### FIRST HTML FILE

- Create a work directory
  - Helpful habit to learn early: Organize your work
- Create a index.html file:

Hello World

• In Chrome: File->Open File->Select your index.html

#### **BROWSERS ARE TOLERANT**

Inspect the rendered page:

- Right-Click -> Inspect
- See the elements in the Elements sub-tab

See all the elements the browser "assumed" for you

YOU DO NOT WANT TO RELY ON THIS!

It will fail you later

## YOUR SECOND HTML FILE

### Edit index.html:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>My Second HTML File</title>
</head>
<body>
    Hello Again, World
    Here
    Is
    More Text
</body>
</html>
```

#### HTML BASICS

Remember, tags may nest but may not overlap.

Notice how the whitespace visually collapses to one space.

newlines between tags will be a space!

Notice the uppercase/lowercase difference in "doctype"

• We will use lowercase for tags

#### **REAL HTML CASE**

#### Imagine a chat application

- A list of users
- A list of messages (text, sender, timestamp, avatar)
- Somewhere to type
- A button to send

#### DO NOT THINK IN TERMS OF HOW IT WILL LOOK

"Semantic" is about what it is and what it means, not what it looks like

### **CHAT - HIGH LEVEL**

HTML is a series of nested and/or sibling containers

Page (Document)

- List of Users
- List of Messages
- Typing Area

### **CHAT - SOME DETAILS**

#### Page (Document)

- List of Users
- List of Messages
  - Each Message
    - Avatar
    - Username
    - Timestamp
    - Text
- Typing Area
  - Input area for message to send
  - Send Button

### **CHAT - STRUCTURAL BONES**

(contents of <body>)

<div>?

```
<div id="chat-app">

  <div id="outgoing">
    </div>
</div></div>
```

Why a base <div> for the app at all, why not just put contents in <body>?
Why are some and (ordered/unordered lists) and some

#### WHY DEM BONES?

- Allows contents to be managed as a unit
  - Formatting
  - Add to page (controls, non-app details, ads, etc)

Why are some , (lists) and some <div>?

- Semantics
  - **contents** are related to each other
  - <div> are unrelated containers

#### **HOW TO DECIDE ON TAGS**

Why 
$$| |$$
 vs  $| |$ ?

• Does order matter?

Why <div> and not or <span>?

- is a paragraph
- <span> is a portion of text
- <aiv> is very generic be specific when you can, but you often can't</a>

MDN is your friend. Google: MDN ul

Semantics are arguable

## ADDING FLESH TO THE BONES

#### Still need more details

```
<div id="chat-app">

  <div id="outgoing">
    </div>
</div></div>
```

# FLESHING OUT USER LIST

#### **BUT WHY**

We could make , but what if you want to list a user elsewhere that isn't in a list?

We could skip the <span>, but what if we want to add more to user (avatar? last active? status message?)

In Reality you might not worry about those until they come up, but see how the semantics make those an option.

# FLESHING OUT MESSAGE LIST

# ARGUABLE, BUT WHAT ARGUMENTS?

```
<div class="message"> not just ?
<div class="sender">?
<img class="avatar" .../> not in a <div>?
<span class="username"> not a 
<span class="timestamp"> a sibling of username and avatar but not of message-text?
 a  and not a <div>?
message-text and not text?
```

# FLESHING OUT THE OUTGOING

#### **BUT WHY - OUTGOING**

```
<form action="/chat">
```

We'll cover HTML Forms separately

```
<input class="to-send" .../>
```

• Classes for interact data can be hard to name

```
<button type="submit">Send</button>
```

- Might need a class let's wait to minimize complexity
- foo-button is NOT a good class name
  - but sometimes happens because of hard naming problems

## **SEEING IT IN ACTION**

Now that we have Semantic HTML, we can look at an example.

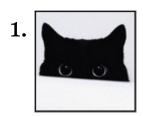
#### THAT LOOKS TERRIBLE

Semantics ALLOW for flexible styling that is (mostly) from the CSS.

Writing Semantic HTML will make it easier to create a certain look and to adjust to new needs.

Writing HTML to look a certain way will look better at first, but will be hard to tweak and may break on different devices/platforms.

- Amit
- Bao



Amit 18:45:32

You up?





Bao 18:46:50

Yeah, still working on this INFO6250 work, but I keep getting distracted by cat videos

### **DIFFERENCES**

Notice the changes in what we didn't specify

- Font size, font weight
- Text color, background color
- Image size
- Overall padding and margins

#### **SUMMARY**

- Organize even your experimental files
- Browsers are tolerant
  - Don't rely on the tolerance
- HTML whitespace will collapse to single space
- HTML whitespace is for humans (99% of the time)
- Design with Semantics without considering appearance
- Think about the data when considering structure
- Be as specific as you can
  - Often you can't be very specific

#### **SUMMARY - PART 2**

#### Requirements for this class:

- tag names, attributes in lowercase
- HTML attribute values with no space around =
- HTML attribute values quoted with double quotes (")
- Class names will be in all lowercase with hypens (kebab-case, not camelCase, MixedCase, or snake\_case)
- Class names identify what the element represents,
  - NOT what it will look like