

inference in hidden markov model:

forward-backward algorithm

* -> full posterior P(Xt | Yi=T)

W2D3, T2, T3

forward pass a(t) = P(Y:t, Xt) \(\pi \) P(Xt | Y:t)

· vecursive formula

 $a(i) = P(Y_i|X_i) P(X_i)$

$$a(t) = \sum_{Xt-1} \frac{P(Yt|Xt)}{Iikelihood} \frac{P(Xt|Xt-1)}{dynamics} \frac{P(Xt-1,Y_1=t-1)}{a(t-1)}$$

$$a(t) = \sum_{Xt-1} \frac{P(Yt|Xt)}{Iikelihood} \frac{P(Xt|Xt-1)}{dynamics} \frac{P(Xt-1,Y_1=t-1)}{a(t-1)}$$

proof:

 $p(Y_{i:t}, X_t) = p(Y_{i:t} | X_t) p(X_t)$ chain rule = $p(Y_{t} | X_t) p(Y_{i:t-1} | X_t) p(X_t)$ and an analysis of the state of th = P(Yt | Xt) \(\int \P(Y_1:t-1, Xt, Xt-1) \) = P(YEIXE) & P(XEIXE-1) P(XE-1, Yi:t-1)

```
backward pass
             b(t) = P(Y_{t+1}: T \mid X_t)
 · recursive formula
             b(T) = 1
                             (b(t+1)
 for t<T
b(t)= Z P(yt+1 | St+1) P(yt+2:T | St+1) P(St+1 | St)
               1 cond. independent
           Σ P(Yth:T|Sth)P(Sth(St)
proof:
           Styl
                P(YtHIT1St)
                       a(t) b(t)
posterior
    P(Xt | YiT) & P(Yit, Xt) P(YtH:T/Xt)
                 = P(Yrt, Xt) P(Yt+1:T | Xt, Yrt)
                  = P(YIT, Xt)
 normalized posterior
     P(Xt|Yi:T)= a(t)b(t)/p(Yi:T)
               = a(t)b(t)/\sum_{X_{\tau}} P(Y_{i}:T,X_{\tau})
```