

Test Project Session 6

IT SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS FOR BUSINESS

Submitted by:
Independent Test Project Design Team



Contents

This Test Project proposal consists of the following documentation/files:

- | | |
|---------------------------|---|
| 1. WSC2019_TP09_S6_EN.pdf | (Session 6 instructions) |
| 2. Session6-MySQL.sql | (SQL Script to create tables with data for MySQL) |
| 3. Session6-MsSQL.sql | (SQL Script to create tables with data for Microsoft SQL) |
| 4. Default.xml | (Default language file) |

Introduction

This section of the system will provide a dashboard to the maintenance managers and administrators of Kazan Neft. The dashboard will provide a vital overview of how the inventory is used and where the money is being spent. There's also an option to select and associate parts to work orders as part of inventory control.

Description of Project and Tasks

While developing the test project, please make sure the deliverables conform to the basic guidelines drawn out by different departments at Kazan Neft:

- There should be consistency in using the provided style guide throughout development.
- All required software modules must have applicable and useful validation and error messages as expected by the industry.
- Offer a scrollbar if the number of records on a list or a table that do not fit in the form area comfortably. Hide scrollbars if all content can comfortably be displayed.
- The de-facto standard, ISO compliant date format is YYYY-MM-DD which will be used in this task where applicable.
- Where applicable, use comments in code to have the code more programmer-readable.
- The use of valid and proper naming conventions is expected in all material submitted.
- Any form or report once created should be displayed in the centre of the screen.
- When a form or a dialogue is in focus, operations on other forms need to be suspended.
- Provide appropriate validation and error messages throughout all parts of the system.
- The caption of Delete and Cancel buttons need to be in red to help with accidental mishaps.
- When using colours to differentiate between rows or records, there needs to be visible clarification on the screen as to what they stand for.
- The wireframe diagrams provided as part of this document are only suggestions and the solution produced does not have to be, in any way, mirror what has been pictured.
- Time management is critical to the success of any project and so it is expected of all deliverables to be complete and operational upon delivery.
- If there are colors used in charts or diagrams, they can differ from the ones in style guide.

Instructions to the Competitor

6.1 Creating the Database

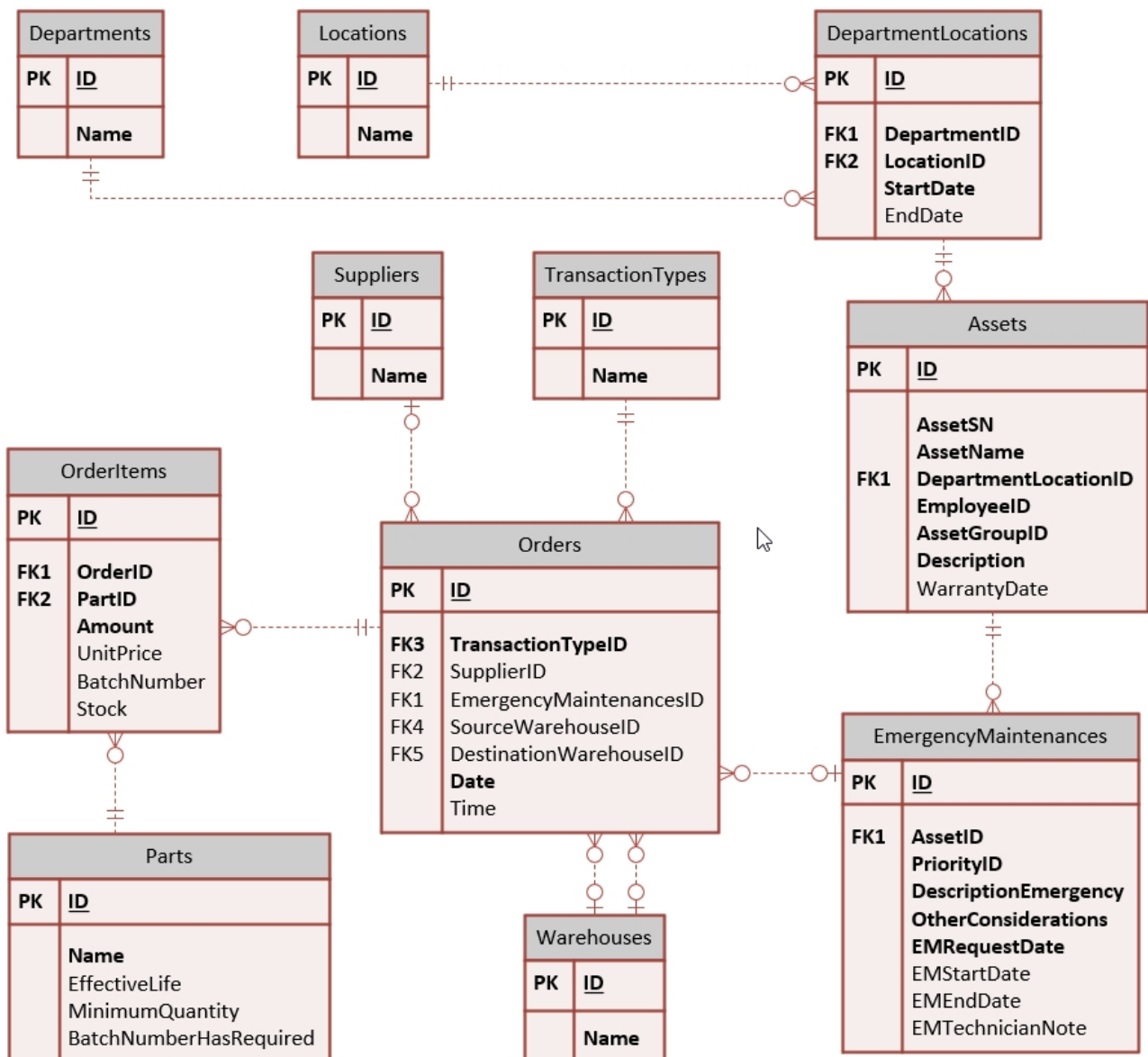
Create a database by the name of "Session6" in your desired RDBMS Platform (MySQL or Microsoft SQL Server). This will be the main and only database you will use in this session. In case you are given a database by the same name, you should use the database provided by the administrators.



6.2 Importing Database Structure

Depending on your preferred RDBMS platform, a SQL script is made available. The said scripts consist of the database structure and data required to complete the tasks. The data needs to be imported to the database created for this session named "Session6".

As instructed by the designers, the database structure provided for the purpose of this section cannot be altered. This applies to removal of tables, adding or deleting any fields on the tables or of change in their data types.



To help further perceive the thinking behind the structure of the database, the database designers provide an Entity-Relationship Diagram (ERD). The aforementioned diagram explains the conceptual and representational model of data used in the database.



Inventory Dashboard

EM Spending by Department

Department \Month	2019-08	2019-07	2019-03	2018-12
Yolka	0	42020	0	0
Office Center	8800	15000	0	14800
Kazan 554	1670	9800	5400	0

Monthly Report for Most-Used Parts

Notes \Month	2019-08	2019-07	2019-03	2018-12
Highest Cost	MOCA Engine Timing Chain Kit	ALAVENTE 21100-35463 Carburetor	bop control Kit F4	Wireline log
Most Number	FAN 24" M480	Ohmmeter M857	ball bearings 1/2" .5	Counter K4

Monthly Report of Costly Assets

Asset Name \Month	2019-08	2019-07	2019-03	2018-12
Asset	Drilling K580	Hydro-processing Reactors L8578	Storage Bullets ML80	C LG process HCK reactor 358 mm
Department	Yolka	Kazan 554	Kazan 554	Yolka

Department Spending Ratio

Monthly Department Spending

Inventory Control

Close

Language: English

6.3 Inventory Dashboard

This is the main form for the application that provides an overview or a summary of the inventory used in the maintenance management system. The requested information needs to be displayed in one screen in five sections as described below:

- The first section on the top with the label “EM Spending by Department” shows the monthly expenditure for each department on emergency maintenance requests:
 - The expenditure is only on parts used as part of EM work orders.
 - Only the months with completed EM work orders should be displayed.
 - The highest and lowest monthly expenditure (non-zero) should be differentiated by colors:
 - Red is suggested for the highest and green for the lowest.
 - If the highest and the lowest are the same, Red can be used to indicate that.
- On the second section, you are asked to create a monthly report for most-used parts for the manager to see where they need to cut costs:
 - Under “Highest Cost” the user will see what parts have cost the company the most each month.
 - Under “Most Number”, the user needs to see which parts have been used the most each month.
 - Only the months with completed EM work orders should be displayed.
 - If there’s a chance that there are multiple parts that match the criteria, they should be separated by commas.
- On the third section, the manager wants to identify which assets have been costing the company the most each month:
 - The expenditure on the assets are calculated by summing up the costs of parts used as part of EM work orders completed on the month.
 - The department name should also be displayed below each asset.
 - Only the months with completed EM work orders should be displayed.
 - If there’s a chance that there are multiple assets to be displayed, they should be separated by commas.
- The manager also needs to be able to compare departmental spending on a pie chart:
 - All the departments with expenditure on parts used over EM work orders should be represented.
 - Different departments should be set apart by using different colors and labels or a legend.



- As part of the department summary overview, a column chart needs to display how much each month is spent in each of the departments:
 - All the departments with expenditure on parts used over EM work orders each month should be represented.
 - The column chart should be stacked and each bar should represent a month that has expenditure associated. Proper labels should identify the months.
 - Different departments should be set apart using different colors on each of the columns. Applicable labels or a legend should help the user identify each department.
- The field to use in building the aforementioned reports is “date” from the table “Orders”.
- A button labelled “Inventory Control” will allow the manager control and assign parts to EM work orders.

6.4 Multi-Language Support

The Kazan Neft company employs professionals across the world who speak multiple languages. You are required to implement the following procedure to provide a multi—language interface for the application:

- At the bottom of main form, there’s a drop-down box that lets the user select the language of their choice.
- The translators will provide files in xml format that will be placed inside a folder called “languages” and the application will look for the published languages and include them as choices to the users.
- By default, a file by the name of “default.xml” will be provided for the application to run off of.
 - If there are tags or words not found on any of the provided translations, the application will use the definitions on the default file to fill in the empty tags.
- The application has to store and remember the last choice the user makes for future launches.
- If the provided file by the translator is faulty, they will not be included in the list.



Inventory Control

Asset Name (EM number): Date:

Search for parts:

Warehouse: Part Name: Amount: Allocation Method:

Allocated Parts

Part Name	Batch Number	Unit Price	Amount
ballbearing 1.6 inch	BA99850	100	2
ballbearing 1.6 inch	BA99841	125	10

Assigned Parts

Part Name	Batch Number	Unit Price	Amount	Action
ballbearing 1.9 inch	KM24710	1470	1	Remove
ballbearing 1.9 inch	KM24798	1475	1	Remove

6.5 Inventory Control

The user can use this form to assign parts to emergency maintenance work orders. The description below describes different functionalities that has to be built:

- The following information will be used in this form:
 - Warehouse, Asset Name (EM Number), Date, Part Name, Amount, Allocation Method
- Asset Name (EM Number) is a list populated by each asset that has an EM work order paired with the ID of the EM order.
 - If an asset has multiple open EM work orders, they will be listed multiple times with each EM work order ID.
 - The only EM work orders valid are the ones that are ongoing that means they have a set start date (EMStartDate) but no end date (EMEndDate).
- The date in which the parts are assigned to the EM work orders also needs to be submitted before the user can proceed to searching for parts.
- The section labelled "Search for Parts" allows the user to see a list of available parts that are in-stock and can be assigned to the EM work order.
 - Warehouse is a list of available warehouses to look for parts.
 - Part Name is a drop down with the list of the parts available in the selected warehouse.
 - Only parts that are in-stock on the selected warehouse before the date picked on this form should be listed.
 - The number of requested parts needs to be entered under "Amount".
 - "Allocation Method" can be one of the following:
 - FIFO: stands for *first-in, first-out*, meaning that the oldest inventory items are recorded as used first but do not necessarily mean that the exact oldest physical object has been tracked and used. In other words, the cost associated with the inventory that was purchased first is the cost expensed first.
 - LIFO: stands for *last-in, first-out* meaning that the most recently received items are recorded as used first.



- Minimum First: This method, which is mainly utilized to assign the lowest cost of purchase for selection first.
- The allocate button will search the database and return the parts that match the selected criteria on the unit price and display the results on the “Allocated Parts” section.
- The “Allocated Parts” section contains a list of the search results with the following fields:
 - Part name, Batch Number, Unit Price, Amount.
 - A button is set up by the name of “Assign to EM” that copies the parts allocated on this section to “Assigned Parts”.
 - Once moved, the user can search for other parts and once allocated move them to the assigned section.
- The final step is to review the assigned parts and submit them to be stored in the database:
 - Assigned Parts has a list that the user can review before submitting with the following fields:
 - Part name, Batch Number, Unit Price, Amount.
 - The User may have the option to remove any items from the list if needed.
 - The submit button will save the changes to the database.
 - There needs to be at least one part chosen for this form to be saved.
 - The inventory value of each of the parts at the selected warehouse at any stage in time should not be negative.
 - When there’s a part listed under the assigned section, the user may not allocate more of that part.
 - When a batch number is associated with part, the system will treat the part with different batch numbers as individual parts. The inventory for the parts is then calculated based on the pairing of part name and batch number.