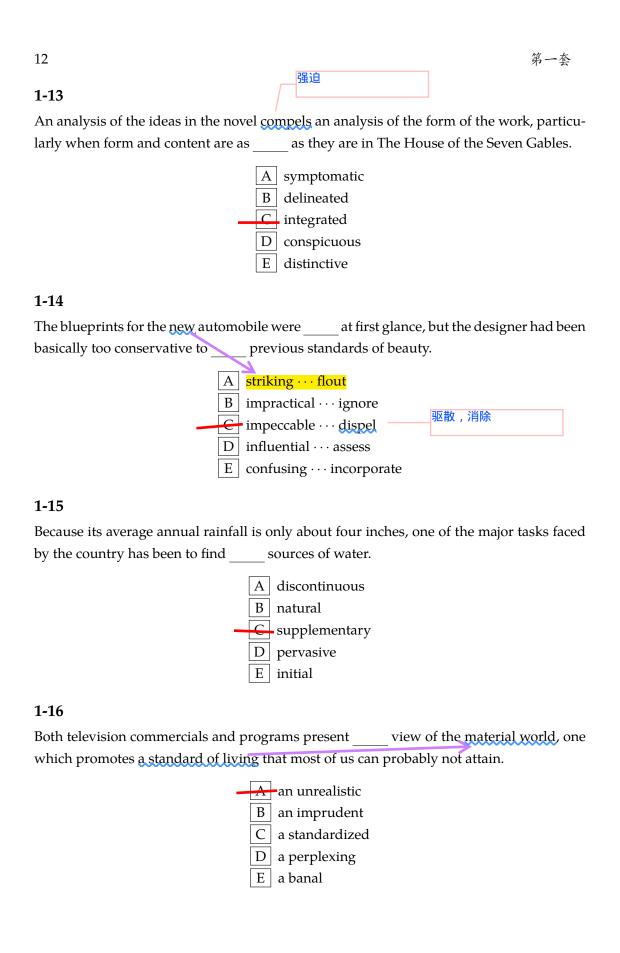
It would seem that absolute qualities in art _____ us, that we cannot escape viewing works of art in ____ of time and circumstance.



1-12

This new government is faced not only with _____ its economy, but also with implementing new rural development programs to the flow of farm workers to the city.





_	_

Although it is unusual to denounce <u>museum-goers</u> for not painting, it is quite common,
even for those, who are unenthusiastic about sports, to criticize for athletic
A artists · · · ignorance B spectators · · · inactivity C athletes · · · snobbery D scholars · · · apathy E commentators · · · partiality
1-18
Because the order in which the parts of speech appear in the sentences of a given language is decided merely by custom, it is to maintain that every departure from that order constitutes a of a natural law.
A traditional ··· transformation B conventional ··· transgression C necessary ··· prototype D unjustifiable ··· violation E unreasonable ··· formulation

1-19

Most people are shameless _____ where the very rich are concerned, _____ curious about how they get their money and how they spend it.

A prigs ··· secretly
B critics ··· endlessly
C voyeurs ··· insatiably
D exhibitionists ··· blatantly
E ingrates ··· selfishly

1-20

Some biologists argue that each specifically human trait must have arisen gradually and erratically, and that it is therefore difficult to isolate definite _____ in the evolution of the species.

14 第一套

	A fluctuations
	B generations
	C predispositions
	D milestones
	E manifestations
1-21	拉紧的;勉强的;受损的
TTIC: (1 d 1 1/ 1/1/1	
Ultimately, the book's credibil	ity is strained; the slender, though far from, web of
evidence presented on one salie	ent point is expected to support a vast of implications.
A	unconvincing · · · cacophony 稀少
В	nonexistent · · · superstructure
C	indispensable · · · array
Đ	<u>intricate</u> · · · network
E	imposing · · · compendium
	精细的;复杂的

第二套

2.1 核心词汇表

《新 GRE 核心词汇考法精析》收录单词(共 40 词)

absolute	ambiguous	anomalous	aspect
candor	compendium	compromise	congenial
considerable	crucial	decipher	derelict
deter	diplomatic	enigma	ephemeral
frustrate	harmonious	implement	innovative
intangible	lag	measured	mediocre
menial	military	obdurate	ordeal
overwrought	paucity	pertinent	prerequisite
provisional	random	soliloquy	substitute
subtle	vague	visionary	welter

基础单词补充(共20词)

ambitious adj. 热切的/渴望的: Greatly desirous; eager

antagonist *n.* 敌手/对立的人: One who opposes and contends against another; an adversary

coherence n. 一致性: The quality or state of cohering, especially a logical, orderly, and aesthetically consistent relationship of parts

enormous adj. 巨大的: Very great in size, extent, number, or degree extension n. 延伸: The act of extending or the condition of being extended fuse v.tr. 融合: To mix (constituent elements) together by or as if by melting; blend independent adj. 独立的: Not governed by a foreign power; self-governing individual adj. 单独的: Existing as a distinct entity; separate integrate v.tr. 融合: To make into a whole by bringing all parts together; unify merely adv. 仅仅: And nothing else or more; only

第二套

opacity *n*. 难以理解: Obscurity; impenetrability

permeate v.tr. 漫布: To spread or flow throughout; pervade

political *adj.* 政治的: Relating to, involving, or characteristic of politics, parties, or politicians

prevention n. 预防/防止: The act of preventing or impeding

reverse v.tr. 反转: Turned backward in position, direction, or order

revolutionary adj. 革命性的: Often Revolutionary Of, relating to, or being a revolution

routine *n.* 老一套: A set of customary and often mechanically performed procedures or activities

scale *n.* 比例尺: A calibrated line, as on a map or an architectural plan, indicating such a proportion

uncommon adj. 不寻常的: Not common; rare

valuable adj. 有价值的: Of great importance, use, or service

2.2 练习题

2-1

Unlike a judge, who must act alone, a jury discusses a case and then reaches its decision as a group, thus minimizing the effect of bias.

A legal

B professional

individual

D unexpected

E unarticulated

2-2

One reason why pertinent fossils are _____ is that crucial stages of evolution occurred in the tropics, where it is difficult to explore for fossils, and so their discovery has _____.

 $\underline{\underline{A}}$ unique \cdots resulted

 $oxed{B}$ unconcealable \cdots declined

uncommon · · · lagged

 $\boxed{\mathsf{D}}$ recent \cdots resumed

E prominent · · · failed

	^
Z	-մ

The harmonious accommodation reached by the warring factions exemplifies the axiom
hat is possible among people of goodwill, even when they have previously held
uite perspectives.
A candor · · · indistinguishable

A candor · · · indistinguishable
B tension · · · congenial
C agreement · · · unequivocal
C compromise · · · antagonistic
E coexistence · · · fixed

2-4

The prime minister tried to act, but the plans were by her cabinet.

	4	
A	frustrated	hinder or prevent (the efforts, plans,
В	discussed	or desires)
С	embellished	
D	overlooked	
E	unleashed	

2-5

Amid the collapsing or out-of-control mechanical devices, the belching volcano had a disturbingly _____ quality, like a character who has stumbled onstage by mistake.

	A	anomalous 🗸
_	PD	overwrought
	С	obdurate
	D	ephemeral
	Е	derelict

2-6

It is an error to regard the imagination as a mainly _____ force; if it destroys and alters, it also _____ hitherto isolated beliefs, insights, and mental habits into strongly unified systems.

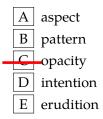
revolutionary

第二套



2-7

The semantic _____ of ancient documents is not unique; even in our own time, many documents are difficult to decipher.



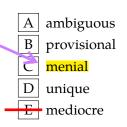
2-8

The ____ success of any government depends on its ability to ____ both foreign and domestic policies.



2-9

Although Ms. Brown found some of her duties to be _____, her supervision of forty workers was a considerable responsibility .



_	_	_
7	7	•
/•	- 1	u

Since the process of atherosclerosis cannot be _____ in humans, the best treatment known at this time is _____ of the disease.

reversed · · · prevention

- B discovered · · · remission
- C defined · · · explanation
- D alleviated · · · detection
- $\boxed{\mathsf{E}}$ precipitated \cdots containment

2-11

Postmodern architecture is not concerned with the easy goal of returning to the past, but with the more ____ and difficult aim of ____ historical forms into a new and complex whole.

	detect or gra the mind
A important · · · cha	0 0
B subtle · · · iraegra	nting == elusive

- C intellectual · · · updating
- D rewarding · · · dramatizing
- E ornamental · · · compressing

2-12

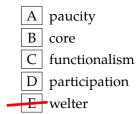
In pollen dating, geologic happenings are dated in terms of each other, and one can get just so far by matching _____ sequences; but in radiocarbon dating the scale of time is measured in terms of centuries or years.

- \overline{A} random \cdots selective
- B irrelevant · · · usable
- C vague · · · relative
- D_independent · · · absolute
- E imaginary · · · calculable

2-13

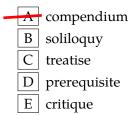
Many welfare reformers would substitute a single, federally financed income support system for the existing _____ of overlapping programs.

第二套



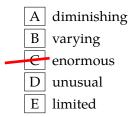
2-14

Because the report contained much more information than the reviewers needed to see, the author was asked to submit a instead.



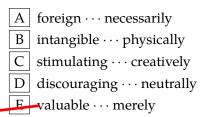
2-15

Her lecture gave a sense of how empty the universe is, in spite of the _____ number of stars within it.



2-16

The wilderness is ____ in that it permits people to face an important reality — one that demands much of them as thinking, reacting, working individuals, not ____ as human machines.



_	-	
''_		'/

Ambrose Blerce's biographers agree that the <u>Civil War</u> was the central experience of his life, the event to which be constantly returned and the _____ that brought some _____ to the hitherto random pattern of his youth.

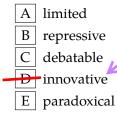


The constitutional guarantee of free speech may have been aimed at protecting native speakers of English from censorship, but it is not a great _____ to interpret it as protecting the right to express oneself in any natural language or direct.



2-19

Although Darwinism was a profoundly _____ world view, it was essentially passive, since it prescribed no steps to be taken, no victories over nature to be celebrated, no program of triumphs to be successively gained.



2-20

Personnel experts say that attractive benefits alone will not always keep _____ executives from changing jobs for better long-range opportunities, but they think the enticements may deter many executives from accepting _____ offers from other companies.

与routine反 == ambitious

22 第二套

A discontented · · · preferable
B ambitious · · · routine
C unqualified · · · inferior
D experienced · · · superior
E dedicated · · · advantageous

2-21

The concept of timelessness is paradoxical from the start, for adult consciousness is _____ by the awareness of duration.



第三套

3.1 核心词汇表

《新 GRE 核心词汇考法精析》收录单词(共 46 词)

accommodate	adamant	affectation	agility
alloy	argument	authority	belligerent
cognizant	compelling	conceal	conscientious
content	decorum	deliberate	discharge
eclectic	enigma	exceptional	exodus
germinate	hoard	incentive	indifferent
indulgent	inevitable	ingenuity	inherent
insolent	mellifluous	paradox	partisan
pretense	propriety	provoke	purity
refute	secular	stock	subject
tact	tangible	trivial	valid
viable	wanderlust		

基础单词补充(共16词)

atrocity n. 残暴: Appalling or atrocious condition, quality, or behavior; monstrousness

bereft adj. 缺少的: Lacking something needed or expected

combine *v.intr.* 融合: To become united; coalesce

cynical *adj.* <mark>与别人观点不一致</mark>的/愤世嫉俗的: Scornful of the motives, virtue, or integrity of others

development *n*. 发展: The act of developing

discover v.tr. 发现: To be the first to find, learn of, or observe

dissimilar adj. 不同的: Unlike; different

earthy adj. 朴实的: Hearty or uninhibited; natural

elegance *n*. 优雅: Refinement, grace, and beauty in movement, appearance, or manners

24 第三套

insurance *n*. 保险: The act, business, or system of insuring

predict *v.tr.* 预言: To state, tell about, or make known in advance, especially on the basis of special knowledge

remote adj. 远程的: Located far away; distant in space

succeed *v.intr.* 接着发生: To come next in time or succession; follow after another, replace another in an office or a position

suspicious adj. 不信任的: Tending to suspect; distrustful

uneasy adj. 担心的: Lacking a sense of security; anxious or apprehensive

unfounded adj. 没有事实依据的: Not based on fact or sound evidence; groundles

3.2 练习题

3-1

It is true that the seeds of some plants have _____ after two hundred years of dormancy, but reports that viable seeds have been found in ancient tombs such as the pyramids are entirely _____.

A revived · · · empirical

B germinated · · · unfounded

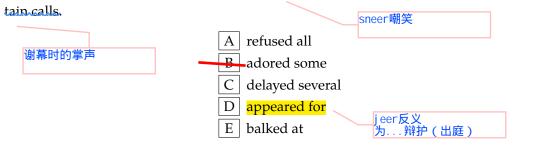
C endured · · · irrelevant

D erupted · · · reasonable

 $oxed{\mathsf{E}}$ proliferated \cdots substantiated

3-2

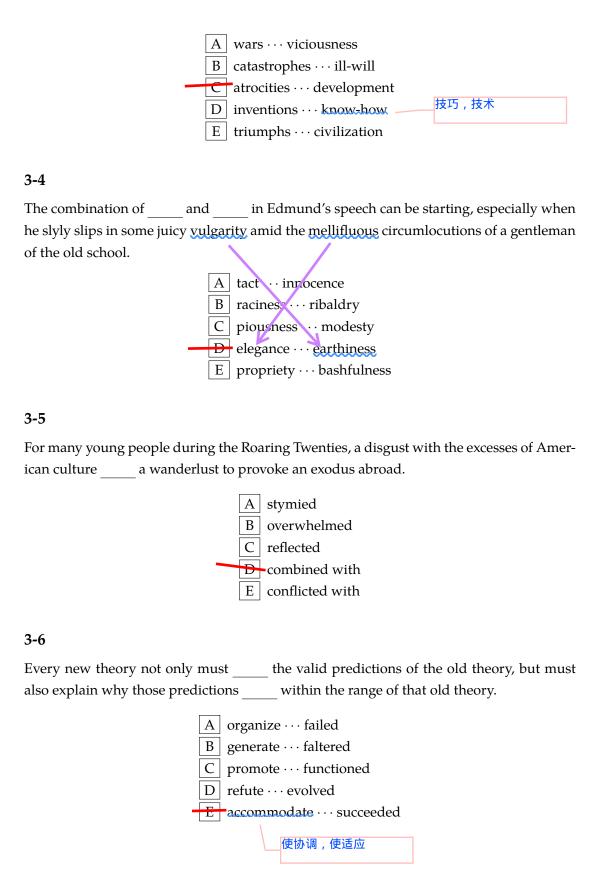
Even though many persons in the audience jeered the star throughout the play, she _____ cur-



3-3

The most technologically advanced societies have been responsible for the greatest _____; indeed, savagery seems to be in direct proportion to _____.

成正比



第三套 26

~		_
ð	_	7

addresses.

3-/
Human reaction to the realm of thought is often as strong as that to sensible presences;
our higher moral life is based on the fact that sensations actually present may have
a weaker influence on our action than do ideas of facts.
A disturbing · · · ordinary B material · · · remote C emotional · · · impersonal D definitive · · · controversial E familiar · · · symbolic
3-8
Even though six players had been injured, the coach announced to the assembled reporters
that the team would the championship.
A ignore
B win
C overcome
D demand
E refuse
2.0
3-9
Although Jungius detected Galileo's in thinking that the curve assumed by a chain hanging freely between two supports was a parabola, he did not what the true form might be.
A wisdom · · · question
error · · · discover
D sincerity · · · conceal
E ingenuity · · · understand
3-10
Perhaps, since an ability to communicate effectively is an important trait of any great
leader, it has been the Presidents who have delivered the most notable <u>inaugural</u>

就职演说

3.2 练习题	非凡的(有褒义);例外的
	A predictably ··· exceptional B invariable ··· famous C undeniably ··· indomitable D reciprocally ··· traditionalist E impractically ··· influential
3-11	
	ch first became apparent when she repeatedly defeated the entually earned for her some rewards, including a full eral first-place trophies. A sportsmanship · · · academic B agility · · · monetary C modesty · · · unanticipated D speed · · · tangible E patience · · · well-deserved
3-12	混合;块
•	e method of argument is to lump cases together delib- the same principles apply to each.
	1 1 11 7
_	A unsuitable · · · impression B disputable · · · stipulation C irrelevant · · · assumption D dissimilar · · · pretense E indeterminate · · · rationale
3-13	A unsuitable · · · impression B disputable · · · stipulation C irrelevant · · · assumption D dissimilar · · · pretense
The of her career was	A unsuitable · · · impression B disputable · · · stipulation C irrelevant · · · assumption D dissimilar · · · pretense



V 11
Although ordinarily skeptical about the purity of Robinson's motives, in this instance Jenk-
ins did not consider Robinson's generosity to be consideration of personal gain.
A lacking in
B contrary to
——alloyed with
D mitigated by
[E] repudiated by
3-15
There are simply no for buying stock in certain industries since rapidly changing
environmental restrictions will make a profitable return on any investment very unlikely.
B arrangements
C explanations
D conditions
E procedures
<u> </u>
3-16
He was widely regarded as a man because he revealed daily his distrust of human
nature and human motives.
A disrespectful
- B cynical
<u>C</u> confused
D misinformed
E fanatical
3-17
Suspicious of too powerful a President, Americans nonetheless are when a President
does not act decisively.
A unified
B indifferent
C content
D uneasy 担心
E adamant

For those Puritans who believed that obligations were imposed by divine will, the correct course of action was not withdrawal from the world but conscientious of the duties of business.
A practical · · · mystification
B inherent · · · manipulation
<u>C</u> <u>secular · · · discharge</u>
$\boxed{ ext{D}}$ earthly \cdots disavowal
E trying ··· moderation
适度;适中;节制
3-19
Many philosophers agree that the verbal aggression of profanity in certain radical news-
papers is not or childish, but an assault on essential to the revolutionaries purpose.
A belligerent · · · fallibility
B serious \cdots propriety
insolent · · · sociability
deliberate · · · affectation
trivial · · · decorum
3-20
Plants store a of water in their leaves, stems, or understock to provide themselves
with a form of that will carry them through the inevitable drought they must suffer
in the wild.
A supply · · · tolerance
B hoard · · · insurance
reservoir · · · accommodation
D provision ··· restoration
E contribution \cdots support
3-21
Although in her own responses to the plays she reviewed, the theatre critic was,
paradoxically, those who would deny that a reviewer must have a single method of
interpretation.

与single反

第三套

- A dogrnatic · · · impatient with
- B eclectic · · · suspicious of
- C partisan · · · hostile toward
- D capricious · · · intrigued by
- E indulgent · · · indebted by

负债的;受惠的