Text Processing: Takeaways №

by Dataquest Labs, Inc. - All rights reserved © 2020

Syntax

```
• Concatenating filename1 and filename2 : cat filename1 filename2 .
• Sorting filename :
      • Default: sort filename
      • Reverse order: sort - r filename
      • Removing duplicates: sort - u filename
      • With commas as delimiters: sort - t", filename .
            • Sorting by columns 1, 3, and 5 through 7: sort - t"," - k1,1 k3,3 k5,7
            • Sorting by column 2 numerically and in reverse: sort - t "," - k2,2gr
• Selecting columns 2, 3 and 7 through 9 on filename with: as a separator:
   cut - d":" - f2,3,7 - 9
• Selecting rows of filename matching a pattern:
      • Default: grep 'pattern' filename
      • Numbering the lines: grep - n 'pattern'
                                               filename
      • Reverting the match: grep - v 'pattern'
      • Ignoring case: grep - i 'pattern' filename
```

Concepts

- Processing text files is a critical skill.
- Text processing is anything we do with text. Some examples are:
 - Reformatting text
 - Extracting specific parts of the text
 - Modifying the text

- The shell is well built to deal with text files because its tools are relatively easy to use and very efficient.
- Sorting in the shell depends on locale settings.
- There are different kinds of regular expressions, but they're mostly similar.
 - Extended regular expressions are the closest to the ones we learned in Python.

Resources

- What does text processing mean?
- Text Processing Commands
- Locale Explained



Takeaways by Dataquest Labs, Inc. - All rights reserved © 2020