# SGN-14007 Introduction to Audio Processing

Project Work Introduction Spring 2019



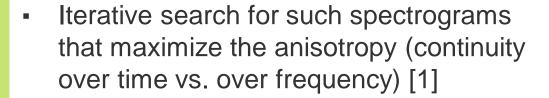
## **Practical arrangements**

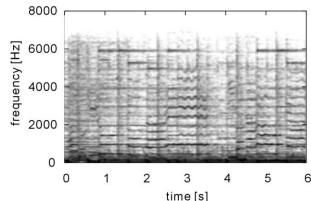
- Two topics (music signal processing and audio coding)
  - Implementing an audio signal processing algorithm
  - Done in two-person groups (doing the project alone is OK too)
  - Marked as Pass / Fail
  - Required for passing the course
  - Select one of the two given topics (or propose your own topic to us (we will need to approve it)
- Return the <u>script</u> and <u>report</u> by Friday 1 March 2019 (midnight) to Moodle (a project work page will appear)



# Topic 1: Separation of drums from music signals

- Separation of harmonic and percussive components from music spectrogram (time-frequency domain)
  - Anisotropy: dependence on direction
  - Temporal continuity of harmonic sounds
  - Temporal localization of percussive sounds (continuity along frequency)





• Together, the two spectrograms (harmonic / percussive) equal the original spectrogram:  $H_{h,i} + P_{h,i} = W_{h,i}$ 

Ono, Nobutaka, et al. "Separation of a monaural audio signal into harmonic/percussive components by complementary diffusion on spectrogram." Signal Processing Conference, 2008 16th European. IEEE, 2008.

TAMPEREEN TEKNILLINEN YLIOPISTO

# Topic 1: Separation of drums from music signals

#### Hints to the implementation

- Equations 24-30 of reference [1] describe the algorithm implementation, you do not need to care about the derivation of the iterative algorithm
- Framewise processing (short-time Fourier transform) has been discussed at the lectures and at the exercises
- Test material: drum and harmonic instruments (+ singing) separately, from which the total signal is obtained by mixing (drums + the rest)
  - Note that the algorithm works only for mono signals. If you want to process stereo signals, you may process both channels separately.
  - You may use audio material of your own or signals linked to the course web pages
- Evaluation: signal-to-noise ratio
  - s(t) = original
  - e(t) = original minus separated

$$SNR = 10 \log_{10} \left( \frac{\sum_{t} s(t)^2}{\sum_{t} e(t)^2} \right)$$

#### Report

- What kind of audio material is the algorithm limited to and why?
- How should the separation quality be measured and assessed?



## **Topic 1: Instructions**

- Reading the scientific paper
  - N. Ono, K. Miyamoto, J. L. Roux, H. Kameoka and S. Sagayama, "Separation of a monaural audio signal into harmonic/percussive components by complementary diffusion on spectrogram," in Proc. EUSIPCO, 2008
  - Equations 24-30 describe the algorithm. Feel free to skip the derivation of the algorithm and do not get scared by the math!
- Implementing the algorithm described in the paper using Python
- 1. Evaluation and interpretation of the results (using some test data)
- 1. Writing a report about the results and your observations



# Topic 2: Implementing a Psychoacoustic Model

- Exploit a uniform filterbank with critical sampling and perfect reconstruction along with a simplified psychoacoustic model to produce the masking threshold for each time-frequency point.
- Learn to create a pipeline for encoding, quantizing and decoding an audio signal



## **Topic 2: Instructions**

- 1. Create an MDCT analysis-synthesis filterbank
- Implement a psychoacoustic model, and compute masking thresholds from SPL levels of the signal
- 1. Quantize the sub-band time-domain signals
- 1. Implement a decoder and analyze the results
- 1. Write a report about the results and your observations
- 2. More detailed instructions can be found from Moodle



### Returns

### 1. Python Script

- Project\_x.py
- Return only a part of the test material to check the functionality of the algorithm (even one signal suffices) even though the evaluation results should be computed using some more data

#### 2. Report

- What problem is being solved in the project work?
- How is the problem solved?
- What assumptions were made?
- Short description of the implementation. What stages does the algorithm consist of?
- What is evaluated in your experiments, and how?
- For project 2. include figures specified in the instruction pdf
- Mention in the report how the work was divided in your group
- Length <= 4 pages (depending on the figures)</li>



## **General**

- Questions regarding the project work in Moodle to course assistants
- We make an effort to read and answer the questions daily
- If the questions are related to Python code, the code has to be very well commented!
- We will try to arrange a support session for answering questions and advising related to the project work. More information about that on the course web page.
  - You may also ask questions at the end of the weekly exercise sessions