

Territorial Authority 2023 Clipped (generalised)

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Metadata
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     Language Code
  Character Set
     Character Set Code
        utf8
  Hierarchy Level
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        dataset
  Hierarchy Level Name
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  Contact
     Responsible Party
        Individual Name
           Geospatial Team
        Organisation Name
           Stats NZ
        Contact Info
           Contact
             Phone
                Telephone
                   Voice
                      0508 525 525
             Address
                Address
                   Electronic Mail Address
                      geography@stats.govt.nz
             Online Resource
                Online Resource
                   Linkage
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                         https://datafinder.stats.govt.nz/
        Role
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  Date Stamp
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        2022-12-02
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Metadata Standard Name

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Metadata Standard Version
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2007

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Spatial Representation Info
Vector Spatial Representation
Topology Level Code
geometryOnly
Geometric Object Type Code
composite
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68
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Reference System Info
Reference System
Reference System Identifier
Identifier
Code
2193
Code Space
EPSG
Version
7.9.4(9.0.0)
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Identification Info
Data Identification
Citation
Citation
Title
TA2023_V1_00_Clipped

Date
Date
Presentation Form
Presentation Form Code
mapDigital
```

Abstract

This dataset is the definitive version of the annually released territorial authority boundaries as at 1 January 2023 as defined by territorial authorities and/or Local Government Commission, and maintained by Stats NZ (the custodian), clipped to the coastline. This clipped version has been created for cartographic purposes and so does not fully represent the official full extent boundaries. This version contains 67 territorial authorities, excluding 'area outside territorial authority'. Territorial authorities are the second tier of local government in New Zealand, below regional councils. They are defined under schedule 2, part 1 of the Local Government Act 2002 as city councils or district councils. Territorial authorities were established in 1989 when 205 territorial local authorities were replaced by 75 territorial authorities. Territorial boundaries must coincide with meshblock boundaries under schedule 3, clause 17 of the Local Government Act 2002. There are 67 territorial authorities: 12 city councils, 53 district councils, Auckland Council, and Chatham Islands Council. Five territorial authorities (Auckland Council, Nelson City Council, and the Gisborne, Tasman, and Marlborough district councils) also perform the functions of a regional council and are therefore unitary authorities. The Chatham Islands Council performs some regional council functions. Some territorial authority boundaries are coterminous with regional council boundaries but there are several exceptions. An example is Taupo District, which is split between four regions, although most of its area falls within the Waikato Region. When defining the boundaries of territorial

authorities, the Local Government Commission bases considerable weight on the 'community of interest'. Territorial authorities are defined at meshblock level. Statistical area 1, statistical area 2 and statistical area 3 geographies nest within territorial authority boundaries. MaintenanceLocal government boundaries may be changed through the Local Government Act 2002, an Act of Parliament, or a natural process such as the middle line of a river changing its natural course. The Territorial Authority classification is released annually on 1 January to coincide with the update of meshblocks, but there are not always changes from the previous classification.1989:New Zealand's local government structural arrangements were significantly reformed by the Local Government Commission in 1989. Prior to reformation there were 205 territorial local authorities: 28 cities, 78 boroughs, 67 counties, 31 districts, and 1 town district, as well as a multitude of ad-hoc authorities such as pest control boards, drainage boards, catchment boards, and domain and reserve boards. These were replaced by 74 territorial local authorities, 15 of which were cities and 58 districts. The exception was Chatham Islands County which retained its county status.1990:Invercargill was proclaimed a city.1992:Nelson-Marlborough Regional Council was abolished by a Local Government Amendment Act. Kaikoura District was transferred to the Canterbury Region. Nelson City, and Tasman and Marlborough districts became unitary authorities. 1995:The Chatham Islands County was dissolved and reconstituted by a specific Act of Parliament as the "Chatham Islands Territory", with powers similar to those of territorial authorities and some functions similar to those of a regional council. This included the addition of territorial sea, a coastal buffer extending to twelve nautical miles from the coastline.1995:Tasman District boundary extended to align with the Tasman Region boundary at the 12-mile limit.1998:Not Applicable category changed to Area Outside Territorial Authority2004: Tauranga District changed to Tauranga City. 2006: Banks Peninsula District merged into Christchurch City as a result of a Local Government Commission decision following a 2005 referendum. 2010: Auckland Council established under the Local Government (Tamaki Makaurau Reorganisation) Act 2009. Rodney District, North Shore City, Waitakere City, Auckland City, Manukau City, Papakura District, and Franklin District territorial councils, and the Auckland Regional Council, were abolished to become a unitary authority known as the Auckland Council. The area now consists of one city council (with statutory provision for three Māori councillors), 13 wards, and 21 local boards.2015:Wanganui District Council name changed to Whanganui District Council effective 1 December 2015.2020:Otorohanga District Council name amended to Ōtorohanga District Council.Opotiki District Council name amended to Ōpōtiki District Council.Both changes were under schedule 2 of the Local Government Act 2002 and effective 17 January 2020.2021:A local government reorganisation transferred land between two territorial authorities, Western Bay of Plenty District and Tauranga City. The changes took effect on 19 February 2021 under schedule 3 of the Local Government Act 2002. Refer to the New Zealand Gazette noticefor further details. Numbering The territorial authority classification is a flat classification. Territorial authorities are given a unique three-digit code. The classification contains 68 categories (including '999 – Area Outside Territorial Authority'). Clipped versionThis clipped version has been created for cartographic purposes and so does not fully represent the official full extent boundaries. Macrons Names are provided with and without tohuto/macrons. The column name for those without macrons is suffixed 'ascii'. Digital dataDigital boundary data became freely available on 1 July 2007.

Purpose

This dataset is the definitive version of the annually released territorial authority boundaries as at 1 January 2023 as defined by territorial authorities and/or Local Government Commission, and maintained by Stats NZ (the custodian), clipped to the coastline. This clipped version has been created for cartographic purposes and so does not fully represent the official full extent boundaries. This version contains 67 territorial authorities, excluding 'area outside territorial authority'.

Credit

Stats NZ

Point Of Contact Responsible Party Individual Name Geospatial Team Organisation Name Stats NZ Contact Info Contact

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     Role
        Role Code
           custodian
Descriptive Keywords
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     Keyword
        territorial authority
     Keyword
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     Keyword
        ta
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Descriptive Keywords
   Keywords
     Keyword
        Downloadable Data
Resource Constraints
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     Use Limitation
        Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International (CC BY 4.0)
Spatial Representation Type Code
   vector
Language
   Language Code
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Character Set
   Character Set Code
     utf8
Topic Category Code
   boundaries
Version 6.2 (Build 9200); Esri ArcGIS 10.8.1.14362
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          Level
             Scope Code
                dataset
     Lineage
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          Statement
```

Territorial authorities are based on the meshblock pattern. Non-alignment of meshblock and cadastral boundaries are one of a number of reasons for meshblock boundary adjustments. Other reasons include requests from local authorities, Local Government Commission, Electoral Representation Commission and to make census enumeration processes easier. From the meshblock pattern, higher geographies, including the territorial authority pattern, were dissolved using the dissolve tool in the Arc GIS suite. To derive the territorial authorities boundaries clipped to the coastline, meshblock polygons were dissolved to exclude meshblocks with a land/water attribute of Inlet or Oceanic.