CS 2104-01 Hardware Lab Lab 6 April 7, 2015

Catch the Stars

Lab report (upload to iLMS before 4/14 3:30p.m.)

Your report should include the following:

• description and explanation of your work (including answers to all questions in the pre-lab)

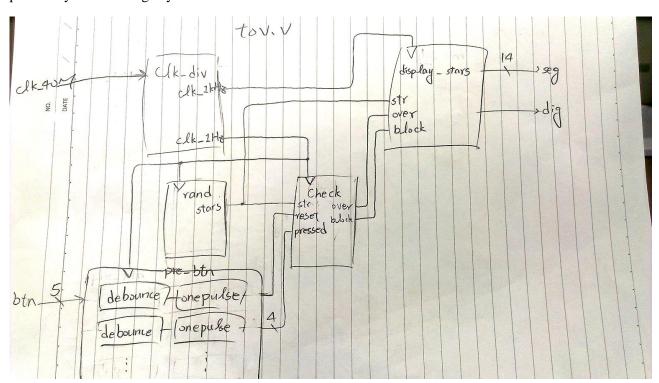
這次的Lab 我在top下,使用助教提供的 clk_div module 取出我需要的 clock ,再用 Pre_btn module 做 buttons 訊號的處理,其中包含助教提供的 debounced 和 onepulse, Rand module 負責亂數決定星星位置,搭配 Check module 決定遊戲是否結束亦或要重新開始,並且輸出需要 block 的星星位置,最後修改之前的 14 segment 的 display module 成 display_star module,依照順序判斷:是否 over、是否有星星、是否有 block。

1. To make the game really interesting, we want to introduce some randomness into the game, therefore the stars should appear in any order at random. Search the internet and find out how to introduce randomness into your design. (You may first implement and test a simplified prototype assuming the stars always appear from right to left repeatedly, but if you just submit that simplified prototype you will get at most 80 points for this lab.)

網路資料參考:

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Linear_feedback_shift_register
http://stackoverflow.com/questions/14497877/how-to-implement-a-pseudo-hardware-random-number-generator

2. Draw a block diagram for the complete design by re-using existing modules introduced in the class previously and defining any new module.



• discussion of any issue or problem worthy of note (yes, even mistakes that you made)

之前把 Check 的動作放在 display 的 module 裏頭,之後和同學討論才釐清,他們需要的 clock 不同,應該把它放到另一個 module 比較好。

computer 所謂的亂數都還是有 pattern 存在,這次的 lab 亦是如此,只是循環的週期如何而已,雖然我們只用到一層 LSFR,所以大概二十次左右為一個週期,但有看到有同學再多放一個 counter 增加 pattern 的複雜度,例如每一百個裡面只取第 23、29、51 次做星星位置的亂數。

• optional: any extra feature you added or any suggestion

沒有抓到星星時,會變成顯示"OVER"。

另外,跑 random 的長度越長,能做出的 random pattern 複雜度越高,因此將 reg 增加為 $16 \, \mathrm{bits}$ 。