Moderating Factors Moral Foundations Sacredness Scale: Measuring Morality

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Introduction

In this section, I run a series of regression models to see how different demographic variables relate to people's responses on the Moral Foundations Sacredness Scale.

Here, I am interested in gender, religion, income and education, on top of politics, and the ways that they influence definitions of sacredness in the hearts and minds of the people.

I begin by loading the data available here and relevant packages.

```
# Load data
morals <- read.csv("~/Desktop/Working/Moral-Psychology/MMorality/mfss.csv")
library(tidyverse)</pre>
```

Clean Data

I create an average score for each foundation by averaging an individual's response to each of the questions that belong in each foundation.

Additionally, I create an individualizing and binding foundation score that reflects an average of the responses to the questions that are under each category. I further generate a difference score that reflects the difference between these two scores and use this value as the core dependent variable in the analyses.

```
### Harm ###
morals$Harm <- rowMeans(morals[, c("dogkick", "overweight", "palm")],</pre>
    na.rm = TRUE)
### Fairness ###
morals$Fairness <- rowMeans(morals[, c("cards", "ballots", "racepledge")],</pre>
    na.rm = TRUE)
### Ingroup ###
morals$Ingroup <- rowMeans(morals[, c("flagburn", "talkradio",</pre>
    "familyshun")], na.rm = TRUE)
### Authority ###
morals $Authority <- rowMeans (morals [, c("parentcurse", "handgesture",
    "rottentomato")], na.rm = TRUE)
### Purity ###
morals$Purity <- rowMeans(morals[, c("soulsell", "molesterblood",</pre>
    "stageanimal")], na.rm = TRUE)
### Individualizing and Binding items ###
morals$indiv <- rowMeans(morals[, c("dogkick", "overweight",</pre>
    "palm", "cards", "ballots", "racepledge")], na.rm = TRUE)
morals$bind <- rowMeans(morals[, c("flagburn", "talkradio", "familyshun",</pre>
    "parentcurse", "handgesture", "rottentomato", "soulsell",
    "molesterblood", "stageanimal")], na.rm = TRUE)
morals$diffscore <- morals$indiv - morals$bind
# Declare Gender as factor
class(morals$gender)
## [1] "integer"
morals$gender <- as.factor(morals$gender)</pre>
```

Fit Models

I fit five models to include politics, gender, religion, income and education, one at a time.

First, I fit the model with politics, which recreates the model that I reported in the Moral Foundations Questionnaire analysis. Each subsequent model adds the demographic variables in the order listed above.

```
# With Politics
fit1 <- lm(diffscore ~ ideo7, data = morals)</pre>
summary(fit1)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = diffscore ~ ideo7, data = morals)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               10 Median
                               3Q
                                     Max
## -4.9667 -0.5501 -0.2167 0.4434 5.1264
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.98147
                         0.07812 12.564 < 2e-16 ***
                         0.01753 -6.153 9.75e-10 ***
## ideo7
              -0.10786
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.9865 on 1486 degrees of freedom
    (31 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.02485,
                                  Adjusted R-squared: 0.02419
## F-statistic: 37.86 on 1 and 1486 DF, p-value: 9.745e-10
# Plus Gender
fit2 <- lm(diffscore ~ ideo7 + gender, data = morals)</pre>
summary(fit2)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = diffscore ~ ideo7 + gender, data = morals)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                     Max
## -5.0288 -0.5473 -0.1677 0.4398 5.0619
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                         0.08253 12.683 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept) 1.04672
## ideo7
              -0.10865
                         0.01750 -6.208 6.97e-10 ***
## gender2
              ## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.9849 on 1485 degrees of freedom
```

```
(31 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.02867,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.02736
## F-statistic: 21.91 on 2 and 1485 DF, p-value: 4.175e-10
# Plus Religion
fit3 <- lm(diffscore ~ ideo7 + gender + religion, data = morals)
summary(fit3)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = diffscore ~ ideo7 + gender + religion, data = morals)
## Residuals:
      Min
               10 Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -4.8695 -0.5036 -0.1594 0.4475 5.0227
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                    3.784 0.000161 ***
## (Intercept) 0.47520
                          0.12559
                          0.01869 -3.318 0.000928 ***
## ideo7
              -0.06201
## gender2
              -0.07116 0.05175 -1.375 0.169273
## religion
              0.11282 0.02145 5.259 1.67e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.969 on 1436 degrees of freedom
     (79 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.0405, Adjusted R-squared: 0.0385
## F-statistic: 20.21 on 3 and 1436 DF, p-value: 7.913e-13
# Plus Income
fit4 <- lm(diffscore ~ ideo7 + gender + religion + income, data = morals)
summary(fit4)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = diffscore ~ ideo7 + gender + religion + income,
      data = morals)
##
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -4.7568 -0.5009 -0.1710 0.4530 4.9721
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.292301
                          0.141408
                                     2.067 0.03891 *
```

```
## ideo7
           ## gender2
## religion
           ## income
           ## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.9667 on 1435 degrees of freedom
    (79 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.04568, Adjusted R-squared: 0.04302
## F-statistic: 17.17 on 4 and 1435 DF, p-value: 9.1e-14
# Plus Education
fit5 <- lm(diffscore ~ ideo7 + gender + religion + income + education,
   data = morals)
summary(fit5)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = diffscore ~ ideo7 + gender + religion + income +
##
     education, data = morals)
##
## Residuals:
     Min
            1Q Median
                         3Q
                               Max
## -4.8430 -0.4949 -0.1504 0.4445 4.9197
##
## Coefficients:
##
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -0.273693  0.179680 -1.523  0.12792
           ## ideo7
           -0.067471 0.051208 -1.318 0.18785
## gender2
## religion
           ## income
           0.001817 0.006503 0.279 0.78004
## education 0.072179 0.014328 5.038 5.31e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.9586 on 1434 degrees of freedom
    (79 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.06228, Adjusted R-squared: 0.05901
## F-statistic: 19.05 on 5 and 1434 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```