

The background is a light blue gradient. It features a central dark blue oval containing the text. Scattered around this central oval are approximately 15 smaller blue circles of varying sizes, creating a bubble-like or molecular structure effect.

VS code简单操作

目录

1

安装方法

2

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4

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5

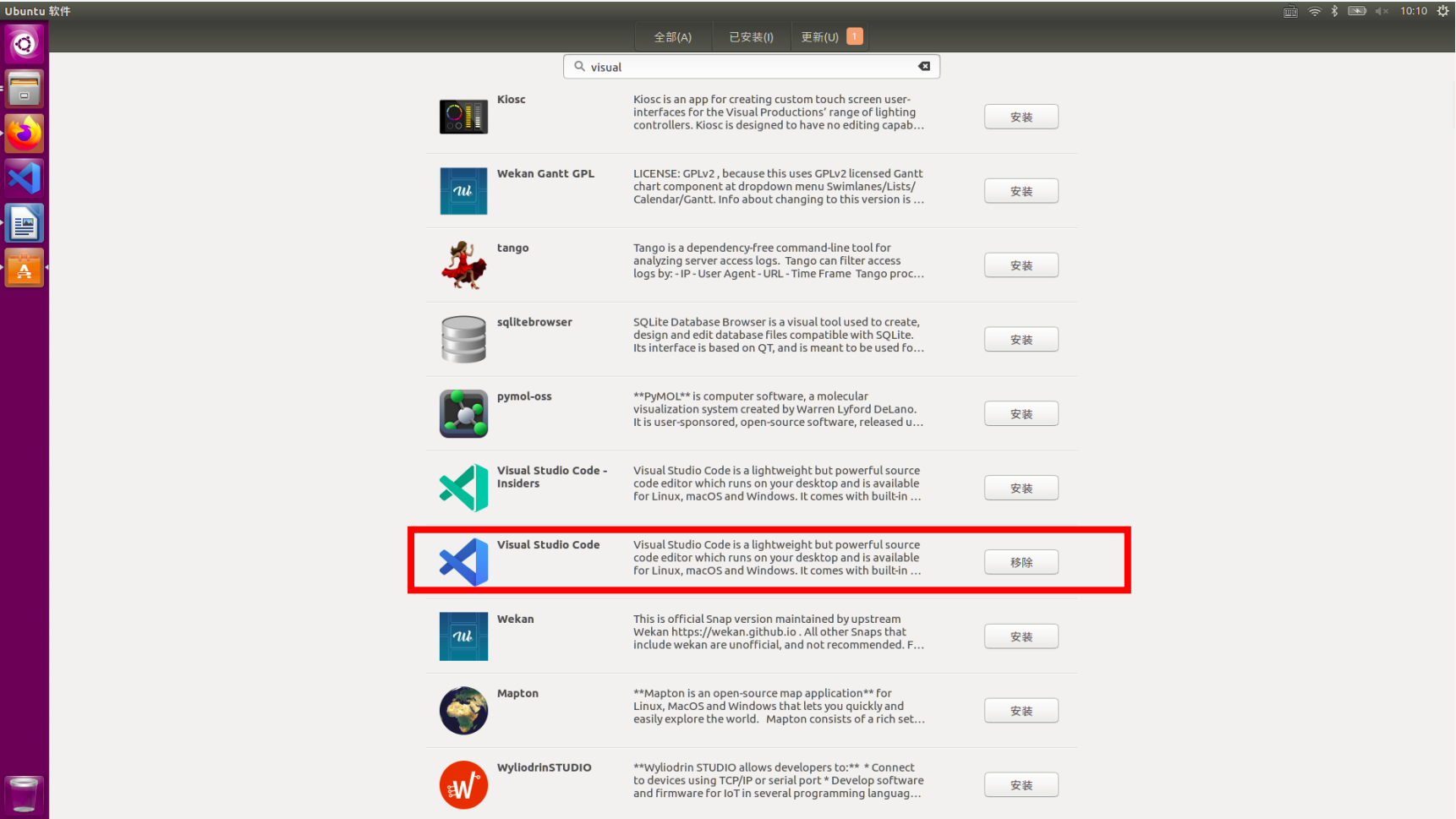
编译方法





安装方法

方法1 从Ubuntu软件商店安装

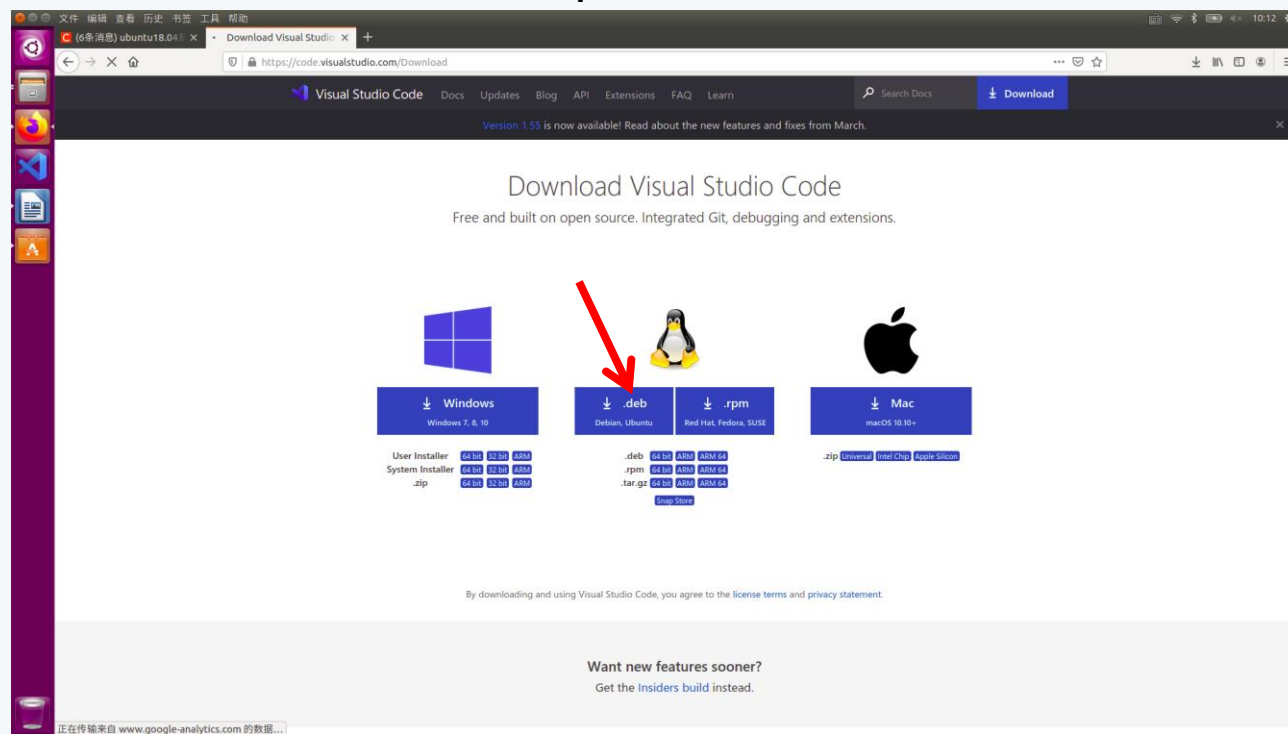


安装方法

方法2 通过命令安装

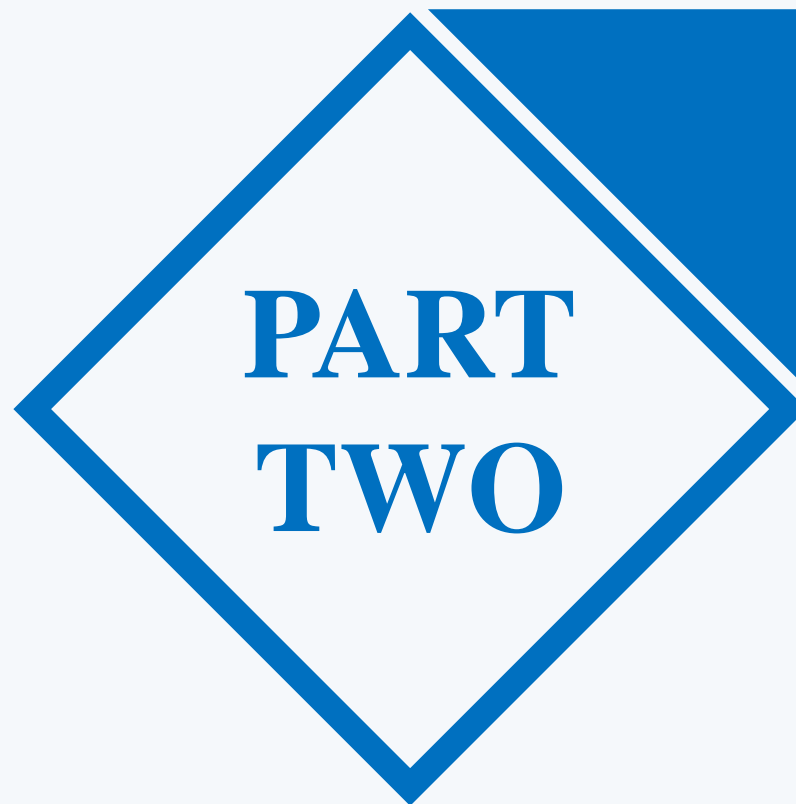
1. `sudo add-apt-repository ppa:ubuntu-desktop/ubuntu-make`
2. `sudo apt-get update`
3. `sudo apt-get install ubuntu-make`
4. `umake ide visual-studio-code` (该步需要指定安装路径choose installation path 再根据提示输入a即可安装完成)

方法3 官网下载安装包 (https://code.visualstudio.com/Download)



在安装路径对应的终端，输入以下命令：

```
sudo dpkg -i code_1.49.3-1601661857_amd64.deb
```



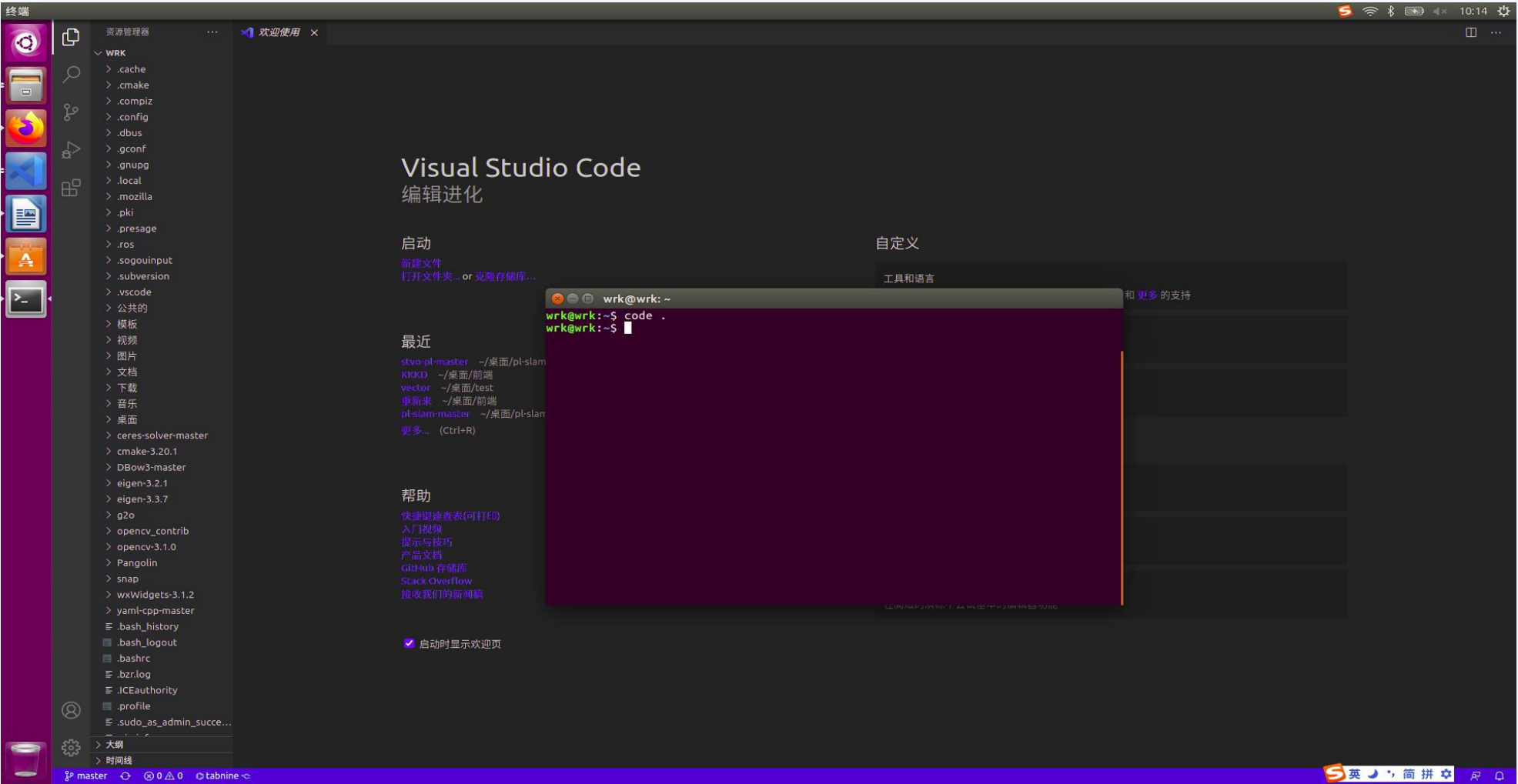
启动方式



启动方式

方式 1

输入：code .

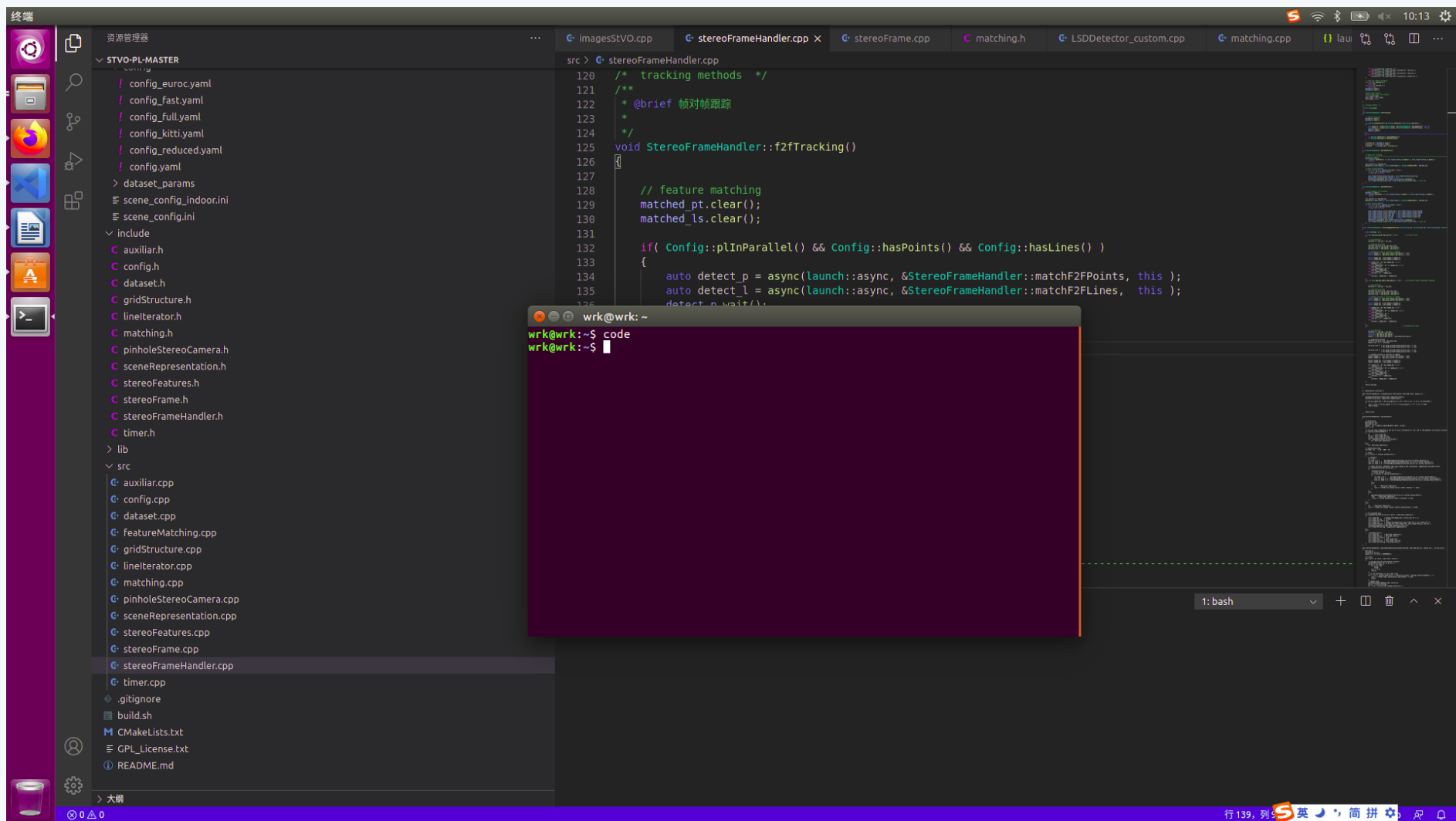




启动方式

方式 2

输入: code

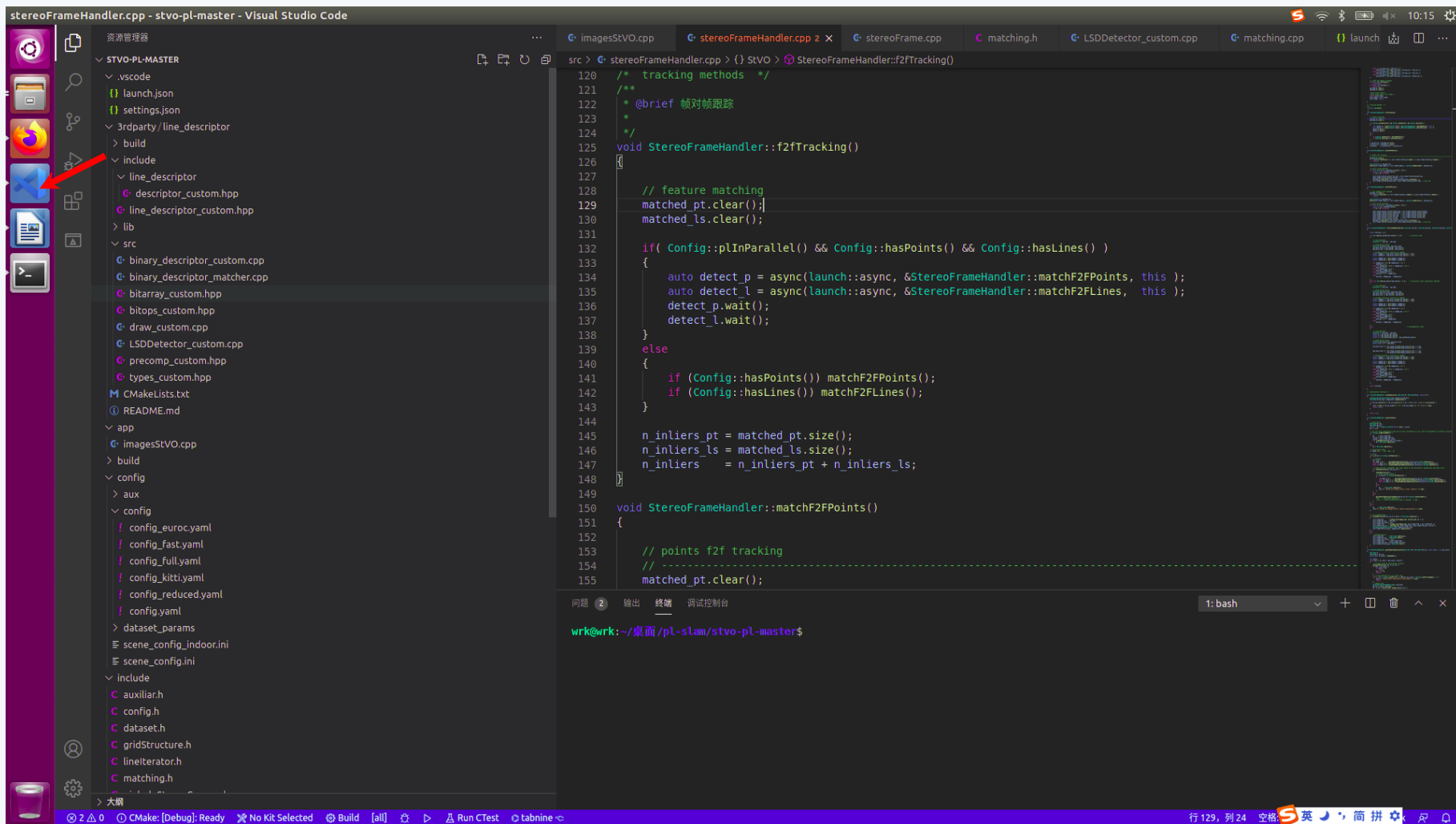




启动方式

方式 3

点击启动程序



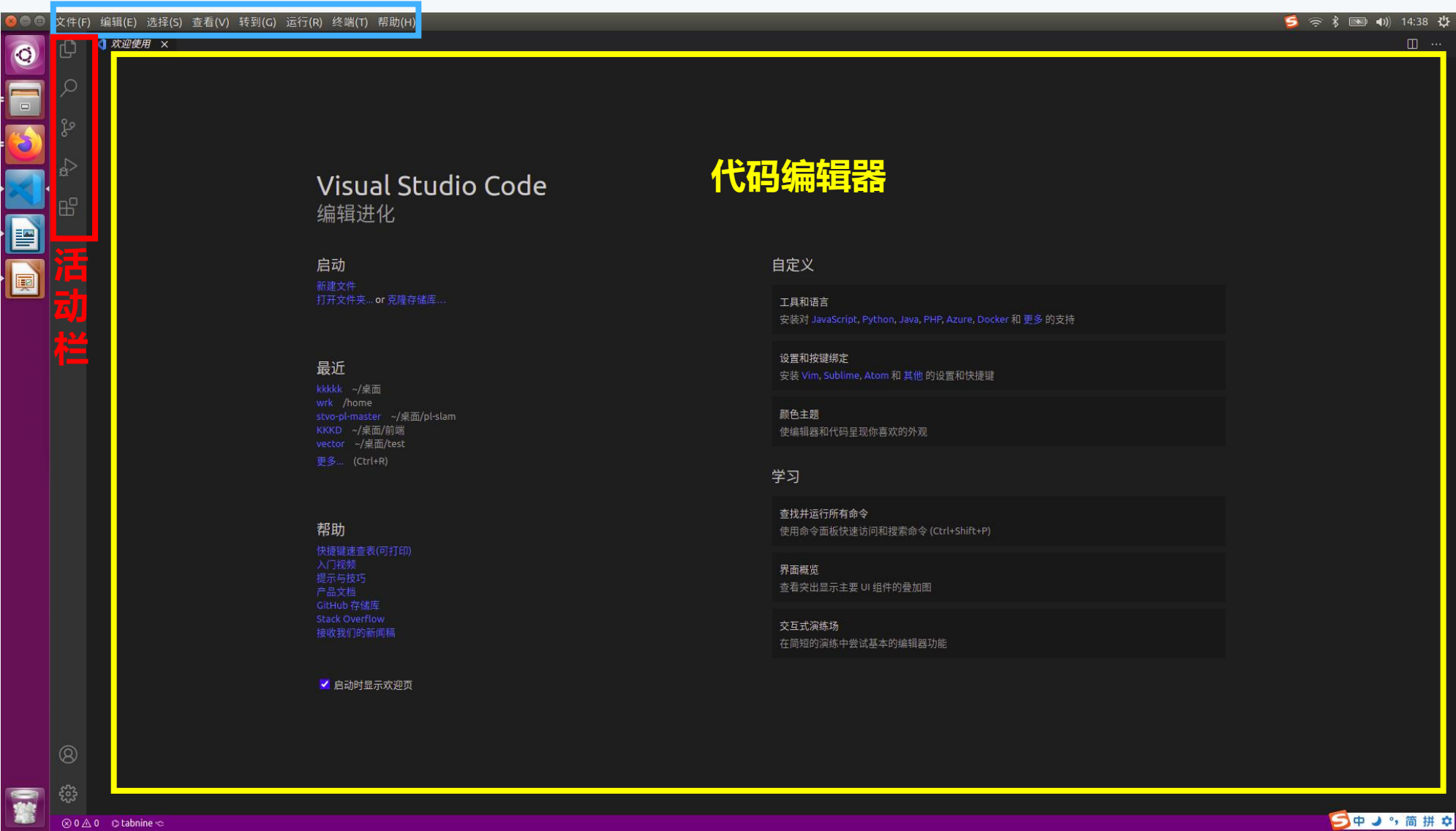


界面介绍



界面介绍

菜单栏





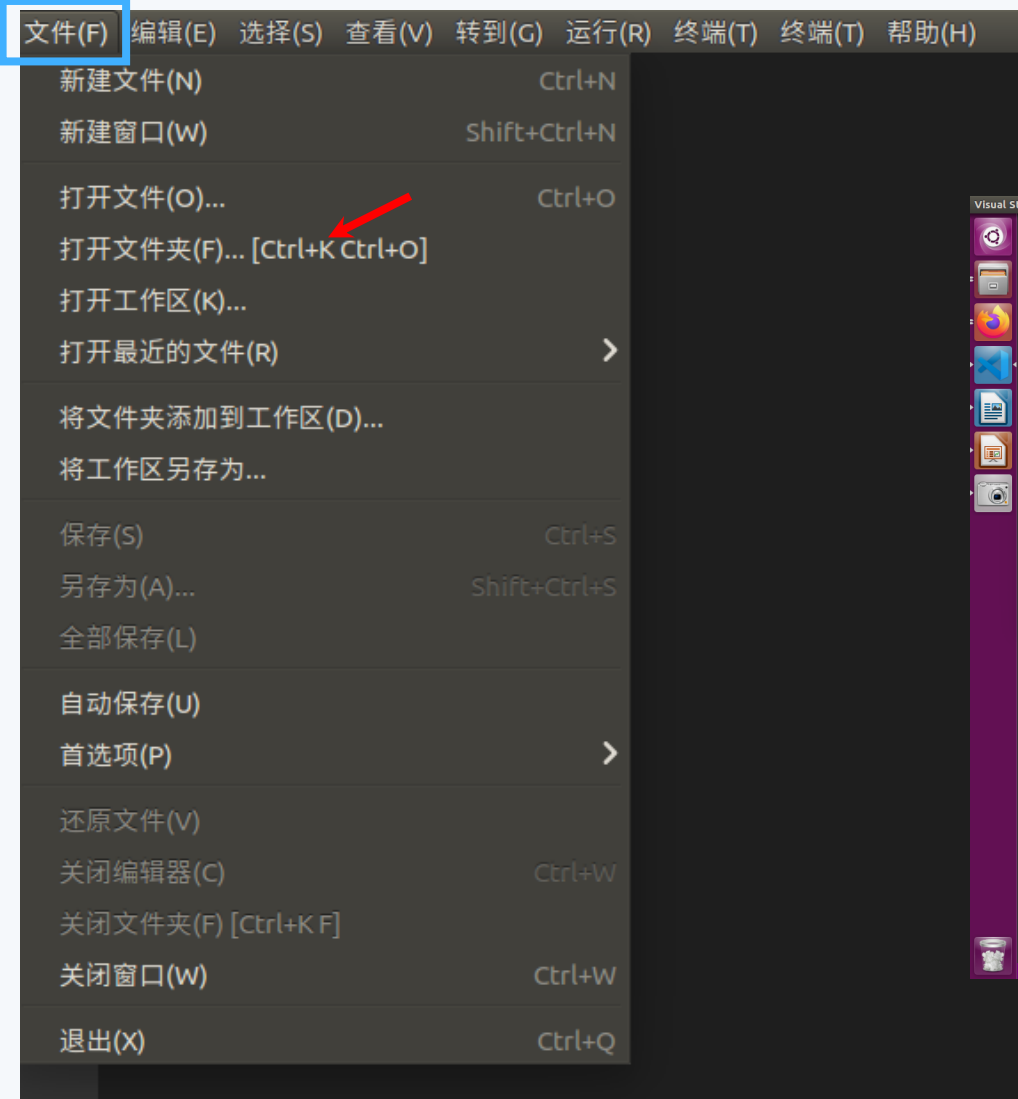
界面介绍

2.1 菜单栏

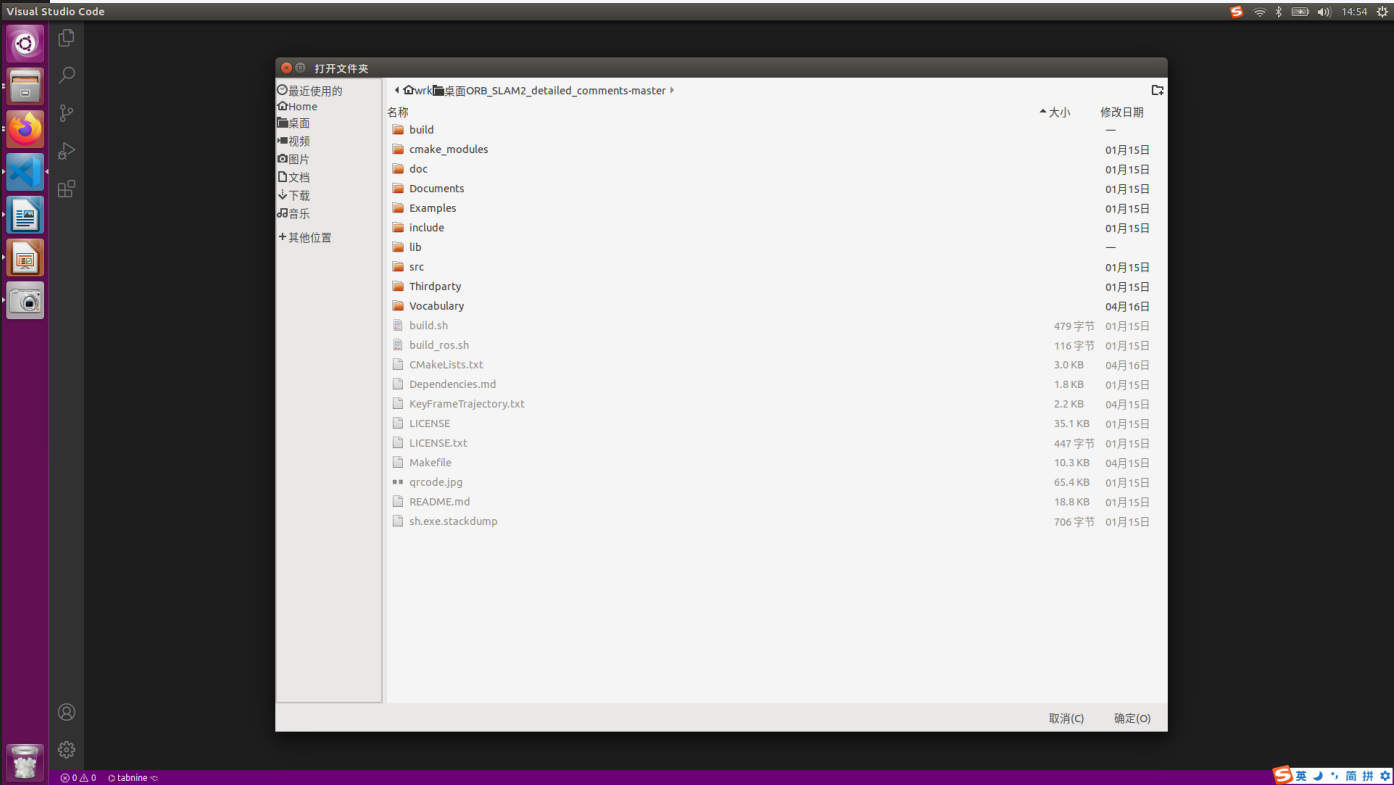




界面介绍



相当于在终端运行程序的时候通常需要在文件夹目录下打开终端



界面介绍

查看(V)

转到(G)

运行(R)

终端(T)

帮助(H)

命令面板(C)... Shift+Ctrl+P

打开视图(O)...

外观(A) >

编辑器布局(L) >

资源管理器(E) Shift+Ctrl+E

搜索(S)

SCM(C) Shift+Ctrl+G

运行(R) Shift+Ctrl+D

扩展(X) Shift+Ctrl+X

问题(P) Shift+Ctrl+M

输出(O) [Ctrl+K Ctrl+H]

调试控制台(B) Shift+Ctrl+Y

终端(T) [Ctrl+`]

切换自动换行(W) Alt+Z

✓ 显示缩略图(M)

✓ 显示导航痕迹(B)

✓ 呈现空格(R)

呈现控制字符(C)

>

任务: 配置默认测试任务
Tasks: Configure Default Test Task

任务: 显示运行中的任务
Tasks: Show Running Tasks

“文件操作需要预览”的重置选项
(Internal) Build a Target by Name

帮助: 报告问题...
Help: Report Issue

帮助: 报告性能问题
Help: Report Performance Issue

帮助: 查看许可证
Help: View License

帮助: 订阅 VS Code 新闻邮件
Help: Signup for the VS Code Newsletter

帮助: 关于
Help: About

帮助: 欢迎使用
Help: Welcome

最近使用

其他命令

查找并运行所有命令

查看(V)

转到(G)

运行(R)

终端(T)

帮助(H)

命令面板(C)... Shift+Ctrl+P

打开视图(O)...

外观(A) >

编辑器布局(L) >

资源管理器(E) Shift+Ctrl+E

搜索(S)

SCM(C) Shift+Ctrl+G

运行(R) Shift+Ctrl+D

扩展(X) Shift+Ctrl+X

问题(P) Shift+Ctrl+M

输出(O) [Ctrl+K Ctrl+H]

调试控制台(B) Shift+Ctrl+Y

终端(T) [Ctrl+`]

切换自动换行(W) Alt+Z

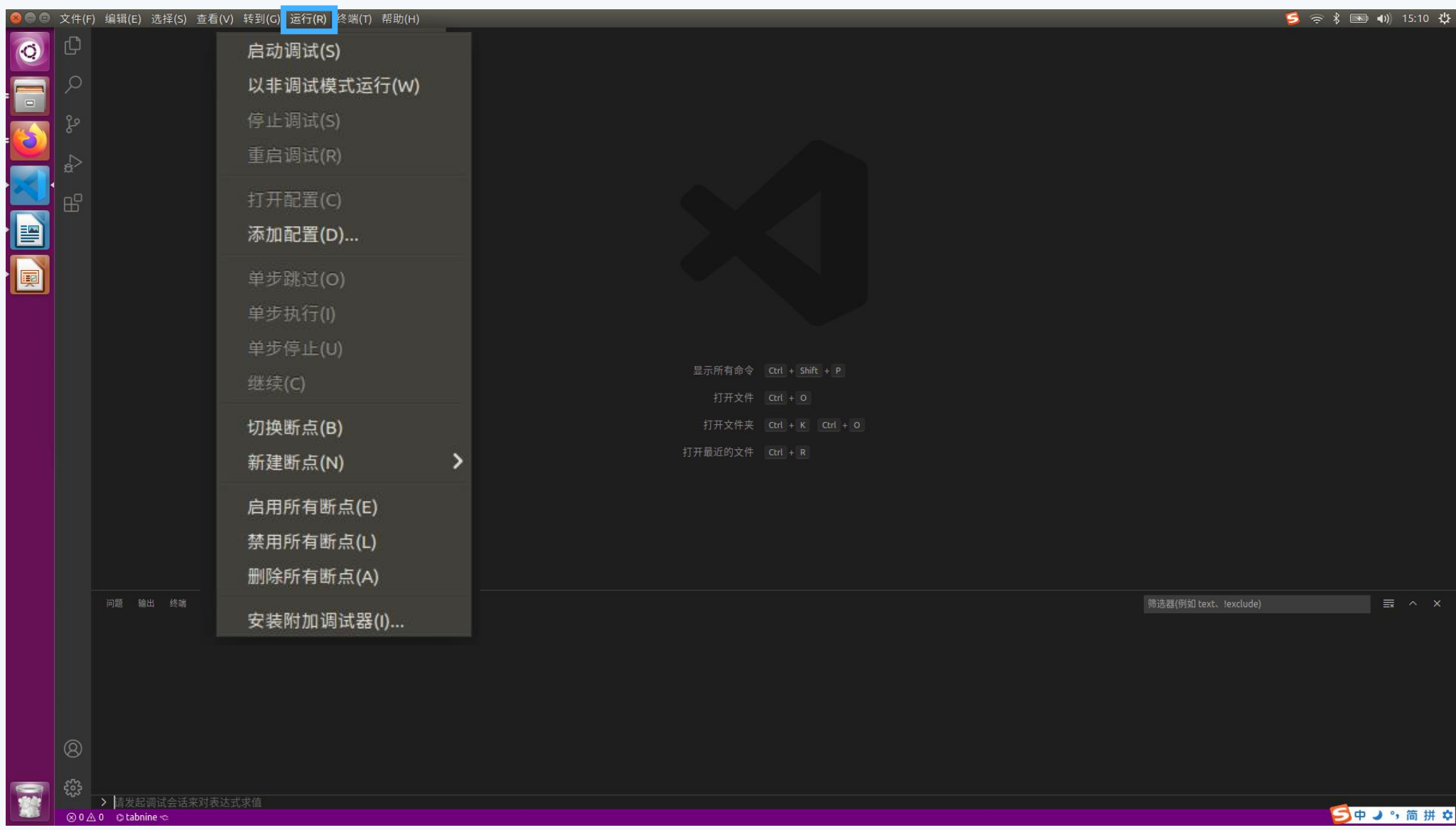
✓ 显示缩略图(M)

✓ 显示导航痕迹(B)

✓ 呈现空格(R)

呈现控制字符(C)

界面介绍





界面介绍

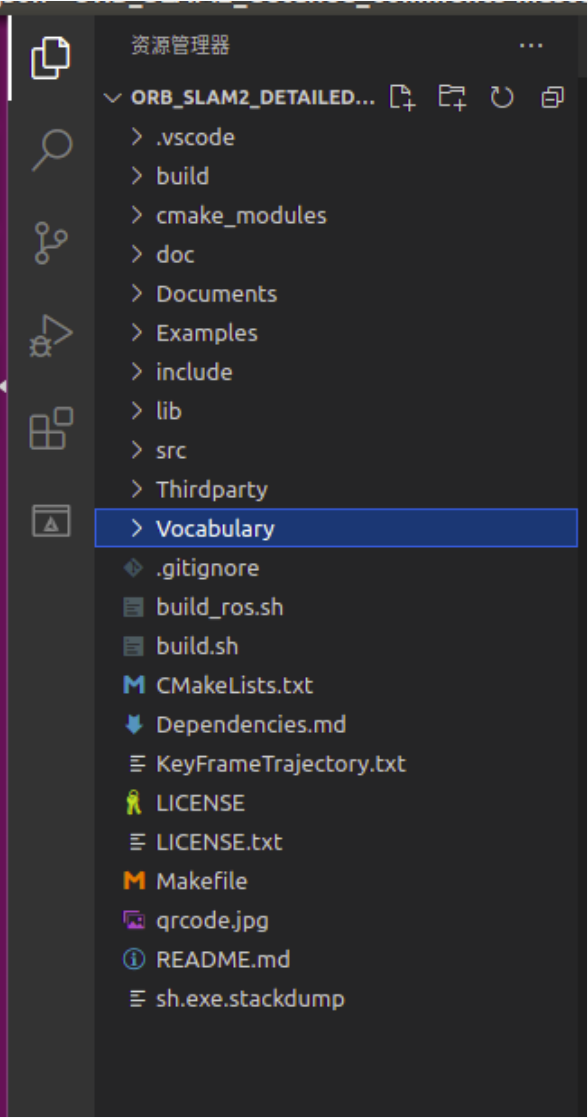
2.1 活动栏

	文件资源管理器
	跨文件搜索
	源代码管理
	启动和调试
	管理扩展

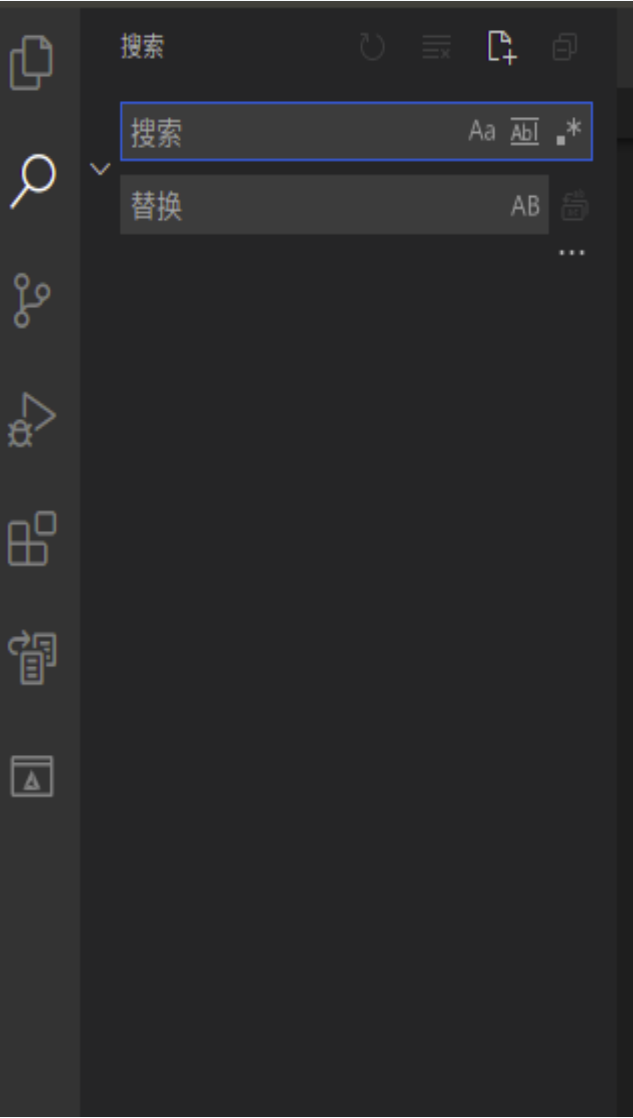


界面介绍

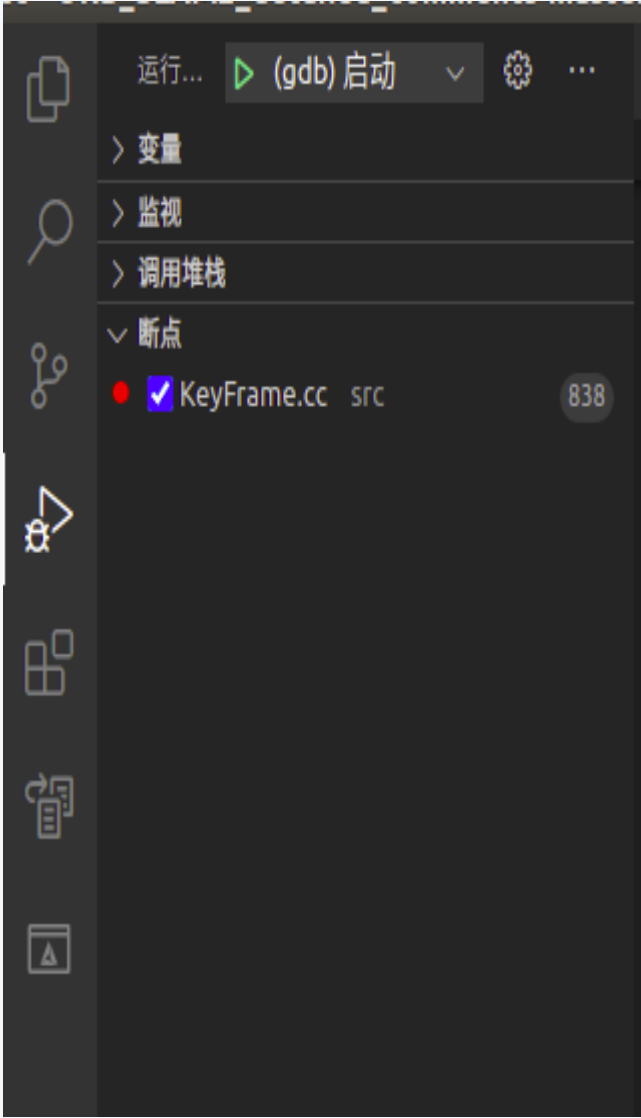
文件资源管理器



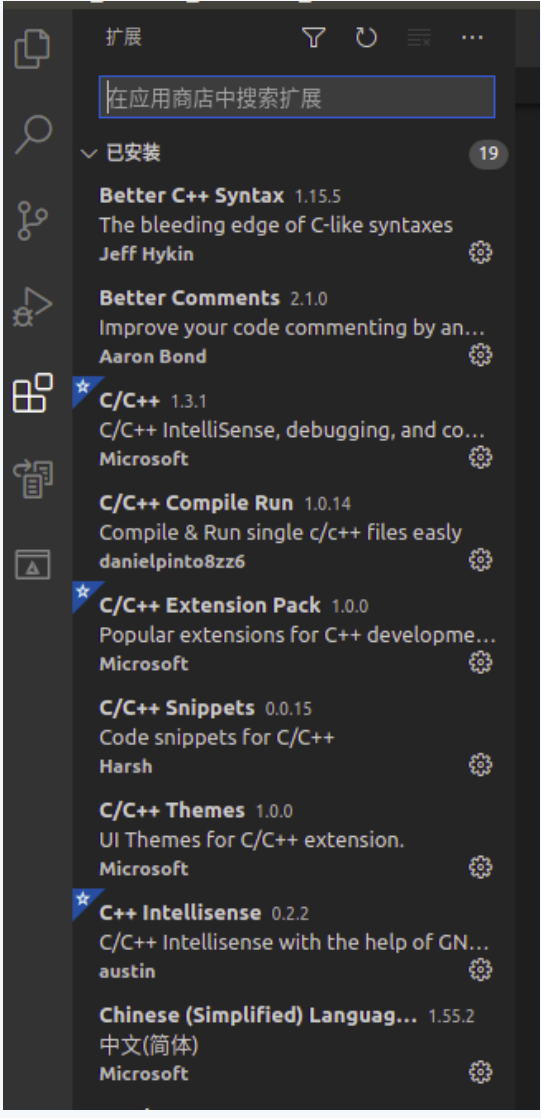
跨文件搜索

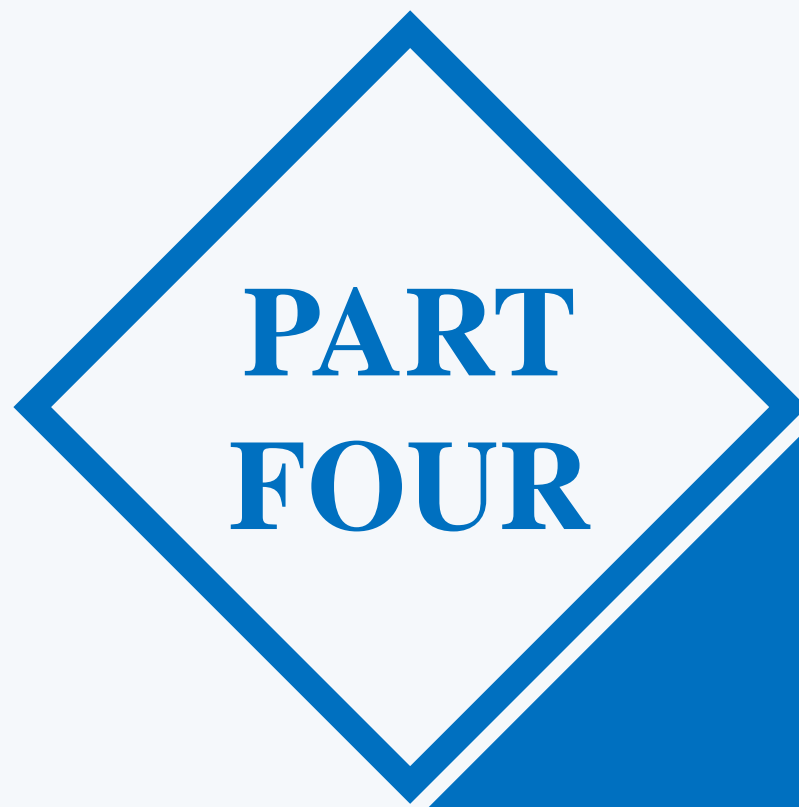


启动和调试

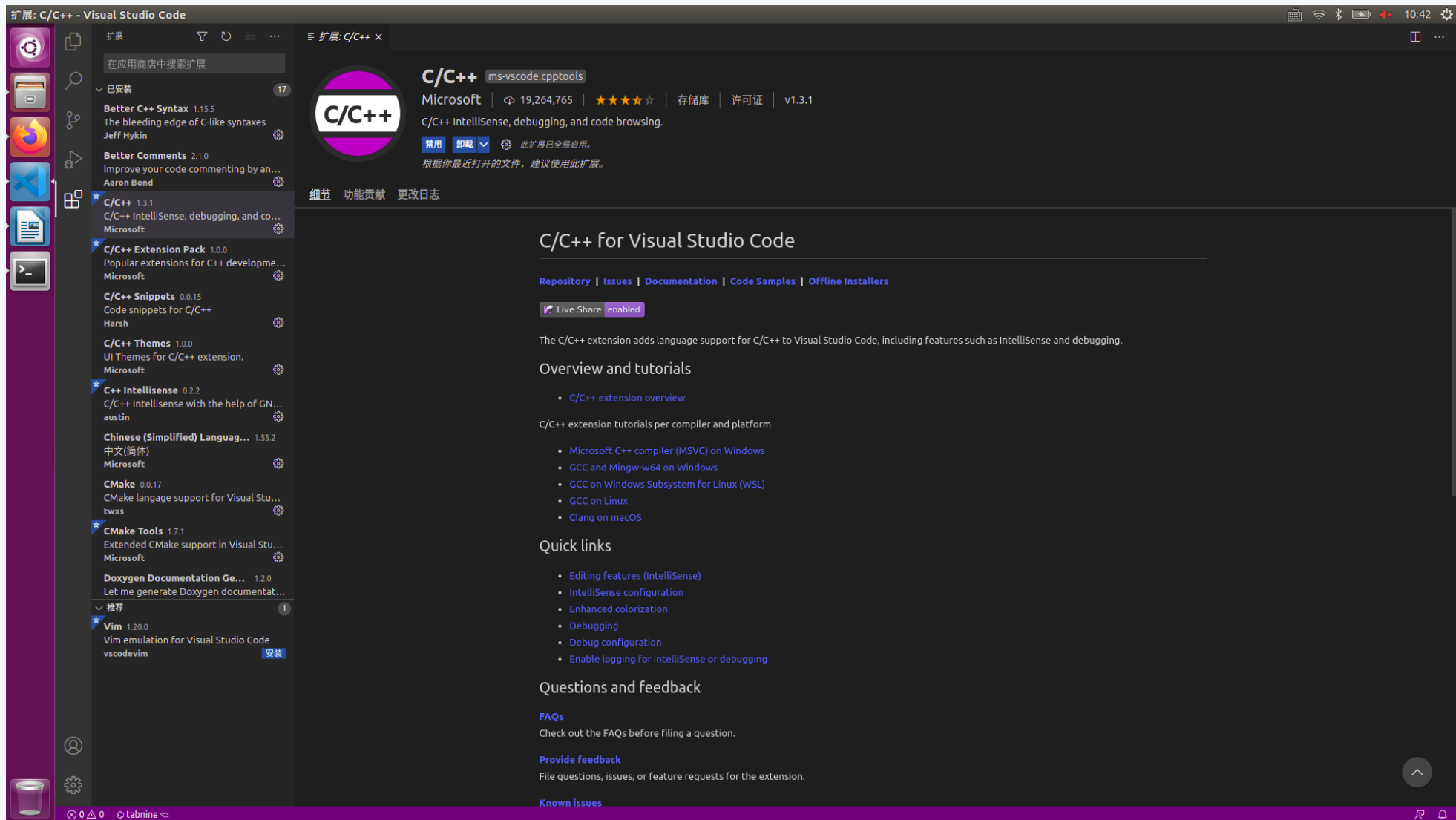


管理扩展

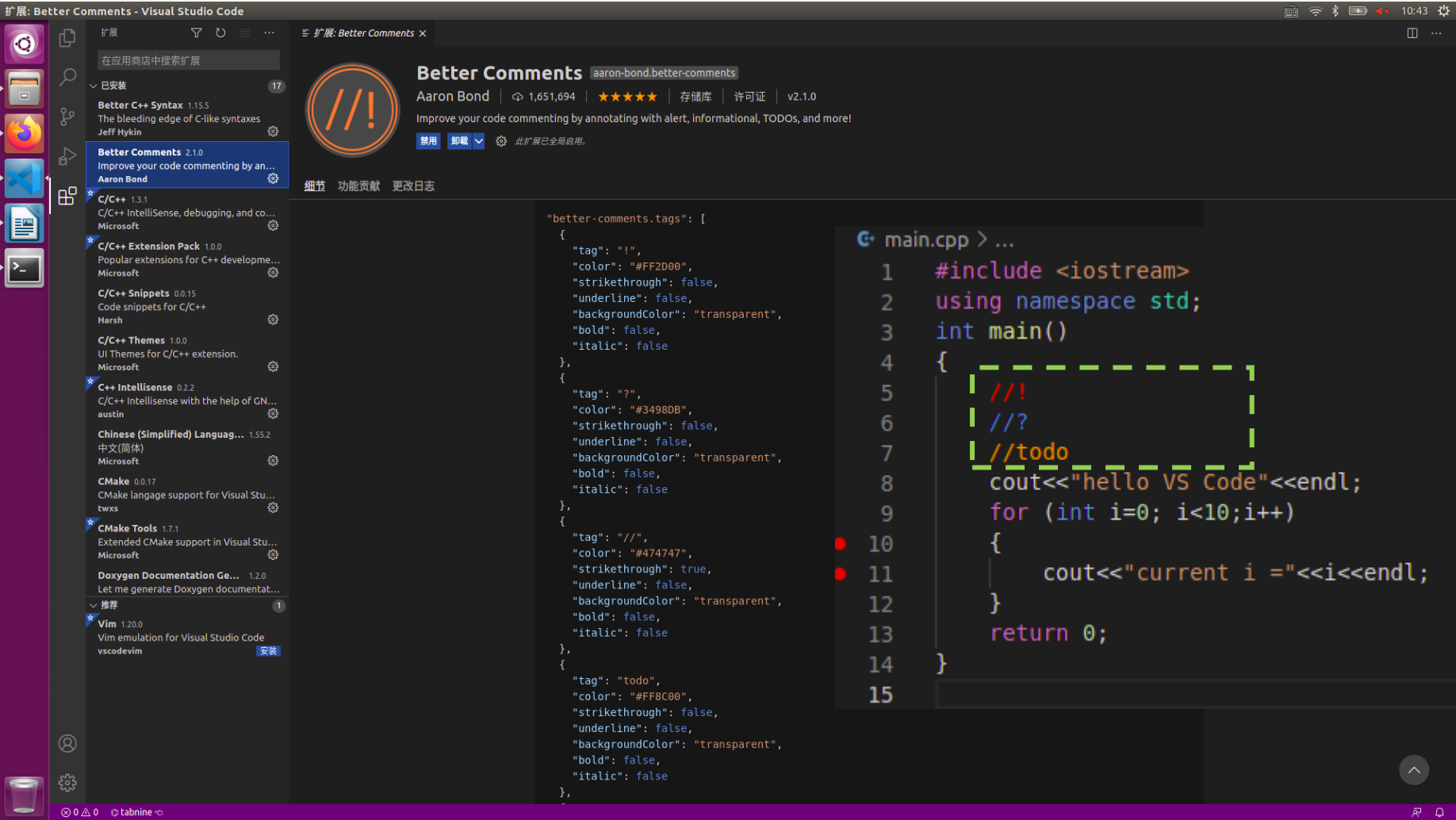




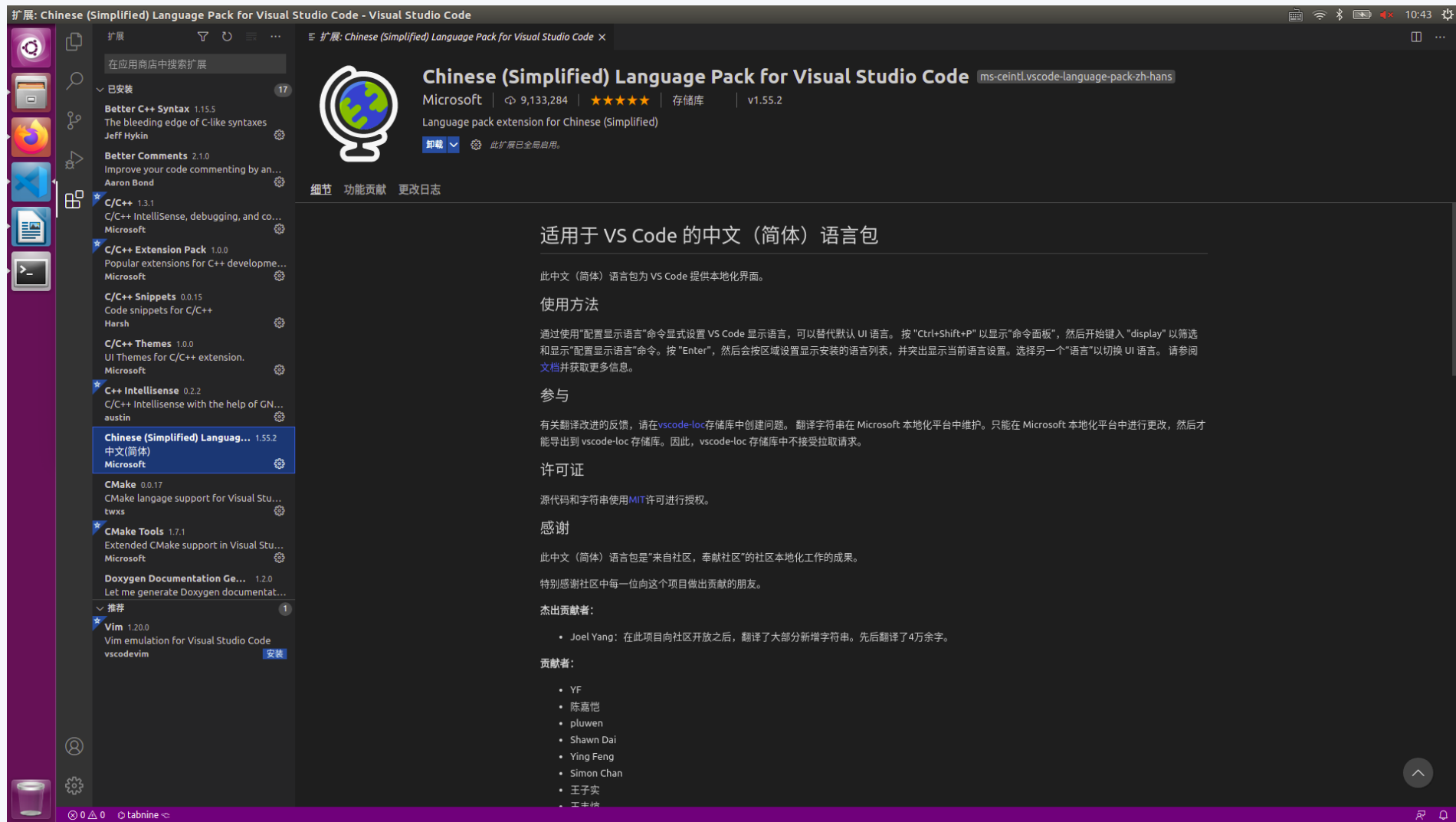
扩展包



扩展包



扩展包



扩展包

扩展: CMake - Visual Studio Code

在应用商店中搜索扩展

已安装 17

Aaron Bond

C/C++ 1.3.1

C/C++ IntelliSense, debugging, and co...

Microsoft

C/C++ Extension Pack 1.0.0

Popular extensions for C++ developme...

Microsoft

C/C++ Snippets 0.0.15

Code snippets for C/C++

Harsh

C/C++ Themes 1.0.0

UI Themes for C/C++ extension.

Microsoft

C++ Intellisense 0.2.2

C/C++ Intellisense with the help of GN...

austin

Chinese (Simplified) Language... 1.55.2

中文(简体)

Microsoft

CMake 0.0.17

CMake language support for Visual Stu...

twxs

CMake Tools 1.7.1

Extended CMake support in Visual Stu...

Microsoft

Doxygen Documentation Ge... 1.2.0

Let me generate Doxygen documentat...

Christoph Schlosser

env-vscode 0.1.1

env vscode extension

Bernard Xiong

Ha 1.7.1

推荐


Vim 1.20.0

Vim emulation for Visual Studio Code

vscodevim

安装

扩展: CMake



CMake twxs.cmake

twxs | 1,751,264 | ★★★★★ | 存储库 | 许可证 | v0.0.17

CMake language support for Visual Studio Code

禁用 卸载 此扩展已全局启用。

细节 功能贡献

CMake For VisualStudio Code

chat on github

This extension provides support for CMake in Visual Studio

• CMakeLists.txt C:\tmp

1 cmake_minimum_requi

2

3 pro

get_property

get_source_file_

get_target_property

get_test_property

include_external_msproject

install_programs

project

Set a name, version, and enable languages for the entire project.

set_directory_properties

set_property

set_source_files_properties

set_target_properties

Ln 3, Col 4 UTF-8 CRLF CMake

Features

Colorization

• CMakeLists.txt - Visual Studio Code

File Edit View Goto Help

• CMakeLists.txt C:\tmp

1 cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.0)

2

3 project

get_property

get_source_file_property

get_target_property

get_test_property

include_external_msproject

install_programs

project

Set a name, version, and enable languages for the entire project.

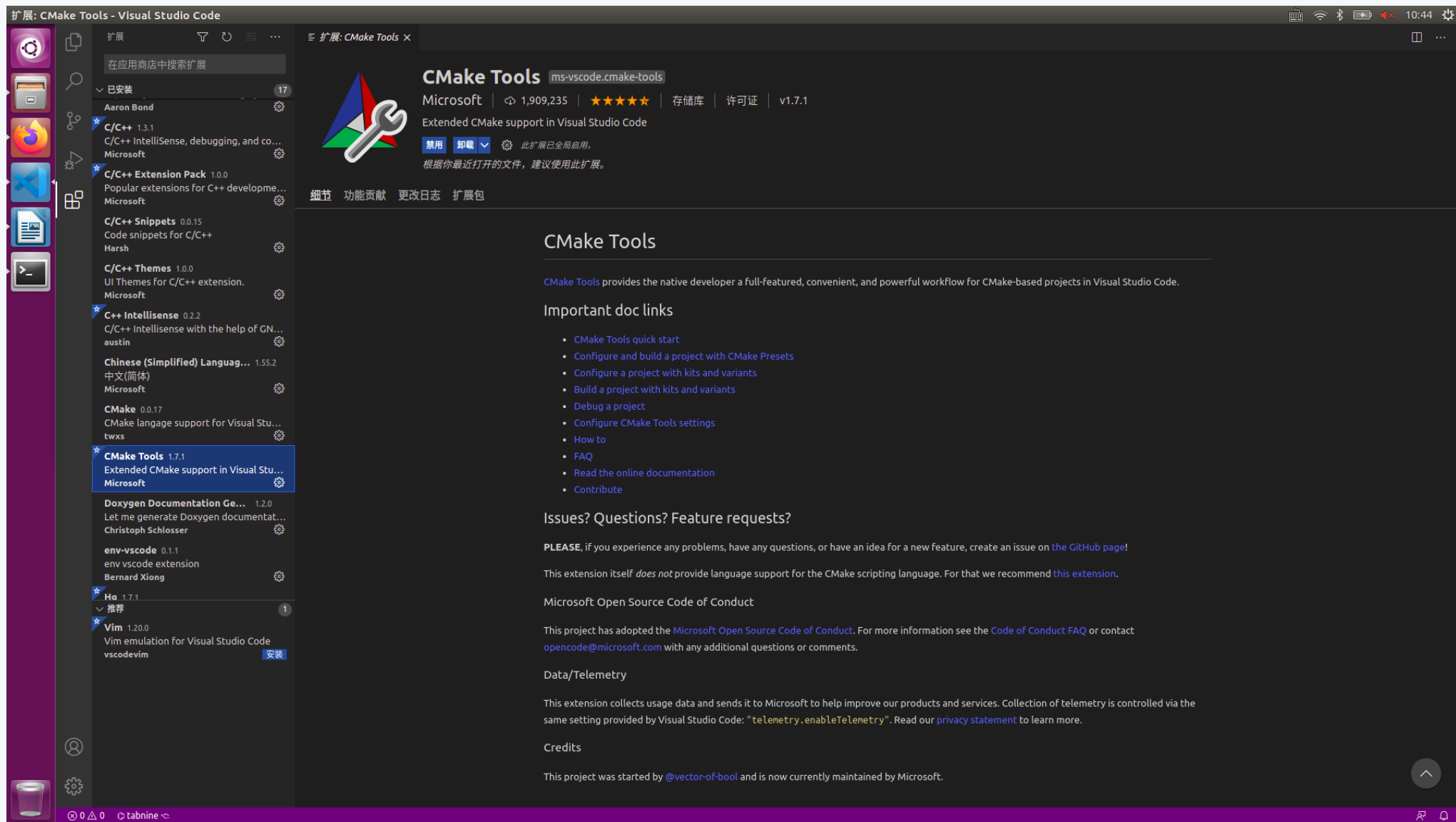
set_directory_properties

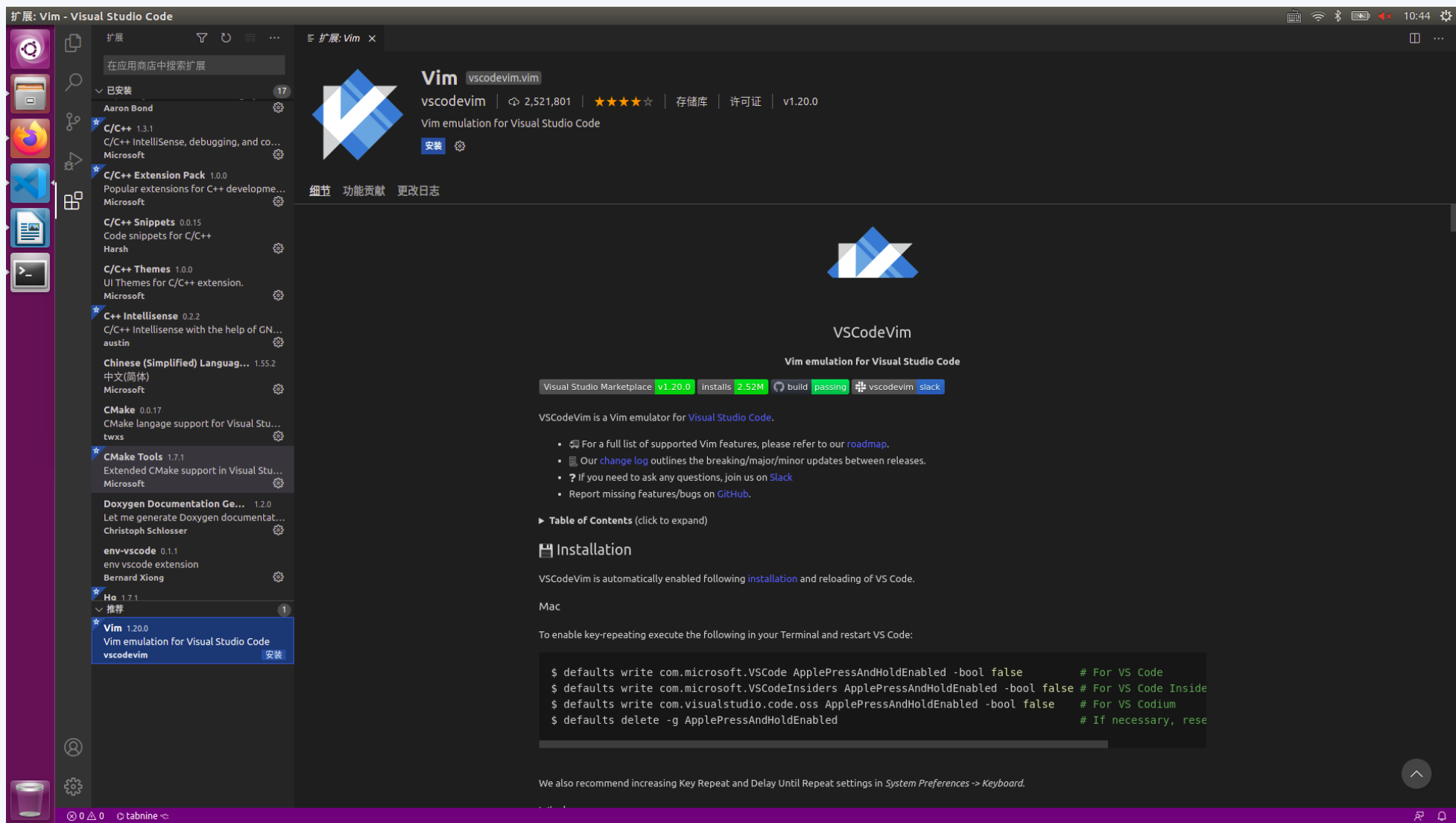
set_property

set_source_files_properties

set_target_properties

Ln 3, Col 4 UTF-8 CRLF CMake







编译方法



编译方法

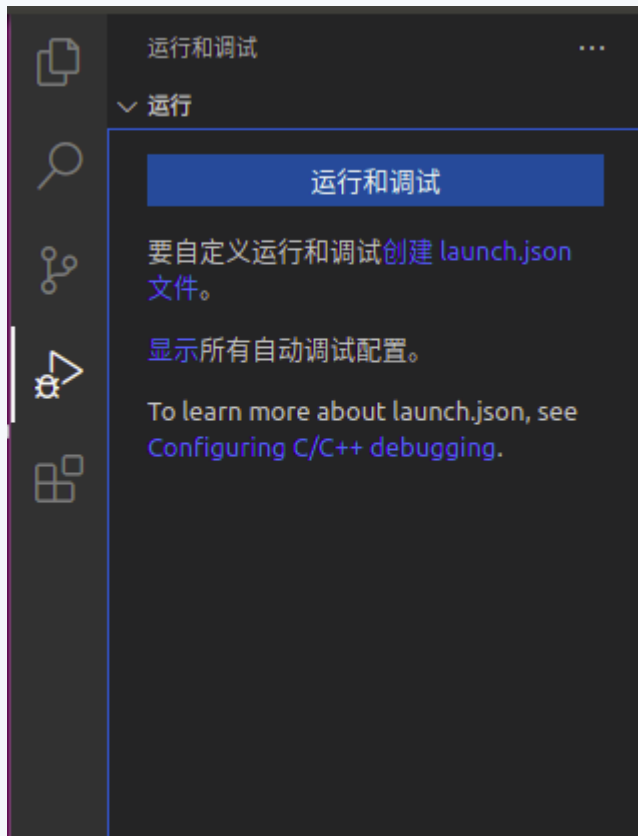
```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    //!
    //!?
    //todo
    cout<<"hello VS Code"<<endl;
    for (int i=0; i<10;i++)
    {
        cout<<"current i ="<<i<<endl;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

在当前文件是C++的情况下，需要设置两个文件tasks.json, launch.json。tasks.json可以被用来做编译；launch.json用来执行编译好的文件

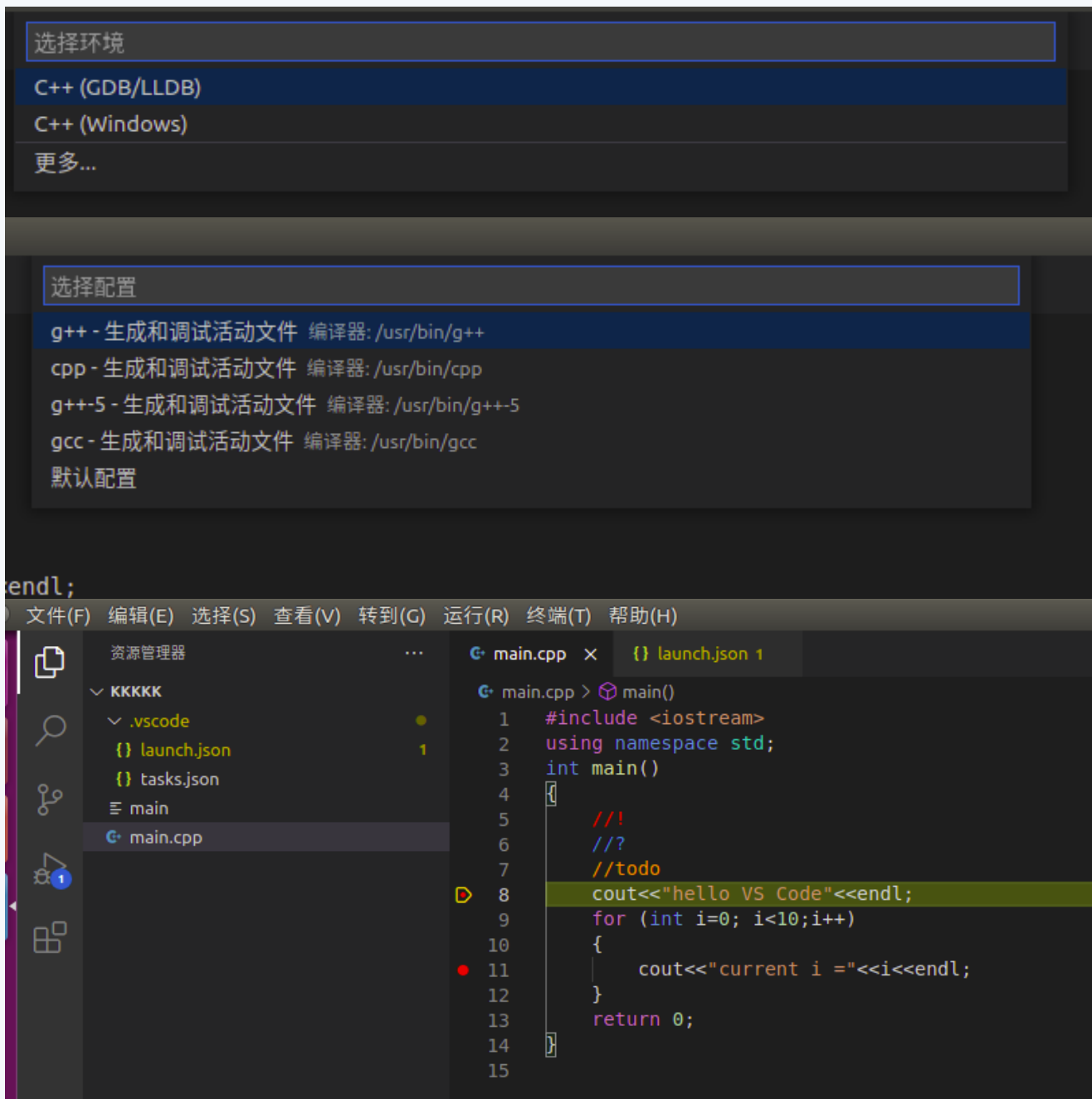


编译方法

1.通过g++自动编译+执行



按F5可以继续执行
按F10单步调试





编译方法

launch.json

```
"version": "0.2.0",
"configurations": [
  {
    "name": "(gdb) 启动", // 配置名称
    "type": "cppdbg", // 配置类型
    "request": "launch", // 请求配置类型，可以为launch（启动）或attach（附加）
    "program": "/home/wrk/桌面/kkkkk/build/main", // ! 将要进行调试的程序的路径
    "args": ["7"], // ! 可执行文件的参数
    "stopAtEntry": false,
    "cwd": "${workspaceFolder}", // 调试程序时的工作目录，${workspaceRoot}即代码所在目录
    "environment": [],
    "externalConsole": false, // 调试时是否显示控制台窗口，一般设置为true显示控制台
    "MIMode": "gdb",
    "setupCommands": [
      {
        "description": "为 gdb 启用整齐打印",
        "text": "-enable-pretty-printing",
        "ignoreFailures": true
      }
    ]
  }
]
```

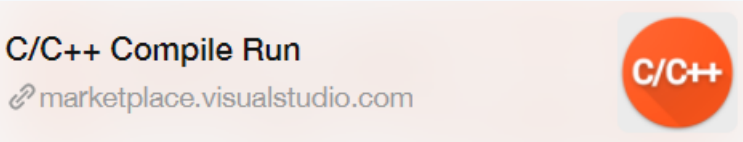


编译方法

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    //!
    //!
    //todo
    cout<<"hello VS Code"<<endl;
    for (int i=0; i<10;i++)
    {
        cout<<"current i ="<<i<<endl;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

按F6以后终端自动输入 

2.使用C/C++ Compile Run插件



无需配置task.json和launch.json，保存后直接按F6自动编译运行。
特点：虽然简单，但只能用于单文件。

```
问题  输出  终端  调试控制台
_____
wrk@wrk:~/桌面/kkkkk$ cd "/home/wrk/桌面/kkkkk"
wrk@wrk:~/桌面/kkkkk$ ./"main"
hello VS Code
current i =0
current i =1
current i =2
current i =3
current i =4
current i =5
current i =6
current i =7
current i =8
current i =9
wrk@wrk:~/桌面/kkkkk$
```



编译方法

3.使用cmake

G main.cpp > ...

```
1  #include <iostream>
2  using namespace std;
3  int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
4  {
5      string kkk =argv[1];
6      int k = atoi(kkk.c_str());;
7      //! 冒个泡
8      cout<<"hello VS Code"<<endl;
9      //todo 输出从0-k的整数
10
11     for (int i=0; i<k;i++)
12     {
13         cout<<"current i ="<<i<<endl;
14     }
15     return 0;
16 }
17
```

M CMakeLists.txt

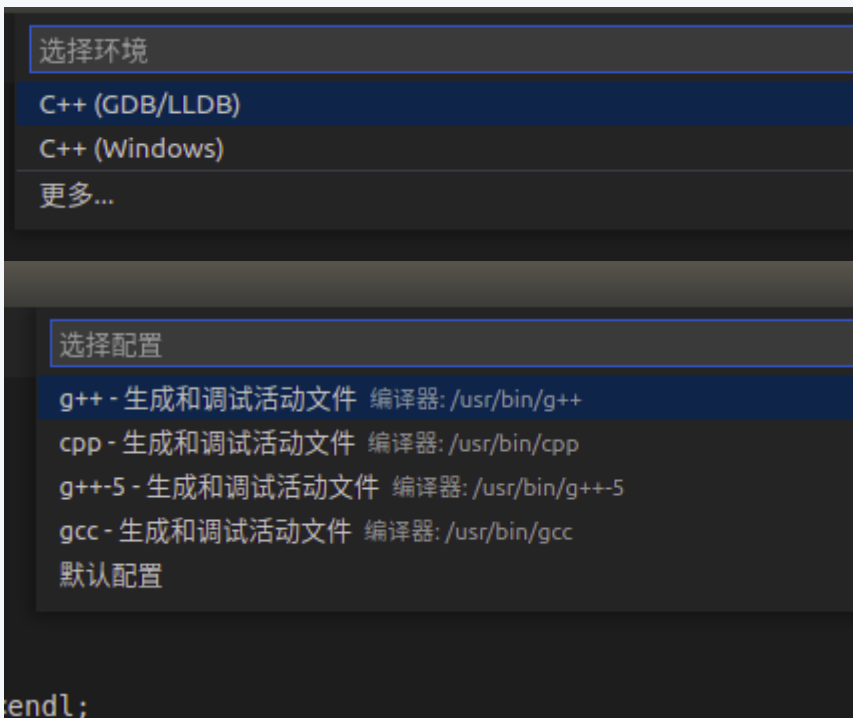
```
1  project(main)
2  cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.1)
3
4  add_definitions(-std=c++11)
5
6  #set(CMAKE_BUILD_TYPE Release)
7  set(CMAKE_BUILD_TYPE Debug)
8
9  add_executable(main main.cpp)
10
```



编译方法

3.使用cmake

按F5/菜单栏->启动调试
->c++(gdb/lldb)->默认配置



launch.json

```
{
  // 使用 IntelliSense 了解相关属性。
  // 悬停以查看现有属性的描述。
  // 欲了解更多信息，请访问: https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?linkid=830387
  "version": "0.2.0",
  "configurations": [
    {
      "name": "(gdb) 启动",
      "type": "cppdbg",
      "request": "launch",
      "program": "/home/wrk/桌面/kkkkk/build/main", // 可执行文件的地址
      "args": ["7"], // 可执行文件的参数和
      "stopAtEntry": false,
      "cwd": "${workspaceFolder}",
      "environment": [],
      "externalConsole": false,
      "MIMode": "gdb",
      "setupCommands": [
        {
          "description": "为 gdb 启用整齐打印",
          "text": "-enable-pretty-printing",
          "ignoreFailures": true
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```



编译方法

//! 单步调试一定要在CMakeLists.txt中设置 set(CMAKE_BUILD_TYPE DEBUG)

```
main.cpp
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3 int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
4 {
5     string kkk = argv[1];
6     int k = atoi(kkk.c_str());
7     //! 冒个泡
8     cout<<"hello VS Code"<<endl;
9     //todo 输出从0-k的整数
10
11     for (int i=0; i<k;i++)
12     {
13         cout<<"current i ="<<i<<endl;
14     }
15
16     return 0;
17
18

CMakeLists.txt
1 project(main)
2 cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.1)
3
4 add_definitions(-std=c++11)
5
6 set(CMAKE_BUILD_TYPE Release)
7 # set(CMAKE_BUILD_TYPE Debug)
8
9 add_executable(main main.cpp)

终端
hello VS Code
current i =0
current i =1
current i =2
current i =3
current i =4
current i =5
current i =6
[1] + Done
/usr/bin/gdb" --interpreter=mi --tty=${DbgTerm} 0<"/tmp/Microsoft-MIEngine-In-q1a5db9y.hj3" 1>"/tmp/Microsoft-MIEngine-Out-hro7g5lx.e5x"
wrk@wrk:~/桌面/kkkkk/build$
```




编译方法

///**单步调试一定要在CMakeLists.txt中设置 set(CMAKE_BUILD_TYPE Debug)**

变量显示

The screenshot displays the Visual Studio Code interface with the following components:

- main.cpp**:

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3 int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
4 {
5     string kkk = argv[1];
6     int k = atoi(kkk.c_str());
7     ///冒个泡
8     cout<<"hello VS Code"<<endl;
9     ///输出从0-k的整数
10    int j=0;
11    for (int i=0; i<k;i++)
12    {
13        cout<<"current i ="<<i<<endl;
14        j++;
15    }
16
17    return 0;
18 }
```
- CMakeLists.txt**:

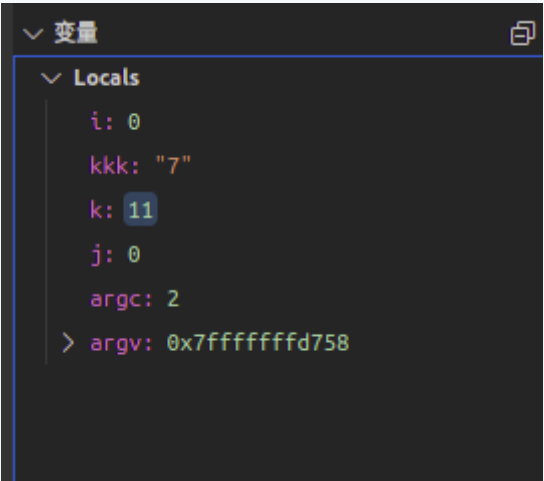
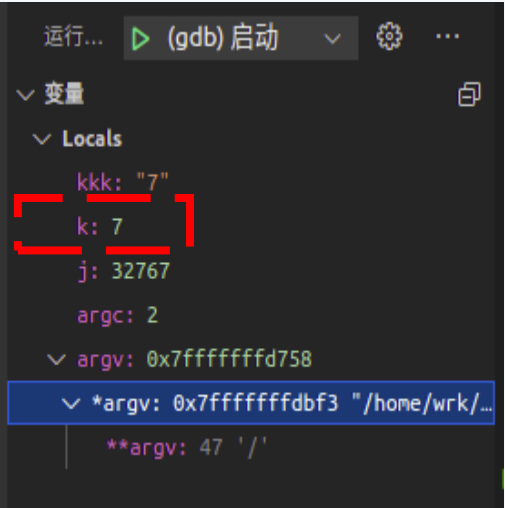
```
1 project(main)
2 cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.1)
3
4 add_definitions(-std=c++11)
5
6 #set(CMAKE_BUILD_TYPE Release)
7 set(CMAKE_BUILD_TYPE Debug)
8
9 add_executable(main main.cpp)
10
```
- Debugger Variables (Locals)**:
 - kkk: "7"
 - k: 7
 - j: 32767
 - argc: 2
 - argv: 0x7fffffff758
 - *argv: 0x7fffffffdbf3 "/home/wrk/..."
 - **argv: 47 '/'
- Terminal Output**:

```
hello VS Code
```



编译方法

双击k:7， 修改为11



结果:

```
hello VS Code
current i =0
current i =1
current i =2
current i =3
current i =4
current i =5
current i =6
current i =7
current i =8
current i =9
current i =10
[1] + Done
wrk@wrk:~/桌面/kkkkk/build$
```



THANKS!