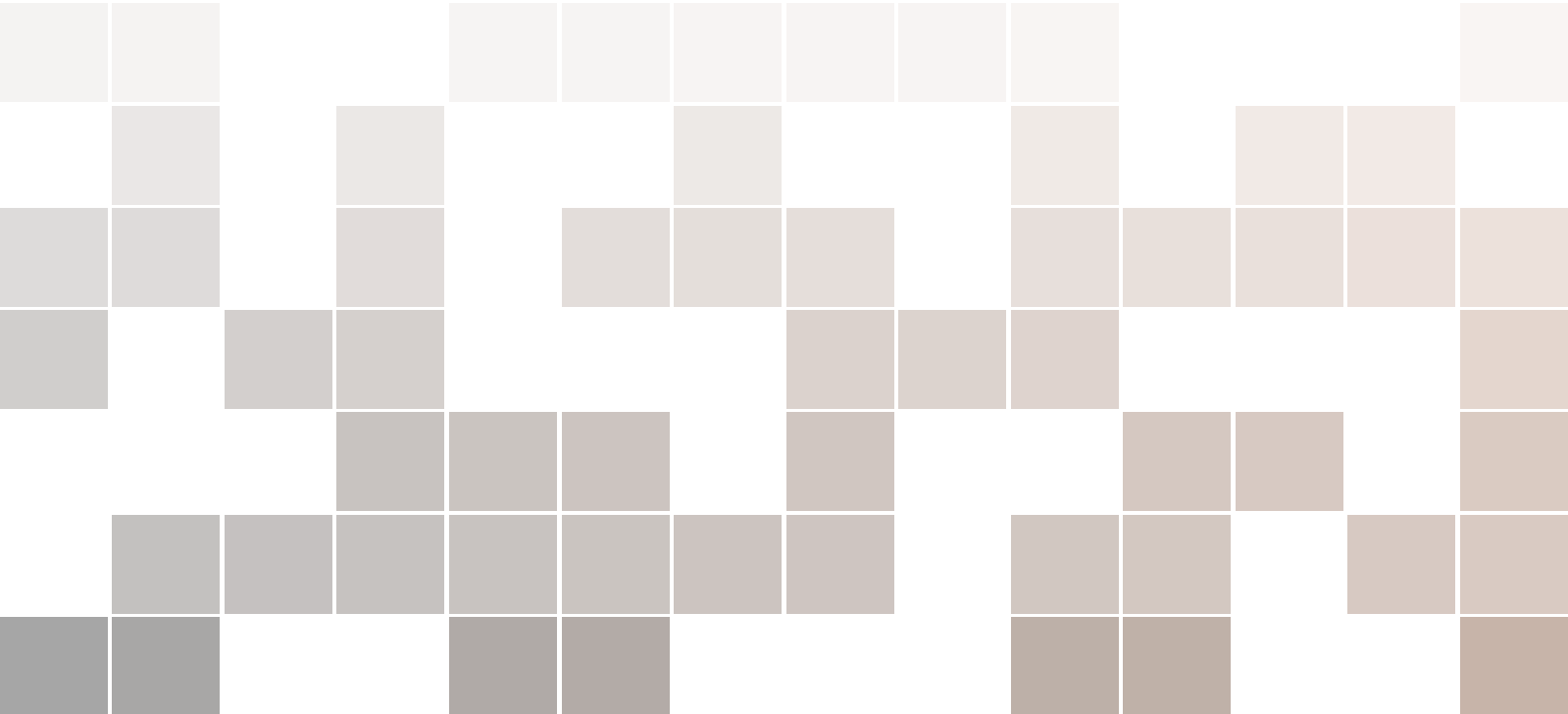


陈琦 GRE 填空强化 36 套

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《陈琦 GRE 填空强化 36 套》用前必读

首先，恭喜你完成了第一阶段《陈琦 GRE 填空基础 24 套》的训练，欢迎进入到“陈琦 GRE 填空训练”的第二阶段——《陈琦 GRE 填空强化 36 套》的练习。本部分题目完全来自于老 GRE 考试的真题，原汁原味，没有任何改编。

这些题目中虽然没有 3 空题，但是 3 空题无非是更多句子的累加，因此如果考生能按照使用方法认真完成这部分题目，3 空题的解决也是唾手可得。

我们追求的不是题目的形式，而是你真实功力的提升。

适用对象

本材料属于“陈琦 GRE 填空训练”系列的第二部分，**适合于已经完成基础 24 套且保证每套在 20 分钟内的错误个数不超过两个的考生**，同时适用于备考处于 GRE 200-400 小时阶段的考生，以及参加培训机构中“GRE 1 对 1，GRE 强化，GRE 考前冲刺班，GRE 全程班与 GRE 直通车”中期阶段培训时期课程的考生。

题目来源

该部分题目完全源自于老 GRE 真题，是市面上流传的 GRE 的三个“大白本”，**以及自 2002 年 11 月 GRE 考试在中国大陆地区恢复成笔考以来，考生从考场中搜集的完整的 GRE 填空套题（极其罕见和完整）**的合集。针对市面上盗版大白本印刷质量差，题目不完整，没有专项的填空练习的现状，琦叔的“再要你命 3000”团队专门将三个大白本整理后，将此份必备填空备考资料——《陈琦 GRE 填空强化 36 套》呈现给各位考生。该套备考资料收录的老 GRE 填空题目是市面上最全面的题目，相对于陈圣元老师的《GRE 句子填空》我们增加了 No2 与 No3 的题目和考生从考场收集的笔考完整题目。

本材料题目的构成如下：

- 第一部分是北美 80 年代的 NO 题，从 NO.2 到 NO.9，共 378 题；
- 第二部分是国内 1990-1994 的老 GRE 题目，共 196 题；
- 第三部分是国内 1995-1999 的老 GRE 题目，共 140 题；

- 第四部分是 2002 年 11 月，2006 年 6 月，2008 年 6 月学生搜集的罕见而完整的题目，共 42 题。

老 GRE 从 99 年 4 月至 2002 年 9 月为机考，该部分为残存机经，可以在太傻、寄托天下的考古贴里找到残存的题目，但已没有备考价值。从 2002 年 11 月至 2011 年 6 月 11 日恢复为笔考。综上，老 GRE 题目共计 756 个题目。我们将 21 个题目记为一套，共计 36 套。是备考 GRE 的考生在现有的备考资料中分量最重的题目之一。在整理新 GRE 填空题目的时候，我们也发现大量现有填空题目改编于甚至直接照搬我们整理的合集的题目。

本材料收集的题目是 ETS 所出的 GRE 真题，没有经过任何改编，相比于市面上改编的“X 皮书”而言，是原汁原味真题，更不会出现“X 皮书”中因为选项删减不讲究，造成的“破坏选项耦合”的现象（具体请参考一位考生的文章，非常重要!!! 请从头到尾看完!!!）。希望大家做透这个部分的真题。

使用方法

建议参加琦叔 GRE 培训的同学在课程结束，整理好笔记，用课上讲授的方法完成 36 套的练习。同时对于单词的含义是否把握，句子内部的重复是否搞清楚的工作则需要同学们在课下借助本练习与《新 GRE 核心词汇考法精析》（再要你命 3000）来完成并巩固。建议至少完成 2 遍。具体训练方法如下：

- 在每套练习之前，提炼了该部分题目最为核心的单词，请大家先在 3000 中熟悉这些单词的考法，再进行题目的训练。对于 3000 中没有收录的单词，我们会给出这些单词的中英文解释。有些词汇会在《陈琦填空基础 24 套》中出现，这样一方面证明了这些高频词的重要性，另一方面也可以帮助“过遍数”加深印象。这部分单词的整理，是本材料的亮点之一。使得考生没有必要在单词书中单词都熟练的情况下在进行练习，让考生可以尽快了解单词在上下文中的考法。
- 在单词熟悉之后，可以开始题目的训练，36 套每套 21 个题目，建议 20 分钟一组来做。以前老 GRE 的填空 7 个题目一组，我们建议学生 6-7 分钟完成。前 18 套（原 NO 题目，难度相对于后 18 套题目略高）进行不限制时间的计时。做题的原则是，做懂比做对更重要，所以不建议大家掐时间训练。第一轮训练重点在于结合题目，抓住 ETS 的主考词汇。可以在训练的时候，用题目答案结合《再要你命 3000》深入理解主考词汇，尤其要关注词条下面的同反义词。此处不建议使用除《再要你命 3000》以外的词汇书帮助记忆，因为会存在词汇释义不准确，记忆负担过重的问题；同时也不建议使用 Merriam-Webster Dictionary，因为韦氏词典释义过多，解释过难，不适合初级备考者使用。
- 在进行后 18 套练习的时候，请掐时间训练，每一套 20 分钟。其中每个 section 的 6, 7, 13, 14, 20, 21 题为 ETS 默认的难度较大的题目。每套 21 个题目，如果在规定时间内错误个数在 3 个以内，对应新 GRE 语文分数约为 162+；如果在 4-6 个，约为

158-161。

- 第 2 遍做题的时候，请大家用课上的方法，找出做题的线索词，关键词与对应，熟悉 ETS 出题的原则，融会贯通，这样就可以站在 ETS 出题的角度看这些题目，做到这一步你就是 ETS 他爹（娘）。具体做题方法可以参看网络课堂：

http://www.koolearn.com/product/25261_1.html

建议同学们把最基本的功底打扎实之后再去接触更复杂的三空题目以及阅读题目。所有的 Verbal 题目都是基于改写的重复。在三空与阅读中，改写的重复的平均难度高于单空与双空题目。如果定位语文目标低于 162 分，24 套基础，36 套强化，OG 和 PP2 中的填空已经可以达到足够的训练。

《陈琦 GRE 填空强化 36 套》每个星期更新 12 套，争取在 3 周之内更新完毕，满足不同阶段的考生备考的需求。希望同学们紧跟我们的填空套题进行反复训练，丢掉手中的假题。

每周更新我们都会通过新浪微博：@再要你命 3000 第一时间发布，欢迎大家下载使用。

题目的解析会以纸质书的形式进行发布，也欢迎同学们提出题目的独到解法与疑问。

在该强化训练之后，我们会继续发布后续的“陈琦 GRE 填空训练”的最新练习题目供各位高足备考使用。

愿我们共同拿下新 GRE 最核心的单词！

愿我们在考场上面对新 GRE 题目，来一个，灭一个！

欢迎各位考生关注并联系我们
联系邮箱：qishu109@gmail.com
新浪微博：@再要你命 3000
微信公共平台：琦叔 GRE
人人网：陈琦 公共主页



koolearn 平台

课程大类	课程小类	课程时长	课程内容
GRE 考前真题点词班	A (已结束)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 A
	B (已结束)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 B
	C (已结束)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 C
	D (已结束)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 D
	E (已结束)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 E
	F (已结束)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 F
	G (报名中)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 G
	H (报名中)	2 小时	真题高频词串讲 H

适合学员：建议 3 周之内参加考试同学报名。

课程简介：你可以在 D 班之后加上 E 班、F 班……一直到 Z 班，我们一直在更新，请跟上我们的节奏。我们的课程内容基于来之不易的限制级资料，将把最新题目中的最核心的词汇抽取出来，借助这些单词之前的考过的题目，用富有节奏感的安排带着同学们完成考前的“最强词汇”串讲。我们为大家打造的考前点词班是每位考生参加 GRE 考试的最基本配置。从此之后，考场上不认识主考单词的时代将一去不复返了！每期班会涉及 1 套真题中的主考单词，建议从当下最新的班级开始报名，一直更新学校到你离开 GRE 的那一天。我们的班级每期的串讲内容完全不同，每 2 次考试结束之后会有一期新的班级。提醒大家的是，如果大家在考场上看到了相似或者相同的东西，也希望能够控制情绪，不要影响其他同学的答题。

敬请期待我们的后续课程！课程咨询，请联系：

线下课程：戈弋 15201133035 线上课程：高宇 18911593196

邮箱咨询：qishu109@gmail.com 微信公共平台：“琦叔 GRE”

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第二十五套

25.1 核心词汇表

《新 GRE 核心词汇考法精析》收录单词（共 55 词）

abandon	acclaim	accomplish	acknowledge
alleviate	appropriate	austere	chaos
cohesive	comprehend	conceal	conjecture
conjure	contempt	contrived	cumbersome
curt	demonstrate	discreet	dissent
eclectic	exacerbate	extravagant	forage
futile	idle	illusory	immune
inept	ingenuous	intermittent	laconic
lax	mar	marginal	mean
minute	novice	override	overt
perceptible	plausible	ponderous	reflect
relentless	shrewd	sophisticated	sporadic
sumptuous	suppress	teeming	turmoil
undermine	unpretentious	victimize	

基础单词补充（共 21 词）

affect *v.tr* 影响: To produce an effect upon.

compromise *v.tr* 妥协: To give up something that you want in order to reach an agreement: to settle differences by means of a compromise.

dispute *n.* 争论: A disagreement or argument.

ensure *v.tr* 确保: To make (something) sure, certain, or safe.

forbidden *adj.* 禁止的: Not permitted or allowed.

host *n.* 大量: A great number.

indirect *adj.* 间接的: Not proceeding straight to the point or object.

link *v.tr* 使相关联: To connect or become connected with or as if with a connecting elemen.

madden *v.tr* 激怒, 激起: To make (someone) angry.

naive *adj.* 天真的: Having or showing a lack of experience or knowledge: innocent or simple.

neglect *v.tr* 忽视: To fail to take care of or to give attention to (someone or something).

produce *v.tr* 产生: To cause (something) to exist or happen: to cause (a particular result or effect).

risky *adj.* 有风险的: Involving the possibility of something bad or unpleasant happening: involving risk.

slow *adj.* 缓慢的: Not moving quickly: not able to move quickly.

sobriety *n.* 严肃: Serious and thoughtful behaviour.

spontaneously *adj.* 自发的, 自然的: Done or said in a natural and often sudden way and without a lot of thought or planning.

steady *adj.* 稳定的: Firm and does not shake or move about.

unprofitable *adj.* 不盈利的: Not making money.

unrealistic *adj.* 不切实际的: Not able to see things as they really are.

unstudied *adj.* 自然的: Not planned or done in a deliberate way: sincere and natural.

vary *v.tr* 变化, 改变: To be different or to become different.

25.2 练习题

25-1 The fact that a theory is _____ does not necessarily _____ its scientific truth, which must be established by unbiased controlled studies.

<input type="radio"/> A plausible ... ensure
<input type="radio"/> B popular ... limit
<input type="radio"/> C venerable ... override
<input type="radio"/> D cohesive ... undermine
<input type="radio"/> E cumbersome ... alleviate

25-2 It is difficult to distinguish between the things that charismatic figures do _____ and those that are carefully contrived for effect.

<input type="radio"/> A formally
<input type="radio"/> B publicly
<input type="radio"/> C prolifically
<input type="radio"/> D spontaneously
<input type="radio"/> E willfully

25-3 The development of containers, possibly made from bark or the skins of animals, although this is a matter of _____, allowed the extensive sharing of forage foods in prehistoric human societies.

<input type="radio"/> A record
<input type="radio"/> B fact
<input type="radio"/> C degree
<input type="radio"/> D importance
<input type="radio"/> E conjecture

25-4 Although the young violinist's _____ performance, with the orchestra demonstrated his technical competence. his uninspired style and lack of interpretive maturity labeled him as a novice musician rather than as a truly _____ performer.

<input type="radio"/> A spectacular ... conventional
<input type="radio"/> B blundering ... artistic
<input type="radio"/> C marginal ... inept
<input type="radio"/> D steady ... accomplished
<input type="radio"/> E dazzling ... unskilled

25-5 Even though political editorializing was not _____ under the new regime, journalists still experienced _____, though perceptible, governmental pressure to limit dissent.

<input type="radio"/> A restricted ... clear
<input type="radio"/> B encouraged ... strong
<input type="radio"/> C forbidden ... discreet
<input type="radio"/> D commended ... overt
<input type="radio"/> E permitted ... regular

25-6 The trick for Michael was to _____ his son an illusory orderliness; only alone at night, when the boy was asleep. Could Michael _____ the chaos he kept hidden from his son.

<input type="radio"/> A explore with . . . demonstrate
<input type="radio"/> B conjure for . . . acknowledge
<input type="radio"/> C conceal from . . . dispel
<input type="radio"/> D demystify for . . . escape
<input type="radio"/> E endure with . . . abandon

25-7 The _____ costumes of Renaissance Italy, with their gold and silver embroidery and figured brocades, were the antithesis of Spanish _____, with its dark muted colors, plain short capes, and high collars edged with small ruffs.

<input type="radio"/> A striking . . . obliqueness
<input type="radio"/> B extravagant . . . profligacy
<input type="radio"/> C austere . . . informality
<input type="radio"/> D unpretentious . . . asceticism
<input type="radio"/> E sumptuous . . . sobriety

25-8 According to the newspaper critic, the performances at the talent contest last night _____ from acceptable to excellent.

<input type="radio"/> A varied
<input type="radio"/> B receded
<input type="radio"/> C swept
<input type="radio"/> D averaged
<input type="radio"/> E declined

25-9 For more than a century, geologists have felt comfortable with the idea that geological processes, although very _____, are also _____ and so are capable of shaping the Earth, given enough time.

<input type="radio"/> A minute . . . sporadic
<input type="radio"/> B slow . . . steady
<input type="radio"/> C complex . . . discernible
<input type="radio"/> D unpredictable . . . constant
<input type="radio"/> E ponderous . . . intermittent

25-10 While not _____ with the colorfully obvious forms of life that are found in a tropical rain forest, the desert is _____ to a surprisingly large number of species.

<input type="radio"/> (A) brimming ... foreign
<input type="radio"/> (B) endowed ... detrimental
<input type="radio"/> (C) imbued ... hostile
<input type="radio"/> (D) teeming ... host
<input type="radio"/> (E) confronted ... home

25-11 Speakers and listeners are often at odds: language that is easy for the receiver to understand is often difficult to _____, and that which is easily formulated can be hard to _____.

<input type="radio"/> (A) estimate ... confirm
<input type="radio"/> (B) transmit. defend
<input type="radio"/> (C) produce ... comprehend
<input type="radio"/> (D) suppress ... ignore
<input type="radio"/> (E) remember ... forget

25-12 The current demand for quality in the schools seems to ask not for the development of informed and active citizens, but for disciplined and productive workers with abilities that contribute to civic life only _____, if at all.

<input type="radio"/> (A) indirectly
<input type="radio"/> (B) politically
<input type="radio"/> (C) intellectually
<input type="radio"/> (D) sensibly
<input type="radio"/> (E) sequentially

25-13 Because of its lack of theaters, the city came, ironically, to be viewed as an _____ theater town, and that reputation led entrepreneurs to believe that it would be _____ to build new theaters there.

<input type="radio"/> (A) unprofitable ... risky
<input type="radio"/> (B) untapped ... pointless
<input type="radio"/> (C) unappreciated. difficult
<input type="radio"/> (D) unlikely ... appropriate
<input type="radio"/> (E) unimpressed ... shrewd

25-14 He felt it would be _____, in view of the intense _____ that would likely follow, to make the sacrifice required in order to gain such little advantage.

<input type="radio"/> A	charitable . . . growth
<input type="radio"/> B	welcomed . . . prejudice
<input type="radio"/> C	futile . . . encouragement
<input type="radio"/> D	academic . . . acclaim
<input type="radio"/> E	unrealistic . . . turmoil

25-15 The academic education offered to university students is essential and must not be _____, but that does not mean universities should _____ the extracurricular, yet still important, aspects of university life.

<input type="radio"/> A	impeded . . . promote
<input type="radio"/> B	debated . . . victimize
<input type="radio"/> C	protected . . . broaden
<input type="radio"/> D	maximized . . . continue
<input type="radio"/> E	compromised . . . Neglect

25-16 To understand fully the impact of global warming on the environment, one must recognize that the components of the problem are _____ and, therefore, a change in any one component will _____ the others.

<input type="radio"/> A	distinct . . . influence
<input type="radio"/> B	unique . . . clarify
<input type="radio"/> C	linked . . . affect
<input type="radio"/> D	cyclical . . . negate
<input type="radio"/> E	growing . . . exacerbate

25-17 Although the Impressionist painters appeared to earlier art historians to be _____ in their methods, recent analyses of their brushwork suggest the contrary—that, in fact, their technique was quite _____.

<input type="radio"/> A	unstudied . . . sophisticated
<input type="radio"/> B	idiosyncratic . . . effective
<input type="radio"/> C	eclectic . . . naive
<input type="radio"/> D	lax . . . fashionable
<input type="radio"/> E	careless . . . unpremeditated

25-18 Increased governmental alarm about global warming _____ the concern among scientists that such warming is occurring, though when to expect major effects is still _____

<input type="radio"/> A echoes ... agreed on
<input type="radio"/> B precludes ... under consideration
<input type="radio"/> C reflects ... in dispute
<input type="radio"/> D obviates ... in doubt
<input type="radio"/> E encourages ... Confirmed

25-19 For someone as _____ as she, who preferred to speak only when absolutely necessary, his relentless chatter was completely _____.

<input type="radio"/> A ingenuous ... ignorant
<input type="radio"/> B curt ... enchanting
<input type="radio"/> C cheerful ... idle
<input type="radio"/> D laconic ... maddening
<input type="radio"/> E forward ... pointless

25-20 Future generations will probably consider current speculations about humanity's place in the universe to be _____ omissions and errors; even rigorous scientific views change, sometimes overnight.

<input type="radio"/> A immune from
<input type="radio"/> B marred by
<input type="radio"/> C uncorrupted by
<input type="radio"/> D correct despite
<input type="radio"/> E abridged by

25-21 Marshal Philippe Petain, unlike any other French citizen of this century, has been, paradoxically, the object of both great veneration and great _____.

<input type="radio"/> A reverence
<input type="radio"/> B interest
<input type="radio"/> C empathy
<input type="radio"/> D contempt
<input type="radio"/> E praise

第二十六套

26.1 核心词汇表

《新 GRE 核心词汇考法精析》收录单词（共 59 词）

agreeable	alleviate	antagonize	antithetical
arbitrary	arcane	belie	beset
blunt	boisterous	candor	conditional
constitute	crucial	defy	demonstrate
demur	discern	discrete	dissent
elude	evanescent	explicit	fallacious
flout	hasten	imperative	inadvertent
indispensable	initiate	innovative	insight
integrity	lyric	mastery	meager
minimize	modicum	obsolete	original
pertinent	pessimistic	platitude	practitioner
pragmatic	preeminent	prerequisite	project
proprietary	provincial	replicate	ridicule
run	sanctuary	schism	transitory
trenchant	unavailing	unimpeachable	

基础单词补充（共 22 词）

alternate *adj.* 取代的：Different from the one already in operation and can be used instead of it.

available *adj.* 可获得的：Present and ready for use; at hand; accessible..

beneficial *adj.* 有益的，有利的：Producing good or helpful results or effects: producing benefits.

cater *v.tr* 满足 … 的需要：To supply what is required or desired.

continue *v.tr* 持续: To do something without stopping: to keep doing something in the same way as before.

control *v.tr* 控制: To direct the behavior of (a person or animal): to cause (a person or animal) to do what you want.

detection *n.* 发现: The act or process of discovering, finding, or noticing something.

enthusiastic *adj.* 非常感兴趣的: Feeling or showing strong excitement about something: filled with or marked by enthusiasm.

equivocal *adj.* 模糊的: Lacking clarity or distinctness.

fortunate *adj.* 幸运的: Having good luck: enjoying good fortune.

function *n.* 作用: The special purpose or activity for which a thing exists or is used.

inform *v.tr* 渗透入, 指导: To be or provide the essential quality of (something): to be very noticeable in (something).

intricacy *n.* 复杂: Something that is complex or detailed: something intricate.

maintenance *n.* 持续: The act of maintaining: the state of being maintained.

national *adj.* 全国的: Of or relating to an entire nation or country.

prevent *v.tr* 阻止: To stop (something) from happening or existing.

retire *v.tr* 退出: To stop a job or career because you have reached the age when you are not allowed to work anymore or do not need or want to work anymore.

social *adj.* 群居的: Live in groups and do things together.

statistical *adj.* 统计的: Relating to the use of statistics.

transmit *v.tr* 传送: To give or pass (information, values, etc.) from one person to another.

useful *adj.* 有用的: Helping to do or achieve something.

veil *n.* 隐藏, 遮蔽: Something that covers or hides something else.

26.2 练习题

26-1 In some cultures the essence of magic is its traditional integrity; it can be efficient only if it has been _____ without loss from primeval times to the present practitioner.

<input type="radio"/> A conventionalized
<input type="radio"/> B realized
<input type="radio"/> C transmitted
<input type="radio"/> D manipulated
<input type="radio"/> E aggrandized

26-2 Although skeptics say financial problems will probably _____ our establishing a base on the Moon. Supporters of the project remain _____, saying that human curiosity

should overcome such pragmatic constraints.

<input type="radio"/> (A) beset . . . disillusioned
<input type="radio"/> (B) hasten . . . hopeful
<input type="radio"/> (C) postpone . . . pessimistic
<input type="radio"/> (D) prevent . . . enthusiastic
<input type="radio"/> (E) allow . . . unconvinced

26-3 Before the Second World War, academics still questioned whether the body of literature produced in the United States truly _____ a _____ literature, or whether such literature was only a provincial branch of English literature.

<input type="radio"/> (A) symbolized . . . local
<input type="radio"/> (B) constituted . . . national
<input type="radio"/> (C) defined . . . historical
<input type="radio"/> (D) outlined . . . good
<input type="radio"/> (E) captured . . . meaningful

26-4 Many more eighteenth-century novels were written by women than by men, but this dominance has, until very recently, been regarded merely as _____ fact, a bit of arcane knowledge noted only by bibliographers.

<input type="radio"/> (A) a controversial
<input type="radio"/> (B) a statistical
<input type="radio"/> (C) an analytical
<input type="radio"/> (D) an explicit
<input type="radio"/> (E) an unimpeachable

26-5 All _____ biological traits fall into one of two categories: those giving their possessors greater _____ the environment and those rendering them more independent of it.

<input type="radio"/> (A) widespread . . . detachment from
<input type="radio"/> (B) beneficial . . . control over
<input type="radio"/> (C) successful . . . freedom from
<input type="radio"/> (D) neutral . . . compatibility with
<input type="radio"/> (E) harmful . . . advantage in

26-6 One of archaeology's central dilemmas is how to reconstruct the _____ of complex ancient societies from meager and often _____ physical evidence.

<input type="radio"/> A riddles . . . obsolete
<input type="radio"/> B details . . . irrefutable
<input type="radio"/> C intricacies . . . equivocal
<input type="radio"/> D patterns . . . flawless
<input type="radio"/> E configurations . . . explicit

26-7 Just as the authors' book on eels is often a key text for courses in marine vertebrate zoology, their ideas on animal development and phylogeny _____ teaching.

<input type="radio"/> A prevent
<input type="radio"/> B defy
<input type="radio"/> C replicate
<input type="radio"/> D inform
<input type="radio"/> E use

26-8 What is most important to the monkeys in the sanctuary is that they are a group; this is so because primates are inveterately _____ and build their lives around each other.

<input type="radio"/> A independent
<input type="radio"/> B stable
<input type="radio"/> C curious
<input type="radio"/> D social
<input type="radio"/> E proprietary

26-9 Often the difficulties of growing up in the public eye cause child prodigies to _____ the world of achievement before reaching adulthood: happily, they sometimes later return to competition and succeed brilliantly.

<input type="radio"/> A ridicule
<input type="radio"/> B conquer
<input type="radio"/> C retire from
<input type="radio"/> D antagonize
<input type="radio"/> E examine

26-10 In scientific studies, supporting evidence is much more satisfying to report than are discredited hypotheses, but, in fact, the _____ of errors is more likely to be _____ than is the establishment of probable truth.

<input type="radio"/> A	formulation . . . permitted
<input type="radio"/> B	correction . . . ignored
<input type="radio"/> C	detection . . . useful
<input type="radio"/> D	accumulation . . . agreeable
<input type="radio"/> E	refinement . . . conditional

26-11 Professional photographers generally regard inadvertent surrealism in a photograph as a curse rather than a blessing; magazine photographers, in particular, consider themselves _____ to the extent that they can _____ its presence in their photographs.

<input type="radio"/> A	skillful . . . enhance
<input type="radio"/> B	inadequate . . . eliminate
<input type="radio"/> C	original . . . demonstrate
<input type="radio"/> D	fortunate . . . minimize
<input type="radio"/> E	conventional . . . highlight

26-12 Marison was a scientist of unusual _____ and imagination who had startling success in _____ new and fundamental principles well in advance of their general recognition.

<input type="radio"/> A	restiveness . . . acknowledging
<input type="radio"/> B	precision . . . coordinating
<input type="radio"/> C	aggression . . . resisting
<input type="radio"/> D	candor . . . dispelling
<input type="radio"/> E	insight . . . discerning

26-13 Unenlightened authoritarian managers rarely recognize a crucial reason for the low levels of serious conflict among members of democratically run work groups: a modicum of tolerance for dissent often prevents _____ .

<input type="radio"/> A	demur
<input type="radio"/> B	schism
<input type="radio"/> C	cooperation
<input type="radio"/> D	compliance
<input type="radio"/> E	shortsightedness

26-14 Carruthers' latest literary criticism _____ her reputation for trenchant commentary; despite its intriguing title and the fulsome praise on its dust jacket, it is nothing more than a collection of _____ .

<input type="radio"/> (A) reinforces . . . pronouncements
<input type="radio"/> (B) belies . . . platitudes
<input type="radio"/> (C) prejudices . . . insights
<input type="radio"/> (D) advances . . . aphorisms
<input type="radio"/> (E) undermines . . . judgments

26-15 If those large publishers that respond solely to popular literary trends continue to dominate the publishing market, the initial publication of new writers will depend on the writers' willingness to _____ popular tastes.

<input type="radio"/> (A) struggle against
<input type="radio"/> (B) cater to
<input type="radio"/> (C) admire
<input type="radio"/> (D) flout
<input type="radio"/> (E) elude

26-16 Candidates who oppose the present state income tax must be able to propose _____ ways to _____ the financing of state operations.

<input type="radio"/> (A) intelligent . . . initiate
<input type="radio"/> (B) individual . . . diversify
<input type="radio"/> (C) innovative . . . alleviate
<input type="radio"/> (D) arbitrary . . . maintain
<input type="radio"/> (E) alternate . . . continue

26-17 Although strong legal remedies for nonpayment of child support are _____ the delay and expense associated with these remedies make it _____ to develop other options.

<input type="radio"/> (A) unpopular . . . useful
<input type="radio"/> (B) required . . . impossible
<input type="radio"/> (C) available . . . imperative
<input type="radio"/> (D) unavailing . . . impractical
<input type="radio"/> (E) nonexistent . . . ridiculous

26-18 Calculus, though still indispensable to science and technology, is no longer _____ ; it has an equal partner called discrete mathematics.

<input type="radio"/> A preeminent
<input type="radio"/> B pertinent
<input type="radio"/> C beneficial
<input type="radio"/> D essential
<input type="radio"/> E pragmatic

26-19 Demonstrating a mastery of innuendo, he issued several _____ insults in the course of the evening's conversation.

<input type="radio"/> A blunt
<input type="radio"/> B boisterous
<input type="radio"/> C fallacious
<input type="radio"/> D veiled
<input type="radio"/> E embellished

26-20 The _____ of gamblers' unsuccessful decision strategies is one _____ of the illusions built into games of chance in order to misguide players and take their money.

<input type="radio"/> A distortion ... outcome
<input type="radio"/> B restriction ... result
<input type="radio"/> C maintenance ... function
<input type="radio"/> D prediction ... accomplishment
<input type="radio"/> E demonstration ... prerequisite

26-21 The natures of social history and lyric poetry are _____, social history always recounting the _____ and lyric poetry speaking for unchanging human nature, that timeless essence beyond fashion and economics.

<input type="radio"/> A predetermined ... bygone
<input type="radio"/> B antithetical ... evanescent
<input type="radio"/> C interdependent ... unnoticed
<input type="radio"/> D irreconcilable ... unalterable
<input type="radio"/> E indistinguishable ... transitory

第二十七套

27.1 核心词汇表

《新 GRE 核心词汇考法精析》收录单词（共 50 词）

abysmal	alienate	antiquated	banal
bound	cherished	credulous	crucial
curtail	derivative	distinctive	dormant
downplay	eccentric	emulate	erratic
esoteric	evasive	fastidious	forthright
foster	harry	inimitable	innovative
intrinsic	mediate	mediocre	milk
novel	obscure	original	paradigm
patent	perfunctory	persistence	proficient
profundity	prosaic	provoke	quack
rational	reticent	skeptic	slight
sophisticated	subservient	synthesis	tenuous
undermine	virtuoso		

基础单词补充（共 25 词）

anomaly *n.* 反常: Deviation or departure from the normal or common order, form, or rule.

commonplace *n.* 陈腐, 过时: An idea, expression, remark, etc., that is not new or interesting.

different *adj.* 不同的: Not the same.

disconnect *v.tr* 分开, 分离: Separate the two things.

exaggerate *v.tr* 夸张, 夸大: To think of or describe something as larger or greater than it really is.

inexact *adj.* 不精确的; 不准确的: Not completely correct or precise: not exact.

inhibit *v.tr* 抑制: To prevent or slow down the activity or occurrence of (something).

innovation *n.* 创新: The act of introducing something new.

inspired *adj.* 优秀的: Very good or clever.

ironic *adj.* 令人讽刺的: Using words that mean the opposite of what you really think especially in order to be funny.

material *adj.* 实质性的: Having real importance.

naive *adj.* 天真幼稚的: Simple and credulous as a child; ingenuous.

neglect *v.tr* 忽视: To fail to take care of or to give attention to (someone or something).

objectivity *n.* 客观: Based on facts rather than feelings or opinions: not influenced by feelings.

precise *adj.* 精确的; 准确的: Very accurate and exact.

preconception *n.* 成见: An idea or opinion that someone has before learning about or experiencing something directly.

reject *v.tr* 拒绝: To refuse to believe, accept, or consider (something).

reliable *adj.* 可靠的, 可信赖的: Able to be trusted to do or provide what is needed: able to be relied on.

reticent *adj.* 话少的: Not willing to tell people about things.

school *n.* 学校: A privately-run place where a particular skill or subject is taught can be referred to as a school.

security *n.* 安全感: A feeling of being safe and free from worry.

simulation *n.* 模拟, 模仿: Something that is made to look, feel, or behave like something else especially so that it can be studied or used to train people.

solicit *v.tr* 征求 (意见): To ask for (something, such as money or help) from people, companies, etc..

suspension *n.* 延缓: The act of stopping or delaying something for a usually short period of time.

unlikely *adj.* 不太可能的: You believe that it will not happen or that it is not true, although you are not completely sure.

27.2 练习题

27-1 Exposure to low-intensity gamma radiation slows the rate of growth of the spoilage microorganisms in food in much the same way that the low heat used in pasteurization _____ the spoilage action of the microorganisms in milk.

<input type="radio"/> A precludes
<input type="radio"/> B initiates
<input type="radio"/> C inhibits
<input type="radio"/> D isolates
<input type="radio"/> E purifies

27-2 In today's world, manufacturers' innovations are easily copied and thus differences between products are usually ____; advertisers, therefore, are forced to ____ these differences in order to suggest the uniqueness of their clients' products.

<input type="radio"/> A crucial ... downplay
<input type="radio"/> B minimal ... reduce
<input type="radio"/> C slight ... exaggerate
<input type="radio"/> D common ... emphasize
<input type="radio"/> E intrinsic ... create

27-3 To avoid annihilation by parasites, some caterpillars are able to ____ periods of active growth by prematurely entering a dormant state, which is characterized by the ____ of feeding.

<input type="radio"/> A curtail ... suspension
<input type="radio"/> B foster ... continuation
<input type="radio"/> C prevent ... stimulation
<input type="radio"/> D mediate ... synthesis
<input type="radio"/> E invert ... simulation

27-4 Prior to the work of Heckel, illustrations of fish were often beautiful but rarely ____; this fact, combined with the ____ nature of most nineteenth-century taxonomic descriptions, often kept scientists from recognizing differences between species.

<input type="radio"/> A impressive ... inaccurate
<input type="radio"/> B realistic ... detailed
<input type="radio"/> C traditional ... progressive
<input type="radio"/> D precise ... inexact
<input type="radio"/> E distinctive ... sophisticated

27-5 Experienced and proficient, Susan is a good, ____ trumpeter her music is often more satisfying than Carol's brilliant but ____ playing.

<input type="radio"/> A virtuoso . . . inimitable
<input type="radio"/> B mediocre . . . eccentric
<input type="radio"/> C competent . . . influential
<input type="radio"/> D amateur . . . renowned
<input type="radio"/> E reliable . . . erratic

27-6 In the midst of so many evasive comments, this forthright statement, whatever its intrinsic merit, plainly stands out as ____.

<input type="radio"/> A a paradigm
<input type="radio"/> B a misnomer
<input type="radio"/> C a profundity
<input type="radio"/> D an inaccuracy
<input type="radio"/> E an anomaly

27-7 Marshall's confrontational style could alienate almost anyone: he even antagonized a board of directors that included a number of his supporters and that had a reputation for not being easily ____.

<input type="radio"/> A intimidated
<input type="radio"/> B mollified
<input type="radio"/> C reconciled
<input type="radio"/> D provoked
<input type="radio"/> E motivated

27-8 Paradoxically, England's colonization of North America was ____ by its success: the increasing prosperity of the colonies diminished their dependence upon, and hence their loyalty to, their home country.

<input type="radio"/> A demonstrated
<input type="radio"/> B determined
<input type="radio"/> C altered
<input type="radio"/> D undermined
<input type="radio"/> E distinguished

27-9 Although Harry Stack Sullivan is one of the most influential social scientists of this century, his ideas are now so ____ in our society that they seem almost ____.

<input type="radio"/> A novel ... antiquated
<input type="radio"/> B revolutionary ... fundamental
<input type="radio"/> C commonplace ... banal
<input type="radio"/> D disputed ... esoteric
<input type="radio"/> E obscure ... familiar

27-10 Her first concert appearance was disappointingly perfunctory and derivative, rather than the _____ performance in the _____ style we had anticipated.

<input type="radio"/> A talented ... tenuous
<input type="radio"/> B prosaic ... classic
<input type="radio"/> C artistic ... mechanical
<input type="radio"/> D inspired ... innovative
<input type="radio"/> E literal ... enlightened

27-11 As is often the case with collections of lectures by _____ authors, the book as a whole is _____, although the individual contributions are outstanding in themselves.

<input type="radio"/> A different ... disconnected
<input type="radio"/> B incompetent ... abysmal
<input type="radio"/> C famous ... systematic
<input type="radio"/> D mediocre ... unexciting
<input type="radio"/> E various ... coherent

27-12 Although some consider forcefulness and _____ to be two traits desirable to the same degree, I think that making a violent effort is much less useful than maintaining a steady one.

<input type="radio"/> A promptness
<input type="radio"/> B persistence
<input type="radio"/> C aggression
<input type="radio"/> D skillfulness
<input type="radio"/> E lucidity

27-13 The popularity of pseudoscience and quack medicines in the nineteenth century suggests that people were very _____, but the gullibility of the public today makes citizens of yesterday look like hard-nosed _____.

<input type="radio"/> A cautious . . . educators
<input type="radio"/> B sophisticated . . . realists
<input type="radio"/> C rational . . . pragmatists
<input type="radio"/> D naive . . . idealists
<input type="radio"/> E credulous . . . skeptics

27-14 Though extremely _____ about his own plans, the man allowed his associates no such privacy and was constantly _____ information about what they intended to do next.

<input type="radio"/> A idiosyncratic . . . altering
<input type="radio"/> B guarded . . . eschewing
<input type="radio"/> C candid . . . uncovering
<input type="radio"/> D reticent . . . soliciting
<input type="radio"/> E fastidious . . . ruining

27-15 Having sufficient income of her own constituted for Alice _____ independence that made possible a degree of _____ in her emotional life as well.

<input type="radio"/> A a material . . . security
<input type="radio"/> B a profound . . . conformity
<input type="radio"/> C a financial . . . economy
<input type="radio"/> D a psychological . . . extravagance
<input type="radio"/> E an unexpected . . . uncertainty

27-16 Copyright and patent laws attempt to encourage innovation by ensuring that inventors are paid for creative work, so it would be _____ if expanded protection under these laws discouraged entrepreneurial innovation by increasing fears of lawsuits.

<input type="radio"/> A desirable
<input type="radio"/> B coincidental
<input type="radio"/> C ironic
<input type="radio"/> D natural
<input type="radio"/> E sensible

27-17 Unfortunately, since courses in nutrition are often _____ medical school curriculums, a family physician is _____ to be an enlightening source of general information about diet.

<input type="radio"/> A questioned by ... encouraged
<input type="radio"/> B encountered among ... unable
<input type="radio"/> C unappreciated by ... expected
<input type="radio"/> D neglected in ... unlikely
<input type="radio"/> E squeezed into ... intended

27-18 The success of science is due in great part to its emphasis on ____ : the reliance on evidence rather than ____ and the willingness to draw conclusions even when they conflict with traditional beliefs.

<input type="radio"/> A causality ... experimentation
<input type="radio"/> B empiricism ... facts
<input type="radio"/> C objectivity ... preconceptions
<input type="radio"/> D creativity ... observation
<input type="radio"/> E conservatism ... assumptions

27-19 James had idolized the professor so much for so long that even after lunching with her several times he remained quite ____ in her presence and as a result, he could not really be himself.

<input type="radio"/> A pleased
<input type="radio"/> B disregarded
<input type="radio"/> C heartened
<input type="radio"/> D relaxed
<input type="radio"/> E inhibited

27-20 However ____ they might be, Roman poets were bound to have some favorite earlier author whom they would ____ .

<input type="radio"/> A subservient ... imitate
<input type="radio"/> B independent ... inspire
<input type="radio"/> C original ... emulate
<input type="radio"/> D creative ... admire
<input type="radio"/> E talented ... neglect

27-21 Human nature and long distances have made exceeding the speed limit a ____ tradition in the state, so the legislators surprised no one when, acceding to public practice, they ____ increased penalties for speeding.

Ⓐ	disquieting . . . endorsed
Ⓑ	long-standing . . . considered
Ⓒ	controversial . . . suggested
Ⓓ	cherished . . . rejected
Ⓔ	hallowed . . . investigated