一、安装环境

1.操作系统: CentOS Linux release 7.5.1804

2. 软件版本:

kafka:kafka_2.12-1.0.2 zookeeper:zookeeper-3.4.14

nginx:1.15.6

host	kafka	zookeeper	nginx
xmj(192.168.238.170)			√
xmjmaster(192.168.238.160)	√	√	
xmjslave1(192.168.238.161)	√	√	
xmjslave2(192.168.238.162)	√	√	

二、安装配置

1.zookeeper安装配置

1)解压缩

tar -zxf zookeeper-3.4.14.tar.gz -C /usr/local

2) 配置文件

cd /usr/local/zookeeper-3.4.14/conf

cp zoo_sample.cfg zoo.cfg

vim zoo.cfg

#设置dataDir和dataLogDir

dataDir=/usr/local/zookeeper-3.4.14/data

dataLogDir=/usr/local/zookeeper-3.4.14/data/logs

#添加集群配置

server.1=192.168.238.160:2881:3881 server.2=192.168.238.161:2881:3881 server.3=192.168.238.162:2881:3881

3) 配置myid

cd /usr/local/zookeeper-3.4.14/data

vim myid

(xmjmaster:1,xmjslave1:2,xmjslave2:3)

4)配置环境变量

vim /etc/profile

export ZOOKEEPER_PREFIX=/usr/local/zookeeper-3.4.14

export PATH=\$PATH:\$ZOOKEEPER_PREFIX/bin

source /etc/profile

5)启动zookeeper集群 zkServer.sh start ##查看集群状态 zkServer.sh status

[root@xmjslave1 data]# zkServer.sh status
ZooKeeper JMX enabled by default
Using config: /usr/local/zookeeper-3.4.14/bin/../conf/zoo.cfg
Mode: leader

[root@xmjmaster data]# zkServer.sh status
ZooKeeper JMX enabled by default
Using config: /usr/local/zookeeper-3.4.14/bin/../conf/zoo.cfg
Mode: follower

[root@xmjslave2 data]# zkServer.sh status
ZooKeeper JMX enabled by default
Using config: /usr/local/zookeeper-3.4.14/bin/../conf/zoo.cfg
Mode: follower

2.kafka安装配置

1) 上传kafka_2.12-1.0.2.tgz到服务器并解压(xmjmaster) tar -zxf kafka_2.12-1.0.2.tgz -C /usr/local

2)拷贝到xmjslave1和xmjslave2 scp -r /usr/local/kafka_2.12-1.0.2/ xmjslave1:/usr/local scp -r /usr/local/kafka_2.12-1.0.2/ xmjslave2:/usr/local

3) 配置环境变量并生效
vim /etc/profile

export KAFKA_HOME=/usr/local/kafka_2.12-1.0.2
export PATH=\$PATH:\$KAFKA_HOME/bin

source /etc/profile

4) 配置/usr/local/kafka_2.12-1.0.2/config中的server.properties文件 vim /usr/local/kafka_2.12-1.0.2/config/server.properties ##broker.id (xmjmaster:0 xmjslave1:1 xmjslave2:2) broker.id=0 listeners=PLAINTEXT://:9092 ##填写对应host advertised.listeners=PLAINTEXT://xmjmaster:9092 log.dirs=/var/xmj/kafka/kafka-logs zookeeper.connect=xmjmaster:2181,xmjslave1:2181,xmjslave2:2181/myKafka

```
5) 启动kafka
  kafka-server-start.sh /usr/local/kafka_2.12-1.0.2/config/server.properties
  kafka-server-start.sh -daemon /usr/local/kafka_2.12-
  1.0.2/config/server.properties
  ##停止kafka
  kafka-server-stop.sh
  5) 查看zk节点
  1s /myKafka/brokers/ids
  get /myKafka/brokers/ids/0
  get /myKafka/brokers/ids/1
  get /myKafka/brokers/ids/2
     WatchedEvent state:SyncConnected type:None path:null
      [zk: localhost:2181(CONNECTED) 0] ls /myKafka/brokers/ids
      [zk: localhost:2181(CONNECTED) 1]
[zk: localhost:2181(CONNECTED) 1] get /myKafka/brokers/ids/0
{"listener_security_protocol_map":{"PLAINTEXT":"PLAINTEXT"},"endpoints":["PLAINTEXT://xmjmaster:9092"],"jmx_port":
cZxid = 0x10000003d
ctime = Sun Sep 06 09:14:57 CST 2020
mZxid = 0x10000003d
mtime = Sun Sep 06 09:14:57 CST 2020
pZxid = 0x10000003d
cversion = 0
dataVersion = 0
aclVersion = 0
ephemeralOwner = 0 \times 1000 fa571060004
dataLength = 188
numChildren = 0
[zk: localhost:2181(CONNECTED) 2] get /myKafka/brokers/ids/1
{"listener_security_protocol_map":{"PLAINTEXT":"PLAINTEXT"},"endpoints":["PLAINTEXT://xmjslave1:9092"],"jmx_port":-1,
ctime = Sun Sep 06 09:15:10 CST 2020
mZxid = 0x100000049
mtime = Sun Sep 06 09:15:10 CST 2020
pZxid = 0x100000049
cversion = 0
dataVersion = 0
aclVersion = 0
ephemeralOwner = 0x3000022bac40002
dataLength = 188
numChildren = 0
[zk: localhost:2181(CONNECTED) 3] get /myKafka/brokers/ids/2
{"listener_security_protocol_map":{"PLAINTEXT":"PLAINTEXT"},"endpoints":["PLAINTEXT://xmjslave2:9092"],"jmx_port":-1,"hos
cZxid = 0x100000051
ctime = Sun Sep 06 09:15:18 CST 2020
mZxid = 0x100000051
mtime = Sun Sep 06 09:15:18 CST 2020
pZxid = 0x100000051
cversion = 0
dataVersion = 0
aclVersion = 0
ephemeralOwner = 0x1000fa571060005
dataLength = 188
numChildren = 0
3.nginx ngx_kafka_module安装配置
  1) 安装librdkafka
  git clone https://github.com/edenhill/librdkafka
  cd librdkafka
  ./configure
  make
  make install
```

```
git clone https://github.com/brg-liuwei/ngx_kafka_module
wget http://nginx.org/download/nginx-1.15.6.tar.gz
cd nginx-1.15.6/
./configure --prefix=/usr/local/nginx --add-module=/usr/local/ngx_kafka_module
make
make install

#错误信息
./nginx: error while loading shared libraries: librdkafka.so.1: cannot open
shared object file: No such file or directory

echo "/usr/local/lib" >> /etc/ld.so.conf
ldconfig
```

三、测试

```
zkServer.sh start
zkServer.sh status

kafka-server-start.sh -daemon /usr/local/kafka_2.12-
1.0.2/config/server.properties

kafka-topics.sh --zookeeper localhost/myKafka --list

kafka-console-consumer.sh --bootstrap-server localhost:9092 --topic
tp_individual

curl http://localhost/kafka/tp_individual -d "message send to kafka topic"
```

备注

正常情况kafka收集日志感觉应该是需要做类似埋点的东西,点击、收藏等操作有自己在后台访问 controller做些处理,演示中的就是直接调用的nginx配置的kafka的主题,没有业务处理的部分