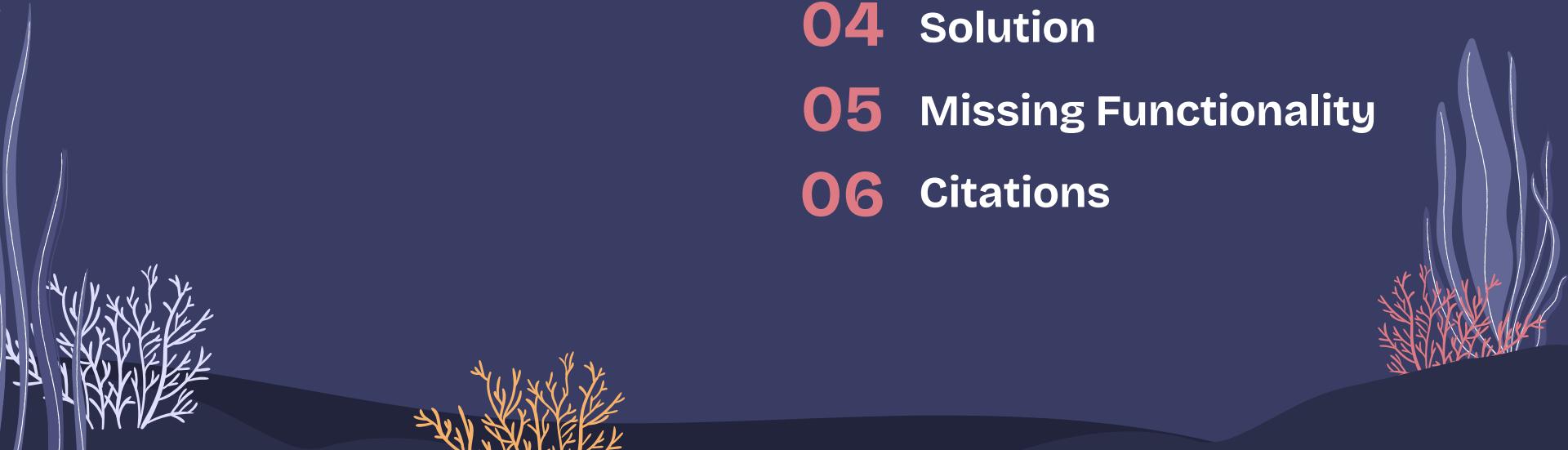


# Rundle Retrievers



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# Project Overview

**GOAL:** To optimize the extraction of coastal resources  
without destroying the environment

# Project Overview

## Datasets:

- Coastal resources
- Coastal preservation priorities
- Land map
- Environmental conditions

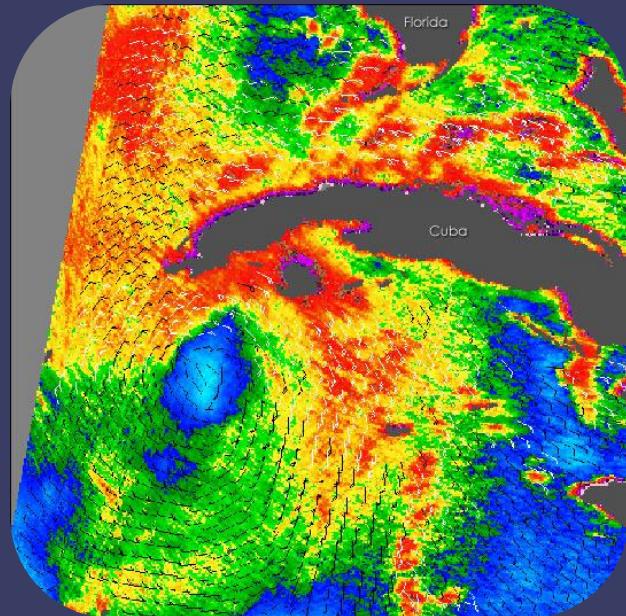


Figure 1: Wind patterns

# Project Overview

- Creating an algorithm and user interface
- Algorithm must provide the optimal location for each day
- The interface must visualize optimal locations

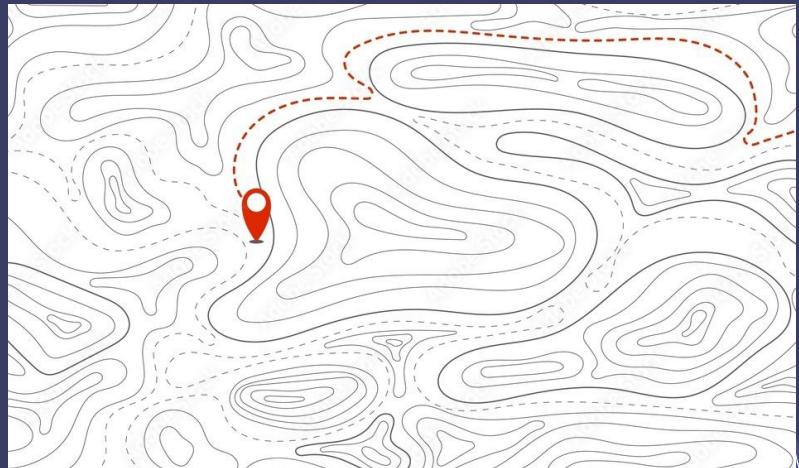


Figure 2: Map [6]

# Target Audience

- **WANBIS Corp.**
  - Help WANBIS create software that finds the optimal rig location
- **Fictitious Island (F.I.N)**
  - Ensure that we protect F.I.N's environment and its people by prioritizing sustainability



Figure 3 : An island like F.I.N. [3]

# Design Process

- Resource Obtained: Oil
  - Assumption: Oil produces the most profit out of all the resources
- Resource Preserved: Coral Reefs
  - Is a diverse ecosystem which includes many living organisms
  - Highest impact if lost



Figure 4: Coral ecosystem [4]

# Design Process

## Backend:

- Informational data considered irrelevant
- Difficult to optimize a best path without considering all scenarios (moving resources in time)
- Heuristics need to be chosen for optimal calculation

# Design Process

## Backend:

- Inspiration from A\*
- Strategy pattern
- Implemented 2 algorithms (Max and Random)
- Context from the tiles surrounding drill
- Extensible

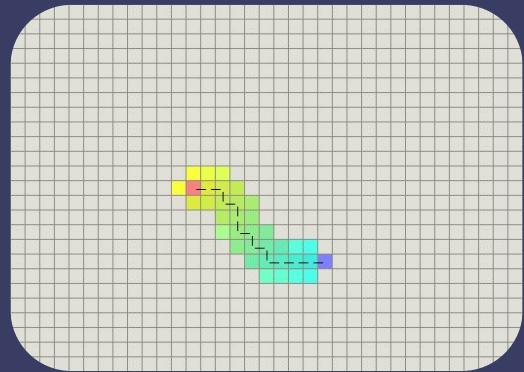


Figure 5: A\* algorithm [1]

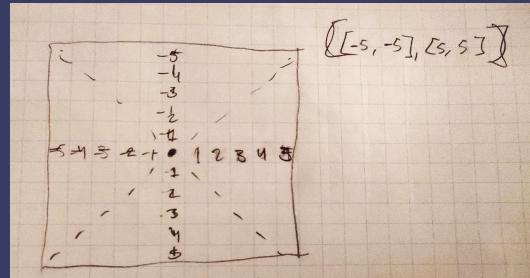


Figure 6: Rig movement radius

# Design Process

## Backend:

- Resource values normalized
- Account for sustainability in path-finding
- Mask out land
- Reduce values by resource to preserve

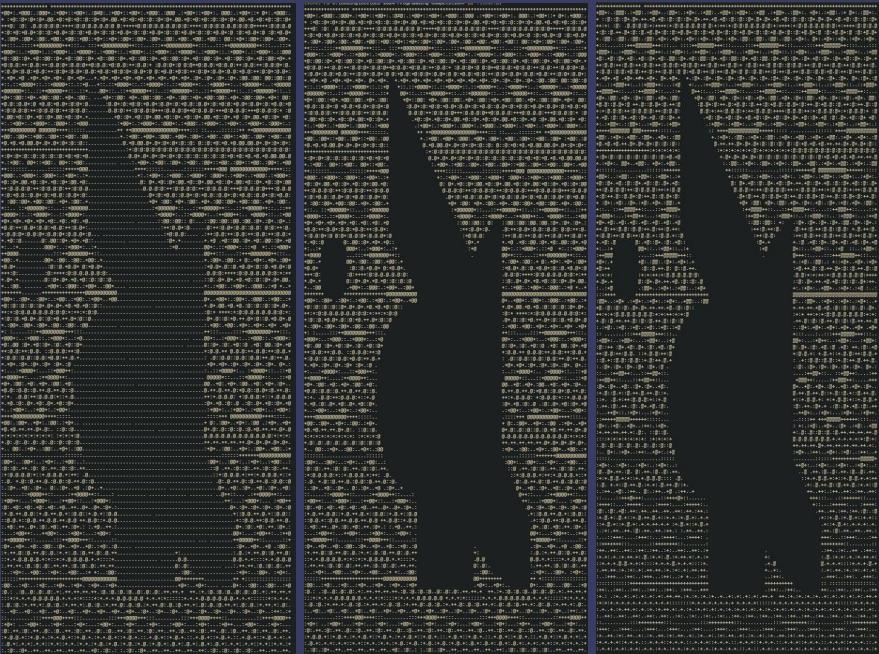


Figure 7: Oil map before and after land mask application

# Design Process

## Backend:

- State machine-like API
  - Computes next drill state
  - Collects next resources
  - Cycles back to 0 after completion

# Design Process

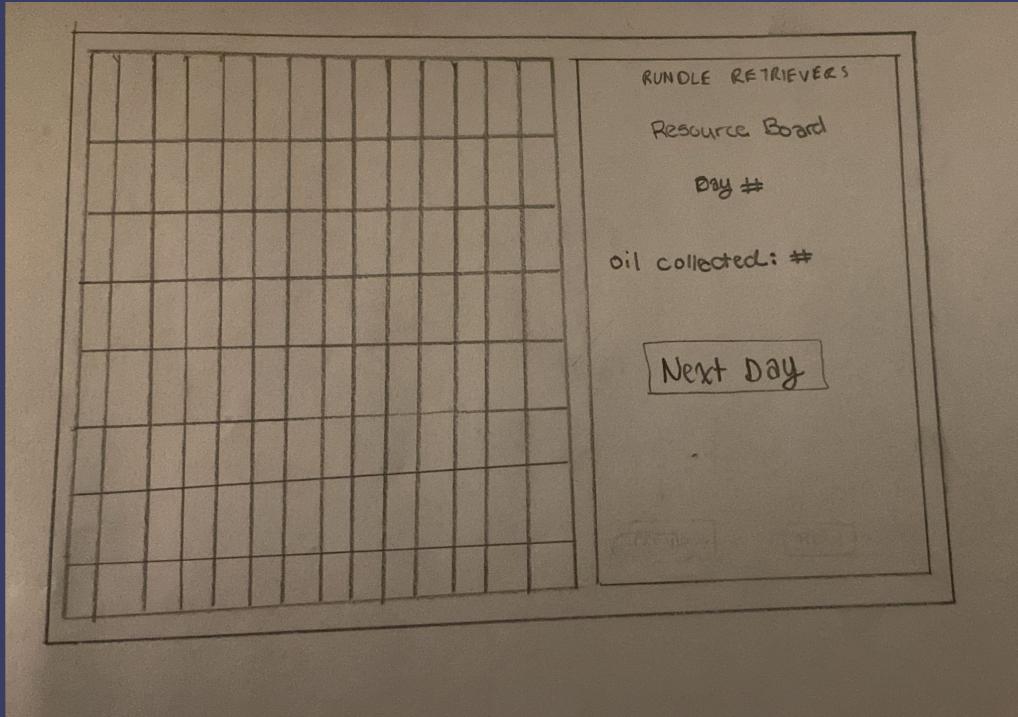


Figure 8: Brainstormed UI

# Design Process

## Frontend:

- HTML/CSS, JavaScript, and Python
- Map canvas developed using JavaScript
- Generated map rendered on the browser using Flask
- Displays retrieved statistics with HTML and Python

# Solution

- Easy graphical representation of the algorithm

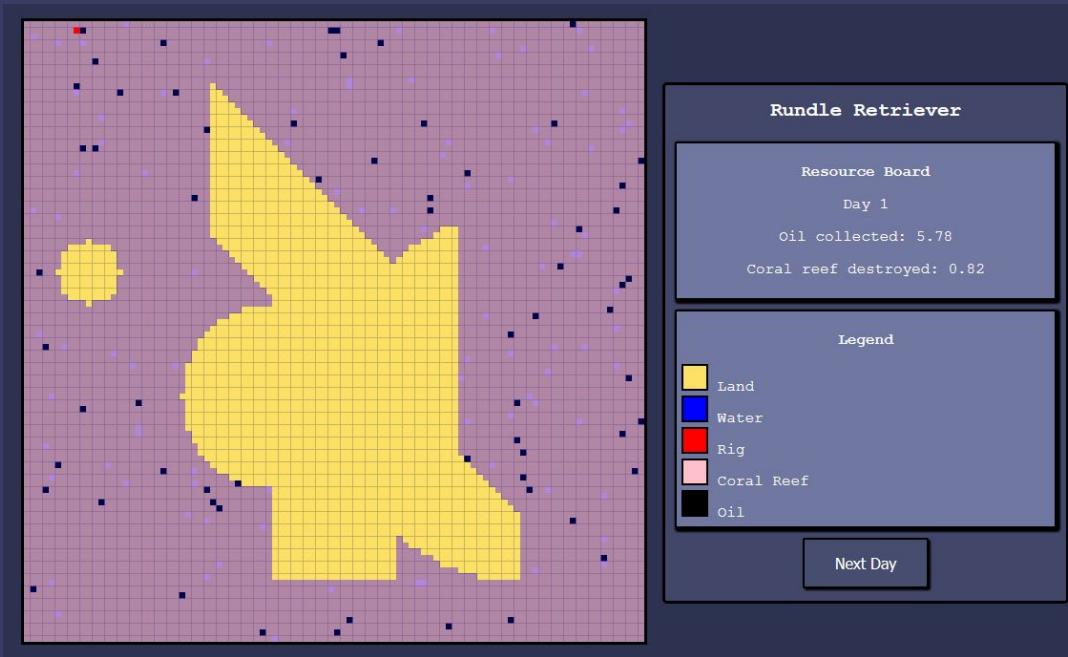


Figure 9: User interface

# Missing Functionality

- Does not consider any resource besides coral and oil
- Could make assumptions about utility of information data
- Implement more strategies
- Allow strategy selection from the UI



```
# TODO: Features to implement
features = [
    "more strategies",
    "UI dropdown",
    "consider all resources",
    "use information data"
]
```

# Citations

[1] A. Patel, "Introduction to A\*", Stanford.edu, 2019.

<http://theory.stanford.edu/~amitp/GameProgramming/AStarComparison.html>

[2] NOAA, "Coral reef ecosystems | National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration," www.noaa.gov, Feb. 01, 2019.

<https://www.noaa.gov/education/resource-collections/marine-life/coral-reef-ecosystems#:~:text=Benefits%20of%20coral%20reef%20ecosystems>

[3]“The 15 Best Islands in the US,” TripSavvy.

<https://www.tripsavvy.com/best-islands-in-the-us-6979593> (accessed Mar. 02, 2024)

[4]“A Probiotic to Protect Caribbean Corals,” The Scientist Magazine®.

<https://www.the-scientist.com/a-probiotic-to-protect-caribbean-corals-71204> (accessed Mar. 02, 2024).

[5]“What is biodiversity and why is it so important?,” Great Barrier Reef Foundation, Sep. 01, 2023.

<https://www.barrierreef.org/news/explainers/what-is-biodiversity-and-why-is-it-so-important#:~:text=Why%20is%20that%20important%3F>

[6] A\_Y\_N, Topographic map and direction marker abstract background. Accessed: Mar. 02, 2024. [Online]. Available: <https://stock.adobe.com/ca/images/topographic-map-and-direction-marker-abstract-background-outline-cartography-landscape-topographic-relief-map-modern-cover-design-with-wavy-lines-vector-card-with-weather-map-outline-pattern/445930090>

The background features a dark blue gradient with white wavy lines forming a landscape. Small white leafy plants are scattered across the bottom.

# Appendix

```
class Strategy(ABC):
    """An abstract class to define the interface that all movement strategies must implement."""

    @abstractmethod
    def next(self, neighbourhood: Neighbourhood) -> Coord:
        """Given a neighbourhood of resources within the drill's movement range, returns the next move."""
        pass
```

# Appendix

```
class MaxStrat(Strategy):
    """Moves the drill to the maximum valued resource in its neighbourhood."""

    def next(self, neighbourhood: Neighbourhood) -> Coord:
        """
        Returns the coordinates of the maximum valued resource in the neighbourhood.

        Args:
            neighbourhood: The neighbourhood to chose a move from.

        Returns:
            The coordinate that the drill should move to.
        """

        max_val: float = float("-inf")
        max_coord: Coord = (0, 0)

        for coords, tile in neighbourhood:
            if tile.value > max_val:
                max_val = tile.value
                max_coord = coords

        return max_coord
```

# Appendix

```
class ResourceType(StrEnum):
    """Possible resource types on the map that can be preserved or exploited."""

    OIL = "Oil"
    HELIUM = "Helium"
    PRECIOUS_METALS = "Metal"
    SHIPWRECK = "Shipwreck"
    CORAL = "Coral"
    ENDANGERED = "Endangered"
```

# Appendix

```
@dataclass
class Resource:
    """Represents a resource of a specific type and value."""

    rtype: ResourceType
    value: float

    def __str__(self) -> str:
        """Clear string representation of a resource with value and type."""
        return f"({self.rtype.value}, {self.value})"

    __repr__ = __str__
```

# Appendix

```
def load_resource(filepath: str, rtype: ResourceType) -> ResourceMap:
    """
    Loads resource data from a CSV file into a resource map.
    Args:
        filepath: The path to the CSV file containing the resource data.
        rtype: The resource type that is being loaded.
    Returns:
        A 100x100 2D array containing resources at their respective locations.
    """
    map: ResourceMap = [[None for _ in range(WORLD_WIDTH)] for _ in range(WORLD_HEIGHT)]

    with open(filepath, "r") as file:
        reader = csv.reader(file)
        _ = next(reader) # Skip over headers always in the order of ID, x, y, value

        for _, x, y, value in reader:
            # If there is missing data, assign the value to be negative infinity
            # This makes unknown locations our lowest priority unless no other tiles in a 5 tile radius contain
            # resource
            if not value:
                value = float("-inf")

            # Convert string values into their numerical representation
            x = int(x)
            y = int(y)
            value = float(value)

            map[y][x] = Resource(rtype, value)

    normalize_resources(map)
    return map
```

# Appendix



```
def normalize_resources(resources: ResourceMap) -> None:  
    """  
    Normalizes all resource values in the resource map to have a minimum value of 0.  
    Args:  
        resources: The resource to normalize.  
    """  
  
    # Get the minimum resource value  
    minimum = float("inf")  
    for row in resources:  
        for tile in row:  
            if tile is not None and tile.value != float("-inf") and tile.value < minimum:  
                minimum = tile.value  
  
    # Add the absolute value of the minimum resource to bring all resource values to >= 0  
    for row in resources:  
        for tile in row:  
            if tile is not None:  
                tile.value += abs(minimum)
```