

EE5147 Modern Spectral Analysis

Homework Assignment #3

Notice

- **Due at 9:00pm, May 24, 2022 (Tuesday)** = T_d for the electronic copy of your solution.
- Please submit your solution to NTU COOL (<https://cool.ntu.edu.tw/courses/11382>)
- ***Please justify your answers.*** If the problem begins with “Show that” or “Prove”, we expect a **rigorous proof**.
- All the figures should include labels for the horizontal and vertical axes, a title for a short description, and grid lines. Add legends and different line styles if there are multiple curves in one plot.
- No extensions, unless granted by the instructor one day before T_d .
- [FR2013]: S. Foucart and H. Rauhut, *A Mathematical Introduction to Compressive Sensing*, New York, NY: Springer, 2013.

Problems

1. (10 points) We consider the vector

$$\mathbf{w} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}. \quad (1)$$

- (a) (2 points) Find $\|\mathbf{w}\|_1$.
 - (b) (2 points) Find $\|\mathbf{w}\|_2$.
 - (c) (2 points) Find $\|\mathbf{w}\|_\infty$.
 - (d) (2 points) Find $\text{supp}(\mathbf{w})$.
 - (e) (2 points) Find the ℓ_0 function $\text{card}(\text{supp}(\mathbf{w}))$.
2. (10 points) Show that the ℓ_0 function $\text{card}(\text{supp}(\mathbf{x}))$ is not a norm.
3. (20 points) Let $\mathbf{u} = [u_1, u_2, \dots, u_N]^T \in \mathbb{C}^N$ and $\mathbf{v} = [v_1, v_2, \dots, v_N]^T \in \mathbb{C}^N$. Assume that $p, q \geq 1$ and $\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = 1$.
- (a) (10 points) Show that

$$|\mathbf{u}^H \mathbf{v}| \leq \|\mathbf{u}\|_p \|\mathbf{v}\|_q. \quad (2)$$

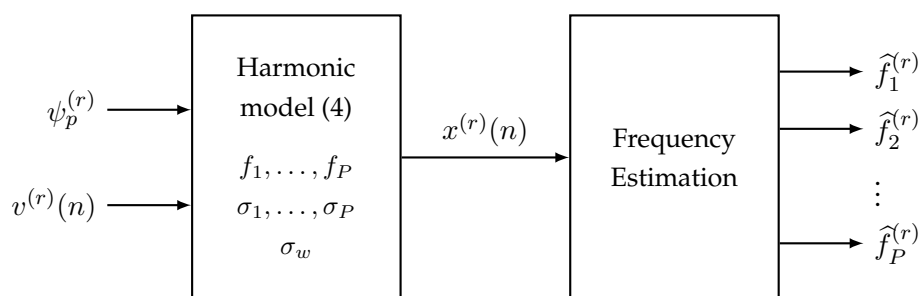


Figure 1: The system diagram for frequency estimation driven by the *realization* $v^{(r)}(n)$ in the r th Monte-Carlo experiment.

- (b) (10 points) Show that the equality in (2) is attained if and only if there exists non-negative real numbers α and β with $(\alpha, \beta) \neq (0, 0)$ such that $\alpha |u_i|^p = \beta |v_i|^q$ for $i = 1, 2, \dots, N$.

4. (20 points) Consider the matrix \mathbf{A}

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 & 6 & -3 & 3 & 0 \\ -9 & -3 & 2 & 1 & -4 & 10 \\ -7 & -7 & -7 & -7 & 5 & -17 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 & -2 & 3 & -9 \end{bmatrix}. \quad (3)$$

- (a) (10 points) Find the spark of \mathbf{A} . Identify a linearly dependent set of columns of \mathbf{A} corresponding the spark.
- (b) (10 points) Find the Kruskal rank of \mathbf{A} . Identify the linearly-independent columns of \mathbf{A} achieving the Kruskal rank.

5. (10 points) Find all the solutions to the following optimization problem.

$$\begin{aligned} & \min_{\mathbf{z} \in \mathbb{C}^N} \|\mathbf{z}\|_0 \\ & \text{subject to} \quad \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -4 & 4 & 9 & 8 \\ -7 & 9 & 4 & -4 & 5 \\ 5 & -3 & 0 & 6 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{z} = \begin{bmatrix} -22 \\ 17 \\ -15 \end{bmatrix}. \end{aligned}$$

Hint: Consider all possible support sets of \mathbf{z} .

6. (Parametric methods for harmonic models, 30 points) This problem aims to study the frequency estimators through *Monte-Carlo experiments*. The system model is depicted in Figure 1, where the harmonic model is characterized by

$$x(n) = \sum_{p=1}^P \left(\sigma_p e^{j\psi_p} \right) e^{j2\pi f_p n} + \sigma_w v(n), \quad (4)$$

where the phase ψ_p and the noise $v(n)$ are random. We assume that ψ_1, \dots, ψ_P are independent and uniformly distributed over $[0, 2\pi]$. Furthermore, $v(n)$ is a complex circularly-symmetric white Gaussian noise with zero mean and unit variance.

To conduct Monte-Carlo experiments, please read the file `MSA_HW3_Problem_6.mat` for the realizations $\psi_p^{(r)}$ and $v^{(r)}(n)$ in the r th Monte-Carlo experiment. You will find two matrices in this mat file in the following layout:

$$\mathbf{Psi} \triangleq \begin{bmatrix} \psi_1^{(1)} & \psi_2^{(1)} & \dots & \psi_P^{(1)} \\ \psi_1^{(2)} & \psi_2^{(2)} & \dots & \psi_P^{(2)} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \psi_1^{(R)} & \psi_2^{(R)} & \dots & \psi_P^{(R)} \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{V} \triangleq \begin{bmatrix} v^{(1)}(0) & v^{(1)}(1) & \dots & v^{(1)}(N-1) \\ v^{(2)}(0) & v^{(2)}(1) & \dots & v^{(2)}(N-1) \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ v^{(R)}(0) & v^{(R)}(1) & \dots & v^{(R)}(N-1) \end{bmatrix}. \quad (5)$$

where R is the number of Monte-Carlo experiments. We set the following parameters

$$P = 6, \quad (6)$$

$$f_1 = -0.25, \quad f_2 = -0.15, \quad f_3 = 0.01, \quad f_4 = 0.1, \quad f_5 = 0.2, \quad f_6 = 0.3, \quad (7)$$

$$\sigma_1 = 1, \quad \sigma_2 = 3, \quad \sigma_3 = 1, \quad \sigma_4 = 1, \quad \sigma_5 = 1.5, \quad \sigma_6 = 0.5, \quad (8)$$

$$\sigma_w = 1, \quad M = 10. \quad (9)$$

Let $x^{(r)}(n)$ be the realization of $x(n)$ in the r th Monte-Carlo experiment. The sample correlation matrix $\hat{\mathbf{R}}_L^{(r)}$ in the r th Monte-Carlo trial is given by

$$\hat{\mathbf{R}}_L^{(r)} \triangleq \frac{1}{L} \sum_{n=0}^{L-1} \left(\mathbf{x}^{(r)}(n) \right) \left(\mathbf{x}^{(r)}(n) \right)^H, \quad (10)$$

where the parameter L is selected such that the samples $x^{(r)}(0), \dots, x^{(r)}(N-1)$ are included in (10).

(a) (15 points) Based on $\hat{\mathbf{R}}_L^{(r)}$, the frequency estimates of the LS-ESPRIT algorithm are denoted by $\hat{f}_{1,LS}^{(r)}, \hat{f}_{2,LS}^{(r)}, \dots, \hat{f}_{P,LS}^{(r)}$, where $-\frac{1}{2} \leq \hat{f}_{1,LS}^{(r)} \leq \dots \leq \hat{f}_{P,LS}^{(r)} \leq \frac{1}{2}$.

i. Plot the histogram based on $\left\{ \hat{f}_{1,LS}^{(1)}, \hat{f}_{1,LS}^{(2)}, \dots, \hat{f}_{1,LS}^{(R)} \right\}$. Specify the definition of these statistics and list their numerical values.

- The sample mean of $\left\{ \hat{f}_{1,LS}^{(1)}, \hat{f}_{1,LS}^{(2)}, \dots, \hat{f}_{1,LS}^{(R)} \right\}$.
- The sample variance of $\left\{ \hat{f}_{1,LS}^{(1)}, \hat{f}_{1,LS}^{(2)}, \dots, \hat{f}_{1,LS}^{(R)} \right\}$.
- The sample mean-square error (MSE) of $\left\{ \hat{f}_{1,LS}^{(1)}, \hat{f}_{1,LS}^{(2)}, \dots, \hat{f}_{1,LS}^{(R)} \right\}$.

ii. Repeat Problem 6(a)i for $\left\{ \hat{f}_{2,LS}^{(1)}, \hat{f}_{2,LS}^{(2)}, \dots, \hat{f}_{2,LS}^{(R)} \right\}$.

iii. Repeat Problem 6(a)i for $\left\{ \hat{f}_{P,LS}^{(1)}, \hat{f}_{P,LS}^{(2)}, \dots, \hat{f}_{P,LS}^{(R)} \right\}$.

(b) (15 points) Repeat Problem 6a for the TLS-ESPRIT algorithm.

Last updated May 9, 2022.