Assigment 2

Pavel Linder, Nikita Brancatisano 12/26/2019

0. Read input

```
train = read.table(file = 'train.tsv', sep = '\t', header = TRUE, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
train.text = read.table(file = 'train.tsv', sep = '\t', header = TRUE, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

test = read.table(file = 'test.tsv', sep = '\t', header = TRUE)
length(which(!complete.cases(train)))

## [1] 0
head(train$text_a)

## [2] "You are both morons and that is never happening"
## [3] "you are just an idiot blabbermouth that is gonna get stopped HARD one day! You W
## [4] "how do the towers connect to the bottom pentagon? Since it's not flat..."

## [5] "I love Cam Newton's upside, and think he'll be an All-Pro caliber QB, but 21 TD'
## [6] "Eat shit and die Andrew"
```

1. Cleaning data

Remove punctuation and stopwords

```
train$text_a = as.character(train$text_a)
train$text_a = tm::removePunctuation(train$text_a)
train$text_a = tm::removeWords(x = train$text_a, stopwords(kind = "SMART"))
train$text_a = tm::stripWhitespace(train$text_a)
word_count <- lapply(train$text_a, wordcount)</pre>
length(which(word count > 100))
## [1] 23
length(which(word count < 100))</pre>
## [1] 802
length(which(word_count == 0))
## [1] 1
length(train$text_a)
## [1] 825
train <- train[which(word_count < 100),]</pre>
word_count <- lapply(train$text_a, wordcount)</pre>
length(train$text_a)
## [1] 802
```

```
train <- train[which(word_count > 0),]
length(train$text_a)

## [1] 801
head(train$text_a)

## [2] "Xanax death blow xc2xa0That stuff totally dangerous build tolerance quickly stop abruptly xc2xa0*
## [2] "morons happening"

## [3] "idiot blabbermouth gonna stopped HARD day You WILL NOT saved"

## [4] "towers connect bottom pentagon Since flat"

## [5] "I love Cam Newtons upside hell AllPro caliber QB 21 TDs 17 Interceptions NFL Network 10th Heismann Height (1) "Eat shit die Andrew"
```

Anonymize proper nouns

```
n <- length(train$text a)</pre>
word_ann <- Maxent_Word_Token_Annotator()</pre>
sent_ann <- Maxent_Sent_Token_Annotator()</pre>
pos_ann = Maxent_POS_Tag_Annotator()
for (i in 1:n) {
  while(1) {
    doc <- as.String(train$text_a[[i]])</pre>
    wordAnnotation <- annotate(doc, list(sent_ann, word_ann))</pre>
    POSAnnotation <- annotate(doc, pos_ann, wordAnnotation)
    POSWords <- subset(POSAnnotation, type == "word")
    POSTags <- vector()
    for (j in 1:length(POSWords$features))
      POSTags <- c(POSTags, POSWords$features[[j]]$POS)</pre>
    tokenPOS <- cbind(doc[POSWords], POSTags)</pre>
    ppn_idx <- which(tokenPOS[,2] == "NNP", 1)</pre>
    if (length(ppn_idx) == 0) {
      break;
    words <- subset(wordAnnotation, type == "word")</pre>
    hashed <- digest(tokenPOS[ppn_idx, 1], "xxhash32")</pre>
    ppn <- words[ppn_idx]</pre>
    train$text_a[[i]] <- gsub(doc[ppn$start,ppn$end], hashed, doc)</pre>
  }
}
head(train$text_a)
```

```
## [1] "5dcac30f death blow xc2xa0That stuff totally dangerous build tolerance quickly stop abruptly xc
## [2] " morons happening"
## [3] " idiot blabbermouth gonna stopped e8a1d6c8 day You WILL 91b0cb01 saved"
## [4] " towers connect bottom pentagon Since flat"
## [5] "I love a9350e16 cee1217a upside hell ea737b57 caliber 9c894fe8 21 1a620f48 17 Interceptions 914
## [6] "d84ee5df shit die 2703f309"
```

```
n <- length(train$text_a)</pre>
```

Remove unknown symbols (non UTF-8 characters)

```
train$text_a <- iconv(train$text_a, to='UTF-8', sub='byte')
length(train$text_a)

## [1] 801
head(train$text_a)

## [2] " morons happening"

## [3] " idiot blabbermouth gonna stopped e8a1d6c8 day You WILL 91b0cb01 saved"

## [4] " towers connect bottom pentagon Since flat"

## [5] "I love a9350e16 cee1217a upside hell ea737b57 caliber 9c894fe8 21 1a620f48 17 Interceptions 914

## [6] "d84ee5df shit die 2703f309"</pre>
```

2. Exploration

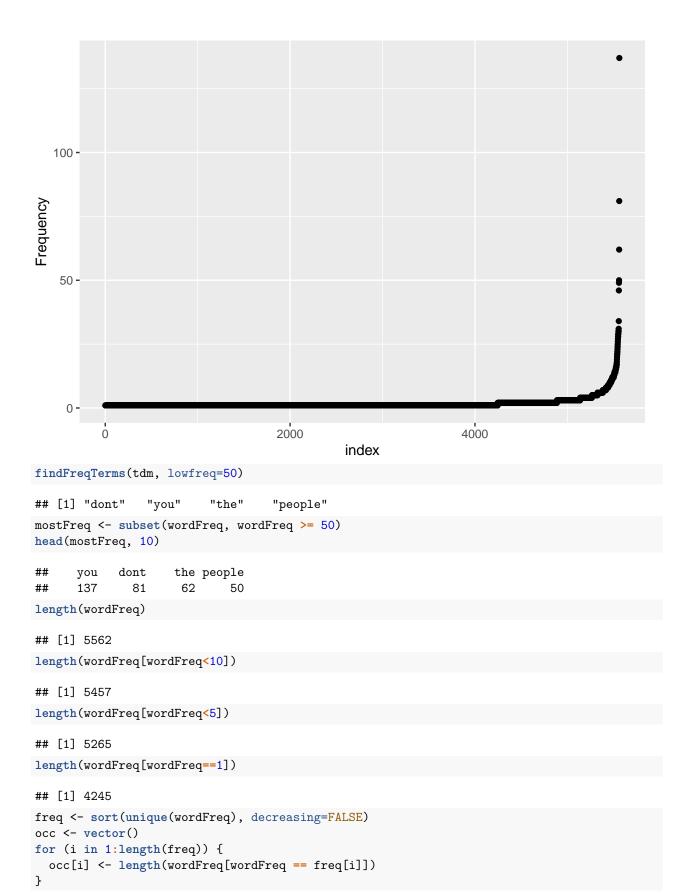
We are computing the TDM matrix from 2 corpuses: one with stemmization, one without. From the results we can see that the character of the corpus remains. Thus, we will use the stemmed corpus for the future evaluation.

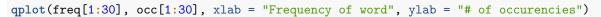
I. Plot the frequency of words (without stemmization)

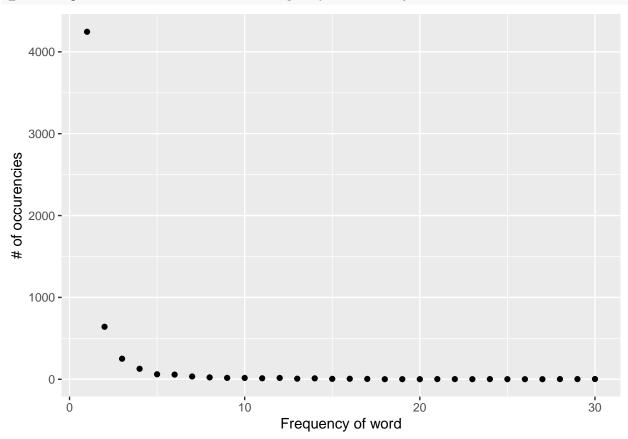
```
##
## Attaching package: 'ggplot2'
## The following object is masked from 'package:NLP':
## annotate

corpus <- Corpus(VectorSource(train$text_a)) # turn into corpus
tdm <- TermDocumentMatrix(corpus)

wordFreq <- sort(rowSums(as.matrix(tdm)), decreasing=TRUE)
qplot(seq(length(wordFreq)),sort(wordFreq), xlab = "index", ylab = "Frequency")</pre>
```







II. Plot the frequency of words (with stemmization)

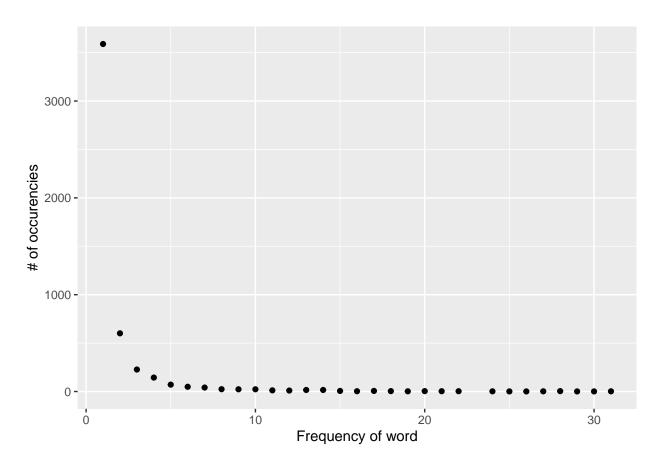
```
stemmed <- stemDocument(train$text_a, language = "english")
corpus2 <- Corpus(VectorSource(stemmed)) # turn into corpus

## you dont fuck the
## 137 81 79 62

## [1] 4904

## [1] 4769

## [1] 3589</pre>
```



II. Perform a clustering on the vectorized document space

We will use Weighted TF-IDF as a way to represent the document space:

```
tdm <- tm::DocumentTermMatrix(corpus2)
tdm.tfidf <- tm::weightTfIdf(tdm)
tdm.tfidf <- tm::removeSparseTerms(tdm.tfidf, 0.999) # sparsity being not well handled overall in R
tfidf.matrix <- as.matrix(tdm.tfidf)</pre>
```

Afterwards, we perform k-means algorithm to cluster in $\{2,4,8,16\}$ classes.

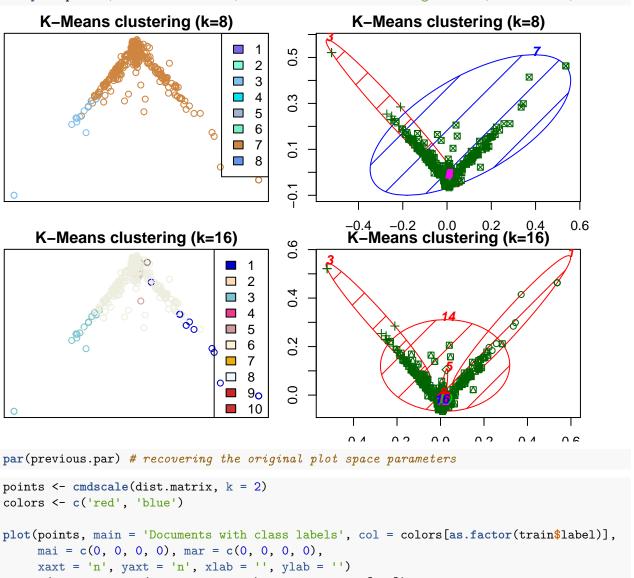
```
cluster2 <- kmeans(tfidf.matrix, centers=2)
cluster4 <- kmeans(tfidf.matrix, centers=4)
cluster8 <- kmeans(tfidf.matrix, centers=8)
cluster16 <- kmeans(tfidf.matrix, centers=16)

cluster2.master <- cluster2$cluster
cluster4.master <- cluster4$cluster
cluster8.master <- cluster8$cluster
cluster16.master <- cluster16$cluster</pre>
```

We perform Classical multidimensional scaling (SMC) to map the data (distance matrix) into 2D dimension and then visualize it.

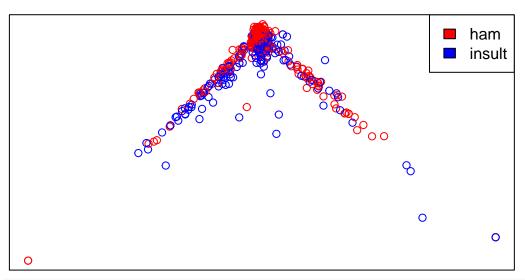
```
dist.matrix = proxy::dist(tfidf.matrix, method = "cosine")
points <- cmdscale(dist.matrix, k = 2)
previous.par <- par(mfrow=c(2,2), mar = rep(1.5, 4))
color <- grDevices::colors()[grep('gr(a|e)y', grDevices::colors(), invert = T)]</pre>
```

```
my_palette = sample(color, 2)
plot(points, main = 'K-Means clustering (k=2)', col = my_palette[as.factor(cluster2.master)],
     mai = c(0, 0, 0, 0), mar = c(0, 0, 0, 0),
     xaxt = 'n', yaxt = 'n', xlab = '', ylab = '')
legend("topright", sprintf("%s",seq(1,2)), fill = my_palette[1:2])
clusplot(points, cluster2.master, main='K-Means clustering (k=2)', color=TRUE, shade=TRUE, labels=5, li
my palette = sample(color, 4)
plot(points, main = 'K-Means clustering (k=4)', col = my_palette[as.factor(cluster4.master)],
     mai = c(0, 0, 0, 0), mar = c(0, 0, 0, 0),
     xaxt = 'n', yaxt = 'n', xlab = '', ylab = '')
legend("topright", sprintf("%s",seq(1,4)), fill = my_palette[1:4])
clusplot(points, cluster4.master, main = 'K-Means clustering (k=4)', color=TRUE, shade=TRUE, labels=5,
     K-Means clustering (k=2)
                                                 K-Means clustering (k=2)
                                        ω
                                2
                                        S
                                    0
                                        0
                                                 K-5 -Means clustering (k=4)
     K-Means clustering (k=4)
                                1
                                 2
                                 3
                                        0.1
                                        0.1
my_palette = sample(color, 8)
plot(points, main = 'K-Means clustering (k=8)', col = my_palette[as.factor(cluster8.master)],
     mai = c(0, 0, 0, 0), mar = c(0, 0, 0, 0),
     xaxt = 'n', yaxt = 'n', xlab = '', ylab = '')
legend("topright", sprintf("%s",seq(1,8)), fill = my_palette[1:8])
clusplot(points, cluster8.master, main = 'K-Means clustering (k=8)', color=TRUE, shade=TRUE, labels=5,
my_palette = sample(color, 16)
plot(points, main = 'K-Means clustering (k=16)', col = my_palette[as.factor(cluster16.master)],
     mai = c(0, 0, 0, 0), mar = c(0, 0, 0, 0),
     xaxt = 'n', yaxt = 'n', xlab = '', ylab = '')
legend("topright", sprintf("%s",seq(1,16)), fill = my_palette[1:16])
```



legend("topright", c('ham', 'insult'), fill = colors[1:2])

Documents with class labels



```
stemmed <- stemDocument(train$text_a, language = "english")</pre>
docs <- stemmed
n <- length(docs)</pre>
word_ann <- Maxent_Word_Token_Annotator()</pre>
sent_ann <- Maxent_Sent_Token_Annotator()</pre>
pos_ann = Maxent_POS_Tag_Annotator()
docsPOS <- list()</pre>
for (i in 1:n) {
  doc <- as.String(docs[[i]])</pre>
  wordAnnotation <- annotate(doc, list(sent_ann, word_ann))</pre>
  POSAnnotation <- annotate(doc, pos_ann, wordAnnotation)
  POSWords <- subset(POSAnnotation, type == "word")
  POSTags <- vector()
  for (j in 1:length(POSWords$features))
    POSTags <- c(POSTags, POSWords$features[[j]]$POS)</pre>
  docsPOS[[i]] <- list(POSTags)</pre>
library(purrr)
for(i in 1:length(docsPOS)){
  docsPOS[i] = flatten(docsPOS[i])
  docsPOS[[i]] = paste(docsPOS[[i]], collapse=" ")
head(docsPOS)
## [[1]]
```

```
## [1] "NN VBP JJ JJ NNP NN"
## [[5]]
## [1] "PRP VBP DT JJ JJ NN VBD NN IN CD CD CD IN CD CD JJ CD JJ NN DT CD CD NN CD NN JJ NN JJ NN JJ NN
## [[6]]
## [1] "JJ NN VBP CD"
head(stemmed)
## [1] "5dcac30f death blow xc2xa0That stuff total danger build toler quick stop abrupt xc2xa0It insidi
## [2] "moron happen"
## [3] "idiot blabbermouth gonna stop e8a1d6c8 day You WILL 91b0cb01 save"
## [4] "tower connect bottom pentagon Sinc flat"
## [5] "I love a9350e16 cee1217a upsid hell ea737b57 calib 9c894fe8 21 1a620f48 17 Intercept 91465074 4
## [6] "d84ee5df shit die 2703f309"
length(docsPOS)
## [1] 801
docsPOS <- matrix(docsPOS, 801, 1)</pre>
docsPOS <- unlist(docsPOS)</pre>
trainPOS <- train
textPOS <- trainPOS$text_a</pre>
textPOS <- paste(textPOS, docsPOS)</pre>
trainPOS$text_a <- textPOS</pre>
stemmedPOS <- stemDocument(trainPOS$text_a, language = "english")</pre>
head(stemmedPOS)
## [1] "5dcac30f death blow xc2xa0That stuff total danger build toler quick stop abrupt xc2xa0It insidi
## [2] "moron happen NN VB"
## [3] "idiot blabbermouth gonna stop e8a1d6c8 day You WILL 91b0cb01 save NN NN VBN NN VBG NN PRP MD VB
```

[5] "I love a9350e16 cee1217a upsid hell ea737b57 calib 9c894fe8 21 1a620f48 17 Intercept 91465074 4

3. Modeling

[[4]]

```
test$text_a = as.character(test$text_a)
test$text_a = tm::removePunctuation(test$text_a)
test$text_a = tm::removeWords(x = test$text_a, stopwords(kind = "SMART"))
test$text_a = tm::stripWhitespace(test$text_a)

test <- test[which(lapply(test$text_a, wordcount) > 0),]
n <- length(test$text_a)
for (i in 1:n) {
  while(1) {
    doc <- as.String(test$text_a[[i]])
    wordAnnotation <- annotate(doc, list(sent_ann, word_ann))
    POSAnnotation <- annotate(doc, pos_ann, wordAnnotation)
    POSWords <- subset(POSAnnotation, type == "word")</pre>
```

[4] "tower connect bottom pentagon Sinc flat NN VBP JJ JJ NNP NN"

[6] "d84ee5df shit die 2703f309 JJ NN VBP CD"

```
for (j in 1:length(POSWords$features))
      POSTags <- c(POSTags, POSWords$features[[j]]$POS)</pre>
    tokenPOS <- cbind(doc[POSWords], POSTags)</pre>
    ppn_idx <- which(tokenPOS[,2] == "NNP", 1)</pre>
    if (length(ppn_idx) == 0) {
      break;
    words <- subset(wordAnnotation, type == "word")</pre>
    hashed <- digest(tokenPOS[ppn_idx, 1], "xxhash32")</pre>
    ppn <- words[ppn_idx]</pre>
    test$text_a[[i]] <- gsub(doc[ppn$start,ppn$end], hashed, doc)</pre>
}
test$text_a <- iconv(test$text_a, to='UTF-8', sub='byte')</pre>
test$label=ifelse(test$label==0,"No","Yes")
test$label <- as.factor(test$label)</pre>
stemmedtest <- stemDocument(test$text_a, language = "english")</pre>
corpustest <- Corpus(VectorSource(stemmedtest)) # turn into corpus</pre>
tdmtest <- tm::DocumentTermMatrix(corpustest)</pre>
tdmtest.tfidf <- tm::weightTfIdf(tdmtest)</pre>
## Warning in tm::weightTfIdf(tdmtest): empty document(s): 457
tdmtest.tfidf <- tm::removeSparseTerms(tdmtest.tfidf, 0.999)</pre>
tfidftest.matrix <- as.matrix(tdmtest.tfidf)</pre>
#The train dataset is imbalanced with, where there are more than 2 times as much documents labeled as
non-insults than insults. We performed oversampling to get rid of this imbalance:
train$text_a = stemmed
trainPOS$text_a = stemmedPOS
table(train$label)
##
##
     0
## 572 229
trainSVM <- ovun.sample(label ~ ., data = train, method = "over")$data</pre>
trainRf <- train[sample(nrow(train), 100), ]</pre>
trainRf <- ovun.sample(label ~ ., data = trainRf, method = "over", 150)$data
trainPOS <- ovun.sample(label ~ ., data = trainPOS, method = "over")$data
print('SVM Model:')
## [1] "SVM Model:"
table(trainSVM$label)
##
##
    0
        1
## 572 553
print('RF Model:')
## [1] "RF Model:"
```

POSTags <- vector()

```
table(trainRf$label)
##
## 0 1
## 74 76
print('SVM with Tags Model:')
## [1] "SVM with Tags Model:"
table(trainPOS$label)
##
##
    0 1
## 572 584
clean_test <- function(data) {</pre>
  test.matrix <- as.data.frame(tfidftest.matrix)</pre>
  cols <- colnames(data)</pre>
 Missing <- setdiff(cols, names(test.matrix))</pre>
 test.matrix[Missing] <- 0</pre>
  test.matrix <- test.matrix[cols]</pre>
  return(test.matrix)
}
create_model_data <- function(matrix, avect) {</pre>
  result <- cbind(matrix, avect)
  result <- as.data.frame(result)</pre>
 result$lbl=ifelse(result$lbl==0,"No","Yes")
  # Adding a vector of labels to the tfidf matrix changing the Os to No and 1s to Yes
  result$lbl <- as.factor(result$lbl)</pre>
  return(result)
}
corpus <- Corpus(VectorSource(trainRf$text_a)) # turn into corpus</pre>
tdm <- tm::DocumentTermMatrix(corpus)</pre>
tdm.tfidf <- tm::weightTfIdf(tdm)</pre>
tdm.tfidf <- tm::removeSparseTerms(tdm.tfidf, 0.999) # sparsity being not well handled overall in R
tfidf.matrixRf <- as.matrix(tdm.tfidf)</pre>
corpus <- Corpus(VectorSource(trainSVM$text_a)) # turn into corpus</pre>
tdm <- tm::DocumentTermMatrix(corpus)</pre>
tdm.tfidf <- tm::weightTfIdf(tdm)</pre>
tdm.tfidf <- tm::removeSparseTerms(tdm.tfidf, 0.999) # sparsity being not well handled overall in R
tfidf.matrixSVM <- as.matrix(tdm.tfidf)</pre>
corpus <- Corpus(VectorSource(trainPOS$text_a)) # turn into corpus</pre>
tdmPOS <- tm::DocumentTermMatrix(corpus)</pre>
tdmPOS.tfidf <- tm::weightTfIdf(tdmPOS)</pre>
tdmPOS.tfidf <- tm::removeSparseTerms(tdmPOS.tfidf, 0.999) # sparsity being not well handled overall i
tfidf.matrixPOS <- as.matrix(tdmPOS.tfidf)</pre>
trainRf$lbl <- trainRf$label</pre>
trainSVM$lbl <- trainSVM$label</pre>
trainPOS$1b1 <- trainPOS$1abe1</pre>
```

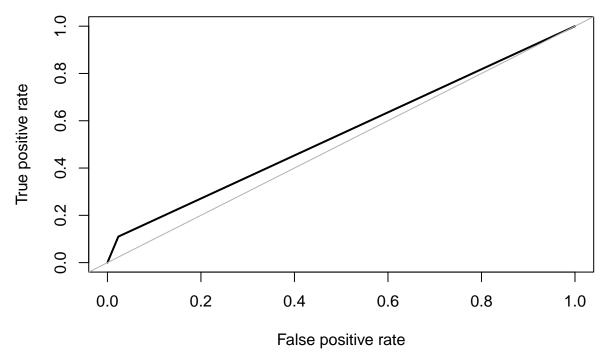
```
avectorRf <- as.vector(trainRf['lbl'])</pre>
avectorSVM <- as.vector(trainSVM['lbl'])</pre>
avectorPOS <- as.vector(trainPOS['lbl'])</pre>
finalRf <- create_model_data(tfidf.matrixRf, avectorRf)</pre>
finalSVM <- create_model_data(tfidf.matrixSVM, avectorSVM)</pre>
finalPOS <- create_model_data(tfidf.matrixPOS, avectorPOS)</pre>
dat <- twoClassSim(200) #A custom f1 funtion for the metric
f1 <- function(data, lev = NULL, model = NULL) {</pre>
 f1_val <- F1_Score(y_pred = data$pred, y_true = data$obs, positive = lev[1])
  c(F1 = f1_val)
train.control <- trainControl(method = "repeatedcv",</pre>
                           number = 5.
                           repeats = 3,
                            classProbs = TRUE,
                            summaryFunction = f1,
                            search = "grid")
fitRf <- caret::train(lbl ~ ., data = finalRf, method = 'rf',tuneLength = 5, metric = "F1",
             trControl = train.control)
## Warning in nominalTrainWorkflow(x = x, y = y, wts = weights, info =
## trainInfo, : There were missing values in resampled performance measures.
fitSvm <- caret::train(lbl ~ ., data = finalSVM, method = 'svmLinear', scale=F, tuneLength = 5, metric
fitSvmPOS <- caret::train(lbl ~ ., data = finalPOS, method = 'svmLinear', scale=F, tuneLength = 5, metr
print(fitRf$results)
##
   mtry
                 F1
                           F1SD
## 1 2 0.2996417 0.30935246
## 2 8 0.9187013 0.06604385
## 3 39 0.9529806 0.04249923
## 4 175 0.9550076 0.03544502
## 5 779 0.9287678 0.03366483
print(fitSvm$results)
              F1
                        F1SD
## 1 1 0.9018473 0.02432647
print(fitSvmPOS$results)
     C
              F1
                        F1SD
## 1 1 0.9097263 0.01309939
\# We \ check \ what \ columns \ are \ missing \ in \ the \ test \ data frame \ and \ we \ add \ them \ setting \ their \ values \ to \ 0
test.matrixRf <- clean_test(finalRf)</pre>
test.matrixSVM <- clean_test(finalSVM)</pre>
test.matrixPOS <- clean_test(finalPOS)</pre>
#We predict the two models on the test matrix
predRf = predict(fitRf, newdata=test.matrixRf)
predSvm = predict(fitSvm, newdata=test.matrixSVM)
```

```
predSvmPOS = predict(fitSvmPOS, newdata=test.matrixPOS)
#And then we factorize the labels for visualization
con.matrix.rf<-confusionMatrix(predRf, test$label)</pre>
con.matrix.svm<-confusionMatrix(predSvm, test$label)</pre>
con.matrix.svm.pos<-confusionMatrix(predSvmPOS, test$label)</pre>
print(con.matrix.rf)
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction No Yes
##
          No 545 186
          Yes 13 23
##
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.7405
                    95% CI : (0.708, 0.7712)
##
##
       No Information Rate: 0.7275
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.2213
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.117
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : <2e-16
##
               Sensitivity: 0.9767
##
               Specificity: 0.1100
##
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.7456
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.6389
                Prevalence: 0.7275
##
##
            Detection Rate: 0.7106
      Detection Prevalence: 0.9531
##
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.5434
##
##
          'Positive' Class : No
##
print(con.matrix.svm)
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
             Reference
##
## Prediction No Yes
          No 505 131
##
##
          Yes 53 78
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.7601
##
                    95% CI: (0.7283, 0.7899)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.7275
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.02241
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.315
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 1.375e-08
##
```

##

```
##
               Sensitivity: 0.9050
##
               Specificity: 0.3732
            Pos Pred Value : 0.7940
##
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.5954
##
                Prevalence: 0.7275
##
            Detection Rate: 0.6584
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.8292
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.6391
##
##
##
          'Positive' Class : No
##
print(con.matrix.svm.pos)
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction No Yes
          No 499 122
          Yes 59 87
##
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.764
##
                    95% CI: (0.7323, 0.7937)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.7275
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.01201
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.3429
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 4.057e-06
##
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.8943
               Specificity: 0.4163
##
##
            Pos Pred Value : 0.8035
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.5959
##
                Prevalence: 0.7275
##
            Detection Rate: 0.6506
      Detection Prevalence : 0.8096
##
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.6553
##
##
          'Positive' Class : No
```

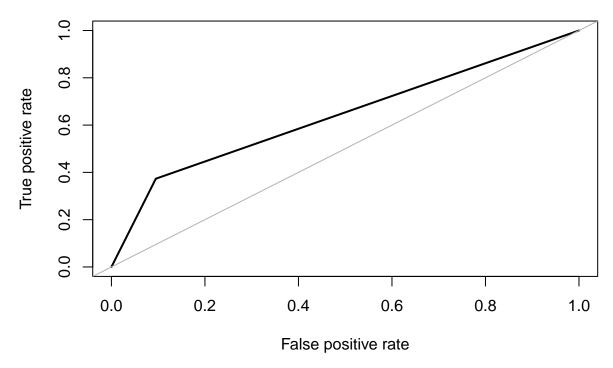
RF - ROC curve



Area under the curve (AUC): 0.543

roc.curve(test\$label, predSvm, main="SVM - ROC curve")

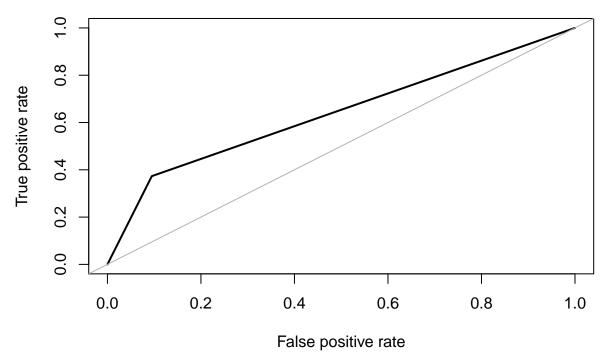
SVM - ROC curve



Area under the curve (AUC): 0.639

```
roc.curve(test$label, predSvm, main="SVM with POS tags - ROC curve")
```

SVM with POS tags - ROC curve



```
## Area under the curve (AUC): 0.639

table(train$label)

##

## 0 1

## 572 229

table(test$label)

##

## No Yes

## 558 209

majority_classifier <- length(which(test$label == 'No')) / length(test$label)

majority_classifier

## [1] 0.7275098</pre>
```

4. Understanding

```
corpus <- Corpus(VectorSource(stemmed)) # turn into corpus
tdm <- tm::DocumentTermMatrix(corpus)
tdm.tfidf <- tm::weightTfIdf(tdm)
tdm.tfidf <- tm::removeSparseTerms(tdm.tfidf, 0.999) # sparsity being not well handled overall in R
tfidf.matrix <- as.matrix(tdm.tfidf)</pre>
```

We will use only terms which occur in more than one document:

```
# load the library
library(mlbench)
library(caret)

# get rid of words which are only in 1 document
dim(tfidf.matrix)

## [1] 801 4904

tfidf.matrix <- tfidf.matrix[,-which(rowSums(as.matrix(tdm2)) == 1)]
dim(tfidf.matrix)

## [1] 801 1315</pre>
```

Perform feature ranking

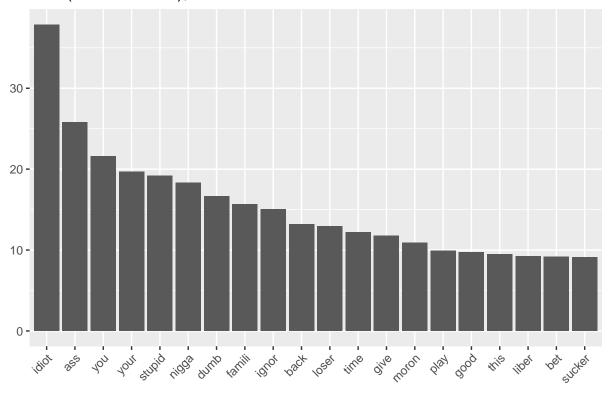
We will use the TF-IDF matrix to calculate information gain by filter method:

```
#install.packages('ggpubr')
library(mlr)
library(ggpubr)
finalRf <- create_model_data(tfidf.matrixRf, avectorRf)
final <- create_model_data(tfidf.matrixSVM, avectorSVM)
colnames(final) <- make.names(colnames(final),unique = T)
label.task <- makeClassifTask(data=final, target='lbl')

melt <- reshape2::melt
fv = generateFilterValuesData(label.task, method ="anova.test")

fv$data <- fv$data[order(-fv$data$value),]
fv.plot <- fv
fv.plot$data <- head(fv.plot$data, 20)
plotFilterValues(fv.plot)</pre>
```

final (1744 features), filter = anova.test



Re-evaluate the models performance for top n features

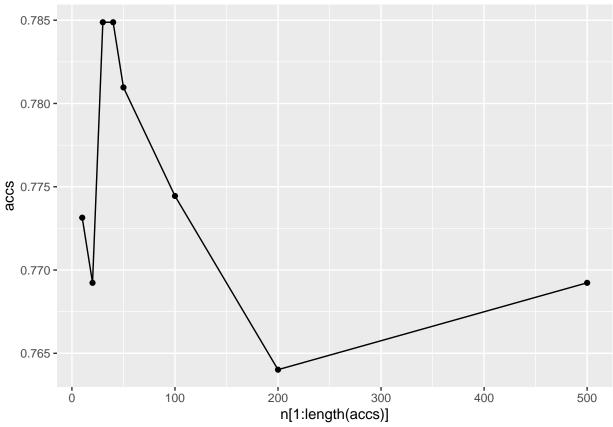
```
features <- fv$data$name</pre>
n_features <- c(head(features, 25), 'lbl')</pre>
train.data <- finalSVM[,n_features]</pre>
fitSvm <- caret::train(lbl ~ ., data = train.data, method = 'svmLinear', scale=F, tuneLength = 5, metric
             trControl = train.control)
fitRf <- caret::train(lbl ~ ., data = train.data, method = 'rf',tuneLength = 5, metric = "F1",
             trControl = train.control)
fitSvm$results
##
   C
              F1
                        F1SD
## 1 1 0.7802341 0.01646707
fitRf$results
                           F1SD
##
     mtry
                 F1
        2 0.7844055 0.02081507
## 1
## 2
        7 0.7927247 0.02075628
      13 0.7984545 0.01900419
       19 0.8025227 0.01924396
## 4
      25 0.8035573 0.02056539
test.matrix <- clean_test(train.data)</pre>
#We predict the two models on the test matrix
predRf = predict(fitRf, newdata=test.matrix)
predSvm = predict(fitSvm, newdata=test.matrix)
```

```
#And then we factorize the labels for visualization
con.matrix.rf2 <- confusionMatrix(predRf, test$label)</pre>
con.matrix.svm2 <- confusionMatrix(predSvm, test$label)</pre>
print(con.matrix.rf2$overall)
##
                           Kappa AccuracyLower AccuracyUpper
                                                                   AccuracyNull
         Accuracy
       0.75619296
                                      0.72420310
                                                     0.78619869
                                                                     0.72750978
##
                      0.34487862
## AccuracyPValue McnemarPValue
       0.03945798
                      0.00344357
print(con.matrix.svm2$overall)
##
         Accuracy
                           Kappa
                                 AccuracyLower AccuracyUpper
                                                                   AccuracyNull
                    0.4345704827
                                   0.7540762346
                                                   0.8134671068
                                                                   0.7275097784
##
     0.7848761408
## AccuracyPValue McnemarPValue
     0.0001545328
                    0.0429601460
print(con.matrix.rf$overall)
##
                                  AccuracyLower AccuracyUpper
                                                                   AccuracyNull
         Accuracy
                           Kappa
                                   7.079872e-01
                                                                   7.275098e-01
##
     7.405476e-01
                    1.170495e-01
                                                   7.712460e-01
## AccuracyPValue McnemarPValue
     2.212727e-01
                    3.397311e-34
print(con.matrix.svm$overall)
##
         Accuracy
                           Kappa AccuracyLower AccuracyUpper
                                                                  AccuracyNull
     7.601043e-01
                    3.149858e-01
                                   7.282654e-01
                                                  7.899285e-01
                                                                  7.275098e-01
## AccuracyPValue McnemarPValue
     2.240649e-02
                    1.374663e-08
```

Visualize model performance w.r.t. n by using the selected measure of performance.

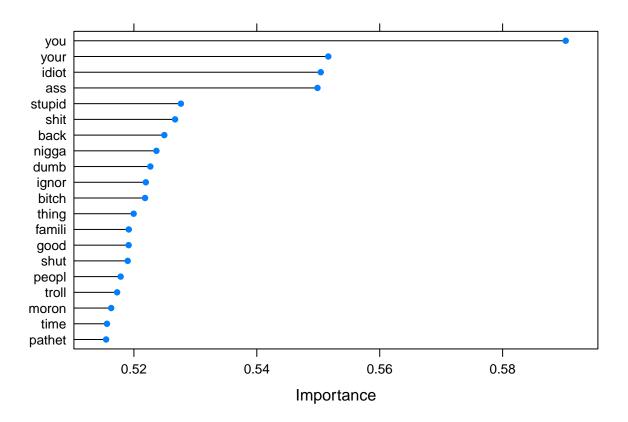
```
library(ggplot2)
features <- fv$data$name
n \leftarrow c(seq(10, 50, 10), 100, 200, 500)
accs <- c()
for (i in 1:length(n)) {
  n_features <- c(head(features, n[i]), 'lbl')</pre>
  train.data <- final[,n_features]</pre>
  fitSvm <- caret::train(lbl ~ ., data = train.data, method = 'svmLinear', scale=F, tuneLength = 5, metr
                trControl = train.control)
  #We check what columns are missing in the test dataframe and we add them setting their values to 0
  test.matrix <- as.data.frame(tfidftest.matrix)</pre>
  cols <- colnames(final)</pre>
  Missing <- setdiff(cols, names(test.matrix))</pre>
  test.matrix[Missing] <- 0</pre>
  test.matrix <- test.matrix[cols]</pre>
  #We predict the two models on the test matrix
  predSvm = predict(fitSvm, newdata=test.matrix)
```

```
#And then we factorize the labels for visualization
con.matrix.svm<-confusionMatrix(predSvm, test$label)
accs <- c(accs, con.matrix.svm$overall[[1]])
}
qplot(n[1:length(accs)], accs, geom=c("point", "line"))</pre>
```



Extract feature importances from a wrapper method

```
# training the model
model <- caret::train(lbl ~ ., data = final, method = 'svmLinear', scale=F, tuneLength = 5, metric = "F
importance <- varImp(model, scale=FALSE)$importance
plot(varImp(model, scale=FALSE), top = 20)</pre>
```



Compare the two feature rankings

```
library(ggplot2)
get_jaccard <- function(A, B) {
    return(length(intersect(A,B)) / length(union(A,B)))
}

A <- fv$data$name
B <- rownames(importance[order(-importance$Yes),])
length(A) == length(B)

## [1] TRUE

Jaccard.score <- c()
for (i in 1:length(A)) {
    Jaccard.score[i] <- get_jaccard(A[1:i], B[1:i])
}
n <- seq(1, length(A), 1)
qplot(n, Jaccard.score)</pre>
```

