lab 7

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Question 1

```
## [1] "In generation 1, parent_rank = 57.9, child_rank = 53.6329"
## [1] "In generation 2, parent_rank = 53.6329, child_rank = 52.1351479"
## [1] "In generation 3, parent_rank = 52.1351479, child_rank = 51.6094369129"
## [1] "In generation 4, parent_rank = 51.6094369129, child_rank = 51.4249123564279"
## [1] "In generation 5, parent_rank = 51.4249123564279, child_rank = 51.3601442371062"
## [1] "In generation 6, parent_rank = 51.3601442371062, child_rank = 51.3374106272243"
## [1] "In generation 7, parent_rank = 51.3374106272243, child_rank = 51.3294311301557"
## [1] "In generation 1, parent_rank = 32.7, child_rank = 44.7877"
## [1] "In generation 2, parent_rank = 44.7877, child_rank = 49.0304827"
## [1] "In generation 3, parent_rank = 49.0304827, child_rank = 50.5196994277"
## [1] "In generation 4, parent rank = 50.5196994277, child rank = 51.0424144991227"
## [1] "In generation 5, parent_rank = 51.0424144991227, child_rank = 51.2258874891921"
## [1] "In generation 6, parent_rank = 51.2258874891921, child_rank = 51.2902865087064"
## [1] "In generation 7, parent_rank = 51.2902865087064, child_rank = 51.312890564556"
## [1] "In generation 1, parent rank = 32.7, child rank = 34.556"
## [1] "In generation 2, parent_rank = 34.556, child_rank = 35.07568"
## [1] "In generation 3, parent rank = 35.07568, child rank = 35.2211904"
## [1] "In generation 4, parent_rank = 35.2211904, child_rank = 35.261933312"
## [1] "In generation 5, parent_rank = 35.261933312, child_rank = 35.27334132736"
## [1] "In generation 6, parent_rank = 35.27334132736, child_rank = 35.2765355716608"
## [1] "In generation 7, parent_rank = 35.2765355716608, child_rank = 35.277429960065"
## [1] "In generation 1, parent_rank = 36.17, child_rank = 45.5442"
## [1] "In generation 2, parent_rank = 45.5442, child_rank = 47.981492"
## [1] "In generation 3, parent_rank = 47.981492, child_rank = 48.61518792"
## [1] "In generation 4, parent_rank = 48.61518792, child_rank = 48.7799488592"
## [1] "In generation 5, parent_rank = 48.7799488592, child_rank = 48.822786703392"
## [1] "In generation 6, parent_rank = 48.822786703392, child_rank = 48.8339245428819"
## [1] "In generation 7, parent_rank = 48.8339245428819, child_rank = 48.8368203811493"
```

The steady state prediction for Hispanic children is 48.8

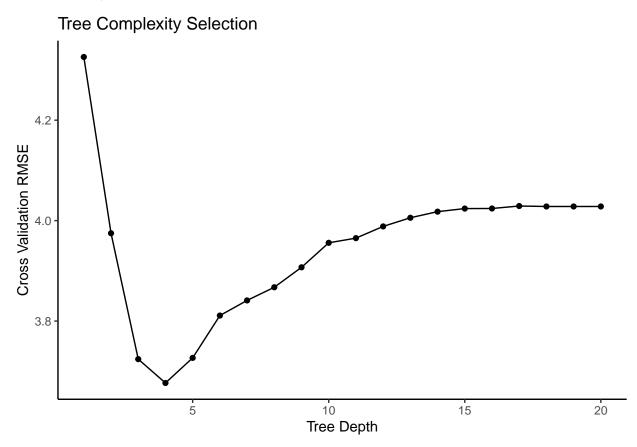
Question 2

Cross Validation helps avoid the overfit problem by allowing you to test different levels of tree complexities on data you didn't use to create the model and allows you to systematically select the level of complexity that minimizes out of sample prediction error.

Question 3

Part a

I am using P_26 – fraction of residents with a college degree or more in 2000 and P_55 (physically unhealthy days per month)

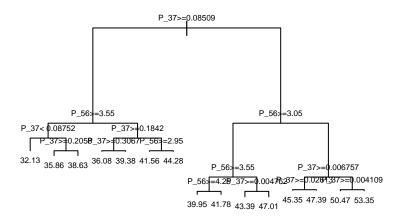


Part b

Using the graph above, a tree depth of 4 is optimal

Part c

 P_37 (share black in 2000) and P_56 (mentally unhealthy days per month) are being used in the first few splits in the tree



Part d

Question 4

Random forests improve upon decision using bagging because it allows you to take the average of many different decision trees to find the optimal one and eliminates the "noise" of the individual models. Random forests use input randomization to decrease the correlation between the predictions of the trees.

Question 5

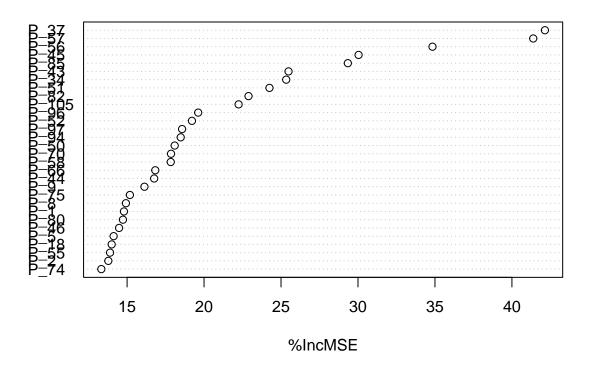
Question 6

##

Question 7

Looking at the graph below, the 5 most important predictors appear to be P_57 (% of adults that report fair or poor health), P_37 (share black in 2000), P_56 (mentally unhealthy days per month), P_45 (share of single headed households with children 2000), and P_85 (% total: roman catholic)

mobilityforest



Question 8

The large random forest does best, followed by the small random foreest and the individual tree, respectively

```
## RMSPE method
## 1 2.901532 Tree
## 2 2.067568 Small RF
## 3 0.863382 Large RF
```

Question 9

The large random forest does best, followed by the individual tree and small random forest, respectively.

```
## 1 00S_RMSPE method
## 1 3.036052 Tree
## 2 3.860722 Small RF
## 3 2.242187 Large RF
```