Morphometry landmarks detection by convolutional neural network

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Abstract—Morphometric analysis is general method applied on organisms and are useful to appraise the covariances between the ecological factors and the organisms(shape, size, form,...). In which, landmark-based morphometric is known as one of the approaches to analyze the characteristics of organisms. Finding enough the landmarks can give to the biologist a comprehensive description of organism shape. In this study, we propose a convolutional neural network (CNN) to predict the landmarks on biological images. The network is designed as a pipeline of the layers, it was trained with a set of manually landmarks examples. Then, the network is used to provide the morphometric landmarks on biological images automatically. The coordinates of predicted landmarks are evaluated by calculating the correlation coefficient with the manual coordinates which given by the biologists. Besides, the evaluations of the distances between predicted and manual landmarks are also given. The network is implemented by Python on Lassagne framework.

Index Terms-Morphometry, biological, landmarks, CNN

I. INTRODUCTION

Morphometry analysis refers to measure the topography of an object, a notion that includes the shape and size. Morphometry analysis is generally applied to organisms. In biology, the biologist can work with several pieces of information from organisms such as lengths, widths, masses, angles,... to analyze the interaction of environment to the developmental of organisms. Besides the traditional information, the landmark is known as one of the characteristics to analyze the shape. Instead of collecting all information, the shape is determined by a finite set of points, called landmarks. The landmarks are the points that store the important information about the shape of the object, for example, four corners of the rectangle are four landmarks of a rectangle. Normally, the landmarks are along on the outline of the object but in some special cases, it has been defined inside the object. Morphometry landmarks are a kind of points-of-interest, they are directly linked to the animal anatomy. In our study, the morphometric landmarks are specific points defined by the biologists. They are used in many biological studies and include the classification tasks. Manual landmarks identification is time-consuming and difficult to reprocedure.

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 word alternatively is preferred to the word "alternately"
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ACKNOWLEDGMENT

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