

## Exercises In Engineering 9

Reference No.(NOT Student ID No.)

24

Name

真度 正宗

Q1 Find the values of the following definite integrals:

$$(1) \int_0^3 \sqrt{3-t} dt \quad \frac{dx}{dt} = -1 \quad dt = -dx$$

$$x = 3 - t \quad t = 0 \rightarrow x = 3$$

$$\int_3^0 -\sqrt{x} dx = \left[ -\frac{2}{3} x^{\frac{3}{2}} \right]_3^0 = (0) - \left( -\frac{2}{3} \times 3\sqrt{3} \right) = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{1}$$



$$(2) \int_{-1}^1 x^2 \sqrt{1+x^3} dx$$

$$t = 1 + x^3, \quad \frac{dt}{dx} = 3x^2, \quad dx = \frac{dt}{3x^2}$$

$$\int_0^2 \sqrt{t} \times \frac{1}{3x^2} dt \times x^2 = \frac{1}{3} \int_0^2 \sqrt{t} dt = \frac{1}{3} \left[ \frac{2}{3} t^{\frac{3}{2}} \right]_0^2 = \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2}{3} 2\sqrt{2} - 0 \right) = \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{9}$$

$$(3) \int_{-2}^2 |x^2 - 1| dx$$

$$= 2 \int_0^2 |x^2 - 1| dx$$

$$= 2 \left\{ \int_0^1 1 - x^2 dx + \int_1^2 x^2 - 1 dx \right\}$$

$$= 2 \left\{ \left[ x - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \right]_0^1 + \left[ \frac{1}{3} x^3 - x \right]_1^2 \right\}$$

$$= 2 \left\{ \left( 1 - \frac{1}{3} \right) + \left( \frac{8}{3} - 2 \right) - \left( \frac{1}{3} - 1 \right) \right\} = 2 \left\{ \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} \right\} = 2 \times \frac{6}{3} = 4$$

Q2 Find the constants  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  that

$$\int_{-1}^1 f(x) dx = af(-1) + bf(0) + cf(1)$$

for any quadratic function  $f(x)$ .

$$f(x) = \alpha x^2 + \beta x + \gamma$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 f(x) dx = \int_{-1}^1 (\alpha x^2 + \beta x + \gamma) dx = \frac{2}{3} \alpha + 2\gamma$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \alpha + 2\gamma = a(\alpha - \beta + \gamma) + b\gamma + c(\alpha + \beta + \gamma)$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{2}{3} = a + c \\ 0 = -a + c \\ 2 = a + b + c \end{cases}$$

$$a = c = \frac{1}{3}, \quad b = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$af(-1) = a(\alpha - \beta + \gamma)$$

$$bf(0) = b\gamma$$

$$cf(1) = c(\alpha + \beta + \gamma)$$