Data Cleaning Walkthrough: Combining the Data: Takeaways

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• Resetting the index:

Syntax

class_size.reset_index(inplace=True)

• Grouping a dataframe by column:
 class_size=class_size.groupby("DBN")

• Aggregating a grouped Dataframe:
 class_size = class_size.agg(numpy.mean)

• Displaying column types:
 data["ap_2010"].dtypes

• Performing a left join:
 combined.merge(data["ap_2010"], on="DBN", how="left")

• Performing an inner join:

combined.shape

```
combined = combined.merge(data[class_size], on="DBN", how="inner")
```

• Displaying the shape of the dataframe (row, column):

• Filling in missing values:

```
combined.fillna(0)
```

Concepts

Merging data in Pandas supports four types of joins -- left , right , inner , and outer .

- Each of the join types dictates how pandas combines the rows.
- The strategy for merging affects the number of rows we end up with.
- We can use one or multiple aggregate functions on a grouped dataframe.

Resurces

- Data Cleaning with Python
- Dataframe.groupby()
- agg() documentation



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