Name: LIBRADILLA, LITO J. Yr. & Sec: 12 STEM ASCLEPIUS

SUBJECT CODE: CORE 13	SUBJECT TITLE: Contemporary Philippine Arts from the Regions
	TOPIC: Contemporary Art Forms Based on the Elements and Principles

VI. WALKING THE EXTRA MILE Activity 2: Principle of Art in Photography

Daily Life if a Filipino. (BAJAO PEOPLE)



The Badjao people, also known as the Sea Gypsies, are an indigenous ethnic group in the Philippines, Malaysia, and Indonesia. They are known for their seafaring lifestyle, living on boats or stilt houses near coastal areas. It's important to note that the term "squatter" generally refers to individuals who live in informal settlements or makeshift housing, often due to economic challenges. The Badjao, like many marginalized communities, face various socio-economic issues. While it's difficult to generalize their daily life, here are some aspects that might be part of the daily life of a poor Badjao individual living in a squatter area:

1. **Housing:**

- Many Badjao families live in stilt houses or boats near the coastline. These dwellings may lack proper infrastructure, such as electricity, sanitation facilities, and clean water.

2. **Livelihood:**

- Traditional livelihoods of the Badjao involve fishing, pearl diving, and other maritime activities. However, economic challenges may force some Badjao individuals into informal labor sectors with low wages.

3. **Education:**

- Access to education can be limited for marginalized communities. Badjao children may face barriers such as lack of nearby schools, financial constraints, or discrimination, making it challenging for them to pursue formal education.

4. **Healthcare:**

- Limited access to healthcare facilities can be a significant challenge. Poor sanitation conditions and lack of healthcare resources may contribute to health issues within the community.

5. **Discrimination:**

- The Badjao, like many indigenous groups, may face discrimination and marginalization. This can affect their access to opportunities, services, and social integration.

6. **Community and Culture:**

- Despite facing numerous challenges, the Badjao community often maintains a strong sense of identity and cultural practices. Traditional ceremonies, music, and dance remain integral parts of their lives.

7. **Social Support:**

- The community often relies on social networks and mutual support systems. Extended family ties and communal relationships can provide a safety net in times of need.

8. **Environmental Vulnerability:**

- Living in coastal areas, the Badjao are vulnerable to the impact of environmental changes, such as rising sea levels, storms, and overfishing. These factors can affect their traditional ways of life and livelihoods.

It's crucial to approach discussions about marginalized communities with sensitivity and avoid perpetuating stereotypes. The experiences of individuals within the Badjao community can vary, and efforts should be made to address systemic issues that contribute to their socio-economic challenges. Additionally, initiatives focused on education, healthcare, and economic empowerment can contribute to improving the well-being of the Badjao people.