

## **Data Curation - Tutorial**

**Never Stand Still** 

**Computer Science and Engineering** 

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Comp 9313- Big Data Management

Data Curation Tutorial

# Running Example

#### In this tutorial:

We extract Tweets from Twitter fire hose, then we perform pre-processing on the extracted Tweets. We also, index the Tweets for fast search and retrieval. Finally, we extract a set of named entities from Tweets to add value to the extracted information.

#### **Goal of the Tutorial:**

- We demonstrate how to create a pipeline for curating data.
- We explain how a big data streaming technology such as Apache Kafka can be coupled with a data curation pipeline.
- We explain how data can be transformed for adding values and extracting insight.



# **Big Data Curation**

The data curation tasks we demonstrate in this example:

- Identifying relevant data sources
- Ingesting data and knowledge
- Cleaning
- Integration
- Transformation (Normalization and aggregation)
- Adding Value (Preparing Raw Data for Analytics):
  - Extraction
  - Enrichment
  - Linking
  - Summarization



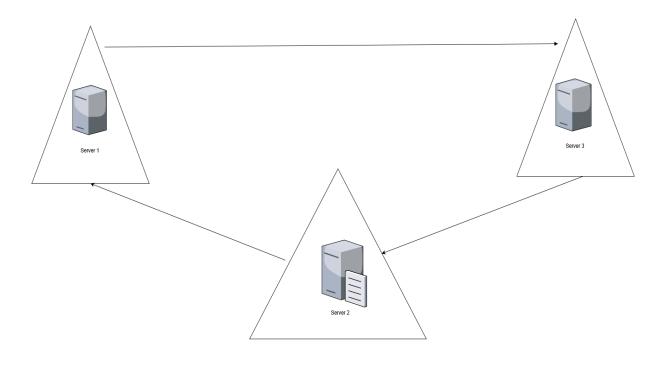
# **Data Ingestion**

### Introduction to data streaming and Apache Kafka

**Apache Kafka** is an open-source stream-processing software platform developed by LinkedIn and donated to the Apache Software Foundation, written in Scala and Java. The project aims to provide a unified, high-throughput, low-latency platform for handling real-time data feeds.

#### **Apache Kafka Characteristics:**

- Kafka provides a messaging system that replicates stream of records across a cluster of servers.
- The Kafka cluster stores streams of records in categories called topics.
- Each record consists of a key, a value, and a timestamp.





# **Data Ingestion**

### Introduction to data streaming and Apache Kafka

#### Kafka Producer and Consumer:

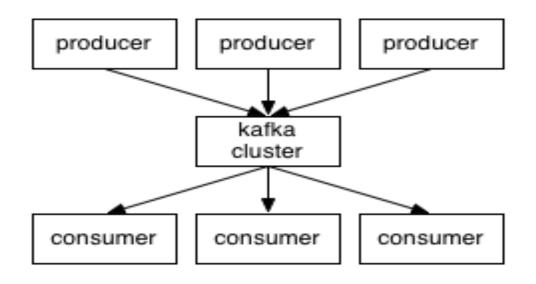
The two main components of Kafka are **Producer** and **Consumer** APIs:

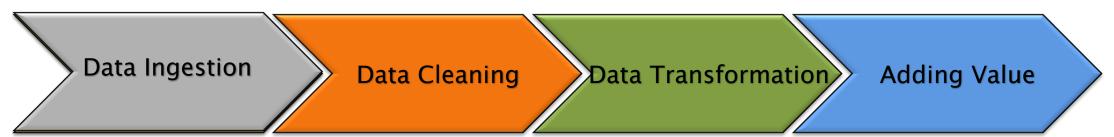
#### **Producer API:**

 Allows an application to publish a stream of records to one or more Kafka topics.

#### **Consumer API:**

 Allows an application to subscribe to one or more topics and process the stream of records produced to them.







# **Data Ingestion**

### **Cleaning**

- In the Cleaning Process, we perform some pre-processing tasks including:
  - We remove URLs and IMOJI from Tweets
  - We lowercase the Tweets tokens
  - We keep proper names uppercase





### **Data Transformation**

### **Indexing Data**

- In this step, we create we store the Tweets as a set of Index. Indexing is made up of two parts:
  - Creation of index
  - Search
- Indexing allows to create to retrieve and search data much faster compared to conventional retrieval approaches.





## **Adding Value**

### **Extracting Named Entities**

- We extract a set of named entities from Tweets text and prints their frequencies.
- Named Entities are real-world objects, such as
  - Persons
  - Locations
  - Organizations
  - Products
  - etc.

that can be denoted with a proper name. It can be abstract or have a physical existence. Examples of named entities include <u>Barack Obama, New York City, Volkswagen Golf</u>, or anything else that can be named.



