# Auto dataset two regimes: Pre-oilshock and Post-oilshock

We can also test if there are two regimes that contribute to the heteroskedasticity by running separate regressions for pre-oilshock and post-oilshock.

Imports for python objects and libraries

Set up IPython libraries for customizing notebook display

```
from notebookfuncs import *
```

#### Import standard libraries

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

pd.set_option("display.max_rows", 1000)
pd.set_option("display.max_columns", 1000)
pd.set_option("display.width", 1000)
pd.set_option("display.max.colwidth", None)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import itertools
```

#### Statsmodels imports

```
import statsmodels.api as sm
```

#### Import statsmodels.objects

```
from statsmodels.stats.outliers_influence import summary_table
```

#### Import ISLP objects

```
import ISLP
from ISLP import models
from ISLP import load_data
from ISLP.models import ModelSpec as MS, summarize, poly
```

#### Import user functions

```
from userfuncs import display_residuals_plot
from userfuncs import identify_least_significant_feature
from userfuncs import calculate_VIFs
from userfuncs import identify_highest_VIF_feature
from userfuncs import standardize
from userfuncs import perform_analysis
```

#### Set level of significance (alpha)

```
LOS_Alpha = 0.01
```

#### Data Cleaning and exploratory data analysis

```
Auto = load_data("Auto")
Auto = Auto.sort_values(by=["year"], ascending=True)
Auto.head()
Auto.columns
Auto = Auto.dropna()
Auto.shape
Auto.describe()
```

	mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	year	origi
count	392.000000	392.000000	392.000000	392.000000	392.000000	392.000000	392.000000	392.0
mean	23.445918	5.471939	194.411990	104.469388	2977.584184	15.541327	75.979592	1.576
$\operatorname{std}$	7.805007	1.705783	104.644004	38.491160	849.402560	2.758864	3.683737	0.80!
min	9.000000	3.000000	68.000000	46.000000	1613.000000	8.000000	70.000000	1.000
25%	17.000000	4.000000	105.000000	75.000000	2225.250000	13.775000	73.000000	1.000
50%	22.750000	4.000000	151.000000	93.500000	2803.500000	15.500000	76.000000	1.000
75%	29.000000	8.000000	275.750000	126.000000	3614.750000	17.025000	79.000000	2.000
max	46.600000	8.000000	455.000000	230.000000	5140.000000	24.800000	82.000000	3.000

### Convert origin to categorical type

	mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	year
count	392.000000	392.000000	392.000000	392.000000	392.000000	392.000000	392.000000
mean	23.445918	5.471939	194.411990	104.469388	2977.584184	15.541327	75.979592
$\operatorname{std}$	7.805007	1.705783	104.644004	38.491160	849.402560	2.758864	3.683737
min	9.000000	3.000000	68.000000	46.000000	1613.000000	8.000000	70.000000
25%	17.000000	4.000000	105.000000	75.000000	2225.250000	13.775000	73.000000
50%	22.750000	4.000000	151.000000	93.500000	2803.500000	15.500000	76.000000
75%	29.000000	8.000000	275.750000	126.000000	3614.750000	17.025000	79.000000
max	46.600000	8.000000	455.000000	230.000000	5140.000000	24.800000	82.000000

## Create two datasets based on whether the car models have been exposed to the 1973 oil shock or not

```
Auto_preos = Auto[Auto["year"] <= 76]
Auto_preos.shape
Auto_preos.describe()
Auto_preos.corr(numeric_only=True)</pre>
```

	mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	year
mpg	1.000000	-0.863133	-0.878385	-0.812052	-0.903557	0.494406	0.172135
cylinders	-0.863133	1.000000	0.955270	0.852144	0.906436	-0.616635	-0.157796
displacement	-0.878385	0.955270	1.000000	0.900549	0.926890	-0.653019	-0.195140
horsepower	-0.812052	0.852144	0.900549	1.000000	0.861309	-0.748969	-0.294137
weight	-0.903557	0.906436	0.926890	0.861309	1.000000	-0.522137	-0.073366
acceleration	0.494406	-0.616635	-0.653019	-0.748969	-0.522137	1.000000	0.298412
year	0.172135	-0.157796	-0.195140	-0.294137	-0.073366	0.298412	1.000000

```
Auto_postos = Auto[Auto["year"] > 76]
Auto_postos.shape
Auto_postos.describe()
```

	mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	year
count	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000
mean	27.900562	4.960674	160.426966	91.410112	2726.679775	16.133146	79.455056
$\operatorname{std}$	7.504963	1.466624	80.477444	27.144212	670.417952	2.504227	1.714248
$\min$	15.000000	3.000000	70.000000	48.000000	1755.000000	11.100000	77.000000
25%	20.875000	4.000000	98.000000	70.000000	2144.250000	14.500000	78.000000
50%	28.000000	4.000000	134.500000	87.000000	2630.000000	15.800000	79.000000
75%	33.650000	6.000000	200.000000	105.000000	3208.750000	17.600000	81.000000
max	46.600000	8.000000	400.000000	190.000000	4360.000000	24.800000	82.000000

```
display(

"If you look at the two datasets as displayed above, it's evident that

the oil shock had a major impact on the models produced since."
)

display(Auto_preos.mean(numeric_only=True),

Auto_postos.mean(numeric_only=True))

display(

"Mileage increased, number of cylinders decreased, displacement

decreased, horsepower decreased, weight decreased and time to

acceleration increased thus indicating that less powerful and less

performant cars were produced in the immediate period after the oil

shock of 1973."
)
```

<sup>&</sup>quot;If you look at the two datasets as displayed above, it's evident that the oil shock had a m

mpg	19.740654
cylinders	5.897196
displacement	222.679907
horsepower	115.331776
weight	3186.280374
acceleration	15.049065
year	73.088785

dtype: float64

mpg 27.900562 cylinders 4.960674 displacement 160.426966 horsepower 91.410112 weight 2726.679775 acceleration 16.133146 year 79.455056

dtype: float64

#### Standardize numeric variables in the model

```
Auto_preos = Auto_preos.apply(standardize)
Auto_preos.describe()
```

	mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	year
count	2.140000e+02	2.140000e+02	2.140000e+02	2.140000e+02	214.000000	214.000000	2.14000
mean	-4.150366e-17	-2.490220e-17	2.490220e-17	-1.494132e-16	0.000000	0.000000	-5.3124
$\operatorname{std}$	1.002345e+00	1.002345e+00	1.002345e+00	1.002345e+00	1.002345	1.002345	1.00234
$\min$	-1.829062e+00	-1.635252e+00	-1.362364e+00	-1.617309e+00	-1.705900	-2.463723	-1.5522
25%	-8.073018e-01	-1.070826e+00	-9.550106e-01	-6.842252e-01	-0.944725	-0.698694	-1.0497
50%	-1.261285e-01	5.802508e-02	4.685742 e- 02	-3.576458e-01	-0.081084	-0.017149	-4.4619
75%	7.891982e-01	1.186877e + 00	8.395442 e-01	8.087090e-01	0.913215	0.629446	9.60493
max	2.598565e+00	1.186877e + 00	$2.046190e{+00}$	2.674877e + 00	2.118409	2.953691	1.46305

```
Auto_postos = Auto_postos.apply(standardize)
Auto_postos.describe()
```

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Mileage increased, number of cylinders decreased, displacement decreased, horsepower decrea

	mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	year
count	1.780000e+02	1.780000e+02	1.780000e+02	1.780000e+02	178.000000	1.780000e+02	1.780
mean	-3.193450e-16	2.794269e-16	-7.983626e-17	-1.796316e-16	0.000000	-1.237462e-15	-1.51
$\operatorname{std}$	1.002821e+00	1.002821e+00	1.002821e+00	1.002821e+00	1.002821	1.002821e+00	1.002
$\min$	-1.723786e+00	-1.340633e+00	-1.126801e+00	-1.603751e+00	-1.453453	-2.015529e+00	-1.43
25%	-9.387629e-01	-6.568717e-01	-7.778958e-01	-7.909792e-01	-0.871207	-6.539953e-01	-8.51
50%	1.328704 e-02	-6.568717e-01	-3.230732e-01	-1.629280e-01	-0.144615	-1.334087e-01	-2.66
75%	7.682459 e-01	7.106507e-01	4.931154e-01	5.020674 e-01	0.721088	5.874034 e-01	9.03'
max	2.498638e+00	2.078173e+00	2.985294e+00	3.642323e+00	2.443144	3.470652e+00	1.488

## Encode categorical variables as dummy variables dropping the first to remove multi-collinearity.

```
Auto_preos = pd.get_dummies(
    Auto_preos, columns=list(["origin"]), drop_first=True, dtype=np.uint8
)
Auto_preos.columns
```

```
Index(['mpg', 'cylinders', 'displacement', 'horsepower', 'weight', 'acceleration', 'year', 'entertain')
```

```
Auto_postos = pd.get_dummies(
    Auto_postos, columns=list(["origin"]), drop_first=True, dtype=np.uint8
)
Auto_postos.columns
```

```
Index(['mpg', 'cylinders', 'displacement', 'horsepower', 'weight', 'acceleration', 'year', 'displacement', 'year', 'displacement', 'year', 'displacement', 'year', 'year'
```

#### Analysis for pre-oil shock model

#### Test for multicollinearity using correlation matrix and variance inflation factors

```
Auto_preos.corr(numeric_only=True)
```

	mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	year	ori
$\overline{\mathrm{mpg}}$	1.000000	-0.863133	-0.878385	-0.812052	-0.903557	0.494406	0.172135	0.4
cylinders	-0.863133	1.000000	0.955270	0.852144	0.906436	-0.616635	-0.157796	-0.

	mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	year	ori
displacement	-0.878385	0.955270	1.000000	0.900549	0.926890	-0.653019	-0.195140	-0.
horsepower	-0.812052	0.852144	0.900549	1.000000	0.861309	-0.748969	-0.294137	-0.
weight	-0.903557	0.906436	0.926890	0.861309	1.000000	-0.522137	-0.073366	-0.
acceleration	0.494406	-0.616635	-0.653019	-0.748969	-0.522137	1.000000	0.298412	0.2
year	0.172135	-0.157796	-0.195140	-0.294137	-0.073366	0.298412	1.000000	0.0
origin_Europe	0.429946	-0.507897	-0.499456	-0.373257	-0.420078	0.215335	0.061819	1.0
${\rm origin\_Japan}$	0.454576	-0.408555	-0.428045	-0.292877	-0.424328	0.164038	0.030362	-0.

VIF
12.409093
23.483690
9.924721
10.993223
2.965117
1.296707
2.286473
2.062780

```
identify_highest_VIF_feature(vifdf)
```

We find the highest VIF in this model is displacement with a VIF of 23.483689524756567 Hence, we drop displacement from the model to be fitted.

	VIF
Feature	
cylinders	8.727646
horsepower	8.845099
weight	9.513189
acceleration	2.856231
year	1.287027
origin_Europe	1.960903
$origin\_Japan$	1.789531

## identify\_highest\_VIF\_feature(vifdf)

No variables are significantly collinear.

## Linear Regression for mpg ${\scriptstyle\sim}$ horsepower + acceleration + weight + cylinders + year + origin\_Europe + origin\_Japan

```
cols = list(Auto_preos.columns)
cols.remove("mpg")
cols.remove("displacement")
formula = " + ".join(cols)
results = perform_analysis("mpg", formula, Auto_preos)
```

#### OLS Regression Results

==========	=======					======	
Dep. Variable:		mpg	R-squared	l:		0.848	
Model:		OLS	Adj. R-sc	quared:		0.842	
Method:	Le	ast Squares	F-statist	F-statistic:		163.8	
Date:	Wed,	25 Sep 2024	Prob (F-s	statistic):	1	.51e-80	
Time:		07:57:00	Log-Likelihood:		-	-102.32	
No. Observations	:	214	AIC:		220.6		
Df Residuals:		206	BIC:			247.6	
Df Model:		7					
Covariance Type:		nonrobust					
=======================================							
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]	
Intercept	-0.1025	0.040	-2.583	0.010	-0.181	-0.024	
cylinders	-0.1149	0.080	-1.430	0.154	-0.273	0.043	

horsepower	-0.1394	0.081	-1.724	0.086	-0.299	0.020	
weight	-0.6079	0.084	-7.248	0.000	-0.773	-0.443	
acceleration	-0.0653	0.046	-1.421	0.157	-0.156	0.025	
year	0.0776	0.031	2.514	0.013	0.017	0.138	
origin_Europe	0.2534	0.097	2.618	0.009	0.063	0.444	
origin_Japan	0.3985	0.106	3.749	0.000	0.189	0.608	
						======	
Omnibus:		12.372	Durbin-W	atson:		1.407	
<pre>Prob(Omnibus):</pre>		0.002	Jarque-B	era (JB):		16.578	
Skew:		-0.403	Prob(JB)	:		0.000251	
Kurtosis:		4.099	Cond. No	•		9.30	

#### Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

	df	$sum_sq$	${\tt mean\_sq}$	F	PR(>F)
cylinders	1.0	159.429574	159.429574	1007.436126	2.877624e-81
horsepower	1.0	4.577852	4.577852	28.927463	2.030739e-07
weight	1.0	13.283446	13.283446	83.938147	5.242535e-17
acceleration	1.0	0.533174	0.533174	3.369126	6.787066e-02
year	1.0	1.267919	1.267919	8.011985	5.107121e-03
origin_Europe	1.0	0.083174	0.083174	0.525577	4.692948e-01
origin_Japan	1.0	2.224788	2.224788	14.058446	2.302318e-04
Residual	206.0	32.600074	0.158253	NaN	NaN

```
identify_least_significant_feature(results, alpha=LOS_Alpha)
```

We find the least significant variable in this model is acceleration with a p-value of 0.156. Using the backward methodology, we suggest dropping acceleration from the new model

Linear Regression after dropping acceleration in pre-oil shock. The model now is mpg  $\sim$  horsepower + weight + cylinder + year + origin\_Europe + origin\_Japan

```
cols.remove("acceleration")
formula = " + ".join(cols)
results = perform_analysis("mpg", formula, Auto_preos)
```

## OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable: mpg R-squared: 0.846

Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.842
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	189.8
Date:	Wed, 25 Sep 2024	Prob (F-statistic):	2.86e-81
Time:	07:57:01	Log-Likelihood:	-103.36
No. Observations:	214	AIC:	220.7
Df Residuals:	207	BIC:	244.3
	_		

Df Model: 6
Covariance Type: nonrobust

	========	=========	-=======		========	=======
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
Intercept	-0.1073	0.040	-2.705	0.007	-0.185	-0.029
cylinders	-0.0832	0.077	-1.075	0.284	-0.236	0.069
horsepower	-0.0718	0.066	-1.095	0.275	-0.201	0.057
weight	-0.6564	0.077	-8.546	0.000	-0.808	-0.505
year	0.0789	0.031	2.552	0.011	0.018	0.140
origin_Europe	0.2722	0.096	2.832	0.005	0.083	0.462
origin_Japan	0.4069	0.106	3.825	0.000	0.197	0.617
=======================================						=====
Omnibus:		9.704	Durbin-Wa	atson:		1.384
Prob(Omnibus):		0.008	Jarque-Be	era (JB):		10.825
Skew:		-0.398	Prob(JB):	:	C	0.00446
Kurtosis:		3.763	Cond. No.			8.52

#### Notes

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

	df	sum_sq	${\tt mean\_sq}$	F	PR(>F)
cylinders	1.0	159.429574	159.429574	1002.499833	2.735220e-81
horsepower	1.0	4.577852	4.577852	28.785723	2.155884e-07
weight	1.0	13.283446	13.283446	83.526863	5.919063e-17
year	1.0	1.323199	1.323199	8.320328	4.335077e-03
origin_Europe	1.0	0.139721	0.139721	0.878569	3.496863e-01
origin_Japan	1.0	2.326581	2.326581	14.629642	1.731691e-04
Residual	207.0	32.919628	0.159032	NaN	NaN

identify\_least\_significant\_feature(results, alpha=LOS\_Alpha)

We find the least significant variable in this model is cylinders with a p-value of 0.2835100 Using the backward methodology, we suggest dropping cylinders from the new model

```
cols.remove("cylinders")
formula = " + ".join(cols)
results = perform_analysis("mpg", formula, Auto_preos)
```

OLS Regression Results						
Dep. Variable: Model: Method: Date: Time: No. Observation Df Residuals: Df Model: Covariance Type	Wed,	OLS Least Squares Wed, 25 Sep 2024 07:57:01 : 214 208 5 nonrobust		R-squared: Adj. R-squared: F-statistic: Prob (F-statistic): Log-Likelihood: AIC: BIC:		0.845 0.842 227.3 .20e-82 -103.95 219.9 240.1
=========	coef			P> t		
Intercept horsepower weight year origin_Europe origin_Japan	-0.1213 -0.0964 -0.6974 0.0802 0.3185 0.4445	0.037 0.061 0.067 0.031 0.086 0.101	-3.235 -1.569 -10.455 2.597 3.708 4.422	0.001 0.118 0.000 0.010 0.000 0.000	-0.195 -0.218 -0.829 0.019 0.149 0.246	-0.047 0.025 -0.566 0.141 0.488 0.643
Omnibus: Prob(Omnibus): Skew: Kurtosis:	======	7.861 0.020	Durbin-Wa Jarque-Be Prob(JB):	ntson: era (JB):		1.406 8.096 0.0175 6.43

### Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

	df	sum_sq	${\tt mean\_sq}$	F	PR(>F)
horsepower	1.0	141.117636	141.117636	886.687803	6.026431e-77
weight	1.0	34.542884	34.542884	217.044124	4.053391e-34
year	1.0	1.552002	1.552002	9.751732	2.046623e-03
origin_Europe	1.0	0.572100	0.572100	3.594690	5.935071e-02
origin_Japan	1.0	3.111879	3.111879	19.552944	1.576086e-05
Residual	208.0	33.103499	0.159151	NaN	NaN

#### identify\_least\_significant\_feature(results, alpha=LOS\_Alpha)

We find the least significant variable in this model is horsepower with a p-value of 0.118230 Using the backward methodology, we suggest dropping horsepower from the new model

```
cols.remove("horsepower")
formula = " + ".join(cols)
results = perform_analysis("mpg", formula, Auto_preos)
```

#### OLS Regression Results

=======================================			
Dep. Variable:	mpg	R-squared:	0.843
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.840
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	281.6
Date:	Wed, 25 Sep 2024	Prob (F-statistic):	6.06e-83
Time:	07:57:01	Log-Likelihood:	-105.21
No. Observations:	214	AIC:	220.4
Df Residuals:	209	BIC:	237.3

Df Model: 4
Covariance Type: nonrobust

			========		========	=======
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
Intercept weight year origin_Europe origin_Japan	-0.1151 -0.7850 0.1028 0.3078 0.4140	0.037 0.037 0.027 0.086 0.099	-3.077 -21.422 3.742 3.582 4.183	0.002 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	-0.189 -0.857 0.049 0.138 0.219	-0.041 -0.713 0.157 0.477 0.609
Omnibus: Prob(Omnibus): Skew: Kurtosis:		10.672 0.005 -0.443 3.722	Durbin-Wa Jarque-Be Prob(JB): Cond. No.	era (JB):		1.398 11.650 0.00295 4.59

#### Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

	df	sum_sq	mean_sq	F	PR(>F)
weight	1.0	174.712905	174.712905	1090.157519	7.188986e-85
year	1.0	2.410414	2.410414	15.040281	1.409621e-04

```
origin_Europe 1.0 0.576721 0.576721 3.598570 5.920817e-02 origin_Japan 1.0 2.804802 2.804802 17.501148 4.226183e-05 Residual 209.0 33.495157 0.160264 NaN NaN
```

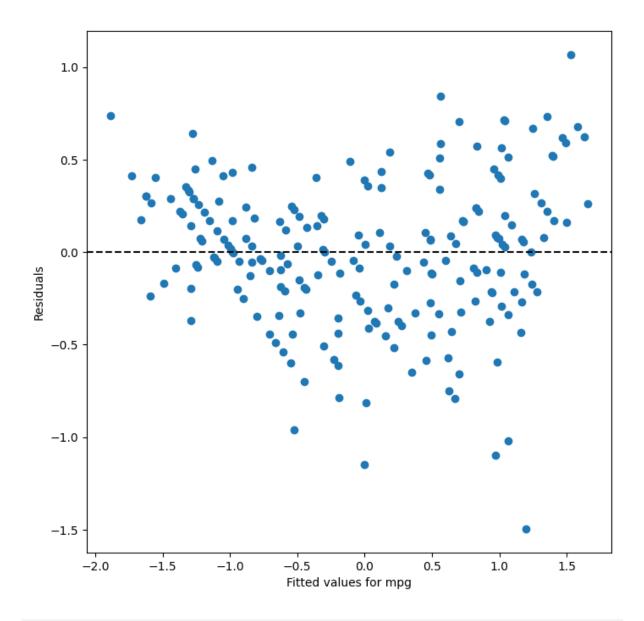
```
identify_least_significant_feature(results, alpha=LOS_Alpha)
```

No variables are statistically insignificant.

The model mpg ~ weight + year + origin\_Europe + origin\_Japan cannot be pruned further.

### Residual plot for model for pre-oil shock

```
display_residuals_plot(results)
```



preoilshock\_model = results

## Analysis for post Oil Shock

Test for multicollinearity using correlation matrix and variance inflation factors

Auto\_postos.corr(numeric\_only=True)

	mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	year	ori
mpg	1.000000	-0.710232	-0.771039	-0.796617	-0.837333	0.278650	0.460200	0.2
cylinders	-0.710232	1.000000	0.936943	0.796697	0.860088	-0.247767	-0.338905	-0.
displacement	-0.771039	0.936943	1.000000	0.854454	0.929346	-0.264374	-0.319411	-0.
horsepower	-0.796617	0.796697	0.854454	1.000000	0.837067	-0.535033	-0.353954	-0.
weight	-0.837333	0.860088	0.929346	0.837067	1.000000	-0.130152	-0.319783	-0.
acceleration	0.278650	-0.247767	-0.264374	-0.535033	-0.130152	1.000000	0.157159	0.2
year	0.460200	-0.338905	-0.319411	-0.353954	-0.319783	0.157159	1.000000	-0.
origin_Europe	0.212795	-0.181385	-0.240143	-0.214702	-0.144152	0.235217	-0.057596	1.0
${\rm origin\_Japan}$	0.405159	-0.359263	-0.436964	-0.317954	-0.459869	0.000714	0.155368	-0.

```
vifdf = calculate_VIFs(
    "mpg ~ " + " + ".join(Auto_postos.columns) + " - mpg", Auto_postos
)
vifdf
```

	VIF
Feature	
cylinders	9.017020
displacement	20.423355
horsepower	9.245687
weight	12.693737
acceleration	2.788052
year	1.185236
origin_Europe	1.452328
$origin\_Japan$	1.651675

```
identify_highest_VIF_feature(vifdf)
```

We find the highest VIF in this model is displacement with a VIF of 20.423354692792778 Hence, we drop displacement from the model to be fitted.

	VIF
Feature	
cylinders	4.251590
horsepower	9.104343
weight	9.540921
acceleration	2.770794
year	1.182561
origin_Europe	1.278261
origin_Japan	1.512852

## identify\_highest\_VIF\_feature(vifdf)

No variables are significantly collinear.

## Linear Regression Analysis for post oil shock dropping feature displacement

```
cols = list(Auto_postos.columns)
cols.remove("mpg")
cols.remove("displacement")
formula = " + ".join(cols)
results = perform_analysis("mpg", formula, Auto_postos)
```

OLS Regression Results						
Dep. Variable:		mpg	 R-squared	:=====================================		0.788
Model:		OLS	Adj. R-sq			0.779
Method:	Le	east Squares	F-statist	ic:		90.11
Date:	Wed,	25 Sep 2024	Prob (F-s	tatistic):	7.	20e-54
Time:		07:57:02	Log-Likelihood:		-114.64	
No. Observations:		178	AIC:		245.3	
Df Residuals:		170	BIC:			270.7
Df Model:		7				
Covariance Type:		nonrobust				
============	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
Intercept	-0.1072	0.051	-2.096	0.038	-0.208	-0.006
cylinders	0.1988	0.073	2.728	0.007	0.055	0.343
horsepower	-0.1879	0.107	-1.762	0.080	-0.398	0.023

weight	-0.7149	0.109	-6.550	0.000	-0.930	-0.499
acceleration	0.0713	0.059	1.212	0.227	-0.045	0.187
year	0.2148	0.038	5.589	0.000	0.139	0.291
origin_Europe	0.3461	0.111	3.108	0.002	0.126	0.566
origin_Japan	0.1946	0.097	2.012	0.046	0.004	0.385
==========						
Omnibus:		6.408	Durbin-Wa	atson:		1.583
<pre>Prob(Omnibus):</pre>		0.041	Jarque-Be	era (JB):		6.069
Skew:		0.398	Prob(JB):	:		0.0481
Kurtosis:		3.431	Cond. No.			7.71

#### Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

	df	$sum\_sq$	${\tt mean\_sq}$	F	PR(>F)
cylinders	1.0	89.788355	89.788355	403.941459	8.824859e-47
horsepower	1.0	25.953062	25.953062	116.758098	4.752402e-21
weight	1.0	15.387223	15.387223	69.224316	2.748274e-14
acceleration	1.0	0.660414	0.660414	2.971082	8.658318e-02
year	1.0	6.087213	6.087213	27.385264	4.863030e-07
origin_Europe	1.0	1.436421	1.436421	6.462195	1.191261e-02
origin_Japan	1.0	0.899608	0.899608	4.047172	4.582475e-02
Residual	170.0	37.787704	0.222281	NaN	NaN

```
identify_least_significant_feature(results, alpha=LOS_Alpha)
```

We find the least significant variable in this model is acceleration with a p-value of 0.227 Using the backward methodology, we suggest dropping acceleration from the new model

```
cols.remove("acceleration")
formula = " + ".join(cols)
results = perform_analysis("mpg", formula, Auto_postos)
```

## OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	mpg	R-squared:	0.786
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.778
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	104.6
Date:	Wed, 25 Sep 2024	Prob (F-statistic):	1.39e-54
Time:	07:57:03	Log-Likelihood:	-115.40

No. Observations:	178	AIC:	244.8
Df Residuals:	171	BIC:	267.1

Df Model: 6
Covariance Type: nonrobust

Covariance Type: nonrobust std err P>|t| [0.025]0.975coef Intercept -0.11480.051 -2.2610.025 -0.215-0.015cylinders 2.633 0.009 0.048 0.1915 0.073 0.335 horsepower -0.2864 0.069 -4.1480.000 -0.423-0.150weight -0.6311 -7.4620.000 -0.798-0.4640.085 5.584 year 0.2149 0.038 0.000 0.139 0.291 0.3689 3.355 0.152 0.586 origin\_Europe 0.110 0.001 origin\_Japan 0.2096 0.096 2.183 0.030 0.020 0.399 \_\_\_\_\_ 6.875 Durbin-Watson: Omnibus: 1.555 Prob(Omnibus): 0.032 Jarque-Bera (JB): 6.653 Skew: 0.400 Prob(JB): 0.0359 Cond. No. Kurtosis: 3.507 6.16

#### Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

	df	sum_sq	${\tt mean\_sq}$	F	PR(>F)
cylinders	1.0	89.788355	89.788355	402.836748	8.041561e-47
horsepower	1.0	25.953062	25.953062	116.438785	4.931248e-21
weight	1.0	15.387223	15.387223	69.034999	2.864764e-14
year	1.0	6.001042	6.001042	26.923762	5.941221e-07
origin_Europe	1.0	1.693907	1.693907	7.599738	6.471569e-03
origin_Japan	1.0	1.062190	1.062190	4.765532	3.039795e-02
Residual	171.0	38.114221	0.222890	NaN	NaN

identify\_least\_significant\_feature(results, alpha=LOS\_Alpha)

We find the least significant variable in this model is origin\_Japan with a p-value of 0.030. Using the backward methodology, we suggest dropping origin\_Japan from the new model

- However, origin\_Japan is one of three levels with origin\_Europe significant. So we do not drop it from the model.
- We can check what will happen with dropping the Intercept with it also insignificant especially since we have standardized the variables.

 $\bullet \ \, \text{https://stats.stackexchange.com/questions/197923/difference-between-centered-and-uncentered-r2} \\$ 

```
postoilshock_model_intercept = results
formula = " + ".join(cols)
formula += " - 1"
results = perform_analysis("mpg", formula, Auto_postos)
```

#### OLS Regression Results

	============		
Dep. Variable:	mpg	R-squared (uncentered):	0.779
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared (uncentered):	0.772
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	101.3
Date:	Wed, 25 Sep 2024	Prob (F-statistic):	8.07e-54
Time:	07:57:03	Log-Likelihood:	-118.03
No. Observations:	178	AIC:	248.1
Df Residuals:	172	BIC:	267.1

Df Model: 6
Covariance Type: nonrobust

					=======	=======
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
cylinders	0.1892	0.074	2.572	0.011	0.044	0.334
horsepower	-0.2877	0.070	-4.117	0.000	-0.426	-0.150
weight	-0.6656	0.084	-7.905	0.000	-0.832	-0.499
year	0.2098	0.039	5.398	0.000	0.133	0.287
origin_Europe	0.2400	0.095	2.523	0.013	0.052	0.428
origin_Japan	0.0688	0.074	0.930	0.353	-0.077	0.215
==========		========		=======	========	=====
Omnibus:		9.950	Durbin-Wa	tson:	1.526	
Prob(Omnibus):		0.007	Jarque-Be	ra (JB):		10.241
Skew:		0.498	Prob(JB): 0.0059			.00597
Kurtosis:		3.622	Cond. No.			5.06
		=========		========	========	=====

#### Notes:

[1]  $R^2$  is computed without centering (uncentered) since the model does not contain a constant [2] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

	df	sum_sq	${\tt mean\_sq}$	F	PR(>F)
cylinders	1.0	89.788355	89.788355	393.430947	2.582371e-46
horsepower	1.0	25.953062	25.953062	113.720066	1.057893e-20
weight	1.0	15.387223	15.387223	67.423107	5.008832e-14

```
1.0
                     6.001042
                               6.001042
                                         26.295121 7.831453e-07
year
origin_Europe
                                          6.218329 1.358813e-02
               1.0 1.419140
                               1.419140
origin_Japan
                                          0.865561 3.534910e-01
               1.0 0.197537
                               0.197537
Residual
              172.0 39.253641
                               0.228219
                                               NaN
                                                            NaN
```

```
identify_least_significant_feature(results, alpha=LOS_Alpha)
```

We find the least significant variable in this model is origin\_Japan with a p-value of 0.353. Using the backward methodology, we suggest dropping origin\_Japan from the new model

• We drop both origin\_Europe and origin\_Japan from the model.

```
cols.remove("origin_Europe")
cols.remove("origin_Japan")
formula = " + ".join(cols)
formula += " - 1"
results = perform_analysis("mpg", formula, Auto_postos)
```

#### OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	mpg	R-squared (uncentered):	0.770
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared (uncentered):	0.765
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	146.0
Date:	Wed, 25 Sep 2024	Prob (F-statistic):	1.73e-54
Time:	07:57:03	Log-Likelihood:	-121.62
No. Observations:	178	AIC:	251.2
Df Residuals:	174	BIC:	264.0

Df Model: 4
Covariance Type: nonrobust

=========	=======	=========		========	=======	========
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
cylinders	0.1776	0.074	2.388	0.018	0.031	0.324
horsepower	-0.3084	0.070	-4.424	0.000	-0.446	-0.171
weight	-0.6688	0.082	-8.173	0.000	-0.830	-0.507
year	0.1974	0.039	5.055	0.000	0.120	0.274
Omnibus:		13.	678 Durbi	n-Watson:		1.582
Prob(Omnibus	:):	0.	001 Jarqu	e-Bera (JB):		14.628
Skew:		0.	630 Prob(	JB):		0.000666
Kurtosis:		3.	619 Cond.	No.		4.67

#### Notes:

[1]  $R^2$  is computed without centering (uncentered) since the model does not contain a constant [2] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

	df	sum_sq	${\tt mean\_sq}$	F	PR(>F)
cylinders	1.0	89.788355	89.788355	382.262105	8.909529e-46
horsepower	1.0	25.953062	25.953062	110.491745	2.548773e-20
weight	1.0	15.387223	15.387223	65.509078	9.616073e-14
year	1.0	6.001042	6.001042	25.548647	1.085130e-06
Residual	174.0	40.870318	0.234887	NaN	NaN

```
identify_least_significant_feature(results, alpha=LOS_Alpha)
```

We find the least significant variable in this model is cylinders with a p-value of 0.018006. Using the backward methodology, we suggest dropping cylinders from the new model

```
cols.remove("cylinders")
formula = " + ".join(cols)
formula += " - 1"
results = perform_analysis("mpg", formula, Auto_postos)
```

#### OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable: R-squared (uncentered): 0.763 mpg OLS Model: Adj. R-squared (uncentered): 0.759 Least Squares F-statistic: Method: 187.7 Date: Wed, 25 Sep 2024 Prob (F-statistic): 1.90e-54 -124.49Time: 07:57:04 Log-Likelihood:

Time: 07:57:04 Log-Likelihood: -124.49
No. Observations: 178 AIC: 255.0

264.5

BIC:

Df Model: 3
Covariance Type: nonrobust

Df Residuals:

\_\_\_\_\_\_ [0.025 P>|t| 0.975] coef std err t \_\_\_\_\_\_ 0.000 horsepower -0.2653 0.068 -3.888 -0.400-0.131weight -0.5548 0.067 -8.238 0.000 -0.688 -0.422 year 0.1889 0.039 4.793 0.000 0.111 0.267

175

Omnibus: 15.435 Durbin-Watson: 1.592 Prob(Omnibus): 0.000 Jarque-Bera (JB): 16.821 0.690 Prob(JB): 0.000223 Skew: Kurtosis: 3.601 Cond. No. 3.56

#### Notes:

[1]  $R^2$  is computed without centering (uncentered) since the model does not contain a constant [2] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

	df	sum_sq	${\tt mean\_sq}$	F	PR(>F)
horsepower	1.0	112.958534	112.958534	468.320143	2.378397e-51
weight	1.0	17.289976	17.289976	71.683331	9.907388e-15
year	1.0	5.541596	5.541596	22.975165	3.490133e-06
Residual	175.0	42.209894	0.241199	NaN	NaN

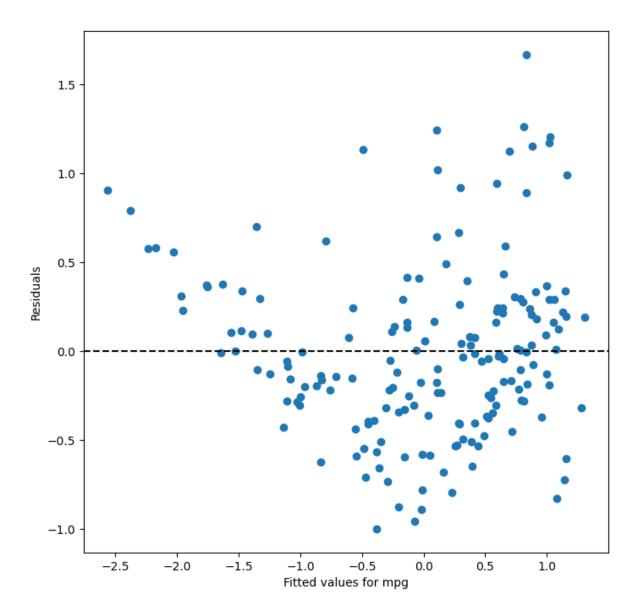
```
identify_least_significant_feature(results, alpha=LOS_Alpha)
```

No variables are statistically insignificant. The model mpg  $\sim$  horsepower + weight + year - 1 cannot be pruned further.

```
postoilshock_model = results
```

#### Residual plot for model for post-oil shock

```
display_residuals_plot(results)
```



## Pre-oilshock model

```
preoilshock_model.model.formula
```

<sup>&#</sup>x27;mpg ~ weight + year + origin\_Europe + origin\_Japan'

#### Explanatory power of preoilshock model

```
preoilshock_model.rsquared_adj
```

#### 0.8404849876892488

### Post-oil shock model without intercept

```
postoilshock_model.model.formula
```

```
'mpg ~ horsepower + weight + year - 1'
```

#### Explanatory power of postoilshock model

```
postoilshock_model.rsquared_adj
```

#### 0.7588006068263029

- Thus, we can conclude that prior to the oil shock of 1973, mileage was determined mostly by weight, year and origin.
- Post the oil shock of 1973, mileage was determined by horsepower, weight and year. Origin no longer played an important role as before.

#### Post oil shock model with intercept (Corollary)

```
postoilshock_model_intercept.model.formula
```

```
'mpg ~ cylinders + horsepower + weight + year + origin_Europe + origin_Japan'
```

#### Explanatory power of postoilshock model with intercept

postoilshock\_model\_intercept.rsquared\_adj

0.7783620129852484

## Finished

allDone()

<IPython.lib.display.Audio object>