REACT SO FAR

- Composable Function based components
- with state and props
- auto-render when state/props change
- state can be
 - multiple or single values
 - simple or complicated
 - directly set or via dispatched actions

PASSING STATE

Increasing complexity of state when a component:

- 1. uses its own state
- 2. passes state to child component as prop
- 3. passes state to a descendant within itself
- 4. passes state to a child that passes it on
- 5. passes component as prop
- 6. uses state from Context

DIRECT PASSING

Passing as a prop:

```
return (
    <SomeChild value={fromState.value}/>
);
```

Passing directly to a descendant:

RENDERING CHILDREN

The contents of a JSX element are passed as the special prop children.

```
return (
    <SomeWrapper>
        Some Content
        <SomeThing value={catInfo}/>
        </SomeWrapper>
);
```

WHY PASS A COMPONENT?

When you want:

- a wrapping layer
- That is IGNORANT of (decoupled from) some of the content inside it

You can pass a component to the wrapper

• that is part of the contents to be wrapped

This is just a more general case of passing via children

PASSING A COMPONENT

Passing a component as a prop:

```
return (
    <SomeChild thing={<SomeOther value={fromState.value}/>} />
);
```

Using a passed component:

THIS ALLOWS ALL PASSING OF STATE

Why do we have another option?

Pass a component as a prop when:

• You want the wrapper ignorant of content

Use Context when:

- You want the wrapper to know the content
- ...but not the state (decouple from state)
- ...because the state doesn't impact the wrapper

Wrapper isn't "generic"

• but is separate from state

WHAT IS "CONTEXT" IN REACT?

Context in React is:

- a way to access one value
 - simple or complex (arrays/objects okay)
- Created via React.createContext()
- That can be used in a "Provider" component
- Can be accessed in descendant that uses useContext

Each Provider is only 1 context

can nest providers and consume multiple contexts

CREATING CONTEXT

```
// OUTSIDE of component function
// probably in a separate file
const CatContext = React.createContext({
   default: 'Overridden by provider value'
});
export default CatContext;
```

ABOUT CREATING CONTEXT

- **Creating** the context
 - Export from an separate file
 - Has a default, but often isn't the REAL default
- **Providing** the context to descendants
 - A wrapping component
 - Needs the context object
 - sets the value
 - overrides the "default"
 - ...even if null/undefined
 - We use state to hold the value

Context is ACCESS to a value, not automatically State

CONSUMING CONTEXT

ABOUT CONSUMING CONTENT

You:

- **Created** the context
- **Provided** the context to descendants
- **Consumed** the context
 - via useContext and context object
 - as a descendant of a provider
 - got the values
 - ...but no setters

MODIFYING STATE VIA CONTEXT

Context is ACCESS to a value, not state

You can provide any setters in the context value

CONTEXT ISN'T STATE

You CAN pass a simple state setter as a prop

• But you often pass a callback to abstract your state?

ABSTRACT SETTERS IN CONTEXT

You can also pass callbacks with Context:

REDUCERS IN CONTEXT

Reducers are good for:

- complex state
- manipulated from different components

Context is good for:

- Complex state
- Shared among many components

They are often a good pairing

• share state and dispatch

DO NOT OVERCOMPLICATE STATE

It is easy to make this too complex

Instead:

- Start with useState
- Pass as props
- Add new state as it is used, don't plan too far ahead

If painfully much state/callbacks passed "deep"

• switch to Context and useContext

If you find you are changing a lot of state

• switch to useReducer