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## Baseline Models

Two baseline model for comparison. The first method uses robust fit (linear regression) to remove the back propagation components. The second method uses foopsi first, and then remove bAP in spike domain.

```
set(groot, 'defaultLineLineWidth', 0.8)
thr_val = 98;
```

## Loading the data

```
load('mydata.mat');
x_data = data.x_data;
y_data = data.y_data;

spikes = horzcat(x_data.s_s, x_data.s_d);
traces = horzcat(y_data.f_s, y_data.f_d);
fprintf('Number of soma traces: %d\n', size(x_data.s_s, 2))
fprintf('Number of spine traces: %d\n', size(x_data.s_d, 2))

% take the soma trace
soma_select = 2;
spine_select = 7;
length = 1000;

soma_trace = traces(1:length, soma_select);
soma_spike = spikes(1:length, soma_select);
spine_trace = traces(1:length, spine_select);
spine_spike = spikes(1:length, spine_select);

Number of soma traces: 6
Number of spine traces: 10

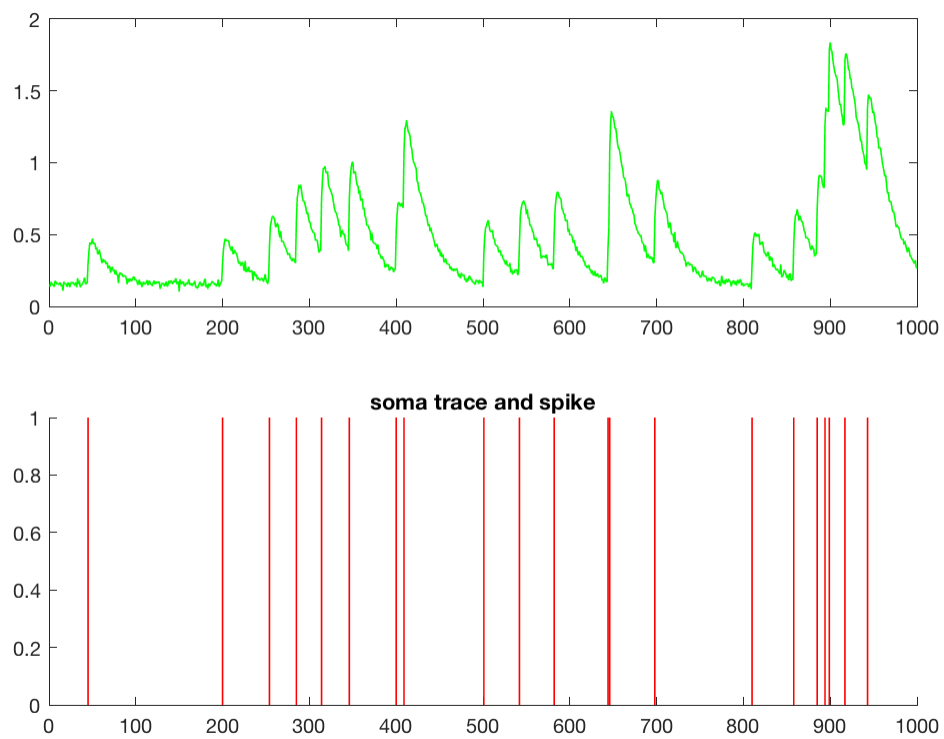
close all;
% plot the traces
figure(1)
subplot(211)
plot(soma_trace, 'g');
subplot(212)
plot_spike(soma_spike, 'r')
title('soma trace and spike')

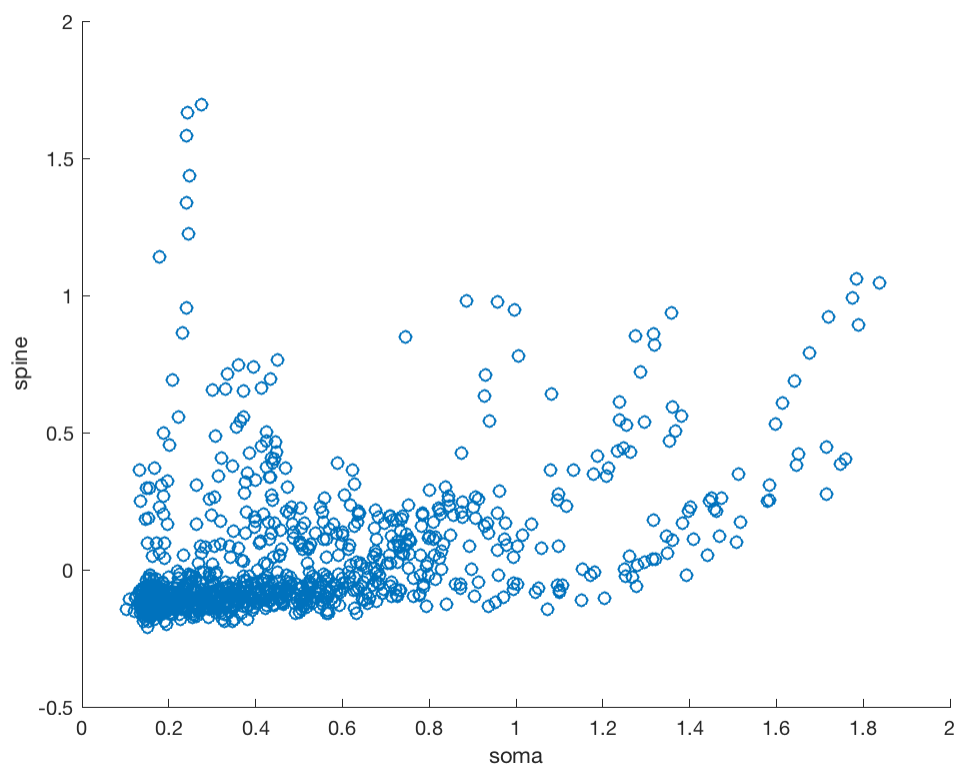
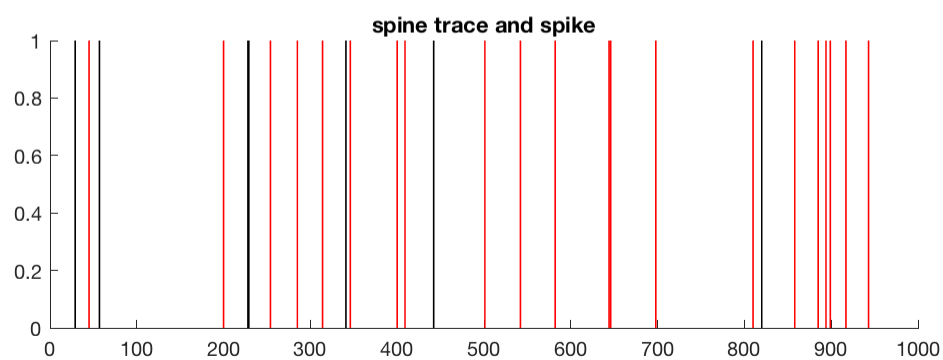
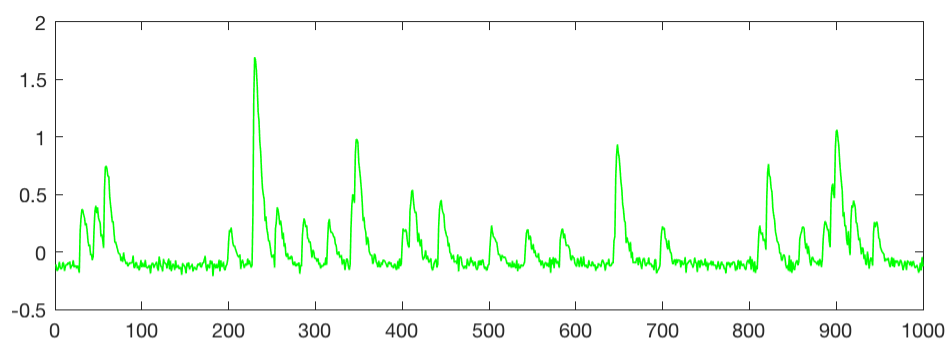
% plot the traces
```

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```
figure(2)
subplot(211)
plot(spine_trace, 'g');
subplot(212)
plot_spike(spine_spike, 'k'); hold on;
plot_spike(soma_spike, 'r'); hold off;
title('spine trace and spike')

%
figure(3)
scatter(soma_trace, spine_trace);
xlabel('soma');
ylabel('spine');
```





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# Robust Regression

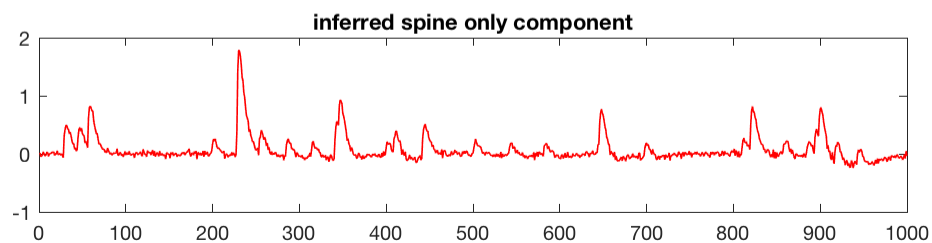
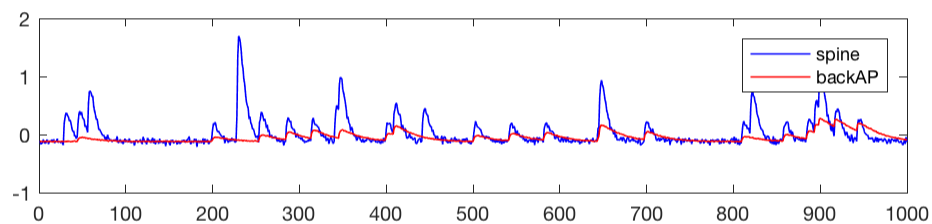
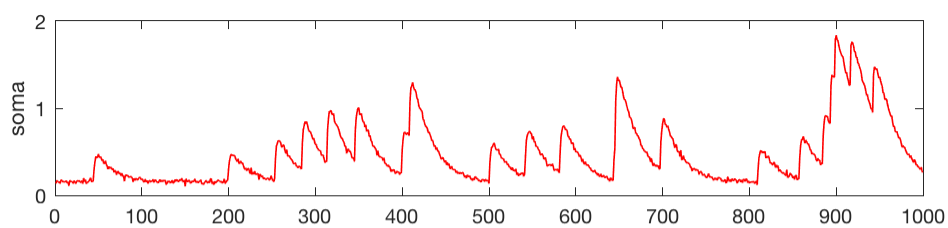
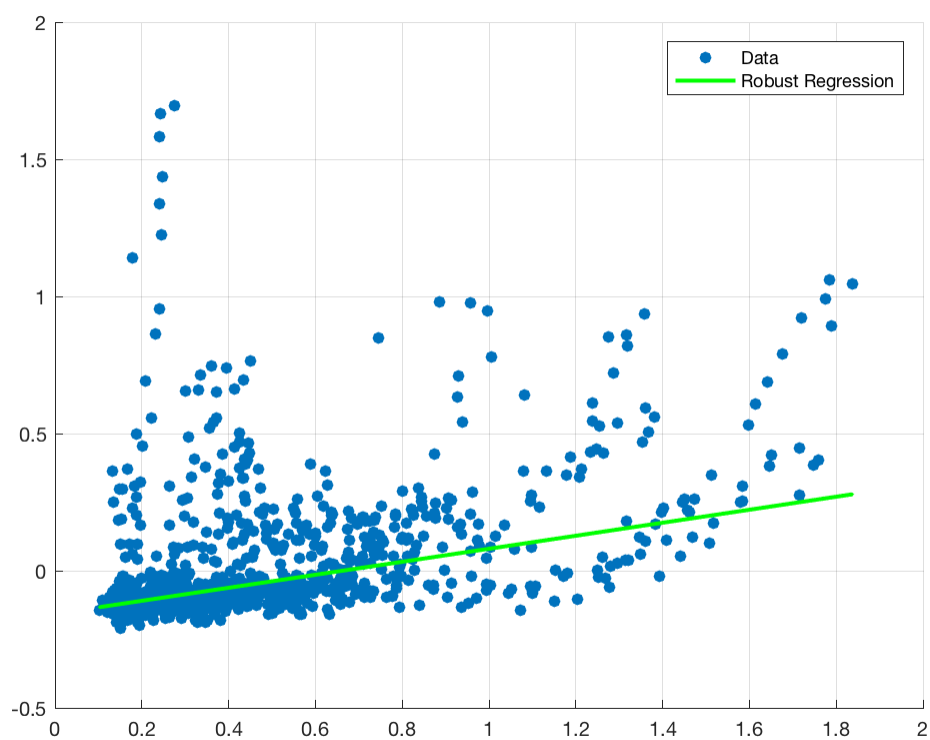
```
brob = robustfit(soma_trace, spine_trace);

% scatter plot of the data with the fits
figure(4)
scatter(soma_trace, spine_trace, 'filled'); grid on; hold on
plot(soma_trace, brob(1) + brob(2)*soma_trace, 'g', 'LineWidth', 2)
legend('Data', 'Robust Regression')

% plot the traces
figure(5)
subplot(311)
plot(soma_trace, 'r')
ylabel('soma')

subplot(312)
plot(spine_trace, 'b'); hold on;
plot(brob(1) + brob(2)*soma_trace, 'r');
hold off;
legend('spine', 'backAP')

spine_only_comp = spine_trace - (brob(1) + brob(2)*soma_trace);
subplot(313)
plot(spine_only_comp, 'r');
title('inferred spine only component')
```



---

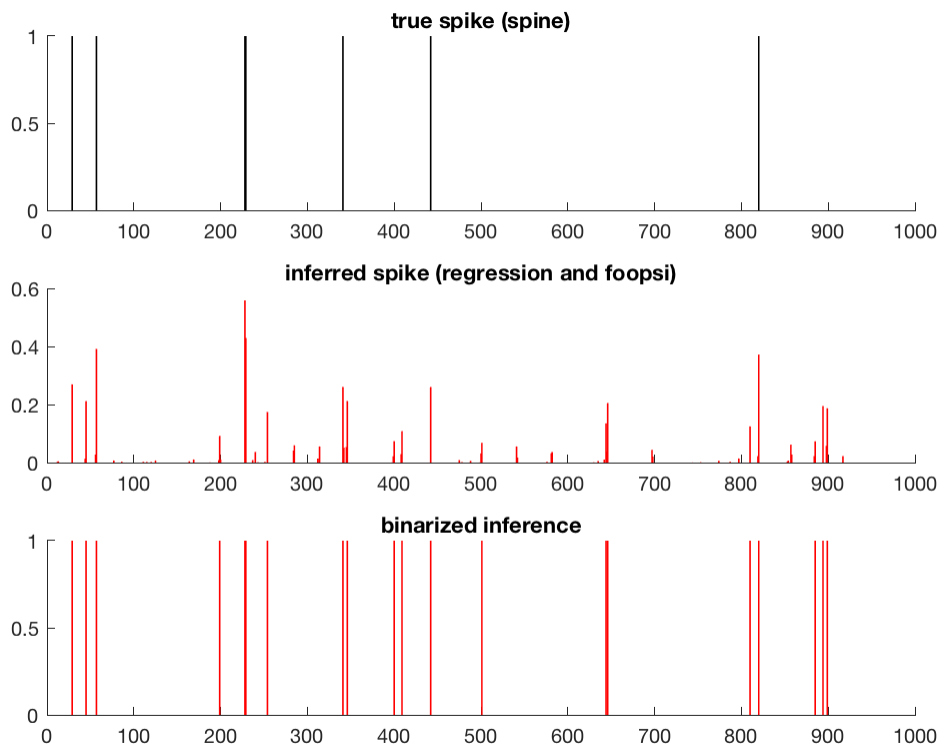
As we can see, because of the dendrite (soma) and spine has different delay. The scatter plot is not strickly two components as in Chen, et.al, Nature (2013). This method doesn't take into account of different delays or any kind of nonlinearities.

```
% spike inference using foopsi
addpath('constrained-foopsi-master')
[c,b,c1,g,sn,sp] = constrained_foopsi(spine_only_comp);

figure(6)
subplot(311)
plot_spike(spine_spike, 'k')
title('true spike (spine)')

subplot(312)
plot_spike(sp, 'r');
title('inferred spike (regression and foopsi)')

% thresholding it
subplot(313)
thr_per = prctile(sp, thr_val);
sp_binary = double((sp >= thr_per));
plot_spike(sp_binary, 'r');
title('binarized inference')
```



As we can see, there are many more inferred spikes than the true spikes.

---

## Two-step Foopsi

```
[c_soma,b_soma,c1_soma,g_soma,sn_soma,sp_soma] =
    constrained_foopsi(soma_trace);
[c_spine,b_spine,c1_spine,g_spine,sn_spine,sp_spine] =
    constrained_foopsi(spine_trace);

figure(7)
subplot(211)
plot_spike(sp_soma, 'r')
title('inferred spike at soma')

subplot(212)
plot_spike(sp_spine, 'r');
title('inferred spike at spine')

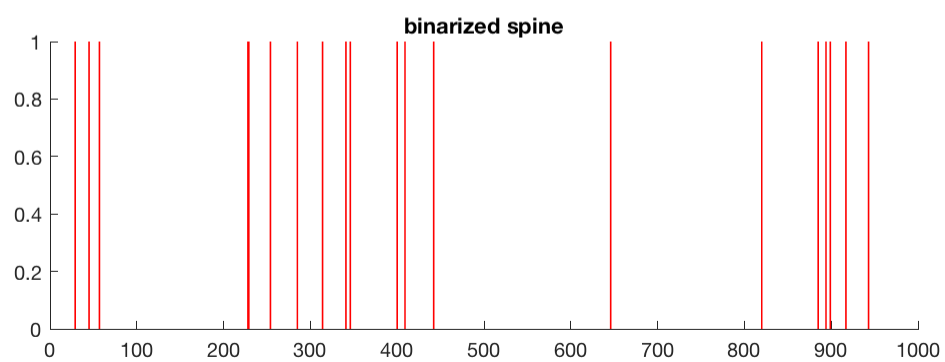
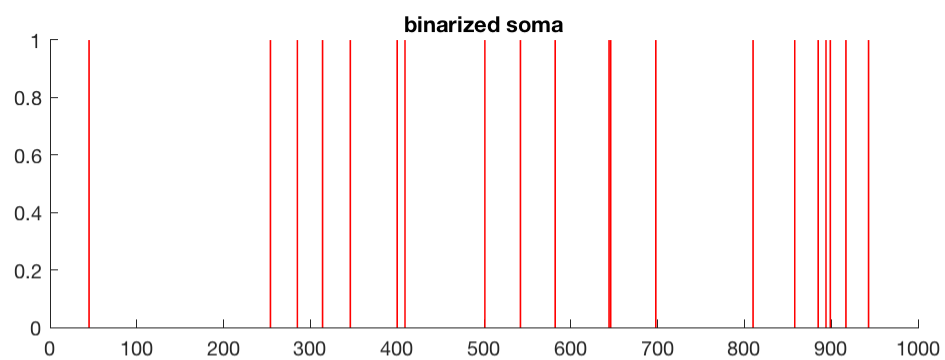
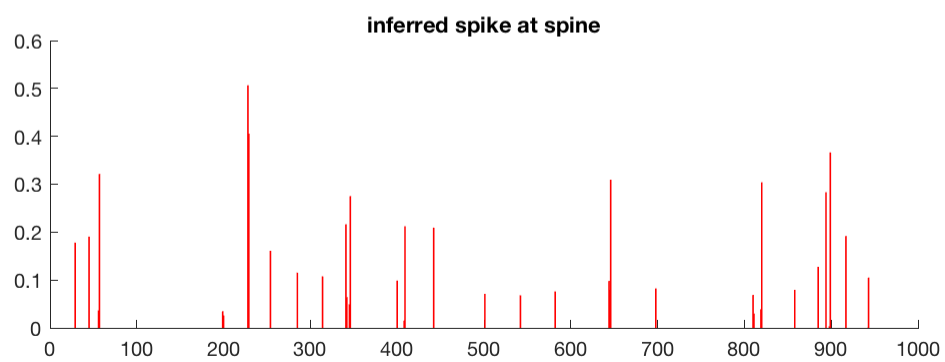
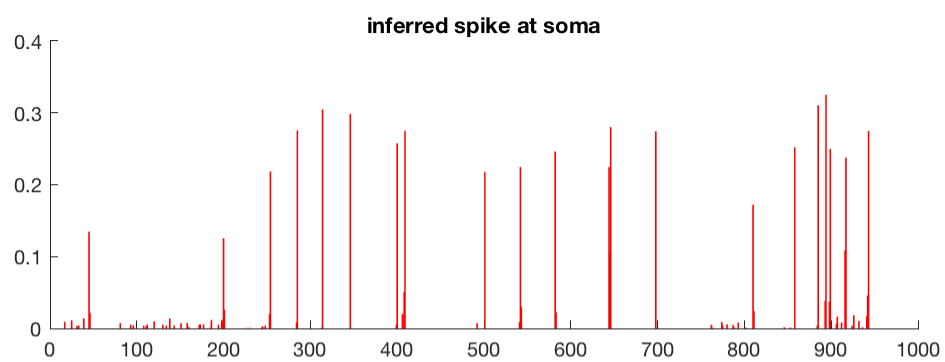
% thresholding it
figure(8)
thr_per = prctile(sp_soma, thr_val);
sp_binary_soma = double((sp_soma >= thr_per));
subplot(211)
plot_spike(sp_binary_soma, 'r');
title('binarized soma')

thr_per = prctile(sp_spine, thr_val);
sp_binary_spine = double((sp_spine >= thr_per));
subplot(212)
plot_spike(sp_binary_spine, 'r');
title('binarized spine')

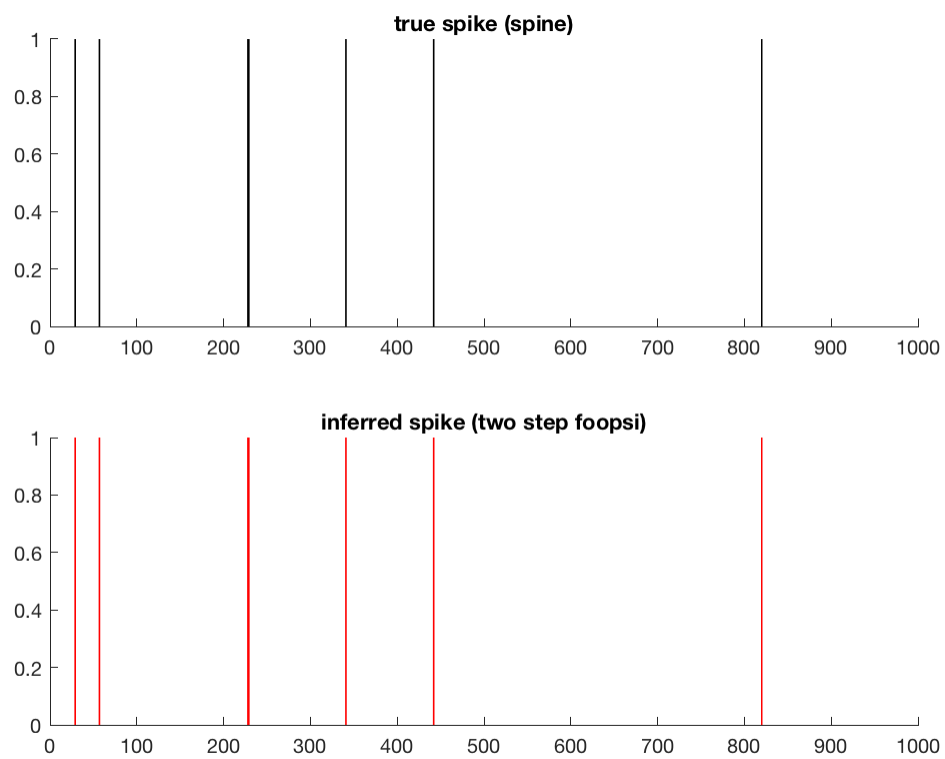
% subtract
sp_spine_ind = sp_binary_spine - sp_binary_soma;
sp_spine_ind(sp_spine_ind<0) = 0;

figure(9)
subplot(211)
plot_spike(spine_spike, 'k')
title('true spike (spine)')

subplot(212)
plot_spike(sp_spine_ind, 'r');
title('inferred spike (two step foopsi)')
```







Two step foopsi is working pretty good when the data is quite linear and low noise.

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