## 1. Preliminaries

- 1. 0
- 2. 1/x
- 3.  $\sigma(x)(1-\sigma(x))$
- 4.  $sech^2(x)$
- 5. 8x

## 2. Forward (code)

## 3. Backward

1. 
$$\frac{\partial L(U,V)}{\partial U} = \frac{\partial A}{\partial U} + \frac{\partial B}{\partial U} = \left(\frac{\partial A}{\partial h} + \frac{\partial B}{\partial h}\right) \frac{\partial h}{\partial U}$$

$$\frac{\partial A}{\partial U} = \frac{\partial y \log (\sigma(Vh))}{\partial \sigma (Vh)} \times \frac{\partial \sigma (Vh)}{\partial Vh} \times \frac{\partial Vh}{\partial h} \times \frac{\partial h}{\partial U} 
\frac{\partial A}{\partial U} = \frac{y}{\sigma(Vh)} \times \sigma(Vh) (1 - \sigma(Vh)) \times V \times \frac{\partial h}{\partial U} 
\frac{\partial A}{\partial U} = y (1 - \sigma(Vh)) V \times \frac{\partial h}{\partial U}$$

$$\frac{\partial B}{\partial U} = \frac{\partial (1-y) \log(1-\sigma(Vh))}{\partial (1-\sigma(Vh))} \times \frac{\partial (1-\sigma(Vh))}{\partial Vh} \times \frac{\partial Vh}{\partial h} \times \frac{\partial h}{\partial U}$$

$$\frac{\partial B}{\partial U} = \frac{1-y}{1-\sigma(Vh)} \times -\sigma(Vh) \left(1-\sigma(Vh)\right) \times V \times \frac{\partial h}{\partial U}$$

$$\frac{\partial B}{\partial U} = -(1-y) \sigma(Vh) V \times \frac{\partial h}{\partial U}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial L(U,V)}{\partial U} &= \left(\frac{\partial A}{\partial h} + \frac{\partial B}{\partial h}\right) \frac{\partial h}{\partial U} \\ \frac{\partial L(U,V)}{\partial U} &= \left[ \left[ y \left( 1 - \sigma(Vh) \right) V \right] - \left[ \left( 1 - y \right) \sigma(Vh) V \right) \right] \right] \times \frac{\partial h}{\partial U} \end{split}$$

$$\frac{\partial L(U, V)}{\partial U} = [(y - \sigma(Vh)) V] \times \frac{\partial h}{\partial U}$$
$$\frac{\partial L(U, V)}{\partial U} = [(y - \sigma(Vh)) V] \times sech^{2}(U)$$

2. Implementation (code)

## 4. Gradient Checking

1. V diff: 0.000000000000000000036, U diff: 0.00000022