Week 2

This is a capstone project from Coursera and IBM where we will be analysing the power stations in Singapore.

We will be using the data from the following website;

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of power stations in Singapore

to segment the type of power stations and their locations to understand the current power generation landscape in Singapore.

There are talks of building another power station and the various interested parties are going to use this report to determine the feasibility by having a clearer picture on the power generation landscape before moving on to the next step of building the power station

The various interested parties are:

- 1. The government
- 2. The current power station owners (increased competition)
- 3. The companies that are interested in building the new power station
- 4. The general public who are concerned with price of energy generation and the consequences to the environment

This study will enable the us to determine the following;

- 1. What are the different type and weightage of power generation available in Singapore
- 2. Where are the different location where energy are generated in Singapore.
- 3. If we were to build another new power station, what type of power generation should be installed?

The Data provided will be:

- 1. The locations of the existing power stations in Singapore
- 2. The type of power generation employed by the various power stations
- 3. The capacity of the individual power station in Singapore
- 4. The year each power station was commissioned.
- 5. The owners of the different power stations in Singapore

How can problems be solved:

- 1. By listing the different locations of the power stations graphically, we can have a cleared picture of where the power stations are located. The interested parties can understand the following
 - a. Where can the next power station be built at? Infrastructure are available at the current available locations
 - b. If there is any over-congestion at any particular location
- 2. The various kind of power generation.
 - a. Should there be diversification for the power generation
 - b. Should there be more investment in alternative form of power generation.
 - c. Is the new power generation is environmental friendly

- 3. What is the most prevalent form of power generation;
 - d. Is that the most efficient form of power generation.
 - e. What other type of power generation is available

Results:

The most prevalent of power generation is Oil with a total capacity of 8876 MW.

Name	Capacity	Туре
Senoko Power Station	3300	Oil, NG
Tuas Power Station	2476	Oil, NG
Jurong Power Station	180	Diesel
Pulau Seraya Power Station	2920	Oil, NG

Total: 8876

Followed by NG (Natural Gas) with a capacity of 3892 MW.

Capacity	Туре
800	LNG
400	NG, cogen
815	NG, cogen
1300	NG, cogen
411	LNG, desalination
166	NG, cogen, desalination
	800 400 815 1300 411

Total: 3892

Lastly 'waste to energy' with a capacity of 256.8 MW.

Name	Capacity	Туре
Senoko Incineration Plant	55	Waste-to-Energy
Tuas Incineration Plant	47.8	Waste-to-Energy
Tuas South Incineration Plant	132	Waste-to-Energy
Keppel Seghers Tuas Waste-to-Energy Plant	22	Waste-to-Energy
	250.0	

Total: 256.8

The next power station should employ the use of 'waste to energy' technology to generate power to avoid competition for resources with the power stations currently in use.

Conclusion:

There are many other factors to consider when it comes to the decisions making with respect to the installation of a new power stations. But this report is just a star to have a simple and general view of the energy generation landscape in Singapore. It would require a lot more data and more in-depth analysis to better understand the situation and to enable better projection for building a new power station.