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# 1 Basic Test Results

```
1 ***** TESTING FOLDER STRUCTURE START *****
2 Checking your submission for presence of invalid (non-ASCII) characters...
3 No invalid characters found.
4 Submission logins are: linorcohen
5 Is this OK?
6 ***** TESTING FOLDER STRUCTURE END *****
7
8 ***** PROJECT TEST START *****
9 Testing.
10 Fill.asm: passed the test
11 Mult.asm: passed the test
12 ***** PROJECT TEST END *****
13
14 Note: the tests you see above are all the presubmission tests
15 for this project. The tests might not check all the different
16 parts of the project or all corner cases, so write your own
17 tests and use them!
```

## 2 AUTHORS

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2 Partner 1: Linor Cohen, linor.cohen@mail.huji.ac.il, 318861226  
3 Remarks:

### 3 fill/Fill.asm

```
1 // This file is part of nand2tetris, as taught in The Hebrew University, and
2 // was written by Aviv Yaish. It is an extension to the specifications given
3 // [here](https://www.nand2tetris.org) (Shimon Schocken and Noam Nisan, 2017),
4 // as allowed by the Creative Common Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0
5 // Unported [License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/).
6
7 // This program illustrates low-level handling of the screen and keyboard
8 // devices, as follows.
9 //
10 // The program runs an infinite loop that listens to the keyboard input.
11 // When a key is pressed (any key), the program blackens the screen,
12 // i.e. writes "black" in every pixel;
13 // the screen should remain fully black as long as the key is pressed.
14 // When no key is pressed, the program clears the screen, i.e. writes
15 // "white" in every pixel;
16 // the screen should remain fully clear as long as no key is pressed.
17 //
18 // Assumptions:
19 // Your program may blacken and clear the screen's pixels in any spatial/visual
20 // Order, as long as pressing a key continuously for long enough results in a
21 // fully blackened screen, and not pressing any key for long enough results in a
22 // fully cleared screen.
23 //
24 // Test Scripts:
25 // For completeness of testing, test the Fill program both interactively and
26 // automatically.
27 //
28 // The supplied FillAutomatic.tst script, along with the supplied compare file
29 // FillAutomatic.cmp, are designed to test the Fill program automatically, as
30 // described by the test script documentation.
31 //
32 // The supplied Fill.tst script, which comes with no compare file, is designed
33 // to do two things:
34 // - Load the Fill.hack program
35 // - Remind you to select 'no animation', and then test the program
36 // interactively by pressing and releasing some keyboard keys
37
38 (LOOP)
39 // if (keyboard != 0)
40     @KBD
41     D=M
42     @BLACK
43     D;JNE
44
45 // if (keyboard == 0)
46     @KBD
47     D=M
48     @WHITE
49     O;JMP
50
51 (BLACK)
52     @cur
53     M=-1
54     @START
55     O;JMP
56
57 (WHITE)
58     @cur
59     M=0
```

```

60      @START
61      0;JMP
62
63      (START)
64      // i = 0
65      @i
66      M=0
67
68      // dest = 8192
69      @8192
70      D=A
71      @dest
72      M=D
73
74      (INNERLOOP)
75      // if (i == dest) goto END
76      @i
77      D=M
78      @dest
79      D=D-M
80      @LOOP
81      D;JEQ
82
83      // screen[i] = cur
84      @i
85      D=M
86      @SCREEN
87      D=D+A
88      @address
89      M=D
90      @cur
91      D=M
92      @address
93      A=M
94      M=D
95
96      // i = i + 1
97      @i
98      M=M+1
99      @INNERLOOP
100     0;JMP
101     (END)
102     @END
103     0;JMP

```

## 4 mult/Mult.asm

```
1  // This file is part of nand2tetris, as taught in The Hebrew University, and
2  // was written by Aviv Yaish. It is an extension to the specifications given
3  // [here](https://www.nand2tetris.org) (Shimon Schocken and Noam Nisan, 2017),
4  // as allowed by the Creative Common Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0
5  // Unported [License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/).
6
7  // Multiplies R0 and R1 and stores the result in R2.
8  //
9  // Assumptions:
10 // - R0, R1, R2 refer to RAM[0], RAM[1], and RAM[2], respectively.
11 // - You can assume that you will only receive arguments that satisfy:
12 //   R0 >= 0, R1 >= 0, and R0*R1 < 32768.
13 // - Your program does not need to test these conditions.
14 //
15 // Requirements:
16 // - Your program should not change the values stored in R0 and R1.
17 // - You can implement any multiplication algorithm you want.
18
19 //i = 0
20 @i
21 M=0
22 @R2
23 M=0
24
25 (LOOP)
26 // if (i == R1) goto END
27   @i
28   D=M
29   @R1
30   D=D-M
31   @END
32   D;JEQ
33
34 // sum = sum + R0
35   @R0
36   D=M
37   @R2
38   M=D+M
39
40 // i = i + 1
41   @i
42   M=M+1
43
44 // goto LOOP
45   @LOOP
46   0;JMP
47
48 (END)
49   @END
50   0;JMP
```

## 5 swap/Swap.asm

```
1  // This file is part of nand2tetris, as taught in The Hebrew University, and
2  // was written by Aviv Yaish. It is an extension to the specifications given
3  // [here](https://www.nand2tetris.org) (Shimon Schocken and Noam Nisan, 2017),
4  // as allowed by the Creative Common Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0
5  // Unported [License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/).
6
7  // The program should swap between the max. and min. elements of an array.
8  // Assumptions:
9  // - The array's start address is stored in R14, and R15 contains its length
10 // - Each array value x is between -16384 < x < 16384
11 // - The address in R14 is at least >= 2048
12 // - R14 + R15 <= 16383
13 //
14 // Requirements:
15 // - Changing R14, R15 is not allowed.
16
17 // i = 0
18 @i
19 M=0
20
21 // biggest = R14 + i (address)
22 @i
23 D=M
24 @R14
25 D=D+M
26 @biggest
27 M=D
28
29 // smallest = R14 + i (address)
30 @i
31 D=M
32 @R14
33 D=D+M
34 @smallest
35 M=D
36
37 (LOOP)
38 // if (i == R15) goto END
39 @i
40 D=M
41 @R15
42 D=D-M
43 @END_LOOP
44 D;JEQ
45
46 // if (array[i] > biggest)
47 @i
48 D=M
49 @R14
50 D=D+M
51 A=D //load address for R14 + i
52 D=M //load value for R14 + i
53 @biggest
54 A=M //load address for biggest
55 D=D-M
56 @SET_MAX
57 D;JGT
58
59 // if (array[i] < smallest)
```

```

60      @i
61      D=M
62      @R14
63      D=D+M
64      A=D //load address for R14 + i
65      D=M //load value for R14 + i
66      @smallest
67      A=M //load address for biggest
68      D=D-M
69      @SET_MIN
70      D;JLT
71
72      @CONTINUE
73      0;JMP
74
75      (SET_MIN)
76      //smallest = array[i].address
77      @i
78      D=M
79      @R14
80      D=D+M
81      @smallest
82      M=D
83      @CONTINUE
84      0;JMP
85
86
87      (SET_MAX)
88      //biggest = array[i].address
89      @i
90      D=M
91      @R14
92      D=D+M
93      @biggest
94      M=D
95
96      (CONTINUE)
97      //i = i + 1
98      @i
99      M=M+1
100     @LOOP
101     0;JMP
102
103     (END_LOOP)
104
105     // temp = min
106     @smallest
107     A=M
108     D=M
109     @R0
110     M=D
111     // min = max
112     @biggest
113     A=M
114     D=M
115     @smallest
116     A=M
117     M=D
118     // max = temp
119     @R0
120     D=M
121     @biggest
122     A=M
123     M=D
124
125     (END)
126     @END
127     0;JMP

```